SENATE AMENDMENTS

2nd Printing

By: Murr H.B. No. 2053

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to individuals and organizations providing certain
3	services and liability in connection with prescribed burns.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. Section 352.081(f), Local Government Code, is
6	amended to read as follows:
7	(f) This section does not apply to outdoor burning
8	activities:
9	(1) related to public health and safety that are
10	authorized by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality for:
11	(A) firefighter training;
12	(B) public utility, natural gas pipeline, or
13	mining operations; or
14	(C) planting or harvesting of agriculture crops;
15	<u>or</u>
16	(2) that are conducted by a certified and insured
17	prescribed burn manager certified under Section 153.048, Natural
18	Resources Code, and meet the standards of Section 153.047, Natural
19	Resources Code[; or
20	[(3) that are conducted by the members of a prescribed
21	burning organization under the conditions provided by Section
22	153.049, Natural Resources Code, and meet the standards of Section
23	153.047, Natural Resources Code].
24	SECTION 2. Sections 153.004 and 153.047, Natural Resources

- 1 Code, are amended to read as follows:
- 2 Sec. 153.004. PRESCRIBED BURNING IN STATE OF EMERGENCY OR
- 3 DISASTER. A certified and insured prescribed burn manager [or the
- 4 members of a prescribed burning organization] may conduct a burn in
- 5 a county in which a state of emergency or state of disaster has been
- 6 declared by the governor or the president of the United States,
- 7 unless the declaration expressly prohibits all outdoor burning.
- 8 Sec. 153.047. PRESCRIBED BURNING STANDARDS. Minimum
- 9 standards established by the board for prescribed burning must:
- 10 (1) ensure that prescribed burning is the controlled
- 11 application of fire to naturally occurring or naturalized
- 12 vegetative fuels under specified environmental conditions in
- 13 accordance with a written prescription plan:
- 14 (A) designed to confine the fire to a
- 15 predetermined area and to accomplish planned land management
- 16 objectives; and
- 17 (B) that conforms to the standards established
- 18 under this section;
- 19 (2) require that [÷
- $[\frac{A}{A}]$ at least one certified and insured
- 21 prescribed burn manager is present on site during the conduct of the
- 22 prescribed burn; [or
- [(B) the burn be conducted by the members of a
- 24 prescribed burning organization;
- 25 (3) establish appropriate guidelines for size of
- 26 burning crews sufficient to:
- 27 (A) conduct the burn in accordance with the

- 1 prescription plan; and
- 2 (B) provide adequate protection for the safety of
- 3 persons and of adjacent property;
- 4 (4) include standards for notification to adjacent
- 5 land owners, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, and
- 6 local fire authorities; and
- 7 (5) include minimum insurance requirements for
- 8 certified and insured prescribed burn managers [and prescribed
- 9 burning organizations].
- 10 SECTION 3. Section 153.081(a), Natural Resources Code, is
- 11 amended to read as follows:
- 12 (a) Subject to Section 153.082, an owner, lessee, or
- 13 occupant of agricultural or conservation land is not liable for
- 14 property damage or for injury or death to persons caused by or
- 15 resulting from prescribed burning conducted on the land owned by,
- 16 leased by, or occupied by the person if the prescribed burning is
- 17 conducted[+
- 18 $\left[\frac{1}{1}\right]$ under the supervision of a certified and insured
- 19 prescribed burn manager[+ or
- 20 [(2) by the members of a prescribed burning
- 21 organization].
- SECTION 4. Section 153.082, Natural Resources Code, is
- 23 amended to read as follows:
- Sec. 153.082. INSURANCE. The limitation on liability under
- 25 Section 153.081 does not apply to an owner, lessee, or occupant of
- 26 agricultural or conservation land unless:
- 27 (1) the burn is conducted under the supervision of a

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H.B. No. 2053
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- 1 certified and insured prescribed burn manager who has liability
- 2 insurance coverage:
- 3 (A) of at least \$1 million for each single
- 4 occurrence of bodily injury or death, or injury to or destruction of
- 5 property; and
- 6 (B) with a policy period minimum aggregate limit
- 7 of at least \$2 million; or
- 8 (2) the owner, lessee, or occupant is a governmental
- 9 unit, as that term is defined by Section 2259.001, Government Code,
- 10 that has a self-insurance program that provides the amount of
- 11 coverage required by Subdivision (1)[+ or
- 12 [(3) the burn is conducted by the members of a
- 13 prescribed burning organization that has insurance coverage in an
- 14 amount not less than the amount established by the board under
- 15 Section 153.046].
- 16 SECTION 5. Subchapter C, Chapter 153, Natural Resources
- 17 Code, is amended by adding Section 153.083 to read as follows:
- 18 Sec. 153.083. LIABILITY REGARDING CERTAIN PRESCRIBED
- 19 BURNS. (a) In this section, "burn boss" means an individual
- 20 responsible for directing a prescribed burn under a written
- 21 prescription plan described by Section 153.047.
- (b) Except as provided by Subsection (c), if a prescribed
- 23 burn is conducted in accordance with a written prescription plan
- 24 described by Subsection (d) and Section 153.047, a person may be
- 25 held liable for property damage, personal injury, or death caused
- 26 by or resulting from the burn only if the person:
- 27 (1) is the burn boss; and

1 (2) is otherwise liable under other law. 2 (c) Subject to Sections 153.081 and 153.082, a person other 3 than the burn boss, including a person assisting or acting under the direction of the burn boss, may be held liable for property damage, 4 5 personal injury, or death caused by or resulting from the burn only if the person: 6 7 (1) commits gross negligence or intentionally causes the property damage, personal injury, or death; and 8 9 (2) is otherwise liable under other law. (d) For purposes of this section, if the burn boss is not the 10 owner, lessee, or occupant of the land on which the burn is 11 12 conducted, the written prescription plan must include: (1) the signature of: 13 14 (A) the burn boss; or 15 (B) the owner, lessee, or occupant of the land on which the burn is conducted; and 16 17 (2) a contract acknowledging liability. (e) Nothing in this section may be construed to create a 18 19 cause of action or to create a standard of care, obligation, or duty that forms the basis of a cause of action. 20 21 SECTION 6. Sections 153.001(3) and 153.049, Natural Resources Code, are repealed. 22

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to a cause of action that accrues on or after the effective date of

this Act. A cause of action that accrues before the effective date

of this Act is governed by the law applicable to the cause of action

immediately before the effective date of this Act, and that law is

SECTION 7. The change in law made by this Act applies only

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H.B. No. 2053

- 1 continued in effect for that purpose.
- 2 SECTION 8. This Act takes effect September 1, 2019.

ADOPTED

MAY 2 2 2019

Letting De and Secretary of the Sonate

By: Flores

Substitute the following for $\frac{1}{4}$.B. No. $\frac{2053}{2053}$:

Д.в. №. 2053 c.s.Н.в. №. 2053

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT 1 relating to individuals and organizations providing certain 2 services and liability in connection with prescribed burns. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: SECTION 1. Section 352.081(f), Local Government Code, is 5 amended to read as follows: 6 (f) This section does not apply to outdoor burning 7 activities: 8 related to public health and safety that are 9

- authorized by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality for: 10 (A) firefighter training; 11
- public utility, natural gas pipeline, or 12
- mining operations; or 13
- (C) planting or harvesting of agriculture crops; 14
- 15 or
- that are conducted by a certified and insured 16
- prescribed burn manager certified under Section 153.048, Natural 17
- Resources Code, and meet the standards of Section 153.047, Natural 18
- Resources Code[+ or 19
- [(3) that are conducted by the members of a prescribed 20
- burning organization under the conditions provided by Section 21
- 153.049, Natural Resources Code, and meet the standards of Section 22
- 153.047, Natural Resources Code]. 2.3
- SECTION 2. Sections 153.004, 153.046, and 153.047, Natural 24

- 1 Resources Code, are amended to read as follows:
- 2 Sec. 153.004. PRESCRIBED BURNING IN STATE OF EMERGENCY OR
- 3 DISASTER. A certified and insured prescribed burn manager [or the
- 4 members of a prescribed burning organization] may conduct a burn in
- 5 a county in which a state of emergency or state of disaster has been
- 6 declared by the governor or the president of the United States,
- 7 unless the declaration expressly prohibits all outdoor burning.
- 8 Sec. 153.046. DUTIES. The board shall:
- 9 (1) establish standards for prescribed burning;
- 10 (2) develop a comprehensive training curriculum for
- 11 certified and insured prescribed burn managers;
- 12 (3) establish standards for certification,
- 13 recertification, and training for certified and insured prescribed
- 14 burn managers;
- 15 (4) establish minimum education and professional
- 16 requirements for instructors for the approved curriculum; and
- 17 (5) establish insurance requirements for certified
- 18 and insured prescribed burn managers in amounts not less than those
- 19 required by Section 153.082 [; and
- 20 [(6) establish minimum insurance requirements for
- 21 prescribed burning organizations].
- Sec. 153.047. PRESCRIBED BURNING STANDARDS. Minimum
- 23 standards established by the board for prescribed burning must:
- (1) ensure that prescribed burning is the controlled
- 25 application of fire to naturally occurring or naturalized
- 26 vegetative fuels under specified environmental conditions in
- 27 accordance with a written prescription plan:

- 1 (A) designed to confine the fire to a
- 2 predetermined area and to accomplish planned land management
- 3 objectives; and
- 4 (B) that conforms to the standards established
- 5 under this section;
- 6 (2) require that [÷
- 7 $\left[\frac{A}{A}\right]$ at least one certified and insured
- 8 prescribed burn manager is present on site during the conduct of the
- 9 prescribed burn; [or
- 10 [(B) the burn be conducted by the members of a
- 11 prescribed burning organization;
- 12 (3) establish appropriate guidelines for size of
- 13 burning crews sufficient to:
- 14 (A) conduct the burn in accordance with the
- 15 prescription plan; and
- 16 (B) provide adequate protection for the safety of
- 17 persons and of adjacent property;
- 18 (4) include standards for notification to adjacent
- 19 land owners, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, and
- 20 local fire authorities; and
- 21 (5) include minimum insurance requirements for
- 22 certified and insured prescribed burn managers [and prescribed
- 23 burning organizations].
- SECTION 3. Section 153.081(a), Natural Resources Code, is
- 25 amended to read as follows:
- 26 (a) Subject to Section 153.082, an owner, lessee, or
- 27 occupant of agricultural or conservation land is not liable for

- 1 property damage or for injury or death to persons caused by or
- 2 resulting from prescribed burning conducted on the land owned by,
- 3 leased by, or occupied by the person if the prescribed burning is
- 4 conducted[+
- $[\frac{(1)}{(1)}]$ under the supervision of a certified and insured
- 6 prescribed burn manager[+ or
- 7 [(2) by the members of a prescribed burning
- 8 organization].
- 9 SECTION 4. Section 153.082, Natural Resources Code, is
- 10 amended to read as follows:
- 11 Sec. 153.082. INSURANCE. The limitation on liability under
- 12 Section 153.081 does not apply to an owner, lessee, or occupant of
- 13 agricultural or conservation land unless:
- 14 (1) the burn is conducted under the supervision of a
- 15 certified and insured prescribed burn manager who has liability
- 16 insurance coverage:
- 17 (A) of at least \$1 million for each single
- 18 occurrence of bodily injury or death, or injury to or destruction of
- 19 property; and
- 20 (B) with a policy period minimum aggregate limit
- 21 of at least \$2 million; or
- (2) the owner, lessee, or occupant is a governmental
- 23 unit, as that term is defined by Section 2259.001, Government Code,
- 24 that has a self-insurance program that provides the amount of
- 25 coverage required by Subdivision (1)[+ or
- 26 [(3) the burn is conducted by the members of a
- 27 prescribed burning organization that has insurance coverage in an

- 1 amount not less than the amount established by the board under
- 2 Section 153.046].
- 3 SECTION 5. Subchapter C, Chapter 153, Natural Resources
- 4 Code, is amended by adding Section 153.083 to read as follows:
- 5 Sec. 153.083. LIABILITY REGARDING CERTAIN PRESCRIBED
- 6 BURNS. (a) In this section, "burn boss" means an individual
- 7 responsible for directing a prescribed burn under a written
- 8 prescription plan described by Section 153.047.
- 9 (b) Except as provided by Subsection (c), if a prescribed
- 10 burn is conducted in accordance with a written prescription plan
- 11 described by Subsection (d) and Section 153.047, a person may be
- 12 held liable for property damage, personal injury, or death caused
- by or resulting from the burn only if the person:
- 14 (1) is the burn boss; and
- 15 (2) is otherwise liable under other law.
- (c) Subject to Sections 153.081 and 153.082, a person other
- 17 than the burn boss, including a person assisting or acting under the
- 18 direction of the burn boss, may be held liable for property damage,
- 19 personal injury, or death caused by or resulting from the burn only
- 20 if the person:
- (1) commits gross negligence or intentionally causes
- 22 the property damage, personal injury, or death; and
- (2) is otherwise liable under other law.
- 24 (d) For purposes of this section, if the burn boss is not the
- 25 owner, lessee, or occupant of the land on which the burn is
- 26 conducted, the written prescription plan must include:
- 27 (1) the signature of:

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                     (A) the burn boss; or
                     (B) the owner, lessee, or occupant of the land on
3
   which the burn is conducted; and
               (2) a contract acknowledging liability.
4
          (e) Nothing in this section may be construed to create a
5
   cause of action or to create a standard of care, obligation, or duty
6
   that forms the basis of a cause of action.
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8
          SECTION 6. Sections 153.001(3) and
                                                    153.049,
   Resources Code, are repealed.
9
          SECTION 7. The change in law made by this Act applies only
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   to a cause of action that accrues on or after the effective date of
11
   this Act. A cause of action that accrues before the effective date
12
   of this Act is governed by the law applicable to the cause of action
13
    immediately before the effective date of this Act, and that law is
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SECTION 8. This Act takes effect September 1, 2019.

continued in effect for that purpose.

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FISCAL NOTE, 86TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 23, 2019

TO: Honorable Dennis Bonnen, Speaker of the House, House of Representatives

FROM: John McGeady, Assistant Director Sarah Keyton, Assistant Director

Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB2053 by Murr (Relating to individuals and organizations providing certain services and liability in connection with prescribed burns.), As Passed 2nd House

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Natural Resources Code to repeal provisions related to liability for damages resulting from prescribed burns and prescribed burning organizations. The bill would describe under what conditions and who may be liable for a prescribed burn. Based on the analysis of the Texas Department of Agriculture and the Office of Court Administration, the provisions of the bill could be implemented with existing resources.

Local Government Impact

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 212 Office of Court Administration, Texas Judicial Council, 551

Department of Agriculture, 582 Commission on Environmental Quality

FISCAL NOTE, 86TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 17, 2019

TO: Honorable Charles Perry, Chair, Senate Committee on Water & Rural Affairs

FROM: John McGeady, Assistant Director Sarah Keyton, Assistant Director Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB2053 by Murr (Relating to individuals and organizations providing certain services and liability in connection with prescribed burns.), Committee Report 2nd House, Substituted

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Natural Resources Code to repeal provisions related to liability for damages resulting from prescribed burns and prescribed burning organizations. The bill would describe under what conditions and who may be liable for a prescribed burn. Based on the analysis of the Texas Department of Agriculture and the Office of Court Administration, the provisions of the bill could be implemented with existing resources.

Local Government Impact

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 212 Office of Court Administration, Texas Judicial Council, 551

Department of Agriculture, 582 Commission on Environmental Quality

FISCAL NOTE, 86TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

April 29, 2019

TO: Honorable Charles Perry, Chair, Senate Committee on Water & Rural Affairs

FROM: John McGeady, Assistant Director Sarah Keyton, Assistant Director Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB2053 by Murr (Relating to individuals and organizations providing certain services and liability in connection with prescribed burns.), **As Engrossed**

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Natural Resources Code to repeal provisions related to liability for damages resulting from prescribed burns and prescribed burning organizations. The bill would describe under what conditions and who may be liable for a prescribed burn. Based on the analysis of the Texas Department of Agriculture and the Office of Court Administration, the provisions of the bill could be implemented with existing resources.

Local Government Impact

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 212 Office of Court Administration, Texas Judicial Council, 551

Department of Agriculture, 582 Commission on Environmental Quality

FISCAL NOTE, 86TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

March 26, 2019

TO: Honorable Drew Springer, Chair, House Committee on Agriculture & Livestock

FROM: John McGeady, Assistant Director Sarah Keyton, Assistant Director Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB2053 by Murr (Relating to individuals and organizations providing certain services and liability in connection with prescribed burns.), Committee Report 1st House, Substituted

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Natural Resources Code to repeal provisions related to liability for damages resulting from prescribed burns and prescribed burning organizations. The bill would describe under what conditions and who may be liable for a prescribed burn. Based on the analysis of the Texas Department of Agriculture and the Office of Court Administration, the provisions of the bill could be implemented with existing resources.

Local Government Impact

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 212 Office of Court Administration, Texas Judicial Council, 551

Department of Agriculture, 582 Commission on Environmental Quality

FISCAL NOTE, 86TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

March 17, 2019

TO: Honorable Drew Springer, Chair, House Committee on Agriculture & Livestock

FROM: John McGeady, Assistant Director Sarah Keyton, Assistant Director Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB2053 by Murr (Relating to organizations providing certain services and liability in connection with prescribed burns.), As Introduced

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Natural Resources Code to repeal provisions related to liability for damages resulting from prescribed burns and prescribed burning organizations. The bill would describe under what conditions and who may be liable for a prescribed burn. Based on the analysis of the Texas Department of Agriculture and the Office of Court Administration, the provisions of the bill could be implemented with existing resources.

Local Government Impact

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 212 Office of Court Administration, Texas Judicial Council, 551

Department of Agriculture, 582 Commission on Environmental Quality