By: MoodyH.B. No. 2179Substitute the following for H.B. No. 2179:Example 10 (100)By: LeachC.S.H.B. No. 2179

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 AN ACT 2 relating to trusts. 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: SECTION 1. Section 41.0021(a), Property Code, is amended to 4 5 read as follows: 6 (a) In this section, "qualifying trust" means an express 7 trust: (1) in which the instrument or court order creating 8 9 the express trust, an instrument transferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on the trustee 10 provides that a settlor or beneficiary of the trust has the right 11 12 to: 13 (A) revoke the trust without the consent of 14 another person other than a spouse who is also a settlor of the tr<u>ust</u>; 15 exercise an inter vivos general power of 16 (B) appointment over the property that qualifies for the homestead 17 exemption, either alone or when aggregated with property subject to 18 an inter vivos general power of appointment held by a spouse who is 19 also a settlor of the trust; or 20 21 (C) use and occupy the residential property as 22 the settlor's or beneficiary's principal residence at no cost, or 23 rent free and without charge, except for [to the settlor or beneficiary, other than payment of] taxes and other costs and 24

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1 expenses specified in the instrument or court order: 2 (i) for the life of the settlor or 3 beneficiary; 4 (ii) for the shorter of the life of the 5 settlor or beneficiary or a term of years specified in the instrument or court order; or 6 (iii) until the date the trust is revoked or 7 8 terminated by an instrument or court order that describes the property with sufficient certainty to identify the property and 9 10 that is recorded in the real property records of the county in which the property is located [and that describes the property with 11 sufficient certainty to identify the property]; and 12 (2) the trustee of which acquires the property in an 13 instrument of title or under a court order that: 14 15 (A) describes the property with sufficient 16 certainty to identify the property and the interest acquired; and 17 (B) is recorded in the real property records of the county in which the property is located. 18 SECTION 2. Section 112.035, Property Code, is amended by 19 adding Subsections (f-1), (f-2), and (f-3) to read as follows: 20 21 (f-1) A beneficiary of the trust or the estate of a beneficiary of the trust may not be considered to be a settlor 22 merely because the beneficiary, in any capacity: 23 24 (1) held or exercised a testamentary power of 25 appointment other than a general power of appointment; 26 (2) held a testamentary general power of appointment; 27 or

C.S.H.B. No. 2179 (3) exercised a testamentary general power of 1 appointment in favor of or for the benefit of the takers in default 2 3 of the appointive assets. 4 (f-2) If a beneficiary of the trust exercised a testamentary 5 general power of appointment in favor of or for the benefit of any appointee other than the takers in default of the appointive 6 assets, the appointive assets are: 7 8 (1) subject to the claims of creditors of the beneficiary, but only to the extent the beneficiary's owned 9 property is insufficient to meet the beneficiary's debts; and 10 (2) unless appointed to the beneficiary's estate, not 11 12 subject to: 13 (A) administration as a part of the beneficiary's 14 estate; 15 (B) recovery by the personal representative of the beneficiary's estate, except as provided by Section 2207B, 16 Internal Revenue Code of 1986; or 17 (C) the payment of taxes or administration 18 19 expenses of the beneficiary's estate. (f-3) For the purposes of Subsections (f-1) and (f-2), 20 "general power of appointment" has the meaning assigned by Section 21 2041(b)(1), Internal Revenue Code of 1986. 22 23 SECTION 3. Sections 112.0715(a) and (b), Property Code, are 24 amended to read as follows: 25 (a) A second trust may be created by a distribution of 26 principal under Section 112.072 or 112.073 to a trust that retains the name used by the first trust. The second trust may retain, 27

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1 <u>subject to applicable federal law, the same tax identification</u>
2 <u>number of the first trust [created under the same trust instrument</u>
3 as the first trust from which the principal is distributed or to a
4 trust created under a different trust instrument].

5 (b) If a second trust is created by a distribution of 6 principal under Section 112.072 or 112.073 to a trust <u>that retains</u> 7 [created under] the <u>name of</u> [same trust instrument as] the first 8 trust [from which the principal is distributed], the property is 9 not required to be retitled.

10 SECTION 4. Section 115.014(b), Property Code, is amended to 11 read as follows:

(b) At any point in a proceeding a court may appoint an attorney ad litem to represent any interest that the court considers necessary, including an attorney ad litem to defend an action under Section 114.083 for a beneficiary of the trust who is a minor or who has been adjudged incompetent, if the court determines that representation of the interest otherwise would be inadequate.

SECTION 5. Section 112.0715(c), Property Code, is repealed.
SECTION 6. Sections 112.0715(a) and (b), Property Code, as
amended by this Act, are intended by the legislature to be a
codification of the common law of this state in effect immediately
before the effective date of this Act.

23 SECTION 7. The changes in law made by this Act apply to a 24 trust created before, on, or after the effective date of this Act.

25 SECTION 8. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives 26 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as 27 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this

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Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this
 Act takes effect September 1, 2021.