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| BILL ANALYSIS |

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| S.B. 957 |
| By: Zaffirini |
| Appropriations |
| Committee Report (Unamended) |

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| **BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE** Current law allows compensation provided through the crime victims' compensation (CVC) program to a victim to be reduced if the victim does not substantially cooperate with an appropriate law enforcement agency. Often the only information available to make such a determination is what is written in a police report filed immediately following the crime. Based on this standard, a survivor who is navigating trauma and perhaps not ready to speak to police at the crime scene or in a hospital immediately following the crime could be penalized for time required to process that trauma. S.B. 957 seeks to address this issue by prohibiting a claimant's or victim's award of compensation through the CVC program from being reduced on the basis of a lack of cooperation with law enforcement at the crime scene or hospital, with a certain exception. |
| **CRIMINAL JUSTICE IMPACT**It is the committee's opinion that this bill does not expressly create a criminal offense, increase the punishment for an existing criminal offense or category of offenses, or change the eligibility of a person for community supervision, parole, or mandatory supervision. |
| **RULEMAKING AUTHORITY** It is the committee's opinion that this bill does not expressly grant any additional rulemaking authority to a state officer, department, agency, or institution. |
| **ANALYSIS** S.B. 957 amends the Code of Criminal Procedure to prohibit the attorney general from denying or reducing compensation awarded through the crime victims' compensation program on the basis of the claimant or victim not substantially cooperating with an appropriate law enforcement agency if the judgment that the claimant or victim has not done so is based on the interactions of the claimant or victim with a law enforcement agency at the crime scene or hospital unless the attorney general finds that the claimant or victim, subsequent to the interactions at the crime scene or hospital, failed or refused to substantially cooperate with the law enforcement agency. The bill's provisions apply only to compensation for criminally injurious conduct occurring on or after the bill's effective date.  |
| **EFFECTIVE DATE** September 1, 2021. |