

1-1 By: Hunter, Pacheco (Senate Sponsor - West) H.C.R. No. 62
1-2 (In the Senate - Received from the House May 12, 2021;
1-3 May 12, 2021, read first time and referred to Committee on
1-4 Administration; May 21, 2021, reported adversely, with favorable
1-5 Committee Substitute by the following vote: Yeas 5, Nays 0;
1-6 May 21, 2021, sent to printer.)

1-7 COMMITTEE VOTE

	Yea	Nay	Absent	PNV
1-8				
1-9	<u>X</u>			
1-10	<u>X</u>			
1-11			<u>X</u>	
1-12	<u>X</u>			
1-13	<u>X</u>			
1-14	<u>X</u>			
1-15			<u>X</u>	

1-16 COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR H.C.R. No. 62 By: Johnson

1-17 HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

1-18 WHEREAS, Since the early 1990s, dozens of cities and a
1-19 growing number of states have adopted the observance of Indigenous
1-20 Peoples' Day to celebrate the history and contributions of Native
1-21 Americans; and

1-22 WHEREAS, Indigenous Peoples' Day was first proposed in 1977
1-23 as part of the International Conference on Discrimination Against
1-24 Indigenous Populations in the Americas; coinciding with Columbus
1-25 Day, it has become an important means of focusing attention on the
1-26 native peoples of the Americas, past and present, and some
1-27 institutions have expanded the observance to encompass a full week;
1-28 and

1-29 WHEREAS, Over the millennia, ancient peoples built empires,
1-30 constructed sophisticated cities, and developed elaborate trade
1-31 networks and complex social systems; the area now known as Texas
1-32 became home to numerous indigenous tribes with their own unique
1-33 cultures and ways of life; and

1-34 WHEREAS, Early inhabitants of our state's Gulf Coast included
1-35 the semi-nomadic Atakapa, Karankawa, Mariame, and Akokisa, who
1-36 lived on the shore for part of the year and moved some 30 to 40 miles
1-37 inland on a seasonal basis; the Caddo in East Texas and Jumano in
1-38 West Texas were farmers and traders, with economic ties to other
1-39 tribes and, later, to Europeans; the Comanche and Apache were
1-40 bison-hunting warriors who traversed large regions of the Southern
1-41 Plains on horseback; a host of other groups inhabited the Plains
1-42 area as well, among them Coahuiltecas, Cocomes, Chisos, Tobosos,
1-43 Tawakonis, Wacos, and Kiowas; and

1-44 WHEREAS, Today, the Lone Star State is home to Native
1-45 Americans from diverse tribal nations, and the effort to retain
1-46 ancestral memories, languages, and cultures is ongoing and vital;
1-47 the observation of Indigenous Peoples' Week raises awareness of
1-48 this rich heritage and the wide-ranging contributions Native
1-49 Americans have made and continue to make to our state and nation;
1-50 now, therefore, be it

1-51 RESOLVED, That the 87th Legislature of the State of Texas
1-52 hereby designate the second week in October as Indigenous Peoples'
1-53 Week; and, be it further

1-54 RESOLVED, That, in accordance with the provisions of Section
1-55 391.004(d), Government Code, this designation remain in effect
1-56 until the 10th anniversary of the date that this resolution finally
1-57 is passed by the legislature.

1-58 * * * * *