By: Bettencourt S.B. No. 1592

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT

2 relating to powers and duties of governmental entities during a

- 3 public health disaster; providing civil penalties.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 5 SECTION 1. Subchapter E, Chapter 418, Government Code, is
- 6 amended by adding Sections 418.1012 and 418.1013 to read as
- 7 follows:
- 8 Sec. 418.1012. DEFINITION. Notwithstanding Section
- 9 418.004, in this subchapter, the term "disaster" does not include
- 10 an epidemic or the spread of a communicable disease.
- 11 Sec. 418.1013. APPLICABILITY OF SUBCHAPTER. This
- 12 subchapter does not apply to a public health disaster as defined by
- 13 <u>Section 81.003</u>, <u>Health and Safety Code</u>.
- SECTION 2. Section 81.083(1), Health and Safety Code, is
- 15 amended to read as follows:
- 16 (1) An order under Subsection (k) must be in writing and be
- 17 delivered personally or by registered or certified mail to each
- 18 member of the group, or the member's parent, legal guardian, or
- 19 managing conservator if the member is a minor. If the name,
- 20 address, and county of residence of any member of the group is
- 21 unknown at the time the order is issued, the department or health
- 22 authority must publish notice in a newspaper of general circulation
- 23 in the county that includes the area of the suspected exposure and
- 24 any other county in which the department or health authority

- 1 suspects a member of the group resides. The notice must contain the
- 2 following information:
- 3 (1) that the department or health authority has
- 4 reasonable cause to believe that a group of individuals is ill with,
- 5 has been exposed to, or is the carrier of a communicable disease;
- 6 (2) the suspected time and place of exposure to the
- 7 disease;
- 8 (3) a copy of any orders under Subsection (k);
- 9 (4) instructions to an individual to provide the
- 10 individual's name, address, and county of residence to the
- 11 department or health authority if the individual knows or
- 12 reasonably suspects that the individual was at the place of the
- 13 suspected exposure at the time of the suspected exposure;
- 14 (5) that the department or health authority may
- 15 request that an application for court orders under Subchapter G be
- 16 filed for the group, if applicable; and
- 17 (6) that a civil [criminal] penalty applies to an
- 18 individual who:
- 19 (A) is a member of the group; and
- 20 (B) knowingly refuses to perform or allow the
- 21 performance of the control measures in the order.
- SECTION 3. The heading to Section 81.085, Health and Safety
- 23 Code, is amended to read as follows:
- Sec. 81.085. AREA QUARANTINE; CIVIL [CRIMINAL] PENALTY.
- 25 SECTION 4. Section 81.085(h), Health and Safety Code, is
- 26 amended to read as follows:
- 27 (h) A person is liable to this state for a civil penalty of

- 1 <u>not more than \$500</u> [commits an offense] if the person knowingly
- 2 fails or refuses to obey a rule, order, or instruction of the
- 3 department or an order or instruction of a health authority issued
- 4 under a department rule and published during an area quarantine
- 5 under this section. On request of the department or a health
- 6 authority, the attorney general or the district or county attorney
- 7 for the county in which the violation occurs may:
- 8 (1) sue to collect the civil penalty; and
- 9 (2) recover reasonable investigation costs,
- 10 attorney's fees, and witness and deposition fees incurred by the
- 11 attorney general, district or county attorney, department, or
- 12 health authority, as applicable, in the civil action [An offense
- 13 under this subsection is a felony of the third degree].
- 14 SECTION 5. Sections 81.087, 81.088, and 81.089, Health and
- 15 Safety Code, are amended to read as follows:
- 16 Sec. 81.087. VIOLATION OF CONTROL MEASURE ORDERS; CIVIL
- 17 [CRIMINAL] PENALTY. (a) A person is liable to this state for a
- 18 civil penalty of not more than \$500 [commits an offense] if the
- 19 person knowingly refuses to perform or allow the performance of
- 20 certain control measures ordered by the department or a health
- 21 authority [or the department] under Sections 81.083-81.086.
- 22 (b) On request of the department or a health authority, the
- 23 attorney general or the district or county attorney for the county
- 24 in which the violation occurs may:
- 25 (1) sue to collect the civil penalty; and
- 26 (2) recover reasonable investigation costs,
- 27 attorney's fees, and witness and deposition fees incurred by the

- 1 attorney general, district or county attorney, department, or
- 2 health authority, as applicable, in the civil action [An offense
- 3 under this section is a Class B misdemeanor].
- 4 Sec. 81.088. REMOVAL, ALTERATION, OR DESTRUCTION OF
- 5 QUARANTINE DEVICES; CIVIL [CRIMINAL] PENALTY. (a) A person is
- 6 liable to this state for a civil penalty of not more than \$500
- 7 [commits an offense] if the person knowingly or intentionally:
- 8 (1) removes, alters, or attempts to remove or alter an
- 9 object the person knows is a quarantine device, notice, or security
- 10 item in a manner that diminishes the effectiveness of the device,
- 11 notice, or item; or
- 12 (2) destroys an object the person knows is a
- 13 quarantine device, notice, or security item.
- 14 (b) On request of the department or a health authority, the
- 15 attorney general or the district or county attorney for the county
- 16 <u>in which the violation occurs may:</u>
- 17 (1) sue to collect the civil penalty; and
- 18 (2) recover reasonable investigation costs,
- 19 attorney's fees, and witness and deposition fees incurred by the
- 20 attorney general, district or county attorney, department, or
- 21 health authority, as applicable, in the civil action [An offense
- 22 under this section is a Class B misdemeanor].
- Sec. 81.089. TRANSPORTATION; CIVIL [CRIMINAL] PENALTY. (a)
- 24 A person is liable to this state for a civil penalty of not more than
- 25 \$500 [commits an offense] if, before notifying the department or
- 26 health authority at a port of entry or a place of first landing or
- 27 first arrival in this state, the person knowingly or intentionally:

- 1 (1) transports or causes to be transported into this
- 2 state an object the person knows or suspects may be infected or
- 3 contaminated with a communicable disease that is a threat to the
- 4 public health;
- 5 (2) transports or causes to be transported into this
- 6 state an individual who the person knows has or is the carrier of a
- 7 communicable disease that is a threat to the public health; or
- 8 (3) transports or causes to be transported into this
- 9 state a person, animal, or object in a private or common carrier or
- 10 a private conveyance that the person knows is or suspects may be
- 11 infected or contaminated with a communicable disease that is a
- 12 threat to the public health.
- 13 (b) On request of the department or a health authority, the
- 14 attorney general or the district or county attorney for the county
- 15 <u>in which the violation occurs may:</u>
- 16 (1) sue to collect the civil penalty; and
- 17 (2) recover reasonable investigation costs,
- 18 attorney's fees, and witness and deposition fees incurred by the
- 19 attorney general, district or county attorney, department, or
- 20 health authority, as applicable, in the civil action [An offense
- 21 under this section is a Class A misdemeanor, except that if the
- 22 person acts with the intent to harm or defraud another, the offense
- 23 is a felony of the third degree].
- SECTION 6. The changes in law made by this Act apply only to
- 25 a violation of law that occurs on or after the effective date of
- 26 this Act. A violation of law that occurs before the effective date
- 27 of this Act is governed by the law as it existed on the date the

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- 1 violation occurred, and the former law is continued in effect for
- 2 that purpose. For purposes of this section, a violation of law
- 3 occurred before the effective date of this Act if any element of the
- 4 violation occurred before that date.
- 5 SECTION 7. This Act takes effect September 1, 2021.