By: Reynolds H.C.R. No. 17

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, The convict leasing system that flourished in Texas
in the late 19th and early 20th centuries began soon after the
passage of the Thirteenth Amendment, which ended slavery or
indentured servitude in the United States except as a punishment
for a crime; and
WHEREAS, Faced with housing and feeding an exploding number
of new prisoners due to laws that were used to unjustly incarcerate

6 WHEREAS, Faced with housing and feeding an exploding number 7 of new prisoners due to laws that were used to unjustly incarcerate free blacks after the Civil War, the State of Texas began leasing 8 9 state prisoners to private businesses in 1867; the state took a negligent role in ensuring that the prisoners were treated 10 appropriately, and working conditions at 11 the sugarcane plantations, stone quarries, iron foundries, and other dangerous 12 13 places were inhumane; and

WHEREAS, The men and women who were victims of the state's convict leasing system suffered grievously, as shown in the remains of 95 African Americans that were discovered in 2018 on the grounds of the former Imperial Sugar Company State Prison Farm in Sugar Land; the remains indicate that amputations, bone breaks, extreme dehydration, mosquito-borne epidemics, frequent beatings, and a lack of medical care were common; and

20 lack of medical care were common; and
21 WHEREAS, For more than 30 years, the state's convict leasing
22 system, an offshoot of slavery, provided revenue to the State of
23 Texas and allowed the state to largely avoid the cost of housing and
24 feeding state prisoners; for the businesses that employed the

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- 1 prisoners, the convict leasing system was also profitable, allowing
- 2 the businesses to hire labor at a fraction of the appropriate cost;
- 3 and
- WHEREAS, By the time the Texas Legislature passed S.B. 10,
- 5 Acts of the 31st Legislature, 4th Called Session, 1910, to end
- 6 convict leasing, the Capitol, officially completed in 1888, had
- 7 already been built with convict labor; records show that the red
- 8 granite and limestone used to construct the building were quarried
- 9 by state prisoners and that all of the ironworks, including the
- 10 dome, columns, gates, and interior decorative features, were
- 11 fabricated by state prisoners; and
- 12 WHEREAS, It is in the public's interest to create a plaque to
- 13 inform visitors to the Capitol that the Capitol was built with
- 14 convict labor and to show that the men and women who were victims of
- 15 the state's convict leasing system played an important role in the
- 16 history and economic development of Texas; now, therefore, be it
- 17 RESOLVED, That the 87th Legislature of the State of Texas
- 18 hereby direct the State Preservation Board to initiate steps to
- 19 provide for the replacement of the Children of the Confederacy
- 20 plaque with a plaque to honor victims of the state's convict leasing
- 21 system; and, be it further
- 22 RESOLVED, That the Texas secretary of state forward an
- 23 official copy of this resolution to the executive director of the
- 24 State Preservation Board.