By: Dutton

1

5

H.B. No. 3279

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

2 relating to the approval of open-enrollment charter schools and the 3 applicability of certain state and local laws to open-enrollment 4 charter schools.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

6 SECTION 1. Section 12.1058, Education Code, is amended by 7 amending Subsection (c) and adding Subsection (d) to read as 8 follows:

Subsection (a) 9 (c) Notwithstanding or (b), an open-enrollment charter school operated by a tax exempt entity as 10 11 described by Section 12.101(a)(3) is not considered to be a 12 political subdivision, local government, or local governmental entity unless: 13

14 (1) <u>a</u> [the applicable] statute specifically states
15 that the statute applies to an open-enrollment charter school; or

16 (2) a provision in this chapter states that a specific17 statute applies to an open-enrollment charter school.

18 (d) Except as provided by Section 12.103(c), a
19 municipality, county, special purpose district, or political
20 subdivision shall consider an open-enrollment charter school a
21 school district for purposes of zoning, permitting, plat approvals,
22 fees or other assessments, construction or site development work,
23 code compliance, development, and any municipality, county,
24 special purpose district, or political subdivision approval in the

H.B. No. 3279 same manner and following the same timelines as if the charter 1 school were a school district or state-owned facility located in 2 that local government's jurisdiction. 3 4 SECTION 2. Subchapter D, Chapter 12, Education Code, is 5 amended by adding Section 12.1102 to read as follows: Sec. 12.11<u>02. APPEAL</u> 6 OF APPLICATION SELECTION DETERMINATION. (a) This section applies only if the charter 7 8 application selection process includes: 9 (1) scoring criteria and procedures for use of the criteria by an external application review panel selected by the 10 11 commissioner; and 12 (2) selection criteria that include the minimum score necessary for an applicant to be eligible for selection. 13 14 (b) The State Board of Education shall adopt procedures for 15 the appeal of an application selection determination made based on the submission of an application under a process described by 16 17 Subsection (a). (c) The procedures adopted under this section must provide 18 19 for an applicant who scores within 10 percentage points of the minimum score necessary for an applicant to be eligible for 20 selection to appeal to the State Board of Education a score 21 22 determined by the external application review panel. (d) The determination of the State Board of Education in an 23 24 appeal under the procedures adopted under this section is final. (e) If the charter applicant prevails in an appeal to the 25 26 State Board of Education, the commissioner shall consider the applicant's application. 27

SECTION 3. Section 212.902, Local Government Code, is
 amended to read as follows:

Sec. 212.902. SCHOOL DISTRICT AND OPEN-ENROLLMENT CHARTER 3 SCHOOL LAND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS. (a) This section applies to an 4 5 [agreements] between agreement а school district or open-enrollment charter school [districts] 6 and a [any] municipality which has annexed territory for limited purposes. 7

On request by a school district or open-enrollment 8 (b) charter school, a municipality shall enter an agreement with the 9 board of trustees of the school district or the governing body of 10 the open-enrollment charter school to establish review fees, review 11 12 periods, and land development standards ordinances and to provide alternative water pollution control methodologies for school 13 14 buildings constructed by the school district or open-enrollment 15 charter school. The agreement shall include a provision exempting the district or charter school from all land development ordinances 16 17 in cases where the district or charter school is adding temporary classroom buildings on an existing school campus. 18

19 (c) If the municipality and the school district or open-enrollment charter school do not reach an agreement on or 20 before the 120th day after the date on which the municipality 21 receives the district's or charter school's request for 22 an 23 agreement, proposed agreements by the [school] district or charter 24 school and the municipality shall be submitted to an independent arbitrator appointed by the presiding district judge whose 25 26 jurisdiction includes the [school] district or charter school. The arbitrator shall, after a hearing at which both the [school] 27

district <u>or charter school</u> and <u>the</u> municipality make presentations on their proposed agreements, prepare an agreement resolving any differences between the proposals. The agreement prepared by the arbitrator will be final and binding upon both the [school] district <u>or charter school</u> and the municipality. The cost of the arbitration proceeding shall be borne equally by the [school] district or charter school and the municipality.

8 (d) A school district or open-enrollment charter school that requests an agreement under this section, at the time the 9 10 district or charter school [it] makes the request, shall send a copy of the request to the commissioner of education. At the end of the 11 12 120-day period, the requesting district or charter school shall report to the commissioner the status or result of negotiations 13 14 with the municipality. A municipality may send a separate status 15 report to the commissioner. The district or charter school shall send to the commissioner a copy of each agreement between the 16 17 district or charter school and a municipality under this section.

18 (e) In this section:

19 <u>(1)</u> [-] "Land [land] development standards" includes 20 impervious cover limitations, building setbacks, floor to area 21 ratios, building <u>heights and</u> coverage, water quality controls, 22 landscaping, development setbacks, compatibility standards, 23 traffic analyses <u>including traffic impact analyses</u>, vehicle 24 <u>queuing, parking requirements, signage requirements</u>, and driveway 25 cuts, if applicable.

26(2) "Open-enrollment charter school" means a school27granted a charter under Subchapter D or E, Chapter 12, Education

1 Code. (f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the 2 applicability of or waive fees for fire, safety, health, or 3 building code ordinances of the municipality prior to or during 4 5 construction of school buildings, nor shall any agreement waive any fee or modify any ordinance of a municipality for 6 an administration, service, or athletic facility proposed for 7 construction by a school district or open-enrollment charter 8 school. 9 SECTION 4. Chapter 250, Local Government Code, is amended 10 by adding Section 250.012 to read as follows: 11 12 Sec. 250.012. REGULATION OF OPEN-ENROLLMENT CHARTER SCHOOLS. (a) In this section: 13 14 (1) "Local governmental entity" means a political 15 subdivision of the state, including a: 16 (A) municipality; 17 (B) county; and (C) special purpose district. 18 19 (2) "Open-enrollment charter school" means a school granted a charter under Subchapter D or E, Chapter 12, Education 20 Code. 21 (b) A local governmental entity may not enact or enforce an 22 ordinance, order, regulation, resolution, rule, or policy or take 23 24 action that prohibits an open-enrollment charter school from operating a public school campus, educational support facility, or 25 26 administrative office in the local governmental entity's jurisdiction or on any specific property in the jurisdiction of the 27

1 local governmental entity.

2 <u>(c) The commissioner of education has exclusive</u> 3 jurisdiction over the establishment and location of an 4 open-enrollment charter school campus as provided by Subchapter D, 5 <u>Chapter 12, Education Code.</u>

6 (d) This section applies to property purchased or leased
7 with state funds received by an open-enrollment charter school
8 under Section 12.128, Education Code.

9 <u>(e) This section does not affect the authority granted by</u> 10 <u>state law to a local governmental entity to regulate an</u> 11 <u>open-enrollment charter school.</u>

SECTION 5. Section 395.022(b), Local Government Code, is amended to read as follows:

14 (b) A school district and an open-enrollment charter school 15 are [is] not required to pay impact fees imposed under this chapter unless the board of trustees of the district or the governing body 16 17 of the charter school consents to the payment of the fees by entering a contract with the political subdivision that imposes the 18 The contract may contain terms the board of trustees or 19 fees. governing body considers advisable to provide for the payment of 20 21 the fees.

SECTION 6. Section 552.053, Local Government Code, is amended by amending Subsection (b) and adding Subsections (b-1) and (b-2) to read as follows:

25 (b) The following may be exempt:

26

27

(2) a county;

(1) this state;

1 (3) a municipality; or 2 [a] school districts and open-enrollment charter (4)3 schools [district]. 4 (b-1) For purposes of an exemption granted under Subsection 5 (b)(4), the exemption must be granted to both school districts and open-enrollment charter schools. 6 (b-2) For purposes of this section, "open-enrollment 7 charter school" means a school granted a charter under Subchapter D 8

9 or E, Chapter 12, Education Code.

10 SECTION 7. Section 12.101(b-0), Education Code, is 11 repealed.

SECTION 8. As soon as practicable after the effective date of this Act, the State Board of Education shall adopt procedures for the appeal of an application selection determination as provided by Section 12.1102, Education Code, as added by this Act.

SECTION 9. An exemption granted to a school district under Section 552.053(b)(4), Local Government Code, as that section existed before the effective date of this Act, automatically extends to all open-enrollment charter schools located in the municipality after the effective date of this Act unless the municipality repeals the exemption before the effective date of this Act.

23 SECTION 10. This Act takes effect immediately if it 24 receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each 25 house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. 26 If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate 27 effect, this Act takes effect September 1, 2021.