# LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

# FISCAL NOTE, 86TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

# **April 10, 2019**

**TO:** Honorable Tracy O. King, Chair, House Committee on Licensing & Administrative Procedures

**FROM:** John McGeady, Assistant Director Sarah Keyton, Assistant Director Legislative Budget Board

**IN RE: HB2463** by King, Tracy O. (Relating to the deposit and allocation of certain funds to the horse industry escrow account.), **Committee Report 1st House, Substituted** 

**Estimated Two-year Net Impact to General Revenue Related Funds** for HB2463, Committee Report 1st House, Substituted: a negative impact of (\$50,000,000) through the biennium ending August 31, 2021.

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

# **General Revenue-Related Funds, Five-Year Impact:**

Fiscal Year	Probable Net Positive/(Negative) Impact to General Revenue Related Funds
2020	(\$48,200,000)
2021	(\$1,800,000)
2022	(\$48,600,000)
2023	(\$1,400,000)
2024	(\$49,000,000)

### All Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Revenue (Loss) from General Revenue Fund 1	Probable Revenue Gain from Racing Commission Escrowed Purse Trust Account	Probable Revenue Gain from Texas Racing Comm Acct 597	Probable (Cost) from Texas Racing Comm Acct 597
2020	(\$48,200,000)	\$48,200,000	\$59,500	(\$59,500)
2021	(\$1,800,000)	\$1,800,000	\$59,500	(\$59,500)
2022	(\$48,600,000)	\$48,600,000	\$59,500	(\$59,500)
2023	(\$1,400,000)	\$1,400,000	\$59,500	(\$59,500)
2024	(\$49,000,000)	\$49,000,000	\$59,500	(\$59,500)

Fiscal Year	Change in Number of State Employees from FY 2019
2020	1.0
2021	1.0
2022	1.0
2023	1.0
2024	1.0

#### **Fiscal Analysis**

The bill would amend Section 151.801 of the Tax Code to require the deposit of state sales and use taxes collected on the sale, storage, or use of horse feed, horse supplements, and horse tack into Racing Commission Escrowed Purse Trust Account. The bill would require the Comptroller to determine the amount of taxes collected on these items according to the best available data. The Comptroller, in making the determination, could require taxpayers who make taxable sales or uses of these items to report as necessary.

This bill would instruct the Comptroller to deposit sales and use taxes collected from the sale of horse feed, horse supplements, and horse tack into Escrowed Purse Trust Account, until the amount deposited into the account for a biennium equals the lesser of \$50 million or the legislative appropriation to the Racing Commission for the allocation of escrowed purses. After determining and depositing the amount into the account, the Comptroller would be required to deposit any additional amount into the General Revenue Fund.

This bill would amend Section 2028.204 of the Occupations Code to authorize any of the five state horse breed registries designated in Section 2030.002, to apply for receipt of money in Escrowed Purse Trust Account 0876 for events promoting the horse industry. The Texas Racing Commission would be required to limit the allocation of money to horse racetrack associations for use as purses to no more than 70 percent of total deposits annually.

The bill would take effect September 1, 2019.

#### Methodology

Data from a report by the Texas A&M Equine Initiative and the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service on the number of Texas horses not used for ranching and on expenditures per horse on feed, supplements, and tack was used to estimate pertinent taxable expenditures, multiplied by the state sales tax rate to estimate revenue potentially subject to allocation under provisions of the bill and extrapolated through 2024.

As appropriations to the Racing Commission are unknown and could equal or exceed the total sales and use tax collected from the sale of horse feed, horse supplements, and horse tack, it is assumed for the purposes of this analysis that \$50 million would be the lesser amount in a biennium to be deposited into Escrowed Purse Trust Account.

Due to the projected increase in administrative duties, the Racing Commission estimates a need for 1.0 full-time equivalent to administer the program. This analysis assumes that any increased cost to the Racing Commission, which is statutorily required to generate sufficient revenue to cover its costs of operation, would be offset by an increase in fee generated revenue.

The legislation would do one or more of the following: create or recreate a dedicated account in

the General Revenue Fund, create or recreate a special or trust fund either in, with, or outside of the Treasury, or create a dedicated revenue source. The fund, account, or revenue dedication included in the bill would be subject to funds consolidation review by the current Legislature.

# **Local Government Impact**

No fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

**Source Agencies:** 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts, 476 Racing Commission

LBB Staff: WP, CLo, SD, KK, MB