By: Lucio, et al.

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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT relating to abortion complication reporting and the regulation of 2 3 drug-induced abortion procedures, providers, and facilities; 4 creating a criminal offense. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 5 6 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that: 7 (1) this state has an interest in protecting the 8 health and welfare of every woman considering a drug-induced 9 abortion; 10 (2) the use of Mifeprex or mifepristone presents significant medical complications including, but not limited to, 11 uterine hemorrhage, viral infections, abdominal pain, cramping, 12 vomiting, headache, fatigue, and pelvic inflammatory disease; and 13 14 (3) the failure rate and risk of complications 15 increases with advancing gestational age. SECTION 2. Sections 171.006(a) and (b), Health and Safety 16 Code, as added by Chapter 4 (H.B. 13), Acts of the 85th Legislature, 17 1st Called Session, 2017, are amended to read as follows: 18 19 In this section, "abortion complication" or "adverse (a) event" means any harmful event or adverse outcome with respect to a 20 patient related to an abortion that is performed or induced on the 21 patient and that is diagnosed or treated by a health care 22 practitioner or at a health care facility and includes: 23 24 (1) shock;

1	(2)) ປ	aterine perforation;
2	(3)) с	cervical laceration;
3	(4)) h	nemorrhage;
4	(5)) ā	aspiration or allergic response;
5	(6)) i	infection;
6	(7)) ട	sepsis;
7	(8)) c	leath of the patient;
8	(9)) i	incomplete abortion;
9	(10	C)	damage to the uterus; [or]
10	(11	1)	an infant born alive after the abortion <u>;</u>
11	(12	2)	blood clots resulting in pulmonary embolism or
12	deep vein thro	mbos	sis;
13	(13	3)	failure to actually terminate the pregnancy;
14	(14	1)	pelvic inflammatory disease;
15	(15	5)	endometritis;
16	(16	5)	missed ectopic pregnancy;
17	(17	7)	cardiac arrest;
18	(18	3)	respiratory arrest;
19	(19	9)	renal failure;
20	(20))	metabolic disorder;
21	(22	1)	embolism;
22	(22	2)	coma;
23	(23	3)	placenta previa in subsequent pregnancies;
24	(24	1)	preterm delivery in subsequent pregnancies;
25	(25	5)	fluid accumulation in the abdomen;
26	(26	5)	hemolytic reaction resulting from the
27	administratior	n of	ABO-incompatible blood or blood products;

1 (27) adverse reactions to anesthesia or other drugs; 2 or 3 (28) any other adverse event as defined by the United States Food and Drug Administration's criteria provided by the 4 5 MedWatch Reporting System. The reporting requirements of this section apply only 6 (b) 7 to: (1)8 a physician who: 9 performs or induces at an abortion facility (A) an abortion that results in an abortion complication diagnosed or 10 11 treated by that physician; or diagnoses or treats [at an abortion facility] 12 (B) 13 an abortion complication that is the result of an abortion performed or induced by another physician [at the facility]; or 14 15 (2) a health care facility that is a hospital, 16 abortion facility, freestanding emergency medical care facility, or health care facility that provides emergency medical care, as 17 defined by Section 773.003. 18 SECTION 3. Section 171.061, Health and Safety Code, 19 is 20 amended by amending Subdivisions (2) and (5) and adding Subdivisions (2-a) and (8-a) to read as follows: 21 22 (2) "Abortion-inducing drug" means a drug, a medicine, or any other substance, including a regimen of two or more drugs, 23 medicines, or substances, prescribed, dispensed, or administered 24 with the intent of terminating a clinically diagnosable pregnancy 25 of a woman and with knowledge that the termination will, with 26 27 reasonable likelihood, cause the death of the woman's unborn child.

The term includes off-label use of drugs, medicines, or other 1 2 substances known to have abortion-inducing properties that are prescribed, dispensed, or administered with the intent of causing 3 4 an abortion, including the Mifeprex regimen, misoprostol (Cytotec), and methotrexate. The term does not include a drug, 5 medicine, or other substance that may be known to cause an abortion 6 7 but is prescribed, dispensed, or administered for other medical 8 reasons.

9 <u>(2-a) "Adverse event" or "abortion complication"</u> 10 means any harmful event or adverse outcome with respect to a patient 11 related to an abortion, including the abortion complications listed 12 in Section 171.006, as added by Chapter 4 (H.B. 13), Acts of the 13 85th Legislature, 1st Called Session, 2017.

14 (5) "Medical abortion" means the administration or use 15 of an abortion-inducing drug to induce an abortion, and may also be 16 referred to as a "medication abortion," a "chemical abortion," a 17 <u>"drug-induced abortion," "RU-486," or the "Mifeprex regimen"</u>.

18 <u>(8-a) "Provide" means, as used with regard to</u> 19 <u>abortion-inducing drugs, any act of giving, selling, dispensing,</u> 20 <u>administering, transferring possession, or otherwise providing or</u> 21 prescribing an abortion-inducing drug.

22 SECTION 4. The heading to Section 171.063, Health and 23 Safety Code, is amended to read as follows:

24Sec. 171.063.PROVISION[DISTRIBUTION]OF25ABORTION-INDUCING DRUG.

26 SECTION 5. Section 171.063, Health and Safety Code, is 27 amended by amending Subsections (a), (c), and (e) and adding

1 Subsection (b-1) to read as follows:

(a) A person may not knowingly [give, sell, dispense,
administer,] provide[, or prescribe] an abortion-inducing drug to a
pregnant woman for the purpose of inducing an abortion in the
pregnant woman or enabling another person to induce an abortion in
the pregnant woman unless:

7 (1) the person who [gives, sells, dispenses, 8 administers,] provides[, or prescribes] the abortion-inducing drug 9 is a physician; and

10 (2) [except as otherwise provided by Subsection (b),]
11 the provision[, prescription, or administration] of the
12 abortion-inducing drug satisfies the protocol [tested and]
13 authorized by this subchapter [the United States Food and Drug
14 Administration as outlined in the final printed label of the
15 abortion-inducing drug].

16 (b-1) A manufacturer, supplier, physician, or any other 17 person may not provide to a patient any abortion-inducing drug by 18 courier, delivery, or mail service.

19 (c) Before the physician [gives, sells, dispenses, 20 administers,] provides[, or prescribes] an abortion-inducing drug, 21 the physician must<u>:</u>

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(1) examine the pregnant woman in person;

(2) independently verify that a pregnancy exists;

24 <u>(3)</u> [and] document, in the woman's medical record, the 25 gestational age and intrauterine location of the pregnancy <u>to</u> 26 <u>determine whether an ectopic pregnancy exists;</u>

27 (4) determine the pregnant woman's blood type, and for

a woman who is Rh negative, offer to administer Rh immunoglobulin 1 2 (RhoGAM) at the time the abortion-inducing drug is administered or 3 used or the abortion is performed or induced to prevent Rh incompatibility, complications, or miscarriage in future 4 5 pregnancies; 6 (5) document whether the pregnant woman received 7 treatment for Rh negativity, as diagnosed by the most accurate standard of medical care; and 8 9 (6) ensure the physician does not provide an abortion-inducing drug for a pregnant woman whose pregnancy is more 10 11 than 49 days of gestational age. 12 (e) A [The] physician who [gives, sells, dispenses, 13 administers, provides [, or prescribes] the abortion-inducing drug, or the physician's agent, must schedule a follow-up visit for 14 the woman to occur not later [more] than the 14th day [14 days] 15 16 after the earliest date on which the abortion-inducing drug is administered [administration] or used or the abortion is performed 17 or induced [use of the drug]. At the follow-up visit, the physician 18 19 must: 20 (1)confirm that the woman's pregnancy is completely 21 terminated; and 22 assess any continued blood loss [the degree of (2) bleeding]. 23 SECTION 6. Subchapter D, Chapter 171, Health and Safety 24 Code, is amended by adding Sections 171.0631, 171.0632, 171.065, 25 and 171.066 to read as follows: 26 27 Sec. 171.0631. VOLUNTARY AND INFORMED CONSENT REQUIRED. A

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1	person may not provide an abortion-inducing drug to a pregnant
2	woman without satisfying the applicable informed consent
3	requirements of Subchapter B.
4	Sec. 171.0632. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS. A physician who
5	provides an abortion-inducing drug must comply with the applicable
6	physician reporting requirements under Section 245.011.
7	Sec. 171.065. CRIMINAL OFFENSE. (a) A person who
8	intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly violates this subchapter
9	commits an offense. An offense under this subsection is a state
10	jail felony.
11	(b) A pregnant woman on whom a drug-induced abortion is
12	attempted, induced, or performed in violation of this subchapter is
13	not criminally liable for the violation.
14	(c) Conduct constituting an offense under this section may
15	also be the basis for an administrative violation under Section
16	171.064.
17	Sec. 171.066. ENFORCEMENT OF SUBCHAPTER. A state executive
18	or administrative official may not decline to enforce this
19	subchapter, or adopt a construction of this subchapter in a way that
20	narrows its applicability, based on the official's own beliefs on
21	the requirements of the state or federal constitution, unless the
22	official is enjoined by a state or federal court from enforcing this
23	subchapter.
24	SECTION 7. The following provisions of the Health and
25	Safety Code are repealed:
26	(1) Sections 171.061(3) and (6); and
27	(2) Section 171.063(b).

SECTION 8. (a) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as
 creating or recognizing a right to abortion.

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3 (b) It is not the intention of this Act to make lawful an4 abortion that is otherwise unlawful.

5 (c) Except as specifically provided by Section 7 of this 6 Act, nothing in this Act repeals, replaces, or otherwise 7 invalidates existing Texas laws, regulations, or policies.

SECTION 9. Any provision of this Act held to be invalid or 8 9 unenforceable by its terms or as applied to any person or circumstance shall be construed to give the provision the maximum 10 11 effect permitted by law, unless such holding is one of utter invalidity or unenforceability, in which event the provision shall 12 13 be considered severable from the other provisions of this Act and 14 shall not affect the remainder or the application of the provisions to other persons not similarly situated or to other, dissimilar 15 16 circumstances.

17 SECTION 10. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b) of 18 this section, the changes in law made by this Act apply only to an 19 abortion performed or induced on or after the effective date of this 20 Act.

(b) Section 171.065, Health and Safety Code, as added by this Act, applies only to an abortion performed or induced on or after January 1, 2022.

SECTION 11. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate

effect, this Act takes effect on the 91st day after the last day of
 the legislative session.