By: Zaffirini

S.B. No. 1818

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to a defense under the Solid Waste Disposal Act for persons
3	engaged in certain scrap metal recycling transactions.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. Section 361.275(a), Health and Safety Code, is
6	amended to read as follows:
7	(a) <u>Except as provided by Section 361.2755, a</u> [A] person
8	responsible for solid waste under Section 361.271 is liable under
9	Section 361.272 or 361.273 unless the person can establish by a
10	preponderance of the evidence that the release or threatened
11	release was caused solely by:
12	(1) an act of God;
13	(2) an act of war;
14	(3) an act or omission of a third person; or
15	(4) any combination of Subdivisions (1), (2), and (3).
16	SECTION 2. Subchapter I, Chapter 361, Health and Safety
17	Code, is amended by adding Section 361.2755 to read as follows:
18	Sec. 361.2755. SCRAP METAL RECYCLING TRANSACTIONS; DEFENSE.
19	(a) In this section:
20	(1) "Consuming facility" means the facility where the
21	scrap metal was handled, processed, reclaimed, stored, or
22	otherwise managed by a person other than the person who arranged for
23	recycling of the scrap metal.
24	(2) "Scrap metal" means bits and pieces of metal parts

1	(e.g., bars, turnings, rods, sheets, or wire) or metal pieces that
2	may be combined together with bolts or soldering (e.g., radiators,
3	scrap automobiles, railroad box cars), which when worn or
4	superfluous can be recycled. The term does not include:
5	(A) a shipping container, whether intact or not,
6	that:
7	(i) has a capacity of not less than 30
8	liters and not more than 3,000 liters; and
9	(ii) has any hazardous substance contained
10	in or adhering to the container, other than metal bits and pieces or
11	a hazardous substance that forms an integral part of the container;
12	or
13	(B) any item of material that contained
14	polychlorinated biphenyls at a concentration in excess of 50 parts
15	per million or any new standard adopted pursuant to applicable
16	federal laws;
17	(C) any material excluded from this definition by
18	commission rule; or
19	(D) any material excluded from the definition of
20	scrap metal under 42 U.S.C. Section 9627(d) by a federal
21	regulation.
22	(b) This section:
23	(1) applies only to a scrap metal transaction that
24	occurs on or after November 29, 1999; and
25	(2) does not apply to any material that is not scrap
26	metal.
27	(c) A person who arranges for recycling of scrap metal,

S.B. No. 1818

other than a person described by Subsection (f), is not responsible 1 2 for the scrap metal under Section 361.271(a)(3) or (4) if the person 3 can establish by a preponderance of the evidence that the following 4 criteria were met at the time of the recycling transaction: 5 (1) the scrap metal met a commercial specification 6 grade; 7 (2) a market existed for the scrap metal; 8 (3) a substantial portion of the scrap metal was made 9 available for use as feedstock for the manufacture of a new saleable product; 10 11 (4) the scrap metal could have been a replacement or substitute for a virgin raw material, or the product to be made 12 13 from the scrap metal could have been a replacement or substitute for a product made, in whole or in part, from a virgin raw material; 14 15 (5) the person was in compliance with any applicable 16 regulations or standards regarding the handling, processing, reclamation, storage, transport, or management of the scrap metal 17 or other activities associated with the recycling of scrap metal; 18 (6) the person did not melt the scrap metal prior to 19 20 the transaction; and (7) the person exercised reasonable care to determine 21 that the consuming facility was in compliance with the substantive 22 23 provisions of any: (A) federal, state, or local environmental law or 24 25 regulation applicable to the handling, processing, reclamation, transport, or storage of scrap metal or other management activities 26 27 associated with scrap metal; or

S.B. No. 1818

	S.B. No. 1818
1	(B) compliance order or decree issued pursuant to
2	a law or regulation described by Paragraph (A).
3	(d) For purposes of Subsection (c)(6), thermal separation
4	of two or more materials due to differences in melting points of the
5	materials does not constitute melting.
6	(e) For purposes of Subsection (c)(7), reasonable care
7	shall be determined using criteria that include:
8	(1) the price paid for the scrap metal in the recycling
9	transaction;
10	(2) the ability of the person to detect the nature of
11	the consuming facility's operations concerning the facility's
12	handling, processing, storage, transport, or reclamation of scrap
13	metal or other management activities associated with the scrap
14	metal; and
15	(3) the result of inquiries made by the person to the
16	appropriate federal, state, or local environmental agency
17	regarding the consuming facility's past and current compliance
18	with:
19	(A) substantive provisions of any law,
20	regulation, order, or decree described by Subsection (c)(7); and
21	(B) any requirement to obtain a permit applicable
22	to the handling, processing, storage, transport, or reclamation of
23	scrap metal or other management activity associated with scrap
24	metal.
25	(f) Subsection (c) does not apply to a person who arranges
26	for the recycling of scrap metal if the person:
27	(1) had an objectively reasonable basis to believe at

S.B. No. 1818 the time of the scrap metal transaction that: 1 2 (A) the scrap metal would not be recycled; 3 (B) the scrap metal would be burned as fuel or for 4 energy recovery or incineration; or 5 (C) the consuming facility was not in compliance 6 with: 7 (i) a substantive provision of any law, regulation, order, or decree described by Subsection (c)(7); or 8 9 (ii) a requirement to obtain a permit applicable to the handling, processing, transport, storage, or 10 reclamation of the scrap metal or other management activity 11 associated with the scrap metal; 12 13 (2) had reason to believe that hazardous substances 14 had been added to the scrap metal for purposes other than processing 15 for recycling; or 16 (3) failed to exercise reasonable care with respect to the management, processing, storage, transport, reclamation, and 17 handling of the scrap metal, including adhering to customary 18 industry practices current at the time of the recycling transaction 19 20 designed to minimize, through source control, contamination of the 21 scrap metal by hazardous substances. 22 (g) For purposes of Subsection (f)(1), an objectively reasonable basis for belief shall be determined using criteria 23 24 that include: 25 (1) the size of the person's business; (2) customary industry practices, including customary 26 27 industry practices current at the time of the recycling transaction

S.B. No. 1818

	5.B. NO. 1818
1	designed to minimize, through source control, contamination of the
2	scrap metal by hazardous substances;
3	(3) the price paid for the scrap metal in the recycling
4	transaction; and
5	(4) the ability of the person to detect the nature of
6	the consuming facility's operations concerning the facility's
7	handling, processing, or reclamation of scrap metal or other
8	management activities associated with scrap metal.
9	(h) The commission may adopt rules as necessary to
10	administer this section, including rules excluding additional
11	materials from the definition of scrap metal.
12	(i) A person who commences an action for contribution
13	against a person who is not responsible for the scrap metal under
14	this section is liable to that person for all reasonable costs
15	incurred in defending that action, including reasonable attorney's
16	fees and expert witness fees.
17	(j) This section may not be construed to:
18	(1) affect any defenses or liabilities of any person
19	to whom Subsection (c) does not apply;
20	(2) create any presumption of liability against any
21	person to whom Subsection (c) does not apply; or
22	(3) affect the liability of a person under Section
23	<u>361.271(a)(1) or (2).</u>
24	SECTION 3. The change in law made by this Act:
25	(1) does not apply to any judicial or administrative
26	action initiated by the commission that is pending or on appeal on
27	the effective date of this Act; and

S.B. No. 1818

1 (2) does not affect any final decision in a judicial or 2 administrative action that exists on the effective date of this 3 Act.

4 SECTION 4. This Act takes effect September 1, 2021.