By: Slaton

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5

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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

2 relating to prohibiting abortion and protecting the rights of an 3 unborn child and to criminal liability for, justification for, and 4 defenses to prohibited conduct.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

6 SECTION 1. This Act may be cited as the Abolition of 7 Abortion through Equal Protection for All Unborn Children Act.

SECTION 2. Acting on 8 Section 1, Article I, Texas 9 Constitution, which provides that "Texas is a free and independent State, subject only to the Constitution of the United States," and 10 11 acknowledging the sanctity of innocent human life created in the 12 image of God, which should be equally protected from fertilization to natural death, the purpose of this Act is: 13

14 (1) to ensure the right to life and equal protection of15 the laws to all unborn children from the moment of fertilization;

16 (2) to establish that a living human unborn child, 17 from the moment of fertilization and at every stage of development, 18 is entitled to the same rights, powers, and privileges as are 19 secured or granted by the laws of this state to any other human 20 person;

(3) to rescind all licenses to kill unborn children by
repealing discriminatory provisions;

(4) to equally apply the law to all persons, including
24 legal defenses, immunities, and justifications, such as duress,

1 necessity, and mistake of fact;

2 (5) to recognize that the United States Constitution 3 and the laws of the United States enacted in pursuance of that 4 constitution are the supreme law of the land;

5 (6) as legislators, to fulfill our oaths of office to 6 the United States Constitution, so help us God, by disavowing the 7 legal fiction that the constitution prohibits this state from 8 exercising its reserved police powers to prohibit and criminalize 9 homicide and from exercising its constitutional and God-given 10 duties to provide equal protection to all persons within its 11 jurisdiction;

12 (7) to follow Justice Thomas's statement in June 13 Medical Services, L.L.C. v. Russo, 140 S. Ct. 2103 (2020) that 14 "[t]he constitution does not constrain the States' ability to 15 regulate or even prohibit abortion"; and

16 (8) to therefore treat as void and of no effect any and 17 all federal statutes, regulations, treaties, orders, and court 18 rulings that would deprive an unborn child of the right to life or 19 prohibit the equal protection of that right.

20 SECTION 3. The heading to Section 151.002, Family Code, is 21 amended to read as follows:

Sec. 151.002. RIGHTS OF A LIVING CHILD [AFTER AN ABORTION OR
 PREMATURE BIRTH; CIVIL PENALTY; CRIMINAL OFFENSE].

24 SECTION 4. Section 151.002(a), Family Code, is amended to 25 read as follows:

(a) A living human child, from the moment of fertilization
 27 <u>on fusion of a human spermatozoon with a human ovum, [born alive</u>

1 after an abortion or premature birth] is entitled to the same 2 rights, powers, and privileges as are <u>secured or</u> granted by the laws 3 of this state to any other <u>human</u> child [born alive after the normal 4 gestation period].

5 SECTION 5. Subchapter B, Chapter 402, Government Code, is 6 amended by adding Section 402.0375 to read as follows:

Sec. 402.0375. ABORTION PROHIBITION ENFORCEMENT. The attorney general shall monitor this state's enforcement of Chapters 9 19 and 22, Penal Code, in relation to abortion. The attorney 10 general shall direct a state agency to enforce those laws, 11 regardless of any contrary federal statute, regulation, treaty, 12 order, or court decision.

13 SECTION 6. The heading to Chapter 370, Local Government 14 Code, is amended to read as follows:

15 CHAPTER 370. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS RELATING TO [MUNICIPAL AND 16 COUNTY] HEALTH AND PUBLIC SAFETY FOR MORE THAN ONE TYPE OF LOCAL 17 GOVERNMENT

SECTION 7. Chapter 370, Local Government Code, is amended by adding Section 370.007 to read as follows:

20 <u>Sec. 370.007. ABORTION PROHIBITION ENFORCEMENT. The</u> 21 governing body of a political subdivision of this state shall 22 ensure that the political subdivision enforces Chapters 19 and 22, 23 <u>Penal Code, in relation to abortion, regardless of any contrary</u> 24 <u>federal statute, regulation, treaty, order, or court decision.</u>

25 SECTION 8. Section 7.02(a), Penal Code, is amended to read 26 as follows:

27 (a) A person is criminally responsible for an offense

1 committed by the conduct of another if:

(1) acting with the kind of culpability required for
the offense, <u>the actor</u> [he] causes or aids an innocent or
nonresponsible person to engage in conduct prohibited by the
definition of the offense;

6 (2) acting with intent to promote or assist the 7 commission of the offense, <u>the actor</u> [he] solicits, encourages, 8 directs, aids, or attempts to aid the other person to commit the 9 offense; or

10 (3) having a legal duty to prevent commission of the 11 offense and acting with intent to promote or assist its commission, 12 <u>the actor</u> [he] fails to make a reasonable effort to prevent 13 commission of the offense.

SECTION 9. Section 8.02, Penal Code, is amended to read as follows:

16 Sec. 8.02. MISTAKE OF FACT. (a) It is a defense to 17 prosecution that the actor through mistake formed a reasonable 18 belief about a matter of fact if <u>the actor's</u> [<u>his</u>] mistaken belief 19 negated the kind of culpability required for commission of the 20 offense.

(b) Although an actor's mistake of fact may constitute a defense to the offense charged, <u>the actor</u> [he] may nevertheless be convicted of any lesser included offense of which <u>the actor</u> [he] would be guilty if the fact were as <u>the actor</u> [he] believed.

25 SECTION 10. Sections 8.05(a), (b), (d), and (e), Penal 26 Code, are amended to read as follows:

27

(a) It is an affirmative defense to prosecution that the

1 actor engaged in the proscribed conduct because <u>the actor</u> [he] was 2 compelled to do so by threat of imminent death or serious bodily 3 injury to <u>the actor</u> [<u>himself</u>] or another <u>person</u>.

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(b) In a prosecution for an offense that does not constitute
a felony, it is an affirmative defense to prosecution that the actor
engaged in the proscribed conduct because <u>the actor</u> [he] was
compelled to do so by force or threat of force.

8 (d) The defense provided by this section is unavailable if 9 the actor intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly placed <u>the actor</u> 10 [himself] in a situation in which it was probable that <u>the actor</u> 11 [he] would be subjected to compulsion.

(e) It is no defense that a person acted at the command or persuasion of <u>the actor's</u> [his] spouse, unless <u>the actor</u> [he] acted under compulsion that would establish a defense under this section.

15 SECTION 11. Section 9.22, Penal Code, is amended to read as 16 follows:

17 Sec. 9.22. NECESSITY. (a) Conduct is justified if:

18 (1) the actor reasonably believes the conduct is19 immediately necessary to avoid imminent harm;

20 (2) the desirability and urgency of avoiding the harm 21 clearly outweigh, according to ordinary standards of 22 reasonableness, the harm sought to be prevented by the law 23 proscribing the conduct; and

24 (3) a legislative purpose to exclude the justification25 claimed for the conduct does not otherwise plainly appear.

(b) Conduct is justified if the conduct charged is a lawful
 medical procedure performed by a physician or other licensed health

care provider and intended to remove an ectopic pregnancy that 1 seriously threatens the life of the mother when a reasonable 2 alternative to save the lives of both the mother and the unborn 3 4 child is unavailable. 5 SECTION 12. Chapter 19, Penal Code, is amended by adding Section 19.07 to read as follows: 6 Sec. 19.07. TESTIMONIAL IMMUNITY FOR OFFENSES INVOLVING 7 DEATH OF UNBORN CHILD. (a) This section applies only to an offense 8 under this chapter involving the death of an unborn child. 9 10 (b) A party to an offense to which this section applies may be required to provide evidence or testify about the offense. 11 12 (c) A party to an offense to which this section applies may not be prosecuted for any offense about which the party is required 13 to provide evidence or testify, and the evidence and testimony may 14 15 not be used against the party in any adjudicatory proceeding except a prosecution for aggravated perjury. For purposes of this 16 17 subsection, "adjudicatory proceeding" means a proceeding before a court or any other agency of government in which the legal rights, 18 19 powers, duties, or privileges of specified parties are determined. SECTION 13. Chapter 22, Penal Code, is amended by adding 20 Section 22.13 to read as follows: 21 Sec. 22.13. TESTIMONIAL IMMUNITY FOR OFFENSES INVOLVING 22 INJURY TO UNBORN CHILD. (a) This section applies only to an 23 24 offense under this chapter involving bodily injury to an unborn 25 child. 26 (b) A party to an offense to which this section applies may be required to provide evidence or testify about the offense. 27

(c) A party to an offense to which this section applies may 1 not be prosecuted for any offense about which the party is required 2 to provide evidence or testify, and the evidence and testimony may 3 not be used against the party in any adjudicatory proceeding except 4 a prosecution for aggravated perjury. For purposes of this 5 subsection, "adjudicatory proceeding" means a proceeding before a 6 court or any other agency of government in which the legal rights, 7 8 powers, duties, or privileges of specified parties are determined.

9 SECTION 14. Section 38.063(e-1), Education Code, is amended 10 to read as follows:

(e-1) A grant under this section may not be given to a 11 that offers reproductive 12 nonprofit organization services, contraceptive services, counseling, or referrals, or abortion [any 13 14 other] services [that require a license under Chapter 245, Health 15 and Safety Code,] or that is affiliated with a nonprofit organization that is an abortion provider [licensed under Chapter 16 17 245, Health and Safety Code].

SECTION 15. Section 161.006(b), Family Code, is amended to read as follows:

(b) In this code, "abortion" <u>means the act of using or</u> <u>prescribing an instrument, a drug, a medicine, or any other</u> <u>substance, device, or means with the intent to cause the death of an</u> <u>unborn child of a woman known to be pregnant. The term does not</u> <u>include birth control devices or oral contraceptives. An act is not</u> <u>an abortion if the act is done with the intent to:</u>

26 (1) save the life or preserve the health of an unborn
27 child;

(2) remove a dead, unborn child whose death was caused
 by spontaneous abortion; or

3 (3) remove an ectopic pregnancy that seriously 4 threatens the life of the mother when a reasonable alternative to 5 save the lives of both the mother and the unborn child is 6 unavailable [has the meaning assigned by Section 245.002, Health 7 and Safety Code].

8 SECTION 16. Section 266.010(a), Family Code, is amended to 9 read as follows:

(a) A foster child who is at least 16 years of age may
consent to the provision of medical care[, except as provided by
Chapter 33,] if the court with continuing jurisdiction determines
that the child has the capacity to consent to medical care. If the
child provides consent by signing a consent form, the form must be
written in language the child can understand.

SECTION 17. Section 501.065, Government Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 501.065. CONSENT TO MEDICAL, DENTAL, PSYCHOLOGICAL, 18 AND SURGICAL TREATMENT. An inmate who is younger than 18 years of 19 age and is confined in a facility operated by or under contract with 20 the department may, in accordance with procedures established by 21 the department, consent to medical, dental, psychological, and 22 surgical treatment for the inmate by a licensed health care 23 24 practitioner, or a person under the direction of a licensed health care practitioner[, unless the treatment would constitute 25 prohibited practice under Section 164.052(a)(19), Occupations 26 27 Code].

SECTION 18. Sections 2272.001(1) and (2), Government Code, 1 as added by Chapter 501 (S.B. 22), Acts of the 86th Legislature, 2 3 Regular Session, 2019, are amended to read as follows: 4 (1)"Abortion" means the act of using or prescribing an instrument, a drug, a medicine, or any other substance, device, 5 or means with the intent to cause the death of an unborn child of a 6 woman known to be pregnant. The term does not include birth control 7 devices or oral contraceptives. An act is not an abortion if the act 8 is done with the intent to: 9 10 (A) save the life or preserve the health of an unborn child; 11 12 (B) remove a dead, unborn child whose death was 13 caused by spontaneous abortion; or 14 (C) remove an ectopic pregnancy that seriously 15 threatens the life of the mother when a reasonable alternative to save the lives of both the mother and the unborn child is 16 17 unavailable [has the meaning assigned by Section 245.002, Health and Safety Code]. 18 19 (2) "Abortion provider" means a person who performs or induces an abortion [+ 20 21 $[(\Lambda)$ a facility licensed under Chapter 245, Health and Safety Code; or 22 23 [(B) an ambulatory surgical center licensed 24 under Chapter 243, Health and Safety Code, that is used to perform more than 50 abortions in any 12-month period]. 25 26 SECTION 19. Section 32.046(e), Health and Safety Code, is amended to read as follows: 27

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H.B. No. 3326 (e) For purposes of this section, "postpartum depression" 1 means a disorder in which a woman experiences moderate to severe 2 depression following a pregnancy[, regardless of whether the 3 pregnancy resulted in birth, or an act defined by Section 4 245.002(1)]. 5 SECTION 20. Section 248.003, Health and Safety Code, is 6 7 amended to read as follows: 8 Sec. 248.003. EXEMPTIONS. This chapter does not apply to: a home and community support services agency 9 (1)10 required to be licensed under Chapter 142; a person required to be licensed under Chapter 241 11 (2) 12 (Texas Hospital Licensing Law); an institution required to be licensed under 13 (3) 14 Chapter 242; 15 (4) an ambulatory surgical center required to be Chapter 243 (Texas Ambulatory Surgical Center 16 licensed under 17 Licensing Act); a birthing center required to be licensed under (5) 18 Chapter 244 (Texas Birthing Center Licensing Act); 19 20 [a facility required to be licensed under Chapter (6) 21 245 (Texas Abortion Facility Reporting and Licensing Act); [(7)] a general residential operation, foster group 22 23 home, foster home, and child-placing agency, for children in foster 24 care or other residential care who are under the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services; or 25 26 (7) [(8)] a person providing medical or nursing care 27 or services under a license or permit issued under other state law.

1 SECTION 21. The heading to Chapter 1218, Insurance Code, is amended to read as follows: 2 CHAPTER 1218. COVERAGE FOR [ELECTIVE] ABORTION PROHIBITED [+ 3 4 PROHIBITIONS AND REQUIREMENTS] 5 SECTION 22. Section 1218.001, Insurance Code, is amended to read as follows: 6 Sec. 1218.001. DEFINITION. 7 In this chapter, "abortion" 8 means the act of using or prescribing an instrument, a drug, a medicine, or any other substance, device, or means with the intent 9 to cause the death of an unborn child of a woman known to be 10 pregnant. The term does not include birth control devices or oral 11 12 contraceptives. An act is not an abortion if the act is done with 13 the intent to: 14 (1) save the life or preserve the health of an unborn 15 child; 16 (2) remove a dead, unborn child whose death was caused 17 by spontaneous abortion; or (3) remove an ectopic pregnancy that seriously 18 19 threatens the life of the mother when a reasonable alternative to save the lives of both the mother and the unborn child is 20 unavailable ["elective abortion" means an abortion, as defined by 21 Section 245.002, Health and Safety Code, other than an abortion 22 performed due to a medical emergency as defined by Section 171.002, 23 24 Health and Safety Code]. SECTION 23. Section 1218.004, Insurance Code, is amended to 25 26 read as follows: Sec. 1218.004. COVERAGE BY HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN. A health 27

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1 benefit plan may <u>not</u> provide coverage for [elective] abortion [only
2 if:

3 [(1) the coverage is provided to an enrollee 4 separately from other health benefit plan coverage offered by the 5 health benefit plan issuer;

6 [(2) the enrollee pays the premium for coverage for
7 elective abortion separately from, and in addition to, the premium
8 for other health benefit plan coverage, if any; and

9 [(3) the enrollee provides a signature for coverage 10 for elective abortion, separately and distinct from the signature 11 required for other health benefit plan coverage, if any, provided 12 to the enrollee by the health benefit plan issuer].

13 SECTION 24. The heading to Chapter 1696, Insurance Code, is 14 amended to read as follows:

15 CHAPTER 1696. COVERAGE FOR [ELECTIVE] ABORTION; PROHIBITIONS AND
 16 REQUIREMENTS

SECTION 25. Section 1696.001(1), Insurance Code, is amended to read as follows:

(1) <u>"Abortion" has the meaning assigned by Section</u>
<u>1218.001</u> ["Elective abortion" means an abortion, as defined by
Section 245.002, Health and Safety Code, other than an abortion
performed due to a medical emergency as defined by Section 171.002,
Health and Safety Code].

24 SECTION 26. Section 1696.002(a), Insurance Code, is amended 25 to read as follows:

(a) A qualified health plan offered through a health benefit
exchange may not provide coverage for [elective] abortion.

H.B. No. 3326 1 SECTION 27. Section 164.052(a), Occupations Code, is amended to read as follows: 2 3 (a) A physician or an applicant for a license to practice medicine commits a prohibited practice if that person: 4 5 (1) submits to the board a false or misleading statement, document, or certificate in an application for a 6 license; 7 8 (2) presents to the board a license, certificate, or diploma that was illegally or fraudulently obtained; 9 10 (3) commits fraud or deception in taking or passing an examination; 11 12 (4) uses alcohol or drugs in an intemperate manner that, in the board's opinion, could endanger a patient's life; 13 14 (5) commits unprofessional or dishonorable conduct 15 that is likely to deceive or defraud the public, as provided by Section 164.053, or injure the public; 16 17 (6) uses an advertising statement that is false, misleading, or deceptive; 18 19 (7) advertises professional superiority or the performance of professional service in a superior manner if that 20 advertising is not readily subject to verification; 21 (8) purchases, sells, barters, or uses, or offers to 22 purchase, sell, barter, or use, a medical degree, license, 23 24 certificate, or diploma, or a transcript of a license, certificate, or diploma in or incident to an application to the board for a 25 26 license to practice medicine; 27 (9) alters, with fraudulent intent, a medical license,

H.B. No. 3326 1 certificate, or diploma, or a transcript of a medical license, certificate, or diploma; 2 3 (10) uses a medical license, certificate, or diploma, or a transcript of a medical license, certificate, or diploma that 4 5 has been: fraudulently purchased or issued; (A) 6 7 (B) counterfeited; or 8 (C) materially altered; 9 (11)impersonates or acts as proxy for another person 10 in an examination required by this subtitle for a medical license; 11 (12)engages in conduct that subverts or attempts to 12 subvert an examination process required by this subtitle for a medical license; 13 14 (13)impersonates a physician or permits another to 15 use the person's license or certificate to practice medicine in 16 this state; 17 (14) directly or indirectly employs a person whose license to practice medicine has been suspended, canceled, or 18 19 revoked; 20 (15)associates in the practice of medicine with a 21 person: whose license to practice medicine has been 22 (A) suspended, canceled, or revoked; or 23 24 (B) who has been convicted of the unlawful practice of medicine in this state or elsewhere; 25 26 (16) performs or procures a criminal abortion, aids or 27 abets in the procuring of a criminal abortion, attempts to perform

or procure a criminal abortion, or attempts to aid or abet the 1 performance or procurement of a criminal abortion; 2 3 (17) directly or indirectly aids or abets the practice of medicine by a person, partnership, association, or corporation 4 5 that is not licensed to practice medicine by the board; (18) performs an abortion as defined by Section 6 7 161.006(b), Family Code, on a woman who is pregnant [with a viable 8 unborn child during the third trimester of the pregnancy unless: 9 [(A) the abortion is necessary to prevent the 10 death of the woman; [(B) the viable unborn child has 11 12 irreversible brain impairment; or 13 [(C) the woman is diagnosed with a significant 14 likelihood of suffering imminent severe, irreversible brain damage 15 or imminent severe, irreversible paralysis]; or 16 (19) [performs an abortion on an unemancipated minor 17 written consent of the child's parent, managing without $\pm hc$ conservator, or legal quardian or without a court order, 18 provided by Section 33.003 or 33.004, Family Code, unless the 19 20 abortion is necessary due to a medical emergency, as defined by Section 171.002, Health and Safety Code; 21 22 [(20) otherwise performs an abortion on an unemancipated minor in violation of Chapter 33, Family Code; 23 24 [(21) performs or induces or attempts to perform induce an abortion in violation of Subchapter C, F, or C, Chapter 25 26 171, Health and Safety Code; or [(22)] in complying with the procedures outlined in 27

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H.B. No. 3326 Sections 166.045 and 166.046, Health and Safety Code, wilfully 1 fails to make a reasonable effort to transfer a patient to a 2 3 physician who is willing to comply with a directive. 4 SECTION 28. The following provisions are repealed: 5 (1) Section 71.003(c), Civil Practice and Remedies 6 Code; 7 (2) Chapter 33, Family Code; 8 (3) Sections 151.002(b), (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g), Family Code; 9 (4) Section 2272.002, Government Code, as added by 10 Chapter 501 (S.B. 22), Acts of the 86th Legislature, Regular 11 12 Session, 2019; Chapters 170 and 171, Health and Safety Code; 13 (5) 14 (6) Section 241.007, Health and Safety Code; 15 (7) Section 241.011, Health and Safety Code; 16 Section 243.017, Health and Safety Code; (8) 17 (9) Chapter 245, Health and Safety Code; Section 285.202, Health and Safety Code; 18 (10) Section 1218.003, Insurance Code; 19 (11)Section 1218.005, Insurance Code; 20 (12) 21 (13)Section 1218.006, Insurance Code; Section 1696.002(b), Insurance Code; 22 (14) 23 Chapter 103, Occupations Code; (15) 24 (16)Section 164.052(c), Occupations Code; Section 164.055, Occupations Code; 25 (17)26 (18) Section 164.0551, Occupations Code; Section 19.06, Penal Code; 27 (19)

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(20) Section 20.01(5), Penal Code;

(21)

2 3

(22) Section 49.12, Penal Code.

4 SECTION 29. (a) The changes in law made by this Act apply 5 only to conduct that occurs on or after the effective date of this 6 Act. Conduct that occurs before the effective date of this Act is 7 governed by the law in effect immediately before the effective date 8 of this Act, and that law is continued in effect for that purpose.

Section 22.12, Penal Code; and

9 (b) The changes in law made by this Act apply only to an 10 offense committed on or after the effective date of this Act. An 11 offense committed before the effective date of this Act is governed 12 by the law in effect when the offense was committed, and the former 13 law is continued in effect for that purpose. For purposes of this 14 section, an offense is committed before the effective date of this 15 Act if any element of the offense occurs before the effective date.

16 (c) Chapters 1218 and 1696, Insurance Code, as amended by 17 this Act, apply only to a health benefit plan delivered, issued for 18 delivery, or renewed on or after the effective date of this Act. A 19 health benefit plan delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed 20 before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law in 21 effect immediately before the effective date of this Act, and that 22 law is continued in effect for that purpose.

23 SECTION 30. Any federal statute, regulation, treaty, order, 24 or court decision that purports to supersede, stay, or overrule 25 this Act is in violation of the Texas Constitution and the United 26 States Constitution and is therefore void. The State of Texas, a 27 political subdivision of this state, and any agent of this state or

1 a political subdivision of this state may, but is not required to, 2 enter an appearance, special or otherwise, in any federal suit 3 challenging this Act.

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4 SECTION 31. A provision of this Act is not severable from 5 any of the Act's other provisions. If any provision is held invalid, 6 all provisions are invalid.

7 SECTION 32. This Act takes effect immediately if it 8 receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each 9 house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. 10 If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate 11 effect, this Act takes effect September 1, 2021.