LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE, 86TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

April 16, 2019

TO: Honorable Jane Nelson, Chair, Senate Committee on Finance

- **FROM:** John McGeady, Assistant Director Sarah Keyton, Assistant Director Legislative Budget Board
- **IN RE: HB1525** by Burrows (Relating to the administration and collection of sales and use taxes applicable to sales involving marketplace providers.), **As Engrossed**

Estimated Two-year Net Impact to General Revenue Related Funds for HB1525, As Engrossed: a positive impact of \$550,000,000 through the biennium ending August 31, 2021.

General Revenue-Related Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Net Positive/(Negative) Impact to General Revenue Related Funds		
2020	\$242,500,000		
2021	\$307,500,000		
2022	\$315,200,000		
2023	\$323,100,000		
2024	\$331,100,000		

All Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Revenue Gain from <i>General Revenue Fund</i> 1	Probable Revenue Gain from <i>Cities</i>	Probable Revenue Gain from <i>Transit Authorities</i>	Probable Revenue Gain from <i>Counties & Special Districts</i>
2020	\$242,500,000	\$40,000,000	\$14,000,000	\$8,000,000
2021	\$307,500,000	\$57,000,000	\$20,000,000	\$11,000,000
2022	\$315,200,000	\$58,000,000	\$20,000,000	\$12,000,000
2023	\$323,100,000	\$60,000,000	\$21,000,000	\$12,000,000
2024	\$331,100,000	\$61,000,000	\$21,000,000	\$12,000,000

Fiscal Analysis

The bill would amend Chapters 151, 321, and 323, Tax Code in relation to administration and collection of sales and use taxes applicable to sales involving marketplace providers.

The bill would amend Section 151.008(b) to include a marketplace provider as a person within the meaning of "seller" and "retailer," and therefore subject to the provisions of Chapter 151

applicable to sellers and retailers.

The bill would add Section 151.0242 regarding marketplace providers and marketplace sellers.

"Marketplace" would be defined as a physical or electronic medium, including a store, internet website, software application, or catalog, through which persons other than the owner or operator of the medium make sales of taxable items. "Marketplace provider" would be defined as a person who owns or operates a marketplace and directly or indirectly processes sales or payments for marketplace sellers. "Marketplace seller" would be defined as a seller other than the marketplace provider who makes a sale of a taxable item through a marketplace.

A marketplace provider would be required to: 1) certify to each marketplace seller that the marketplace provider assumes the rights and duties of a seller or retailer under Chapter 151 with respect to sales made by the marketplace seller through the marketplace; 2) collect the taxes imposed under the chapter on sales of taxable items made through the marketplace; and 3) report and remit under Subchapter I the taxes imposed on all sales made through the marketplace.

A marketplace seller would exclude sales made through a marketplace from the seller's report under Subchapter I, retain records for all marketplace sales, and furnish information to a marketplace provider that is required to correctly collect and remit sales and use tax, including certification that an item being sold is a taxable item, not a taxable item, or is exempt from taxation.

A marketplace provider would not be liable for failure to collect and remit the correct amount of tax if good faith reliance on incorrect information provided by a marketplace seller were demonstrated, in which case the marketplace seller would be liable for the deficiency.

The comptroller would have rulemaking authority for implementation of the added section, including authority by rule to except certain small marketplace providers from some or all of the requirements of the section.

The bill would also amend Sections 321.203 and 323.203, regarding municipal and county sales and use taxes, to provide that a sale of a taxable item made by a marketplace seller through a marketplace is consummated at the location in this state to which the item is shipped or delivered or at which possession is taken by the purchaser.

The Comptroller would be required to submit by December 1, 2020 a report to the Legislature and the public regarding the fiscal and other implications to the state of providing an exception of certain small marketplace providers from some or all of the section's requirements. The report would cover marketplace providers with \$500,000; \$200,000; \$100,000; and \$50,000 of maximum annual gross revenue from the sale of taxable items for use, storage, or consumption in the state.

The bill would take effect October 1, 2019.

Methodology

The estimates are based on industry reports on internet retailing and confidential information provided to the comptroller. The expected increases in tax collections are attributable to greater efficiency of tax administration and convenience and avoidance of undue burdens for taxpayers when responsibility for collection and remittance rests with marketplace providers rather than myriad individual sellers.

Local Government Impact

There would be a corresponding gain of sales and use tax revenue to local taxing jurisdictions. The estimated revenue gains are displayed in the above tables.

Source Agencies: 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts **LBB Staff:** WP, KK, SD