# LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

## FISCAL NOTE, 86TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

### May 13, 2019

- **TO:** Honorable Jim Murphy, Chair, House Committee on Pensions, Investments & Financial Services
- **FROM:** John McGeady, Assistant Director Sarah Keyton, Assistant Director Legislative Budget Board
- **IN RE: SB1138** by Watson (relating to securities contracts entered into by the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company.), **Committee Report 2nd House, Substituted**

**Estimated Two-year Net Impact to General Revenue Related Funds** for SB1138, Committee Report 2nd House, Substituted: a positive impact of \$1,320,000 through the biennium ending August 31, 2021.

#### General Revenue-Related Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Net Positive/(Negative) Impact to General Revenue Related Funds
2020	\$660,000
2021	\$660,000
2022	\$660,000
2023	\$660,000
2024	\$660,000

#### All Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Revenue Gain from <i>General Revenue Fund</i> 1
2020	\$660,000
2021	\$660,000
2022	\$660,000
2023	\$660,000
2024	\$660,000

#### Fiscal Analysis

The bill would amend Section 404.103 of the Government Code relating to the management of certain state and local funds, investments, and obligations.

The bill would waive sovereign immunity by and on behalf of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping

Trust Company (TTSTC), and guarantee certain securities contracts with third parties. The limited waiver of immunity and guarantee would be limited to assets in the reserve fund the Trust Company maintains pursuant to current law.

This change would allow TTSTC to enter into certain agreements such as tri-party repurchase agreements ("repo") for the Treasury Pool and for TexPool and TexPool Prime.

The bill would take effect immediately upon enactment, assuming it received the requisite twothirds majority votes in both houses of the Legislature. Otherwise, it would take effect September 1, 2019.

## Methodology

Under current law, TTSTC is not able to enter into securities contracts with third parties, as it cannot indemnify other parties to the agreements. The bill would grant TTSTC a limited waiver of immunity. TTSTC considers agreements such as tri-party to be the most prudent manner of investing treasury pool cash in the second part of the business day. This bill would also allow the TTSTC to execute tri-party repurchase agreements as trustee for local government investment pools.

TTSTC estimates that investments in tri-party "repo" would generate up to \$10 million in additional interest earnings for the State Treasury Pool. The average annual balance of the Treasury Pool in fiscal 2018 was \$30.7 billion, of which general revenue-related (GRR) funds, including general revenue dedicated accounts, were \$2 billion, or 6.6 percent. Applying that percentage to the additional interest earnings (0.066\*\$10 million) would give \$660,000 in additional GRR interest earnings.

### Local Government Impact

No fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

**Source Agencies:** 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts **LBB Staff:** WP, CMa, SD, KK