By: Klick H.B. No. 6

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT

- 2 relating to abortion complication reporting and the regulation of
- 3 drug-induced abortion procedures, providers, and facilities;
- 4 creating a criminal offense.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 6 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that:
- 7 (1) this state has an interest in protecting the
- 8 health and welfare of every woman considering a drug-induced
- 9 abortion;
- 10 (2) the use of Mifeprex or mifepristone presents
- 11 significant medical complications including, but not limited to,
- 12 uterine hemorrhage, viral infections, abdominal pain, cramping,
- 13 vomiting, headache, fatigue, and pelvic inflammatory disease; and
- 14 (3) the failure rate and risk of complications
- 15 increases with advancing gestational age.
- SECTION 2. Sections 171.006(a) and (b), Health and Safety
- 17 Code, as added by Chapter 4 (H.B. 13), Acts of the 85th Legislature,
- 18 1st Called Session, 2017, are amended to read as follows:
- 19 (a) In this section, "abortion complication" or "adverse
- 20 event" means any harmful event or adverse outcome with respect to a
- 21 patient related to an abortion that is performed or induced on the
- 22 patient and that is diagnosed or treated by a health care
- 23 practitioner or at a health care facility and includes:
- 24 (1) shock;

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                    uterine perforation;
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               (2)
                    cervical laceration;
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               (3)
 3
               (4)
                    hemorrhage;
               (5)
                    aspiration or allergic response;
4
 5
               (6)
                    infection;
               (7)
                    sepsis;
6
                    death of the patient;
 7
               (8)
8
               (9)
                    incomplete abortion;
9
               (10) damage to the uterus; [or]
               (11)
                    an infant born alive after the abortion;
10
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               (12) blood clots resulting in pulmonary embolism or
12
   deep vein thrombosis;
               (13) failure to actually terminate the pregnancy;
13
14
               (14) pelvic inflammatory disease;
15
               (15) endometritis;
16
               (16) missed ectopic pregnancy;
17
               (17) cardiac arrest;
               (18) respiratory arrest;
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19
               (19) renal failure;
20
               (20) metabolic disorder;
21
               (21) embolism;
22
               (22) <u>coma;</u>
23
               (23) placenta previa in subsequent pregnancies;
24
               (24) preterm delivery in subsequent pregnancies;
25
               (25) fluid accumulation in the abdomen;
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               (26) hemolytic reaction resulting from
                                                                   the
   administration of ABO-incompatible blood or blood products;
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- 1 (27) adverse reactions to anesthesia or other drugs;
- 2 <u>or</u>
- 3 (28) any other adverse event as defined by the United
- 4 States Food and Drug Administration's criteria provided by the
- 5 MedWatch Reporting System.
- 6 (b) The reporting requirements of this section apply only 7 to:
- 8 (1) a physician who:
- 9 (A) performs or induces at an abortion facility
- 10 an abortion that results in an abortion complication diagnosed or
- 11 treated by that physician; or
- 12 (B) diagnoses or treats [at an abortion facility]
- 13 an abortion complication that is the result of an abortion
- 14 performed or induced by another physician [at the facility]; or
- 15 (2) a health care facility that is a hospital,
- 16 abortion facility, freestanding emergency medical care facility,
- 17 or health care facility that provides emergency medical care, as
- 18 defined by Section 773.003.
- 19 SECTION 3. Section 171.061, Health and Safety Code, is
- 20 amended by amending Subdivisions (2) and (5) and adding
- 21 Subdivisions (2-a) and (8-a) to read as follows:
- 22 (2) "Abortion-inducing drug" means a drug, a medicine,
- 23 or any other substance, including a regimen of two or more drugs,
- 24 medicines, or substances, prescribed, dispensed, or administered
- 25 with the intent of terminating a clinically diagnosable pregnancy
- 26 of a woman and with knowledge that the termination will, with
- 27 reasonable likelihood, cause the death of the woman's unborn child.

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- 1 The term includes off-label use of drugs, medicines, or other
- 2 substances known to have abortion-inducing properties that are
- 3 prescribed, dispensed, or administered with the intent of causing
- 4 an abortion, including the Mifeprex regimen, misoprostol
- 5 (Cytotec), and methotrexate. The term does not include a drug,
- 6 medicine, or other substance that may be known to cause an abortion
- 7 but is prescribed, dispensed, or administered for other medical
- 8 reasons.
- 9 (2-a) "Adverse event" or "abortion complication"
- 10 means any harmful event or adverse outcome with respect to a patient
- 11 related to an abortion, including the abortion complications listed
- 12 in Section 171.006, as added by Chapter 4 (H.B. 13), Acts of the
- 13 85th Legislature, 1st Called Session, 2017.
- 14 (5) "Medical abortion" means the administration or use
- 15 of an abortion-inducing drug to induce an abortion, and may also be
- 16 referred to as a "medication abortion," a "chemical abortion," a
- 17 "drug-induced abortion," "RU-486," or the "Mifeprex regimen".
- 18 (8-a) "Provide" means, as used with regard to
- 19 abortion-inducing drugs, any act of giving, selling, dispensing,
- 20 administering, transferring possession, or otherwise providing or
- 21 prescribing an abortion-inducing drug.
- SECTION 4. The heading to Section 171.063, Health and
- 23 Safety Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 24 Sec. 171.063. PROVISION [DISTRIBUTION] OF
- 25 ABORTION-INDUCING DRUG.
- SECTION 5. Section 171.063, Health and Safety Code, is
- 27 amended by amending Subsections (a), (c), and (e) and adding

- 1 Subsection (b-1) to read as follows:
- 2 (a) A person may not knowingly [give, sell, dispense,
- 3 administer, provide[, or prescribe] an abortion-inducing drug to a
- 4 pregnant woman for the purpose of inducing an abortion in the
- 5 pregnant woman or enabling another person to induce an abortion in
- 6 the pregnant woman unless:
- 7 (1) the person who [gives, sells, dispenses,
- 8 administers, provides[, or prescribes] the abortion-inducing drug
- 9 is a physician; and
- 10 (2) [except as otherwise provided by Subsection (b),
- 11 the provision[, prescription, or administration] of the
- 12 abortion-inducing drug satisfies the protocol [tested and]
- 13 authorized by this subchapter [the United States Food and Drug
- 14 Administration as outlined in the final printed label of the
- 15 abortion-inducing drug].
- 16 (b-1) A manufacturer, supplier, physician, or any other
- 17 person may not provide to a patient any abortion-inducing drug by
- 18 courier, delivery, or mail service.
- 19 (c) Before the physician [gives, sells, dispenses,
- 20 administers, provides[, or prescribes] an abortion-inducing drug,
- 21 the physician must:
- 22 <u>(1)</u> examine the pregnant woman <u>in person;</u>
- 23 (2) independently verify that a pregnancy exists;
- 24 (3) [and] document, in the woman's medical record, the
- 25 gestational age and intrauterine location of the pregnancy to
- 26 determine whether an ectopic pregnancy exists;
- 27 (4) determine the pregnant woman's blood type, and for

- 1 a woman who is Rh negative, offer to administer Rh immunoglobulin
- 2 (RhoGAM) at the time the abortion-inducing drug is administered or
- 3 used or the abortion is performed or induced to prevent Rh
- 4 incompatibility, complications, or miscarriage in future
- 5 pregnancies;
- 6 (5) document whether the pregnant woman received
- 7 treatment for Rh negativity, as diagnosed by the most accurate
- 8 standard of medical care; and
- 9 (6) ensure the physician does not provide an
- 10 abortion-inducing drug for a pregnant woman whose pregnancy is more
- 11 than 49 days of gestational age.
- 12 (e) A [The] physician who [gives, sells, dispenses,
- 13 administers, provides[, or prescribes] the abortion-inducing
- 14 drug, or the physician's agent, must schedule a follow-up visit for
- 15 the woman to occur not later [more] than the 14th day [14 days]
- 16 after the <u>earliest date on which the abortion-inducing drug is</u>
- 17 administered [administration] or used or the abortion is performed
- 18 or induced [use of the drug]. At the follow-up visit, the physician
- 19 must:
- 20 (1) confirm that the <u>woman's</u> pregnancy is completely
- 21 terminated; and
- 22 (2) assess <u>any continued blood loss</u> [the degree of
- 23 bleeding].
- SECTION 6. Subchapter D, Chapter 171, Health and Safety
- 25 Code, is amended by adding Sections 171.0631, 171.0632, 171.065,
- 26 and 171.066 to read as follows:
- Sec. 171.0631. VOLUNTARY AND INFORMED CONSENT REQUIRED. A

- 1 person may not provide an abortion-inducing drug to a pregnant
- 2 woman without satisfying the applicable informed consent
- 3 requirements of Subchapter B.
- 4 Sec. 171.0632. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS. A physician who
- 5 provides an abortion-inducing drug must comply with the applicable
- 6 physician reporting requirements under Section 245.011.
- 7 <u>Sec. 171.065. CRIMINAL OFFENSE. (a) A person who</u>
- 8 intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly violates this subchapter
- 9 commits an offense. An offense under this subsection is a state
- 10 jail felony.
- 11 (b) A pregnant woman on whom a drug-induced abortion is
- 12 attempted, induced, or performed in violation of this subchapter is
- 13 not criminally liable for the violation.
- 14 (c) Conduct constituting an offense under this section may
- 15 also be the basis for an administrative violation under Section
- 16 <u>171.064.</u>
- Sec. 171.066. ENFORCEMENT OF SUBCHAPTER. A state executive
- 18 or administrative official may not decline to enforce this
- 19 subchapter, or adopt a construction of this subchapter in a way that
- 20 narrows its applicability, based on the official's own beliefs on
- 21 the requirements of the state or federal constitution, unless the
- 22 official is enjoined by a state or federal court from enforcing this
- 23 subchapter.
- 24 SECTION 7. The following provisions of the Health and
- 25 Safety Code are repealed:
- 26 (1) Sections 171.061(3) and (6); and
- 27 (2) Section 171.063(b).

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- 1 SECTION 8. (a) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as
- 2 creating or recognizing a right to abortion.
- 3 (b) It is not the intention of this Act to make lawful an
- 4 abortion that is otherwise unlawful.
- 5 (c) Except as specifically provided by Section 7 of this
- 6 Act, nothing in this Act repeals, replaces, or otherwise
- 7 invalidates existing Texas laws, regulations, or policies.
- 8 SECTION 9. Any provision of this Act held to be invalid or
- 9 unenforceable by its terms or as applied to any person or
- 10 circumstance shall be construed to give the provision the maximum
- 11 effect permitted by law, unless such holding is one of utter
- 12 invalidity or unenforceability, in which event the provision shall
- 13 be considered severable from the other provisions of this Act and
- 14 shall not affect the remainder or the application of the provisions
- 15 to other persons not similarly situated or to other, dissimilar
- 16 circumstances.
- 17 SECTION 10. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b) of
- 18 this section, the changes in law made by this Act apply only to an
- 19 abortion performed or induced on or after the effective date of this
- 20 Act.
- 21 (b) Section 171.065, Health and Safety Code, as added by
- 22 this Act, applies only to an abortion performed or induced on or
- 23 after January 1, 2022.
- 24 SECTION 11. This Act takes effect immediately if it
- 25 receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each
- 26 house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution.
- 27 If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate

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- 1 effect, this Act takes effect on the 91st day after the last day of
- 2 the legislative session.