By: Schofield

H.C.R. No. 67

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

1 WHEREAS, The many and diverse contributions made by 2 Tejanos--Texans of Spanish, Mexican, African, and indigenous 3 descent--have been fundamental to the history and heritage of Texas 4 for more than three centuries; and

5 WHEREAS, Tejano men and women were the founders of the 6 state's oldest permanent settlements, including the cities of San 7 Antonio, Nacogdoches, Victoria, Goliad, and El Paso, and they were 8 the first to name many of our state's waterways and natural 9 features; and

WHEREAS, Legendary Tejanos of the Navarro, Ruiz, Menchaca, 10 Arocha, and Seguin families played an integral part in the effort to 11 12 settle Texas and negotiated peace with the Comanches and other indigenous peoples; on April 6, 1813, Tejanos were the first 13 14 residents to declare for an independent Texas, and at the Battle of Medina that same year, they gave their lives in a bloody engagement 15 16 with a Spanish royalist army that remains the deadliest clash in the history of Texas; moreover, in an act that was an important prelude 17 to the Texas Revolution, Tejanos were the first to rise in defense 18 of the Mexican Constitution of 1824, and such prominent figures as 19 José Antonio Navarro and José Francisco Ruiz were signers of the 20 21 Texas Declaration of Independence in 1836; and

WHEREAS, Many Tejanos risked their lives and livelihood during the Texas Revolution, and its heroes include Gregorio Esparza and José Toribio Losoya, both of whom died at the Alamo, as

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well as members of their families, who were some of the few 1 survivors of the battle; among the others who stepped forward in the 2 3 fight for independence were the troops led by Plácido Benavides, who fought bravely across South Texas, and the men of Juan Seguín's 4 5 company, who helped secure the decisive victory at the Battle of San Jacinto; later, Adina Emilia De Zavala led the effort to preserve 6 historic structures at the Alamo so that the legacy of that battle 7 8 and the entire revolution could be better appreciated by future generations; and 9

10 WHEREAS, Devoted to the concepts of liberty and equality, numerous Tejanos were early and powerful advocates for free speech, 11 freedom of the press, and public education in Texas; in the 20th 12 century, that tradition was continued by such individuals as the 13 14 journalist Jovita Idár, who called for women's suffrage and campaigned against lynching, the restaurateur and civic leader 15 Felix Tijerina, who pushed for bilingual education, and attorney 16 17 John J. Herrera, who won important legal cases related to school segregation, workplace discrimination, and other civil rights 18 19 issues; and

Countless 20 WHEREAS, Tejanos have served with great 21 distinction in our nation's military; the Medal of Honor, America's highest military commendation for valor, was awarded to seven 22 Tejanos during World War II, two during the Korean War, and three 23 24 during the Vietnam War; physician, activist, and World War II veteran Hector P. Garcia founded the American GI Forum of Texas to 25 26 champion the rights of former Hispanic service members, and the organization went on to collaborate with the League of United Latin 27

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American Citizens to fight discrimination against the Mexican
American community as a whole; and

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3 WHEREAS, The culture of the Lone Star State is inextricably linked with the contributions of Tejanos; they were the first to 4 introduce rodeos, expert horsemanship, and the raising of longhorn 5 cattle, which became central to the state's western identity; in 6 regard to food, Tejanos combined the flavors and ingredients of 7 8 Mexico and the United States to create Tex-Mex, the state's most Texas unimaginable iconic cuisine; music is without 9 the 10 contributions of such great Tejano artists as Lydia Mendoza, Flaco Jiménez, Rosita Fernández, and Selena, and the musical styles they 11 12 helped popularize range from romantic ballads to corridos that tell 13 stories of adventure and resistance; and

WHEREAS, Throughout the state's history, Tejano men and women have been champions of social and political progress while exerting a tremendous influence on our way of life; deeply devoted to Texas, they have overcome injustice and discrimination to play an instrumental role in the epic saga of the Lone Star State, and it is indeed fitting that their contributions be officially honored; now, therefore, be it

21 RESOLVED, That the 87th Legislature of the State of Texas 22 hereby designate April 6 as Tejano Day, an observance that 23 coincides with the date in 1813 when Tejano leaders issued the first 24 declaration of Texas independence; and, be it further

RESOLVED, That, in accordance with the provisions of Section 391.004(d), Government Code, this designation remain in effect until the 10th anniversary of the date this resolution is finally

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1 passed by the legislature.