By: West

S.B. No. 1544

	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
1	AN ACT
2	relating to no-knock warrants.
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
4	SECTION 1. This Act may be cited as the Breonna
5	Taylor-Atatiana Jefferson Safe Use of Force Act.
6	SECTION 2. Chapter 15, Code of Criminal Procedure, is
7	amended by adding Article 15.251 to read as follows:
8	Art. 15.251. NO-KNOCK WARRANT. (a) In this article,
9	"no-knock entry" means a peace officer's entry, for the purpose of
10	executing a warrant, into a building or other place without giving
11	notice of the officer's authority or purpose before entering.
12	(b) Notwithstanding any other law, only a district court
13	judge may issue an arrest warrant under this chapter that
14	authorizes a no-knock entry.
15	(c) An applicant for a warrant under this chapter that
16	authorizes a no-knock entry must state in the complaint that:
17	(1) the applicant has personal knowledge of facts that
18	support the necessity of a no-knock entry; and
19	(2) the applicant's supervisor has approved the
20	complaint.
21	(d) A warrant issued under this chapter that authorizes a
22	no-knock entry must:
23	(1) state the building or other place for which the
24	no-knock entry is authorized; and

1

S.B. No. 1544

1	(2) require each officer executing the warrant to:
2	(A) be equipped with a body worn camera;
3	(B) activate the camera before executing the
4	warrant; and
5	(C) not deactivate the camera or allow the camera
6	to be deactivated until execution of the warrant is completed.
7	(e) Before a warrant issued under this chapter that
8	authorizes a no-knock entry may be executed:
9	(1) the law enforcement agency intending to execute
10	the warrant must provide at least 24 hours' notice before execution
11	to the judge who issued the warrant; and
12	(2) the supervisor described by Subsection (c)(2) must
13	<u>confirm:</u>
14	(A) the illegal activity alleged in the complaint
15	is ongoing or has taken place during the preceding 24-hour period at
16	the building or other place stated in the warrant; and
17	(B) the accused is frequently present at the
18	building or other place and has been identified as being present at
19	that location in the preceding 12-hour period.
20	(f) This article does not apply if the accused is alleged to
21	have committed:
22	(1) an offense punishable as a felony that involves
23	causing or attempting to cause serious bodily injury to a person; or
24	(2) an offense under any of the following provisions
25	of the Penal Code:
26	(A) Section 20.04;
27	(B) Section 22.02;

S.B. No. 1544

1	(C) Section 22.021; or
2	(D) Section 29.03.
3	SECTION 3. Chapter 18, Code of Criminal Procedure, is
4	amended by adding Article 18.025 to read as follows:
5	Art. 18.025. NO-KNOCK WARRANT. (a) In this article,
6	"no-knock entry" means a peace officer's entry, for the purpose of
7	executing a warrant, into a building or other place without giving
8	notice of the officer's authority or purpose before entering.
9	(b) Notwithstanding any other law, only a district court
10	judge may issue a warrant under this chapter that authorizes a
11	no-knock entry.
12	(c) An applicant for a warrant under this chapter that
13	authorizes a no-knock entry must state in the sworn affidavit
14	submitted under Article 18.01(b) that:
15	(1) the applicant has personal knowledge of facts that
16	support the necessity of a no-knock entry; and
17	(2) the applicant's supervisor has approved the
18	affidavit.
19	(d) A warrant issued under this chapter that authorizes a
20	no-knock entry must:
21	(1) state the building or other place for which the
22	no-knock entry is authorized; and
23	(2) require each officer executing the warrant to:
24	(A) be equipped with a body worn camera;
25	(B) activate the camera before executing the
26	warrant; and
27	(C) not deactivate the camera or allow the camera

3

1 to be deactivated until execution of the warrant is completed. 2 (e) Before a warrant issued under this chapter that 3 authorizes a no-knock entry may be executed: 4 (1) the law enforcement agency intending to execute 5 the warrant must provide at least 24 hours' notice before execution to the judge who issued the warrant; and 6 7 (2) the supervisor described by Subsection (c)(2) must 8 confirm the illegal activity alleged in the affidavit is ongoing or has taken place in the preceding 24-hour period at the building or 9 10 other place stated in the warrant. (f) This article does not apply if the property to be seized 11 12 is alleged to be related to the commission of: (1) an offense punishable as a felony that involves 13 14 causing or attempting to cause serious bodily injury to a person; or 15 (2) an offense under any of the following provisions of the Penal Code: 16 17 (A) Section 20.04; 18 (B) Section 22.02; 19 (C) Section 22.021; or (D) Section 29.03. 20 21 SECTION 4. The change in law made by this Act applies only to a warrant issued on or after the effective date of this Act. A 22 23 warrant issued before the effective date of this Act is governed by 24 the law in effect on the date the warrant was issued, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose. 25

S.B. No. 1544

26 SECTION 5. This Act takes effect September 1, 2021.

4