By: Hall S.B. No. 32

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT

2 relating to the calculation of a limitation on the total amount of 3 ad valorem taxes that may be imposed by certain taxing units on the 4 residence homestead of an individual who is elderly or disabled.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

6 SECTION 1. Sections 11.26(a) and (g), Tax Code, are amended 7 to read as follows:

8 The tax officials shall appraise [the] property to which this section applies and calculate taxes as on other property, but 9 if the tax so calculated exceeds the limitation imposed by this 10 section, the tax imposed is the amount of the tax as limited by this 11 12 section, except as otherwise provided by this section. 13 district may not increase the total annual amount of ad valorem tax it imposes on the residence homestead of an individual 65 years of 14 15 age or older or on the residence homestead of an individual who is disabled, as defined by Section 11.13, above the amount of the tax 16 17 it imposed in the first tax year in which the individual qualified that residence homestead for the applicable exemption provided by 18 Section 11.13(c) for an individual who is 65 years of age or older 19 or is disabled. If the individual qualified that residence 20 21 homestead for the exemption after the beginning of that first year 22 and the residence homestead remains eligible for the same exemption for the next year, and if the school district taxes imposed on the 23 24 residence homestead in the next year are less than the amount of

taxes imposed in that first year, a school district may not 1 2 subsequently increase the total annual amount of ad valorem taxes it imposes on the residence homestead above the amount it imposed in 3 4 the year immediately following the first year for which the individual qualified that residence homestead for 5 exemption[, except as provided by Subsection (b)]. If the first tax 6 7 year the individual qualified the residence homestead for the exemption provided by Section 11.13(c) for individuals 65 years of 8 9 age or older or disabled was a tax year before the 2021 [2015] tax year, the amount of the limitation provided by this section is the 10 11 amount of tax the school district imposed for the 2021 [2014] tax year [less an amount equal to the amount determined by multiplying 12 13 \$10,000 times the tax rate of the school district for the 2015 tax year, plus any 2015 tax attributable to improvements made in 2014, 14 other than improvements made to comply with governmental 15 regulations or repairs]. 16

(g) If [Except as provided by Subsection (b), if] 17 individual who receives a limitation on tax increases imposed by 18 this section, including a surviving spouse who receives 19 20 limitation under Subsection (i), subsequently qualifies different residence homestead for the same exemption under Section 21 11.13, a school district may not impose ad valorem taxes on the 22 subsequently qualified homestead in a year in an amount that 23 exceeds the amount of taxes the school district would have imposed 24 25 on the subsequently qualified homestead in the first year in which the individual receives that same exemption for the subsequently 26 27 qualified homestead had the limitation on tax increases imposed by

- this section not been in effect, multiplied by a fraction the 1 2 numerator of which is the total amount of school district taxes imposed on the former homestead in the last year in which the 3 4 individual received that same exemption for the former homestead and the denominator of which is the total amount of school district 5 taxes that would have been imposed on the former homestead in the 6 7 last year in which the individual received that same exemption for the former homestead had the limitation on tax increases imposed by 8 9 this section not been in effect.
- 10 SECTION 2. Sections 11.261(b) and (g), Tax Code, are 11 amended to read as follows:
- 12 The tax officials shall appraise [the] property to which 13 the limitation applies and calculate taxes as on other property, 14 but if the tax so calculated exceeds the limitation provided by this 15 section, the tax imposed is the amount of the tax as limited by this 16 section, except as otherwise provided by this section. The county, municipality, or junior college district may not increase the total 17 annual amount of ad valorem taxes the county, municipality, or 18 junior college district imposes on the residence homestead of a 19 20 disabled individual or an individual 65 years of age or older above 21 the amount of the taxes the county, municipality, or junior college district imposed on the residence homestead in the first tax year, 22 other than a tax year preceding the tax year in which the county, 23 24 municipality, junior college district established or 25 limitation described by Subsection (a), in which the individual qualified that residence homestead for the exemption provided by 26 27 Section 11.13(c) for a disabled individual or an individual 65

years of age or older. If the individual qualified that residence 1 2 homestead for the exemption after the beginning of that first year and the residence homestead remains eligible for the exemption for 3 4 the next year, and if the county, municipal, or junior college district taxes imposed on the residence homestead in the next year 5 are less than the amount of taxes imposed in that first year, a 6 7 county, municipality, or junior college district may not subsequently increase the total annual amount of ad valorem taxes 8 9 it imposes on the residence homestead above the amount it imposed on the residence homestead in the year immediately following the first 10 11 year, other than a tax year preceding the tax year in which the county, municipality, or junior college district established the 12 13 limitation described by Subsection (a), for which the individual qualified that residence homestead for the exemption. If the first 14 tax year the individual qualified the residence homestead for the 15 16 exemption provided by Section 11.13(c) for an individual who is 65 years of age or older or is disabled was a tax year before the 2021 17 tax year, the amount of the limitation provided by this section is 18 the amount of tax the county, municipality, or junior college 19 20 district imposed for the 2021 tax year.

21 (g) If [Except as provided by Subsection (c), if] an 22 individual who receives a limitation on county, municipal, or 23 junior college district tax increases provided by this section 24 subsequently qualifies a different residence homestead in the same 25 county, municipality, or junior college district for an exemption 26 under Section 11.13, the county, municipality, or junior college 27 district may not impose ad valorem taxes on the subsequently

- qualified homestead in a year in an amount that exceeds the amount 1 2 of taxes the county, municipality, or junior college district would have imposed on the subsequently qualified homestead in the first 3 year in which the individual receives that exemption for the subsequently qualified homestead had the limitation 5 increases provided by this section not been in effect, multiplied 6 7 by a fraction the numerator of which is the total amount of taxes the county, municipality, or junior college district imposed on the 8 former homestead in the last year in which the individual received that exemption for the former homestead and the denominator of 10 11 which is the total amount of taxes the county, municipality, or junior college district would have imposed on the former homestead 12 13 in the last year in which the individual received that exemption for the former homestead had the limitation on tax increases provided 14 by this section not been in effect. 15
- 16 SECTION 3. The following provisions of the Tax Code are 17 repealed:
- 18 (1) Sections 11.26(a-1), (a-2), (a-3), (b), and (o);
- 20 (2) Sections 11.261(c) and (m).

and

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- SECTION 4. The changes in law made by this Act apply only to ad valorem taxes imposed for a tax year that begins on or after the effective date of this Act.
- SECTION 5. This Act takes effect January 1, 2022, but only if the constitutional amendment proposed by the 87th Legislature, lst Called Session, 2021, relating to the calculation of a limitation on the total amount of ad valorem taxes that may be

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- 1 imposed by certain political subdivisions on the residence
- 2 homestead of a person who is elderly or disabled is approved by the
- 3 voters. If that amendment is not approved by the voters, this Act
- 4 has no effect.