By:  Lucio III, Oliverson, Metcalf H.B. No. 1586

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

relating to health benefit plan coverage of clinician-administered drugs.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1.  Chapter 1369, Insurance Code, is amended by adding Subchapter L to read as follows:

SUBCHAPTER L. CLINICIAN-ADMINISTERED DRUGS

Sec. 1369.551.  DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:

(1)  "Administer" means to directly apply a drug to the body of a patient by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means.

(2)  "Clinician-administered drug" means an outpatient prescription drug other than a vaccine that:

(A)  cannot reasonably be:

(i)  self-administered by the patient to whom the drug is prescribed; or

(ii)  administered by an individual assisting the patient with the self-administration; and

(B)  is typically administered:

(i)  by a physician or other health care provider authorized under the laws of this state to administer the drug, including when acting under a physician's delegation and supervision; and

(ii)  in a physician's office, hospital outpatient infusion center, or other clinical setting.

(3)  "Health care provider" means an individual who is licensed, certified, or otherwise authorized to provide health care services in this state.

(4)  "Physician" means an individual licensed to practice medicine in this state.

Sec. 1369.552.  APPLICABILITY OF SUBCHAPTER. (a) This subchapter applies only to a health benefit plan that provides benefits for medical or surgical expenses incurred as a result of a health condition, accident, or sickness, including an individual, group, blanket, or franchise insurance policy or insurance agreement, a group hospital service contract, or an individual or group evidence of coverage or similar coverage document that is offered by:

(1)  an insurance company;

(2)  a group hospital service corporation operating under Chapter 842;

(3)  a health maintenance organization operating under Chapter 843;

(4)  an approved nonprofit health corporation that holds a certificate of authority under Chapter 844;

(5)  a multiple employer welfare arrangement that holds a certificate of authority under Chapter 846;

(6)  a stipulated premium company operating under Chapter 884;

(7)  a fraternal benefit society operating under Chapter 885;

(8)  a Lloyd's plan operating under Chapter 941; or

(9)  an exchange operating under Chapter 942.

(b)  Notwithstanding any other law, this subchapter applies to:

(1)  a small employer health benefit plan subject to Chapter 1501, including coverage provided through a health group cooperative under Subchapter B of that chapter;

(2)  a standard health benefit plan issued under Chapter 1507;

(3)  health benefits provided by or through a church benefits board under Subchapter I, Chapter 22, Business Organizations Code;

(4)  group health coverage made available by a school district in accordance with Section 22.004, Education Code;

(5)  a regional or local health care program operating under Section 75.104, Health and Safety Code; and

(6)  a self-funded health benefit plan sponsored by a professional employer organization under Chapter 91, Labor Code.

(c)  This subchapter does not apply to an issuer or provider of health benefits under or a pharmacy benefit manager administering pharmacy benefits under a workers' compensation insurance policy or other form of providing medical benefits under Title 5, Labor Code.

Sec. 1369.553.  CERTAIN LIMITATIONS ON COVERAGE OF CLINICIAN-ADMINISTERED DRUGS PROHIBITED. (a) A health benefit plan issuer may not, for a patient with a cancer or cancer-related diagnosis:

(1)  require a clinician-administered drug to be dispensed by a pharmacy selected by the health benefit plan issuer;

(2)  require that a clinician-administered drug or the administration of a clinician-administered drug be covered as a pharmacy benefit rather than a medical benefit;

(3)  if a clinician-administered drug is otherwise covered, limit or exclude coverage for the clinician-administered drug when not dispensed by a pharmacy selected by the health benefit plan issuer; or

(4)  prohibit a physician or health care provider from obtaining or administering a clinician-administered drug that the physician or provider is otherwise permitted to obtain or administer by law.

(b)  Nothing in this section may be construed to:

(1)  authorize a person to administer a drug when otherwise prohibited under the laws of this state or federal law; or

(2)  modify drug administration requirements under the laws of this state, including any requirements related to delegation and supervision of drug administration.

SECTION 2.  Subchapter L, Chapter 1369, Insurance Code, as added by this Act, applies only to a health benefit plan that is delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed on or after January 1, 2022.

SECTION 3.  This Act takes effect September 1, 2021.