A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

relating to election integrity and security, including by
preventing fraud in the conduct of elections in this state;
increasing criminal penalties; creating criminal offenses;
providing civil penalties.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

ARTICLE 1. REGISTRATION OF VOTERS

SECTION 1.01. Section 13.002, Election Code, is amended by
adding Subsection (c-1) to read as follows:

(c-1) The information required under Subsection (c) must be
supplied by the person desiring to register to vote.

SECTION 1.02. Section 15.021, Election Code, is amended by
amending Subsections (b) and (d) and adding Subsections (d-1) and
(d-2) to read as follows:

(b) Except as provided by Subsection (d), the [The] voter
shall use the registration certificate or a registration
application form as the notice, indicating the correct information
in the appropriate space on the certificate or application form
unless the voter does not have possession of the certificate or an
application form at the time of giving the notice.

(d) A voter [who continues to reside in the county in which
the voter is registered] may correct information under this section
by digital transmission of the information under a program
administered by the secretary of state and the Department of
Information Resources.

(d-1) If the notice indicates that a voter no longer resides in the county in which the voter is registered, the registrar shall forward the notice and the voter’s original application for registration to the registrar of the county in which the voter resides. The registrars shall coordinate to ensure that the voter’s existing registration is canceled immediately after the voter is registered in the county in which the voter resides in accordance with Subsection (d-2).

(d-2) A registrar who receives a voter’s notice and application from another registrar under Subsection (d-1) shall treat it as an original application for registration under Section 13.002, and shall register the voter if the voter resides in the county and is otherwise eligible under Section 13.001.

SECTION 1.03. Section 15.028, Election Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 15.028. NOTICE OF UNLAWFUL VOTING OR REGISTRATION [TO PROSECUTOR]. [(a)] If the registrar determines that a person who is not eligible to vote registered to vote or [a registered voter] voted in an election, the registrar shall execute and deliver to the attorney general, the secretary of state, and the county or district attorney having jurisdiction in the territory covered by the election an affidavit stating the relevant facts.

[(b) If the election covers territory in more than one county, the registrar shall also deliver an affidavit to the attorney general.]

SECTION 1.04. Section 16.0332, Election Code, is amended by
amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsections (a-1), (d), and (e)
to read as follows:

(a) After the registrar receives notification \[\text{list}\] under Subsection (a-1) of this section, Section 18.068 of this code, or Section 62.113, Government Code, of persons excused or disqualified from jury service because of citizenship status or notification of persons who indicate a lack of citizenship status in connection with a motor vehicle or Department of Public Safety record, the registrar shall deliver to each registered voter whose name appears on the list a written notice requiring the voter to submit to the registrar proof of United States citizenship in the form of a certified copy of the voter's birth certificate, United States passport, or certificate of naturalization or any other form prescribed by the secretary of state. The notice shall be delivered by forwardable mail to the mailing address on the voter's registration application and to any new address of the voter known to the registrar.

(a-1) The secretary of state shall enter into an agreement with the Department of Public Safety under which information in the existing statewide computerized voter registration list is compared against information in the database of the Department of Public Safety on a monthly basis to verify the accuracy of citizenship status information previously provided on voter registration applications.

(d) The secretary of state shall prescribe rules for the administration of this section.

(e) Not later than December 31 of each year, the secretary
of state shall provide a report to the legislature of the number of voter registrations canceled under this section during the calendar year.

SECTION 1.05. Section 18.068, Election Code, is amended by amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (a-1) to read as follows:

(a) The secretary of state shall quarterly compare the information received under Section 16.001 of this code and Sections [Section] 62.113 and 62.114, Government Code, to the statewide computerized voter registration list. If the secretary determines that a voter on the registration list is deceased or has been excused or disqualified from jury service because the voter is not a citizen or a resident of the county in which the voter is registered to vote, the secretary shall send notice of the determination to:

(1) the voter registrar of the counties considered appropriate by the secretary; and
(2) the attorney general, who shall quarterly review the information to investigate whether a person has committed an offense under Section 13.007 or other law.

(a-1) The secretary of state is not required to send notice under Subsection (a) for a voter who is subject to an exemption from jury service under Section 62.106, Government Code.

SECTION 1.06. Section 31.006, Election Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 31.006. REFERRAL [OF COMPLAINT] TO ATTORNEY GENERAL.
(a) If, after receiving or discovering information indicating that [a complaint alleging] criminal conduct in connection with an
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1 election has occurred, the secretary of state determines that there is reasonable cause to suspect that [the alleged] criminal conduct occurred, the secretary shall promptly refer the information [complaint] to the attorney general. the secretary shall deliver to the attorney general all pertinent documents and information in the secretary's possession.

(b) The documents and information submitted under subsection (a) are not considered public information until:

(1) the secretary of state makes a determination that the information [complaint] received does not warrant an investigation; or

(2) if referred to the attorney general, the attorney general has completed the investigation or has made a determination that the information [complaint] referred does not warrant an investigation.

section 1.07. section 62.113(b), government code, is amended to read as follows:

(b) On the third business day of each month, the clerk shall send a copy of the list of persons excused or disqualified because of citizenship in the previous month to:

(1) the voter registrar of the county;

(2) the secretary of state; and

(3) the attorney general and the county or district attorney[. as applicable.] for an investigation of whether the person committed an offense under section 13.007, election code, or other law.

section 1.08. sections 62.114(b) and (c), government code,
are amended to read as follows:

(b) On the third business day of each month, the clerk shall send [to the voter registrar of the county] a copy of the list of persons excused or disqualified in the previous month because the persons do not reside in the county to:

(1) the voter registrar of the county;
(2) the secretary of state; and
(3) the attorney general and the county or district attorney for an investigation of whether the person committed an offense under Section 13.007, Election Code, or other law.

(c) A list compiled under this section may not be used for a purpose other than a purpose described by Subsection (b) or Section 15.081 or 18.068, Election Code.

ARTICLE 2. CONDUCT AND SECURITY OF ELECTIONS

SECTION 2.01. Section 43.031(b), Election Code, is amended to read as follows:

(b) Each polling place shall be located inside a building. A polling place may not be located in a tent or similar temporary moveable structure or in a facility primarily designed for motor vehicles. No voter may cast a vote from inside a motor vehicle unless the voter meets the requirements of Section 64.009.

SECTION 2.02. Section 64.007(c), Election Code, is amended to read as follows:

(c) An election officer shall maintain a register of spoiled ballots at the polling place, including spoiled ballots from a direct recording electronic voting unit. An election officer shall enter on the register the name of each voter who returns a spoiled
ballot and the spoiled ballot's number. The secretary of state shall create and promulgate a form to be used for this purpose.

SECTION 2.03. Subchapter A, Chapter 65, Election Code, is amended by adding Section 65.017 to read as follows:

Sec. 65.017. VOTE TABULATING EQUIPMENT. Beginning January 1, 2024, equipment to tabulate votes may not be used if any wireless connectivity capability of the equipment has not been disabled or removed.

SECTION 2.04. Subchapter A, Chapter 66, Election Code, is amended by adding Section 66.004 to read as follows:

Sec. 66.004. CLOSING POLLING PLACE. The secretary of state shall adopt rules and create a checklist or similar guidelines to assist the presiding judge of a polling place in processing forms and conducting procedures required by this code at the closing of the polling place.

SECTION 2.05. Section 66.052, Election Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 66.052. DELIVERY BY ELECTION CLERK; CHAIN OF CUSTODY. (a) A delivery of election records or supplies that is to be performed by the presiding judge may be performed by an election clerk designated by the presiding judge.

(b) If the presiding judge of a polling place designates a clerk to deliver election supplies, the presiding judge shall attest to the designation, and the clerk shall attest to the clerk's acceptance of the responsibility. The secretary of state shall create and promulgate a form to facilitate compliance with this section.
SECTION 2.06. Section 85.005, Election Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 85.005. REGULAR DAYS AND HOURS FOR VOTING. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (c), in an election in which a county clerk [or city secretary] is the early voting clerk under Section 83.002 [or 83.005], early voting by personal appearance at the main early voting polling place shall be conducted on each weekday of the early voting period that is not a legal state holiday and for a period of at least nine hours, except that voting may not be conducted earlier than 6 a.m. or later than 9 p.m. during the hours that the county clerk's or city secretary's main business office is regularly open for business.

(b) In an election to which Subsection (a) does not apply, early voting by personal appearance at the main early voting polling place shall be conducted at least nine [eight] hours each weekday of the early voting period that is not a legal state holiday unless the territory covered by the election has fewer than 1,000 registered voters. In that case, the voting shall be conducted at least four [three] hours each day. The authority ordering the election, or the county clerk if that person is the early voting clerk, shall determine which hours the voting is to be conducted.

(c) In a county with a population of 30,000 [100,000] or more, the voting in a primary election or the general election for state and county officers shall be conducted at the main early voting polling place for at least 12 hours on each weekday of the last week of the early voting period, and the voting in a special election ordered by the governor shall be conducted at the main
early voting polling place for at least 12 hours on each of the last
two days of the early voting period. Voting under this subsection
may not be conducted earlier than 6 a.m. or later than 9 p.m. Voting
shall be conducted in accordance with this subsection in those
elections in a county with a population under 30,000 [100,000] on
receipt by the early voting clerk of a written request for the
extended hours submitted by at least 15 registered voters of the
county. The request must be submitted in time to enable compliance
with Section 85.067.

(d) A voter who has not voted before the scheduled time for
closing a polling place is entitled to vote after that time if the
voter is in line at the polling place by closing time. The secretary
of state shall promulgate any materials and provide any training to
presiding judges necessary to properly process voters under this
subsection [In an election ordered by a city, early voting by
personal appearance at the main early voting polling place shall be
conducted for at least 12 hours:

[(1) on one weekday, if the early voting period
consists of less than six weekdays; or

[(2) on two weekdays, if the early voting period
consists of six or more weekdays].

SECTION 2.07. Sections 85.006(b) and (e), Election Code,
are amended to read as follows:

(b) In an election in which a county clerk [or city
secretary] is the early voting clerk under Section 83.002 [or
83.005], only the early voting clerk may order voting on a Saturday
or Sunday. The clerk must do so by written order.
(e) In a primary election or the general election for state and county officers in a county with a population of 30,000 [100,000] or more, the early voting clerk shall order voting by personal appearance [voting] at the main early voting polling place to be conducted on the last Saturday of the early voting period for at least 12 hours, except that voting may not be conducted earlier than 6 a.m. or later than 9 p.m., [on the last Saturday] and on the last Sunday of the early voting period for at least six [five] hours, except that voting may not be conducted earlier than 6 a.m. or later than 9 p.m [on the last Sunday of the early voting period]. The early voting clerk shall order voting to be conducted at those times in those elections in a county with a population under 30,000 [100,000] on receipt of a written request for those hours submitted by at least 15 registered voters of the county. The request must be submitted in time to enable compliance with Section 85.007. This subsection supersedes any provision of this subchapter to the extent of any conflict.

SECTION 2.08. Section 85.010(a-1), Election Code, is amended to read as follows:

(a-1) In this section, "eligible county polling place" means an early voting polling place[, other than a polling place established under Section 85.062(a),] established by a county.

SECTION 2.09. Section 85.061(a), Election Code, is amended to read as follows:

(a) In a countywide election in which the county clerk is the early voting clerk under Section 83.002, an early voting polling place shall be located inside [at] each branch office that
is regularly maintained for conducting general clerical functions of the county clerk, except as provided by Subsection (b). If a suitable room is unavailable inside the branch office, the polling place may be located in another room inside the same building as the branch office. The polling place may not be located in a tent or similar temporary movable structure or a parking garage, parking lot, or similar facility designed primarily for motor vehicles.

SECTION 2.10. Section 85.062, Election Code, is amended by amending Subsection (b) and adding Subsection (f-1) to read as follows:

(b) A polling place established under this section may be located, subject to Subsection (d), at any place in the territory served by the early voting clerk and may be located inside any building as directed by the authority establishing the branch office. The polling place may not be located in a tent or similar temporary movable structure or a parking garage, parking lot, or similar facility designed primarily for motor vehicles in the general election for state and county officers, general primary election, or runoff primary election. Ropes or other suitable objects may be used at the polling place to ensure compliance with Section 62.004. Persons who are not expressly permitted by law to be in a polling place shall be excluded from the polling place to the extent practicable.

(f-1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section concerning the location of temporary branch polling places, in an election in which countywide polling places are used, the commissioners court of a county shall employ the same methodology
it uses to determine the location of countywide polling places to
determine the location of temporary branch polling places.

SECTION 2.11. Section 124.002, Election Code, is amended by
adding Subsection (c) to read as follows:

(c) Voting system ballots may not be arranged in a manner
that allows a political party's candidates to be selected in one
motion or gesture.

SECTION 2.12. Section 127.1232, Election Code, is amended
to read as follows:

Sec. 127.1232. SECURITY OF VOTED BALLOTS. (a) The general
custodian of election records shall post a licensed peace officer
[guard] to ensure the security of ballot boxes containing voted
ballots throughout the period of tabulation at the central counting
station.

(b) The general custodian of election records in a county
with a population of less than 100,000 may, and the general
custodian of election records in a county with a population of
100,000 or more shall, implement a video surveillance system that
retains a record of all areas containing voted ballots:

(1) from the time the voted ballots are delivered to
the central counting station until the canvass of precinct election
returns; and

(2) from the time the voted ballots are delivered to
the signature verification committee or early voting ballot board
until the canvass of precinct election returns.

(c) A video from a system implemented under Subsection (b)
may be made available to the public by a livestream in a county with
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a population of less than 100,000, and shall be made available to the public by a livestream in a county with a population of 100,000 or more.

(d) The video recorded is an election record under Section 1.012 and shall be retained by the general custodian of election records until the end of the calendar year in which an election is held or until an election contest filed in the county has been resolved, whichever is later.

ARTICLE 3. ELECTION OFFICERS AND OBSERVERS

SECTION 3.01. Section 33.051, Election Code, is amended by adding Subsections (g) and (h) to read as follows:

(g) An election officer commits an offense if the officer intentionally or knowingly refuses to accept a watcher for service when acceptance of the watcher is required by this section. An offense under this subsection is a Class B misdemeanor.

(h) Before accepting a watcher, the officer presented with a watcher’s certificate of appointment shall require the watcher to take the following oath, administered by the officer: "I swear (or affirm) that I will not disrupt the voting process or harass voters in the discharge of my duties."

SECTION 3.02. Section 33.056, Election Code, is amended by amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsections (e) and (f) to read as follows:

(a) Except as provided by Section 33.057, a watcher is entitled to observe any activity conducted at the location at which the watcher is serving. A watcher is entitled to sit or stand [conveniently] near enough to see and hear the election officers
conducting the observed activity, except as otherwise prohibited by
this chapter.

(e) Except as provided by Section 33.057(b), a watcher may
not be denied free movement where election activity is occurring
within the location at which the watcher is serving.

(f) In this code, a watcher who is entitled to "observe" an
election activity is entitled to sit or stand near enough to see and
hear the activity.

SECTION 3.03. Subchapter C, Chapter 33, Election Code, is
amended by adding Section 33.0605 to read as follows:

Sec. 33.0605. OBSERVING DATA STORAGE SEALING AND TRANSFER.

(a) A watcher appointed to serve at a polling place in an election
who is available at the time of the action may observe all election
activities relating to closing the polling place, including the
sealing and transfer of a memory card, flash drive, hard drive, data
storage device, or other medium now existing or later developed
used by the voting system equipment.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, a
watcher duly accepted for service at a polling location is entitled
to follow the transfer of election materials from the polling place
at which the watcher was accepted to a regional tabulating center,
the central counting station, or any other location designated to
process election materials. The authority responsible for
administering a regional tabulating center or another location
where election materials are processed must accept duly appointed
watchers for service in the same manner a watcher is accepted for
service under Section 33.051 and must accept the same number of
watchers that may serve under Section 33.007(a).

SECTION 3.04. Section 33.061(a), Election Code, is amended to read as follows:

(a) A person commits an offense if the person serves in an official capacity at a location at which the presence of watchers is authorized and knowingly prevents a watcher from observing an activity or procedure the person knows the watcher is entitled to observe, including by taking any action to obstruct the view of a watcher or distance the watcher from the activity or procedure to be observed in a manner that would make observation not reasonably effective.

SECTION 3.05. Subchapter C, Chapter 33, Election Code, is amended by adding Section 33.063 to read as follows:

Sec. 33.063. RELIEF. (a) A watcher, or the appointing authority for a watcher, who believes that the watcher was unlawfully prevented or obstructed from the performance of the watcher’s duties may seek:

(1) injunctive relief under Section 273.081, including issuance of temporary orders;

(2) a writ of mandamus under Section 161.009 or 273.061; and

(3) any other remedy available under law.

(b) The relief provided by this section is available to a state inspector appointed under Chapter 34 or any other election inspector authorized by law.

SECTION 3.06. Section 86.006, Election Code, is amended by amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (a-2) to read as
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follows:

(a) A marked ballot voted under this chapter must be returned to the early voting clerk in the official carrier envelope. The carrier envelope may be delivered in another envelope and must be transported and delivered only by:

(1) mail;
(2) common or contract carrier; or
(3) subject to Subsections [Subsection] (a-1) and (a-2), in-person delivery by the voter who voted the ballot.

(a-2) An in-person delivery of a marked ballot voted under this chapter must be received by an election official at the time of delivery. The receiving official shall record the voter's name, signature, and type of identification provided under Section 63.0101 on a roster prescribed by the secretary of state. The receiving official shall attest on the roster that the delivery complies with this section.

SECTION 3.07. Chapter 121, Election Code, is amended by adding Section 121.004 to read as follows:

Sec. 121.004. COMMUNICATIONS WITH VOTING SYSTEMS VENDOR PUBLIC INFORMATION. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b) and notwithstanding any other law, including Chapter 552, Government Code, a written letter, e-mail, or other communication, including a communication made confidential by other law, between a public official and a voting systems vendor:

(1) is not confidential;
(2) is public information for purposes of Chapter 552, Government Code; and
(3) is not subject to an exception to disclosure provided by Chapter 552, Government Code.

(b) Subsection (a) does not apply to a written letter, e-mail, or other communication related to the bidding process.

SECTION 3.08. Subchapter A, Chapter 127, Election Code, is amended by adding Section 127.009 to read as follows:

Sec. 127.009. ELECTRONIC DEVICES IN CENTRAL COUNTING STATION. (a) A counting station manager and the presiding judge of the counting station shall develop a protocol under which any electronic device inside a central counting station that is necessary to count votes is equipped with software that tracks all input and activity on the electronic device.

(b) The counting station manager and the presiding judge of the counting station shall ensure that the input and activity tracked by the software is printed and delivered to the secretary of state not later than the fifth day after vote counting is complete.

(c) This section applies only to a central counting station located in a county with a population of 250,000 or more.

SECTION 3.09. Section 127.1301, Election Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 127.1301. [TALLYING, TABULATING, AND REPORTING] CENTRALLY COUNTED OPTICAL SCAN BALLOTS [BALLOT UNDERVOTES AND OVERVOTES]. (a) In an election using centrally counted optical scan ballots, the undervotes and overvotes on those ballots shall be tallied, tabulated, and reported by race and by election precinct in the form and manner prescribed by the secretary of state.
(b) After January 1, 2024, an authority operating a central counting station under this chapter may not purchase or use a centrally counted optical ballot scan system that uses a data storage disc on which information, once written, is capable of being modified.

SECTION 3.10. Section 127.131, Election Code, is amended by adding Subsection (f) to read as follows:

(f) The presiding judge of the central counting station shall provide and attest to a written reconciliation of votes and voters at the close of tabulation for election day and again after the central counting station meets for the last time to process late-arriving ballots by mail and provisional ballots. The secretary of state shall create and promulgate rules and a form to facilitate compliance with this subsection. The form shall be posted on a website maintained by the county along with election returns and results.

SECTION 3.11. Section 129.023, Election Code, is amended by adding Subsections (b-2) and (c-1) to read as follows:

(b-2) If the test is being conducted for an election in which a county election board has been established under Section 51.002, the general custodian of election records shall notify each member of the board of the test at least 48 hours before the date of the test. If the county election board chooses to witness the test, each member shall sign the statement required by Subsection (e)(1).

(c-1) A test conducted under this section must also require the general custodian of election records to demonstrate, using a representative sample of voting system equipment, that the source
code of the equipment has not been altered.

ARTICLE 4. VOTING BY MAIL

SECTION 4.01. Section 84.001(b), Election Code, is amended to read as follows:

(b) An application must be submitted in writing and signed by the applicant using ink on paper. An electronic signature or photocopied signature is not permitted.

SECTION 4.02. Subchapter A, Chapter 84, Election Code, is amended by adding Section 84.0011 to read as follows:

Sec. 84.0011. SOLICITATION OF BALLOT BY MAIL APPLICATIONS PROHIBITED. The early voting clerk may make no attempt to solicit a person to complete an application for an early voting ballot by mail, whether directly or through a third party.

SECTION 4.03. Section 84.002, Election Code, as effective September 1, 2021, is amended by amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (b-1) to read as follows:

(a) An early voting ballot application must include:

(1) the applicant's name and the address at which the applicant is registered to vote;

(1-a) the following information:

(A) the number of the applicant's driver's license or personal identification card issued by the Department of Public Safety;

(B) if the applicant has not been issued a number described by Paragraph (A), the last four digits of the applicant's social security number; or

(C) a statement by the applicant that the
applicant has not been issued a number described by Paragraph (A) or
(B);

(2) for an application for a ballot to be voted by mail
on the ground of absence from the county of residence, the address
outside the applicant's county of residence to which the ballot is

to be mailed;

(3) for an application for a ballot to be voted by mail
on the ground of age or disability, the address of the hospital,
nursing home or other long-term care facility, or retirement
center, or of a person related to the applicant within the second
degree by affinity or the third degree by consanguinity, as
determined under Chapter 573, Government Code, if the applicant is
living at that address and that address is different from the
address at which the applicant is registered to vote;

(4) for an application for a ballot to be voted by mail
on the ground of confinement in jail, the address of the jail or of a
person related to the applicant within the degree described by
Subdivision (3);

(5) for an application for a ballot to be voted by mail
on any ground, an indication of each election for which the
applicant is applying for a ballot;

(6) an indication of the ground of eligibility for
early voting; and

(7) for an application for a ballot to be voted by mail
on the ground of involuntary civil commitment, the address of the
facility operated by or under contract with the Texas Civil
Commitment Office or of a person related to the applicant within the
degree of consanguinity described by Subdivision (3).

(b-1) A person may use the number of a driver's license or personal identification card that has expired for the purpose of fulfilling the requirement under Subsection (a)(1-a) if the license or identification is otherwise valid.

SECTION 4.04. Section 84.011(a), Election Code, as effective September 1, 2021, is amended to read as follows:

(a) The officially prescribed application form for an early voting ballot must include:

(1) immediately preceding the signature space the statement: "I certify that the information given in this application is true, and I understand that giving false information in this application is a crime."

(2) a statement informing the applicant of the offenses prescribed by Sections 84.003 and 84.004;

(3) spaces for entering an applicant's voter registration number and county election precinct of registration, with a statement informing the applicant that failure to furnish that information does not invalidate the application;

(3-a) a space for entering the information required under Section 84.002(a)(1-a); and

(4) on an application for a ballot to be voted by mail:

(A) a space for an applicant applying on the ground of absence from the county of residence to indicate the date on or after which the applicant can receive mail at the address outside the county;

(B) a space for indicating the fact that an
applicant whose application is signed by a witness cannot make the
applicant's mark and a space for indicating the relationship or
lack of relationship of the witness to the applicant;
(C) a space for entering an applicant's telephone
number, with a statement informing the applicant that failure to
furnish that information does not invalidate the application;
(D) a space or box for an applicant applying on
the ground of age or disability to indicate that the address to
which the ballot is to be mailed is the address of a facility or
relative described by Section 84.002(a)(3), if applicable;
(E) a space or box for an applicant applying on
the ground of confinement in jail or involuntary civil commitment
to indicate that the address to which the ballot is to be mailed is
the address of a relative described by Section 84.002(a)(4) or (7),
if applicable;
(F) a space for an applicant applying on the
ground of age or disability to indicate if the application is an
application under Section 86.0015;
(G) spaces for entering the signature, printed
name, and residence address of any person assisting the applicant;
(H) a statement informing the applicant of the
condition prescribed by Section 81.005; and
(I) a statement informing the applicant of the
requirement prescribed by Section 86.003(c).
SECTION 4.05. Subchapter A, Chapter 84, Election Code, is
amended by adding Section 84.0111 to read as follows:
Sec. 84.0111. PROHIBITION ON DISTRIBUTION OF APPLICATION
FORM. (a) Unless authorized by this code, an officer or employee of this state or of a political subdivision of this state may not distribute an application form for an early voting ballot to a person who did not request an application under Section 84.001.

(b) An officer or employee of this state or of a political subdivision of this state may not use public funds to facilitate the distribution by another person of an application form for an early voting ballot to a person who did not request an application under Section 84.001.

SECTION 4.06. Section 84.032(c), Election Code, is amended to read as follows:

(c) An applicant may submit a request after the close of early voting by personal appearance by appearing in person and:

(1) returning the ballot to be voted by mail to the early voting clerk; or

(2) executing an affidavit that the applicant:

(A) has not received the ballot to be voted by mail; or

(B) never requested a ballot to be voted by mail;

or

(C) received notice of a defect under Section 87.0271(b) or 87.0411(b).

SECTION 4.07. Section 84.035, Election Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 84.035. BALLOT SENT TO APPLICANT. (a) If the early voting clerk cancels an application by an applicant to whom an early voting ballot has been sent, the clerk shall:
(1) remove the applicant's name from the early voting roster; and

(2) make any other entries in the records and take any other action necessary to prevent the ballot from being counted if returned.

(b) An election judge may permit a person to whom an early voting ballot has been sent who cancels the person's application for a ballot to be voted by mail in accordance with Section 84.032 but fails to return the ballot to be voted by mail to the early voting clerk, deputy early voting clerk, or presiding judge as provided by that section to vote only a provisional ballot under Section 63.011.

SECTION 4.08. Section 86.001, Election Code, is amended by adding Subsection (f) to read as follows:

(f) If the information required under Section 84.002(a)(1-a) included on the application does not match the information on the applicant's application for voter registration under Section 13.002(c)(8), the clerk shall reject the application.

SECTION 4.09. Section 86.002, Election Code, is amended by adding Subsections (g), (h), and (i) to read as follows:

(g) The carrier envelope must include a space that is hidden from view when the envelope is sealed for the voter to enter the following information:

(1) the number of the voter's driver's license or personal identification card issued by the Department of Public Safety;

(2) if the voter has not been issued a number described
by Subdivision (1), the last four digits of the voter's social
security number; or

(3) a statement by the applicant that the applicant
has not been issued a number described by Subdivision (1) or (2).

(h) A person may use the number of a driver's license or
personal identification card that has expired for purposes of
Subsection (g) if the license or identification is otherwise valid.

(i) No record associating an individual voter with a ballot
may be created.

SECTION 4.10. Section 86.011(c), Election Code, is amended
to read as follows:

(c) If the return is not timely, the clerk shall enter the
time of receipt on the carrier envelope and retain it in a locked
container for the period for preserving the precinct election
records. The clerk shall destroy the unopened envelope and its
contents after the preservation period.

SECTION 4.11. Section 87.027(i), Election Code, is amended
to read as follows:

(i) The signature verification committee shall compare the
signature on each carrier envelope certificate, except those signed
for a voter by a witness, with the signature on the voter's ballot
application to determine whether the signatures are those of the
voter. The committee may also compare the signatures with any
known signature [two or more signatures] of the voter [made within
the preceding six years and] on file with the county clerk or voter
registrar to determine whether the signatures are those of the
voter. Except as provided by Subsection (1), a determination under
this subsection that the signatures are not those of the voter must
be made by a majority vote of the committee's membership. The
committee shall place the jacket envelopes, carrier envelopes, and
applications of voters whose signatures are not those of the voter
in separate containers from those of voters whose signatures are
those of the voter. The committee chair shall deliver the sorted
materials to the early voting ballot board at the time specified by
the board's presiding judge.

SECTION 4.12. Subchapter B, Chapter 87, Election Code, is
amended by adding Section 87.0271 to read as follows:

Sec. 87.0271. OPPORTUNITY TO CORRECT DEFECT: SIGNATURE
VERIFICATION COMMITTEE. (a) This section applies to an early
voting ballot voted by mail:

(1) for which the voter did not sign the carrier
envelope certificate;

(2) for which it cannot immediately be determined
whether the signature on the carrier envelope certificate is that
of the voter;

(3) missing any required statement of residence; or

(4) containing incomplete information with respect to
a witness.

(b) Before deciding whether to accept or reject a timely
delivered ballot under Section 87.027, the signature verification
committee may:

(1) return the carrier envelope to the voter by mail,
if the signature verification committee determines that it would be
possible to correct the defect and return the carrier envelope
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before the time the polls are required to close on election day; or
(2) notify the voter of the defect by telephone or
e-mail and inform the voter that the voter may come to the early
voting clerk's office in person to:

(A) correct the defect; or
(B) request to have the voter's application to
vote by mail canceled under Section 84.032.

(c) If the signature verification committee takes an action
described by Subsection (b), the committee must take either action
described by that subsection with respect to each ballot in the
election to which this section applies.

(d) A poll watcher is entitled to observe an action taken
under Subsection (b).

(e) The secretary of state may prescribe any procedures
necessary to implement this section.

SECTION 4.13. Section 87.041, Election Code, is amended by
amending Subsections (b) and (e) and adding Subsection (d-1) to
read as follows:

(b) A ballot may be accepted only if:

(1) the carrier envelope certificate is properly
executed;

(2) neither the voter's signature on the ballot
application nor the signature on the carrier envelope certificate
is determined to have been executed by a person other than the
voter, unless signed by a witness;

(3) the voter's ballot application states a legal
ground for early voting by mail;
(4) the voter is registered to vote, if registration is required by law;
(5) the address to which the ballot was mailed to the voter, as indicated by the application, was outside the voter's county of residence, if the ground for early voting is absence from the county of residence;
(6) for a voter to whom a statement of residence form was required to be sent under Section 86.002(a), the statement of residence is returned in the carrier envelope and indicates that the voter satisfies the residence requirements prescribed by Section 63.0011; and
(7) the address to which the ballot was mailed to the voter is an address that is otherwise required by Sections 84.002 and 86.003; and
(8) the information required under Section 86.002(g) provided by the voter matches the information on the voter's application for voter registration under Section 13.002(c)(8).

(d-1) If a voter provides the information required under Section 86.002(g) and it matches the information on the voter's application for voter registration under Section 13.002(c)(8), the signature on the ballot application and on the carrier envelope certificate shall be rebuttably presumed to be the signatures of the voter.

(e) In making the determination under Subsection (b)(2), to determine whether the signatures are those of the voter, the board may also compare the signatures with any known signature [two or more signatures] of the voter [made within the preceding six years]
SECTION 4.14. Subchapter C, Chapter 87, Election Code, is amended by adding Section 87.0411 to read as follows:

Sec. 87.0411. OPPORTUNITY TO CORRECT DEFECT: EARLY VOTING BALLOT BOARD. (a) This section applies to an early voting ballot voted by mail:

(1) for which the voter did not sign the carrier envelope certificate;

(2) for which it cannot immediately be determined whether the signature on the carrier envelope certificate is that of the voter;

(3) missing any required statement of residence; or

(4) containing incomplete information with respect to a witness.

(b) Before deciding whether to accept or reject a timely delivered ballot under Section 87.041, the early voting ballot board may:

(1) return the carrier envelope to the voter by mail, if the early voting ballot board determines that it would be possible to correct the defect and return the carrier envelope before the time the polls are required to close on election day; or

(2) notify the voter of the defect by telephone or e-mail and inform the voter that the voter may come to the early voting clerk's office in person to:

(A) correct the defect; or

(B) request to have the voter's application to
vote by mail canceled under Section 84.032.

(c) If the early voting ballot board takes an action described by Subsection (b), the board must take either action described by that subsection with respect to each ballot in the election to which this section applies.

(d) A poll watcher is entitled to observe an action taken under Subsection (b).

(e) The secretary of state may prescribe any procedures necessary to implement this section.

SECTION 4.15. Section 87.0431(b), Election Code, is amended to read as follows:

(b) The early voting clerk shall, not later than the 30th day after election day, deliver notice to the attorney general, including certified copies of the carrier envelope and corresponding ballot application, of any ballot rejected because:

(1) the voter was deceased;

(2) the voter already voted in person in the same election;

(3) the signatures on the carrier envelope and ballot application were not executed by the same person;

(4) the carrier envelope certificate lacked a witness signature; [or]

(5) the carrier envelope certificate was improperly executed by an assistant; or

(6) the early voting ballot board or the signature verification committee determined that another violation of the Election Code occurred.
SECTION 4.16. Sections 87.062(a) and (c), Election Code, are amended to read as follows:

(a) On the direction of the presiding judge, the early voting ballot board, in accordance with Section 85.032(b), shall open the containers for the early voting ballots that are to be counted by the board, remove the contents from each container, and remove any ballots enclosed in ballot envelopes from their envelopes.

(c) Ballots voted by mail shall be tabulated and stored separately from the ballots voted by personal appearance and shall be separately reported on the returns [The results of all early voting ballots counted by the board under this subchapter shall be included in the same return].

SECTION 4.17. Section 87.103, Election Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 87.103. COUNTING BALLOTS AND PREPARING RETURNS. (a) The early voting electronic system ballots counted at a central counting station, the ballots cast at precinct polling places, and the ballots voted by mail shall be tabulated separately [from the ballots cast at precinct polling places] and shall be separately reported on the returns.

(b) The early voting returns prepared at the central counting station must include any early voting results obtained by the early voting ballot board under Subchapter [Subchapters] D [and ]

SECTION 4.18. Section 87.126, Election Code, is amended by adding Subsection (a-1) to read as follows:
(a-1) Electronic records made under this section shall record both sides of any application, envelope, or ballot recorded, and all such records shall be provided to the early voting ballot board, the signature verification committee, or both.

SECTION 4.19. Subchapter G, Chapter 87, Election Code, is amended by adding Section 87.128 to read as follows:

Sec. 87.128. NOTES. Each member of an early voting ballot board and each member of a signature verification committee is entitled to take and keep any notes reasonably necessary to perform the member's duties under this chapter.

ARTICLE 5. ASSISTANCE OF VOTERS

SECTION 5.01. Section 64.009, Election Code, is amended by amending Subsection (b) and adding Subsections (b-1), (e), (f), (f-1), (g), and (h) to read as follows:

(b) The regular voting procedures, except those in Subchapter B, may be modified by the election officer to the extent necessary to conduct voting under this section.

(b-1) A person other than a voter is only permitted to be inside a motor vehicle while a voter votes from the motor vehicle if the person would be entitled to accompany the voter to the voting station under other law.

(e) Except as provided by Section 33.057, a poll watcher is entitled to observe any activity conducted under this section.

(f) A person who simultaneously assists three or more voters voting under this section by providing the voters with transportation to the polling place must complete and sign a form, provided by an election officer, that contains the person's name.
and address and whether the person is providing assistance solely under this section or under both this section and Subchapter B.

(f-1) Subsection (f) does not apply if the person is related to each voter within the second degree by affinity or the third degree by consanguinity, as determined under Subchapter B, Chapter 573, Government Code.

(g) A form completed under Subsection (f) shall be delivered to the secretary of state as soon as practicable. The secretary shall retain a form delivered under this section for the period for preserving the precinct election records and shall make the form available to the attorney general for inspection upon request.

(h) The secretary of state shall prescribe the form described by Subsection (f).

SECTION 5.02. Section 64.031, Election Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 64.031. ELIGIBILITY FOR ASSISTANCE. A voter is eligible to receive assistance in marking or reading the ballot, as provided by this subchapter, if the voter cannot prepare or read the ballot because of:

(1) a physical disability that renders the voter unable to write or see; or

(2) an inability to read the language in which the ballot is written.

SECTION 5.03. Subchapter B, Chapter 64, Election Code, is amended by adding Section 64.0322 to read as follows:

Sec. 64.0322. SUBMISSION OF FORM BY ASSISTANT. (a) A person, other than an election officer, who assists a voter in
accordance with this chapter is required to complete a form stating:

(1) the name and address of the person assisting the voter;

(2) the relationship to the voter of the person assisting the voter; and

(3) whether the person assisting the voter received or accepted any form of compensation or other benefit from a candidate, campaign, or political committee.

(b) The secretary of state shall prescribe the form required by this section. The form must be incorporated into the official carrier envelope if the voter is voting an early voting ballot by mail and receives assistance under Section 86.010, or must be submitted to an election officer at the time the voter casts a ballot if the voter is voting at a polling place or under Section 64.009.

SECTION 5.04. Section 64.034, Election Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 64.034. OATH. A person, other than an election officer, selected to provide assistance to a voter must take the following oath, administered by an election officer at the polling place, before providing assistance:

"I swear (or affirm) under penalty of perjury that the voter I am assisting represented to me they are eligible to receive assistance because of a physical disability that renders the voter unable to write or see or an inability to read the language in which the ballot is written; I will not suggest, by word, sign, or
gesture, how the voter should vote; I will confine my assistance to reading the ballot to the voter, directing the voter to read the ballot, marking the voter's ballot, or directing the voter to mark the ballot; [answering the voter's questions, to stating propositions on the ballot, and to naming candidates and, if listed, their political parties;] I will prepare the voter's ballot as the voter directs; I did not encourage, pressure, or coerce the voter into choosing me to provide assistance; [and] I am not the voter's employer, an agent of the voter's employer, or an officer or agent of a labor union to which the voter belongs; I will not communicate information about how the voter has voted to another person; and I understand that if assistance is provided to a voter who is not eligible for assistance, the voter's ballot may not be counted."

SECTION 5.05. Sections 86.010(e), (h), and (i), Election Code, are amended to read as follows:

(e) A person who assists a voter to prepare a ballot to be voted by mail shall enter on the official carrier envelope of the voter:

(1) the person's signature, printed name, and residence address;

(2) the relationship of the person providing the assistance to the voter; and

(3) whether the person received or accepted any form of compensation or other benefit from a candidate, campaign, or political committee in exchange for providing assistance [on the official carrier envelope of the voter].
(h) Subsection (f) does not apply to:

(1) a violation of Subsection (c), if the person is related to the voter within the second degree by affinity or the third degree by consanguinity, as determined under Subchapter B, Chapter 573, Government Code, or was physically living in the same dwelling as the voter at the time of the event; or

(2) a violation of Subsection (e), if the person is related to the voter within the second degree by affinity or the third degree by consanguinity, as determined under Subchapter B, Chapter 573, Government Code.

(i) An offense under this section for a violation of Subsection (c) is increased to the next higher category of offense if it is shown on the trial of an offense under this section that:

(1) the defendant was previously convicted of an offense under this code;

(2) the offense involved a voter 65 years of age or older; or

(3) the defendant committed another offense under this section in the same election.

SECTION 5.06. Section 86.013(b), Election Code, is amended to read as follows:

(b) Spaces must appear on the reverse side of the official carrier envelope for:

(1) indicating the identity and date of the election;

(2) entering the signature, printed name, and residence address of a person other than the voter who deposits the
carrier envelope in the mail or with a common or contract carrier;
and

(3) indicating the relationship of that person to the voter.

ARTICLE 6. FRAUD AND OTHER UNLAWFUL PRACTICES

SECTION 6.01. Chapter 63, Election Code, is amended by adding Section 63.0111 to read as follows:

Sec. 63.0111. OFFENSES RELATED TO PROVISIONAL VOTING. (a)
An election judge commits an offense if the judge knowingly provides a voter with a form for an affidavit required by Section 63.001 if the form contains information that the judge entered on the form knowing it was false.

(b) An offense under this section is a state jail felony.

SECTION 6.02. Sections 276.004(a) and (b), Election Code, are amended to read as follows:

(a) A person commits an offense if, with respect to another person over whom the person has authority in the scope of employment, the person knowingly:

(1) refuses to permit the other person to be absent from work on election day or while early voting is in progress for the purpose of attending the polls to vote; or

(2) subjects or threatens to subject the other person to a penalty for attending the polls on election day or while early voting is in progress to vote.

(b) It is an exception to the application of this section that the person's conduct occurs in connection with an election in which the polls are open on election day or while early voting is in progress.
progress for voting for two consecutive hours outside of the voter's working hours.

SECTION 6.03. Chapter 276, Election Code, is amended by adding Sections 276.015, 276.016, and 276.017 to read as follows:

Sec. 276.015. VOTE HARVESTING. (a) In this section and in Section 276.016:

(1) "Benefit" means anything reasonably regarded as a gain or advantage, including a promise or offer of employment, a political favor, or an official act of discretion, whether to a person or another party whose welfare is of interest to the person.

(2) "Vote harvesting services" means in-person interaction with one or more voters, involving an official ballot, a ballot voted by mail, or an application for ballot by mail, intended to deliver votes for a specific candidate or measure.

(b) A person commits an offense if the person, directly or through a third party, knowingly provides or offers to provide vote harvesting services in exchange for compensation or other benefit.

(c) A person commits an offense if the person, directly or through a third party, knowingly provides or offers to provide compensation or other benefit to another person in exchange for vote harvesting services.

(d) A person commits an offense if the person knowingly collects or possesses a mail ballot or official carrier envelope in connection with vote harvesting services.

(e) This section does not apply to:

(1) an activity not performed in exchange for compensation or a benefit;
interactions that do not directly involve an official ballot, ballot by mail, or an application for ballot by mail;

interactions that are not conducted in-person with a voter; or

activity that is not designed to deliver votes for or against a specific candidate or measure.

(f) In this section, compensation in exchange for vote harvesting services is inferred if a person who performed vote harvesting services for a candidate or campaign solicits, receives, or is offered compensation from the candidate or campaign, directly or through a third party, for services other than vote harvesting services provided.

(g) An offense under this section is a felony of the third degree.

(h) If conduct that constitutes an offense under this section also constitutes an offense under any other law, the actor may be prosecuted under this section, the other law, or both.

(i) Records necessary to investigate an offense under this section or any other section of this code shall be provided by an election officer in an unredacted form to a law enforcement officer upon request. Records obtained under this subsection are not subject to public disclosure.

Sec. 276.016. CIVIL LIABILITY FOR VOTE HARVESTING. (a) A person who is shown by a preponderance of the evidence to have violated Section 276.015 is civilly liable to any candidate or political party who suffers harm from the vote harvesting services
for damages and penalties that may be awarded under Subsection (c).

(b) A person is harmed by the vote harvesting services if the person can demonstrate that:

(1) the person has standing to seek relief; and

(2) the liable party violated Section 276.015.

(b-1) To establish standing under this section, a person is not required to demonstrate that the vote harvesting services successfully delivered votes for a specific candidate or measure, but must demonstrate that:

(1) the vote harvesting services were intended to deliver votes for a specific candidate or measure; and

(2) the person opposed the candidate or measure in the person's capacity as a candidate or political party.

(c) A party who prevails in an action under this section may recover damages in an amount including any or all of:

(1) the amount of compensation paid to or received by a party in exchange for vote harvesting services;

(2) the fair market value of any benefit given or received in exchange for vote harvesting services;

(3) a penalty in the amount of $35,000; or

(4) reasonable and necessary attorney's fees, court costs, witness fees, and discovery costs.

(d) A party who is a candidate for office who prevails in an action under this section and shows that the number of voters contacted by the vote harvesting activity exceeds the number of votes by which the party lost the election shall recover damages in an amount including any or all of:
(1) the party's campaign expenditures properly filed on a campaign finance report in connection with the election; or
(2) any fees and expenses incurred by the party in filing and securing a place on the ballot.

(e) A person who commits an offense under Section 276.015 and is found civilly liable, including by vicarious liability, under this chapter or other law for any amount of damages arising from the vote harvesting services is jointly liable with any other defendant for the entire amount of damages arising from the vote harvesting services.

(f) The cause of action created by this section is cumulative of any other remedy provided by common law or statute.

(g) Rules applicable to a party's access to election records under Chapter 231 or 232 apply to a cause of action under this section.

(h) The expedited actions process created by Rule 169, Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, does not apply to an action under this section.

(i) Chapter 27, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, does not apply to a cause of action under this section.

(j) A cause of action under this section may be brought in the county where any element of a violation under Section 276.015 occurred, or where any part of the vote harvesting services occurred.

(k) This section shall be liberally construed and applied to promote its underlying purpose to protect candidates and the voting public from unlawful vote harvesting and provide an efficient and
Sec. 276.017. UNLAWFUL ALTERING OF ELECTION PROCEDURES. A public official may not create, alter, modify, waive, or suspend any election standard, practice, or procedure mandated by law or rule in a manner not expressly authorized by this code.

ARTICLE 7. ENFORCEMENT

SECTION 7.01. Section 18.065, Election Code, is amended by amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsections (e), (f), and (g) to read as follows:

(a) The secretary of state shall monitor each registrar for substantial compliance with Sections 15.083, 16.032, 16.0332, and 18.061 and with rules implementing the statewide computerized voter registration list.

(e) A registrar shall correct a violation within 30 days of a notice under Subsection (b). If a registrar fails to correct the violation within 30 days of a notice under Subsection (b), the secretary of state shall:

(1) correct the violation on behalf of the registrar;

and

(2) notify the attorney general that the registrar failed to correct a violation under this subsection.

(f) A county served by a registrar who fails to correct a violation under Subsection (e) is liable to this state for a civil penalty of $1,000 for each violation corrected by the secretary of state under that subsection. The attorney general may bring an action to recover a civil penalty imposed under this section.

(g) A civil penalty collected by the attorney general under
this section shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the general revenue fund.

SECTION 7.02. Subchapter E, Chapter 31, Election Code, is amended by adding Sections 31.128 and 31.129 to read as follows:

Sec. 31.128. RESTRICTION ON ELIGIBILITY. (a) In this section, "election official" means:

(1) a county clerk;

(2) a permanent or temporary deputy county clerk;

(3) an elections administrator;

(4) a permanent or temporary employee of an elections administrator;

(5) an election judge;

(6) an alternate election judge;

(7) an early voting clerk;

(8) a deputy early voting clerk;

(9) an election clerk;

(10) the presiding judge of an early voting ballot board;

(11) the alternate presiding judge of an early voting ballot board;

(12) a member of an early voting ballot board;

(13) the chair of a signature verification committee;

(14) the vice chair of a signature verification committee;

(15) a member of a signature verification committee;

(16) the presiding judge of a central counting station;
the alternate presiding judge of a central counting station;

(18) a central counting station manager;

(19) a central counting station clerk;

(20) a tabulation supervisor; and

(21) an assistant to a tabulation supervisor.

(b) A person may not serve as an election official if the person has been finally convicted of an offense under this code.

Sec. 31.129. CIVIL PENALTY. (a) In this section, "election official" has the meaning assigned by Section 31.128.

(b) An election official may be liable to this state for a civil penalty if the official:

(1) is employed by or is an officer of this state or a political subdivision of this state; and

(2) violates a provision of this code.

(c) A civil penalty imposed under this section may include termination of the person's employment and loss of the person's employment benefits.

SECTION 7.03. Section 232.006(a), Election Code, is amended to read as follows:

(a) The venue of an election contest for a statewide office is in Travis County or any county where a contestee resided at the time of the election. For purposes of this section, a contestee's residence is determined under Section 411.0257, Government Code.

SECTION 7.04. Sections 232.008(b), (c), and (d), Election Code, are amended to read as follows:

(b) Except as provided by Subsection (c), a contestant must
file the petition not later than the later of the 45th [30th] day after the date the election records are publicly available under Section 1.012 or the official result of the contested election is determined.

(c) A contestant must file the petition not later than the later of the 15th [10th] day after the date the election records are publicly available under Section 1.012 or the official result is determined in a contest of:

(1) a primary or runoff primary election; or
(2) a general or special election for which a runoff is necessary according to the official result or will be necessary if the contestant prevails.

(d) A contestant must deliver, electronically or otherwise, a copy of the petition to the secretary of state by the same deadline prescribed for the filing of the petition.

SECTION 7.05. Chapter 232, Election Code, is amended by adding Subchapter C to read as follows:

SUBCHAPTER C. CONTEST INVOLVING ALLEGED FRAUD

Sec. 232.061. PETITION ALLEGING FRAUD. This subchapter applies to an election contest in which the contestant alleges in the petition that an opposing candidate, an agent of the opposing candidate, or a person acting on behalf of the opposing candidate with the candidate's knowledge violated any of the following sections of this code:

(1) Section 13.007;
(2) Section 64.012;
(3) Section 64.036;
Sec. 232.062. DAMAGES. (a) If it is shown by a preponderance of the evidence that a contestee, an agent of the contestee, or a person acting on behalf of the contestee with the contestee's knowledge committed one or more violations of a section described by Section 232.061, the contestee is liable to the contestant for damages in an amount of $1,000 for each violation.

(b) Notwithstanding Section 41.004(a), Civil Practice and Remedies Code, a court shall award damages under Subsection (a) to the contestant irrespective of whether the contestant is awarded actual damages.

Sec. 232.063. ATTORNEY'S FEES. In an election contest to which this subchapter applies, the court may award reasonable attorney's fees to the prevailing party.

SECTION 7.06. Section 273.061, Election Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 273.061. JURISDICTION. (a) The supreme court or a court of appeals may issue a writ of mandamus to compel the performance of any duty imposed by law in connection with the holding of an election or a political party convention, regardless of whether the person responsible for performing the duty is a public officer.
(b) The court of criminal appeals may issue a writ of mandamus to compel the performance of any duty imposed by law in connection with the provision, sequestration, transfer, or impoundment of evidence in or records relating to a criminal investigation conducted under this code or conducted in connection with the conduct of an election or political party convention. If a writ of mandamus is issued under this subsection, it shall include an order requiring the provision, sequestration, transfer, or impoundment of the evidence or record.

SECTION 7.07. Subchapter D, Chapter 22, Government Code, is amended by adding Section 22.304 to read as follows:

Sec. 22.304. PRIORITY OF CERTAIN ELECTION PROCEEDINGS. (a) The supreme court, the court of criminal appeals, or a court of appeals shall prioritize over any other proceeding pending or filed in the court a proceeding for injunctive relief or for a writ of mandamus under Chapter 273, Election Code, pending or filed in the court on or after the 120th day before a general or special election.

(b) If granted, oral argument for a proceeding described by Subsection (a) may be given in person or through electronic means.

SECTION 7.08. Section 23.101, Government Code, is amended by amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (b-1) to read as follows:

(a) Except as provided by Subsection (b-1), the trial courts of this state shall regularly and frequently set hearings and trials of pending matters, giving preference to hearings and trials of the following:
(1) temporary injunctions;
(2) criminal actions, with the following actions given preference over other criminal actions:
(A) criminal actions against defendants who are detained in jail pending trial;
(B) criminal actions involving a charge that a person committed an act of family violence, as defined by Section 71.004, Family Code;
(C) an offense under:
   (i) Section 21.02 or 21.11, Penal Code;
   (ii) Chapter 22, Penal Code, if the victim of the alleged offense is younger than 17 years of age;
   (iii) Section 25.02, Penal Code, if the victim of the alleged offense is younger than 17 years of age;
   (iv) Section 25.06, Penal Code;
   (v) Section 43.25, Penal Code; or
   (vi) Section 20A.02(a)(7), 20A.02(a)(8), or 20A.03, Penal Code;
(D) an offense described by Article 62.001(6)(C) or (D), Code of Criminal Procedure; and
(E) criminal actions against persons who are detained as provided by Section 51.12, Family Code, after transfer for prosecution in criminal court under Section 54.02, Family Code;
(3) election contests and suits under the Election Code;
(4) orders for the protection of the family under Subtitle B, Title 4, Family Code;
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(5) appeals of final rulings and decisions of the division of workers' compensation of the Texas Department of Insurance regarding workers' compensation claims and claims under the Federal Employers' Liability Act and the Jones Act;

(6) appeals of final orders of the commissioner of the General Land Office under Section 51.3021, Natural Resources Code;

(7) actions in which the claimant has been diagnosed with malignant mesothelioma, other malignant asbestos-related cancer, malignant silica-related cancer, or acute silicosis; and

(8) appeals brought under Section 42.01 or 42.015, Tax Code, of orders of appraisal review boards of appraisal districts established for counties with a population of less than 175,000.

(b-1) Except for a criminal case in which the death penalty has been or may be assessed or when it would otherwise interfere with a constitutional right, the trial courts of this state shall prioritize over any other proceeding pending or filed in the court a proceeding for injunctive relief under Chapter 273, Election Code, pending or filed in the court on or after the 120th day before a general or special election.

ARTICLE 8. INELIGIBLE VOTERS AND RELATED REFORMS

SECTION 8.01. Chapter 42, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended by adding Article 42.0194 to read as follows:

Art. 42.0194. FINDING REGARDING FELONY CONVICTION. In the trial of a felony offense, if the defendant is 18 years of age or older and is adjudged guilty of the offense, the court shall:

(1) make an affirmative finding that the person has been found guilty of a felony and enter the affirmative finding in
the judgment of the case; and

(2) instruct the defendant regarding how the felony conviction will impact the defendant's right to vote in this state.

SECTION 8.02. Article 42.01, Code of Criminal Procedure, as effective September 1, 2021, is amended by amending Section 4 and adding Section 16 to read as follows:

Sec. 4. The Court of Criminal Appeals [Office of Court Administration of the Texas Judicial System] shall promulgate a standardized felony judgment form that conforms to the requirements of Section 1 of this article. A court entering a felony judgment shall use the form promulgated under this section.

Sec. 16. In addition to the information described by Section 1, the judgment should reflect the affirmative finding and instruction entered pursuant to Article 42.0194.

ARTICLE 9. REPEALER; SEVERABILITY; TRANSITION; EFFECTIVE DATE

SECTION 9.01. The following provisions of the Election Code are repealed:

(1) Section 85.062(e);
(2) Section 86.0105(b); and
(3) Section 127.201(f).

SECTION 9.02. If any provision of this Act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this Act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Act are declared to be severable.

SECTION 9.03. (a) Except as otherwise provided by this Act,
the changes in law made by this Act apply only to an offense
committed on or after the effective date of this Act. An offense
committed before the effective date of this Act is governed by the
law in effect when the offense was committed, and the former law is
continued in effect for that purpose. For purposes of this section,
an offense was committed before the effective date of this Act if
any element of the offense occurred before that date.

(b) The changes in law made by this Act apply only to an
election ordered on or after the effective date of this Act. An
election ordered before the effective date of this Act is governed
by the law in effect when the election was ordered, and the former
law is continued in effect for that purpose.

(c) The changes in law made by this Act apply only to an
election contest for which the associated election occurred after
the effective date of this Act.

(d) The changes in law made by this Act apply only to an
application to vote an early voting ballot by mail submitted on or
after the effective date of this Act. An application to vote an
early voting ballot by mail submitted before the effective date of
this Act is governed by the law in effect when the application was
submitted, and the former law is continued in effect for that
purpose.

(e) The changes in law made by this Act apply only to an
application for voter registration submitted on or after the
effective date of this Act.

SECTION 9.04. This Act takes effect immediately if it
receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each
S.B. No. 1

1 house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution.
2 If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate
3 effect, this Act takes effect on the 91st day after the last day of
4 the legislative session.