**BILL ANALYSIS**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Senate Research Center | S.B. 355 |
| 87R3681 CXP-D | By: Miles |
|  | Transportation |
|  | 3/18/2021 |
|  | As Filed |

**AUTHOR'S / SPONSOR'S STATEMENT OF INTENT**

Illegal signage has the capability of bringing down the quality of life in neighborhoods all throughout Texas. Although there have been efforts in targeting "bandit signs," some operators claim they did not place the signs or just pay associated fines as a cost of doing business. More changes are needed to address this ongoing issue.

S.B. 355 increases the civil penalty of the placement of a sign on a right-of-way public road to $10,000 for each violation. Furthermore, the bill adds legal responsibility to persons or businesses who also "use or benefit from the placement of the sign." These additions may more effectively combat illegal signage while creating incentives for compliance.

Support for this bill may come from highly impacted cities such as the City of Houston. Despite initiatives, the City of Houston still confiscates an average of 3,174 bandit signs, issues 25 citations, and receives 87 reports of signs per month.

As proposed, S.B. 355 amends current law relating to the civil penalty for certain signs placed on the right-of-way of a public road.

**RULEMAKING AUTHORITY**

This bill does not expressly grant any additional rulemaking authority to a state officer, institution, or agency.

**SECTION BY SECTION ANALYSIS**

SECTION 1. Amends Sections 393.007(a) and (b), Transportation Code, as follows:

(a) Provides that a person who commits certain actions may be liable for a civil penalty, including a person who uses or benefits from the placement of a sign on the right‑of‑way of a public road that is not otherwise authorized by law. Makes a nonsubstantive change.

(b) Provides that the amount of the civil penalty is $10,000, rather than not less than $500 or more than $1,000, for each violation. Deletes existing text providing that the amount of the civil penalty depends on the seriousness of the violation and whether the person has previously violated Chapter 393 (Outdoor Signs on Public Rights-of-Way).

SECTION 2. Makes application of this Act prospective.

SECTION 3. Effective date: September 1, 2021.