By: Lucio, et al.

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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 AN ACT 2 relating to end-of-life issues and hospice care. 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 4 SECTION 1. Subchapter A, Chapter 166, Health and Safety 5 Code, is amended by adding Section 166.012 to read as follows: 6 Sec. 166.012. PATIENT AND PROVIDER AUTONOMY. This chapter 7 does not: (1) authorize a surrogate or patient's proxy to 8 9 supersede the patient's wishes or desires, if known by the patient's physician, family member, or surrogate; 10 (2) subject to Section 166.046, require a health care 11 12 provider to continue treatment or care considered outside the appropriate scope of care or in violation of the provider's ethical 13 14 duties; or 15 (3) prohibit a health care provider or facility from 16 performing any test or diagnostic necessary to determine the patient's medical condition or related functions. 17 18 SECTION 2. Section 166.046, Health and Safety Code, is amended by adding Subsections (a-1), (a-2), and (b-1) and amending 19 Subsections (b), (c), and (e) to read as follows: 20 21 (a-1) When an ethics or medical committee review is initiated under this chapter, the ethics or medical committee 22 shall: 23 24 (1) inform the patient or surrogate that the patient

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or surrogate may discontinue the process under this section by 1 providing written notice to the ethics or medical committee; 2 (2) appoint <u>a patient liaison familiar with</u> 3 end-of-life issues and hospice care options to assist the patient 4 5 or surrogate throughout the process described by this section; and 6 (3) advise the patient or surrogate that the patient's 7 attending physician may present medical facts at the meeting of the 8 ethics or medical committee. 9 (a-2) The patient's attending physician may attend and present facts at an ethics or medical committee review meeting 10 initiated under this chapter but may not participate as a member of 11 12 the committee in the review of that case. When a meeting of the ethics or medical committee is 13 (b) 14 required under this section, not later than the seventh calendar 15 day before the date scheduled for that meeting, unless this period is waived by mutual agreement, the committee shall provide to the 16 17 patient or surrogate [The patient or the person responsible for the health care decisions of the individual who has made the decision 18 19 regarding the directive or treatment decision]:

20 (1) [may be given] a written description of the ethics 21 or medical committee review process and any other policies and 22 procedures related to this section adopted by the health care 23 facility;

24 (2) <u>notice that the patient or surrogate is entitled</u>
25 <u>to receive the continued assistance of a patient liaison to assist</u>
26 <u>the patient or surrogate throughout the review process;</u>
27 (3) notice that the patient or surrogate may:

S.B. No. 1944 1 (A) seek a second opinion at the patient's or surrogate's expense from other medical professionals regarding the 2 3 patient's medical status and treatment requirements; and 4 (B) communicate the resulting information to the 5 members of the committee for consideration before the meeting; 6 (4) [shall be informed of the committee review process 7 not less than 48 hours before the meeting called to discuss the 8 patient's directive, unless the time period is waived by mutual 9 agreement; 10 [(3) at the time of being so informed, shall be provided: 11 12 $\left[\frac{(\Lambda)}{(\Lambda)}\right]$ a copy of the appropriate statement set forth in Section 166.052; and 13 (5) $\left[\frac{B}{B}\right]$ a copy of the registry list of health care 14 15 providers, health care facilities, and referral groups that, in compliance with any state laws prohibiting barratry, have 16 17 volunteered their readiness to consider accepting transfer or to assist in locating a provider willing to accept transfer that is 18 19 posted on the website maintained by the department under Section 20 166.053. 21 (b-1) The patient or surrogate [; and $\left[\frac{4}{4}\right]$ is entitled to: 2.2 23 (1) an invitation to [(A)] attend and participate in 24 the meeting of the ethics or medical committee, excluding the committee's deliberations, if the patient or surrogate elects to 25 attend or participate; 26 27 (2) be accompanied at the meeting by as many as five

1 persons, or more persons at the committee's discretion, for support, subject to the facility's reasonable written attendance 2 3 policy as necessary to: 4 information (A) facilitate sharing and 5 discussion of the patient's medical status and treatment requirements; and 6 7 (B) preserve the order and decorum of the 8 meeting; 9 (3) receive a written explanation of the decision 10 reached during the review process; (4) [(C)] receive a copy of the portion of 11 the 12 patient's medical record related to the treatment received by the patient in the facility for the lesser of: 13 14 (A) [(i)] the period of the patient's current 15 admission to the facility; or 16 (B) [(ii)] the preceding 30 calendar days; and 17 (5) [(D)] receive a copy of all of the patient's reasonably available diagnostic results and reports related to the 18 19 medical record provided under <u>Subdivision (4)</u> [Paragraph (C)]. The written explanation required by Subsection (b-1)(3) 20 (c) [(b)(4)(B)] must be included in the patient's medical record. 21 If the patient or the person responsible for the health 22 (e) care decisions of the patient is requesting life-sustaining 23 24 treatment that the attending physician has decided and the ethics or medical committee has affirmed is medically inappropriate 25 26 treatment, the patient shall be given available life-sustaining treatment pending transfer under Subsection (d). This subsection 27

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1 does not authorize withholding or withdrawing pain management medication, medical procedures necessary to provide comfort, or any 2 3 other health care provided to alleviate a patient's pain. The patient is responsible for any costs incurred in transferring the 4 patient to another facility. The attending physician, any other 5 physician responsible for the care of the patient, and the health 6 care facility are not obligated to provide life-sustaining 7 8 treatment after the <u>14th calendar</u> [10th] day after both the written decision and the patient's medical record required under Subsection 9 10 (b-1) [(b)] are provided to the patient or the person responsible for the health care decisions of the patient unless ordered to do so 11 12 under Subsection (g), except that artificially administered nutrition and hydration must be provided unless, based on 13 reasonable medical judgment, providing artificially administered 14 15 nutrition and hydration would:

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(1) hasten the patient's death;

17 (2) be medically contraindicated such that the 18 provision of the treatment seriously exacerbates life-threatening 19 medical problems not outweighed by the benefit of the provision of 20 the treatment;

(3) result in substantial irremediable physical pain
not outweighed by the benefit of the provision of the treatment;

(4) be medically ineffective in prolonging life; or
(5) be contrary to the patient's or surrogate's
clearly documented desire not to receive artificially administered
nutrition or hydration.

27 SECTION 3. Subchapter B, Chapter 166, Health and Safety

| 1 | Code, is amended by adding Section 166.0465 to read as follows: |
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| 2 | Sec. 166.0465. ETHICS OR MEDICAL COMMITTEE POLICIES; |
| 3 | CONFLICTS OF INTEREST AND DISCRIMINATION. Each health care |
| 4 | facility that provides review by an ethics or medical committee |
| 5 | under Section 166.046 shall adopt and implement a policy on: |
| 6 | (1) preventing financial and health care professional |
| 7 | conflicts of interest that may arise during a review under that |
| 8 | section; |
| 9 | (2) allowing participation on, and interaction with, |
| 10 | the committee by telephone, videoconference, or other secure |
| 11 | electronic means; and |
| 12 | (3) prohibiting consideration of a patient's permanent |
| 13 | physical or mental disability during the review unless the |
| 14 | disability is relevant in determining whether a medical or surgical |
| 15 | intervention is medically appropriate. |
| 16 | SECTION 4. Sections 166.052(a) and (b), Health and Safety |
| 17 | Code, are amended to read as follows: |
| 18 | (a) In cases in which the attending physician refuses to |
| 19 | honor an advance directive or health care or treatment decision |
| 20 | requesting the provision of life-sustaining treatment, the |
| 21 | <pre>statement required by Section <u>166.046(b)(4)</u> [166.046(b)(3)(A)]</pre> |
| 22 | shall be in substantially the following form: |
| 23 | When There Is A Disagreement About Medical Treatment: The |
| 24 | Physician Recommends Against Certain Life-Sustaining Treatment |
| 25 | That You Wish To Continue |
| 26 | You have been given this information because you have |
| 27 | requested life-sustaining treatment* for yourself as the patient or |
| | |

1 on behalf of the patient, as applicable, which the attending physician believes is not medically appropriate. This information 2 3 is being provided to help you understand state law, your rights, and the resources available to you in such circumstances. It outlines 4 5 the process for resolving disagreements about treatment among patients, families, and physicians. It is based upon Section 6 166.046 of the Texas Advance Directives Act, codified in Chapter 7 8 166, Texas Health and Safety Code.

9 When an attending physician refuses to comply with an advance 10 directive or other request for life-sustaining treatment because of 11 the physician's judgment that the treatment would be medically 12 inappropriate, the case will be reviewed by an ethics or medical 13 committee. Life-sustaining treatment will be provided through the 14 review.

You will receive notification of this review at least <u>seven</u> <u>calendar days</u> [48 hours] before a meeting of the committee related to your case. You are entitled to attend the meeting. With your agreement, the meeting may be held sooner than <u>seven calendar days</u> [48 hours], if possible.

20 You are entitled to receive a written explanation of the 21 decision reached during the review process.

If after this review process both the attending physician and the ethics or medical committee conclude that life-sustaining treatment is medically inappropriate and yet you continue to request such treatment, then the following procedure will occur:

The physician, with the help of the health care facility,
 will assist you in trying to find a physician and facility willing

1 to provide the requested treatment.

2. You are being given a list of health care providers, 2 licensed physicians, health care facilities, and referral groups 3 that have volunteered their readiness to consider accepting 4 5 transfer, or to assist in locating a provider willing to accept transfer, maintained by the Department of State Health Services. 6 You may wish to contact providers, facilities, or referral groups 7 8 on the list or others of your choice to get help in arranging a transfer. 9

The patient will continue to be given life-sustaining 10 3. treatment until the patient can be transferred to a willing 11 provider for up to 14 calendar [10] days from the time you were 12 given both the committee's written decision that life-sustaining 13 14 treatment is not appropriate and the patient's medical record. The patient will continue to be given after the <u>14-cale</u>ndar-day 15 [10-day] period treatment to enhance pain management and reduce 16 17 suffering, including artificially administered nutrition and hydration, unless, based on reasonable medical judgment, providing 18 19 artificially administered nutrition and hydration would hasten the patient's death, be medically contraindicated such that the 20 provision of the treatment seriously exacerbates life-threatening 21 medical problems not outweighed by the benefit of the provision of 22 23 the treatment, result in substantial irremediable physical pain not 24 outweighed by the benefit of the provision of the treatment, be medically ineffective in prolonging life, or be contrary to the 25 26 patient's or surrogate's clearly documented desires.

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4. If a transfer can be arranged, the patient will be

1 responsible for the costs of the transfer.

5. If a provider cannot be found willing to give the requested treatment within <u>14 calendar</u> [10] days, life-sustaining treatment may be withdrawn unless a court of law has granted an extension.

6. You may ask the appropriate district or county court to 7 extend the <u>14-calendar-day</u> [10-day] period if the court finds that 8 there is a reasonable expectation that you may find a physician or 9 health care facility willing to provide life-sustaining treatment 10 if the extension is granted. Patient medical records will be 11 provided to the patient or surrogate in accordance with Section 12 241.154, Texas Health and Safety Code.

*"Life-sustaining treatment" means treatment that, based on 13 14 reasonable medical judgment, sustains the life of a patient and 15 without which the patient will die. The term includes both life-sustaining medications and artificial life support, such as 16 17 mechanical breathing machines, kidney dialysis treatment, and artificially administered nutrition and hydration. The term does 18 19 not include the administration of pain management medication or the performance of a medical procedure considered to be necessary to 20 provide comfort care, or any other medical care provided to 21 alleviate a patient's pain. 22

(b) In cases in which the attending physician refuses to comply with an advance directive or treatment decision requesting the withholding or withdrawal of life-sustaining treatment, the statement required by Section <u>166.046(b)(4)</u> [<u>166.046(b)(3)(A)</u>] shall be in substantially the following form:

When There Is A Disagreement About Medical Treatment: The
 Physician Recommends Life-Sustaining Treatment That You Wish To
 Stop

4 You have been given this information because you have 5 requested the withdrawal or withholding of life-sustaining treatment* for yourself as the patient or on behalf of the patient, 6 as applicable, and the attending physician disagrees with and 7 8 refuses to comply with that request. The information is being provided to help you understand state law, your rights, and the 9 resources available to you in such circumstances. It outlines the 10 process for resolving disagreements about treatment 11 among 12 patients, families, and physicians. It is based upon Section 166.046 of the Texas Advance Directives Act, codified in Chapter 13 14 166, Texas Health and Safety Code.

When an attending physician refuses to comply with an advance directive or other request for withdrawal or withholding of life-sustaining treatment for any reason, the case will be reviewed by an ethics or medical committee. Life-sustaining treatment will be provided through the review.

You will receive notification of this review at least <u>seven</u> <u>calendar days</u> [48 hours] before a meeting of the committee related to your case. You are entitled to attend the meeting. With your agreement, the meeting may be held sooner than <u>seven calendar days</u> [48 hours], if possible.

25 You are entitled to receive a written explanation of the 26 decision reached during the review process.

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If you or the attending physician do not agree with the

1 decision reached during the review process, and the attending 2 physician still refuses to comply with your request to withhold or 3 withdraw life-sustaining treatment, then the following procedure 4 will occur:

The physician, with the help of the health care facility,
 will assist you in trying to find a physician and facility willing
 to withdraw or withhold the life-sustaining treatment.

8 2. You are being given a list of health care providers, licensed physicians, health care facilities, and referral groups 9 that have volunteered their readiness to consider accepting 10 transfer, or to assist in locating a provider willing to accept 11 12 transfer, maintained by the Department of State Health You may wish to contact providers, facilities, or 13 Services. referral groups on the list or others of your choice to get help in 14 15 arranging a transfer.

*"Life-sustaining treatment" means treatment that, based on 16 17 reasonable medical judgment, sustains the life of a patient and without which the patient will die. The term includes both 18 19 life-sustaining medications and artificial life support, such as mechanical breathing machines, kidney dialysis treatment, and 20 artificially administered nutrition and hydration. The term does 21 not include the administration of pain management medication or the 22 performance of a medical procedure considered to be necessary to 23 provide comfort care, or any other medical care provided to 24 alleviate a patient's pain. 25

26 SECTION 5. Subchapter B, Chapter 166, Health and Safety 27 Code, is amended by adding Section 166.054 to read as follows:

S.B. No. 1944 Sec. 166.054. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS REGARDING ETHICS OR 1 MEDICAL COMMITTEE PROCESSES. (a) On submission of a health care 2 facility's application to renew its license, a facility in which 3 one or more meetings of an ethics or medical committee are held 4 5 under this chapter shall file a report with the department that contains aggregate information regarding the number of cases 6 7 initiated by an ethics or medical committee under Section 166.046 8 and the disposition of those cases by the facility. 9 (b) Aggregate data submitted to the department under this 10 section may include only the following: (1) the total number of patients for whom a review by 11 12 the ethics or medical committee was initiated under Section 166.046(b); 13 14 (2) the number of patients under Subdivision (1) who 15 were transferred to: 16 (A) another physician within the same facility; 17 or 18 (B) a different facility; 19 (3) the number of patients under Subdivision (1) who were discharged to home; 20 21 (4) the number of patients under Subdivision (1) for 22 whom treatment was withheld or withdrawn pursuant to surrogate 23 consent: 24 (A) before the decision was rendered following a review under Section 166.046(b); 25 26 (B) after the decision was rendered following a 27 review under Section 166.046(b); or

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| 1 | (C) during or after the 14-calendar-day period |
| 2 | described by Section 166.046(e); |
| 3 | (5) the average length of stay before a review meeting |
| 4 | is held under Section 166.046(b); and |
| 5 | (6) the number of patients under Subdivision (1) who |
| 6 | died while still receiving life-sustaining treatment: |
| 7 | (A) before the review meeting under Section |
| 8 | <u>166.046(b);</u> |
| 9 | (B) during the 14-calendar-day period described |
| 10 | by Section 166.046(e); or |
| 11 | (C) during any extension of the 14-calendar-day |
| 12 | period described by Section 166.046(e). |
| 13 | (c) The report required by this section may not contain any |
| 14 | data specific to an individual patient or physician. |
| 15 | (d) The executive commissioner shall adopt rules to: |
| 16 | (1) establish a standard form for the reporting |
| 17 | requirements of this section; and |
| 18 | (2) post on the department's Internet website the data |
| 19 | submitted under Subsection (b) in the format provided by rule. |
| 20 | (e) Data collected as required by, or submitted to the |
| 21 | department under, this section: |
| 22 | (1) is not admissible in a civil or criminal |
| 23 | proceeding in which a physician, health care professional acting |
| 24 | under the direction of a physician, or health care facility is a |
| 25 | defendant; and |
| 26 | (2) may not be used in relation to any disciplinary |
| 27 | action by a licensing board or other body with professional or |

administrative oversight over a physician, health care 1 professional acting under the direction of a physician, or health 2 3 care facility. 4 SECTION 6. Section 166.202(a), Health and Safety Code, is 5 amended to read as follows: 6 (a) This subchapter applies to a DNR order issued for a 7 patient who has been admitted to [in] a health care facility or 8 hospital. SECTION 7. Sections 166.203(a), (b), and (c), Health and 9 10 Safety Code, are amended to read as follows: (a) A DNR order issued for a patient is valid only if <u>a</u> 11 12 physician providing direct care to the patient [patient's attending physician] issues the order, the order is dated, and the order: 13 14 (1) is issued in compliance with: 15 (A) the written and dated directions of a patient who was competent at the time the patient wrote the directions; 16 17 (B) the oral directions of a competent patient delivered to or observed by two competent adult witnesses, at least 18 19 one of whom must be a person not listed under Section 166.003(2)(E) or (F); 20 (C) the directions in an advance directive 21 enforceable under Section 166.005 or executed in accordance with 22 Section 166.032, 166.034, [or] 166.035, 166.082, 166.084, or 23 24 166.085; (D) the directions of: 25 26 (i) a patient's legal guardian; 27 (ii) a patient's [or] agent under a medical

1 power of attorney acting in accordance with Subchapter D; or 2 (iii) a patient's proxy as designated and authorized by a directive executed or issued in accordance with 3 Subchapter B to make a treatment decision for the patient if the 4 patient becomes incompetent or otherwise mentally or physically 5 incapable of communication; or 6 7 a treatment decision made in accordance with (E) 8 Section 166.039; or 9 (2) is not contrary to the directions of a patient who 10 was competent at the time the patient conveyed the directions and, in the reasonable medical judgment of the [patient's attending] 11 12 physician issuing the order: the patient's death is imminent, regardless 13 (A) 14 of the provision of cardiopulmonary resuscitation; and 15 (B) the DNR order is medically appropriate. (b) 16 The DNR order: 17 (1) may be issued and entered in any format acceptable under the policies of the health care facility or hospital; and 18 19 (2) takes effect at the time the order is issued, 20 provided the order is placed in the patient's medical record as soon as practicable. 21 Unless notice has already been provided in accordance 22 (c) with Section 166.204(a-1), before [Before] placing in a patient's 23 24 medical record a DNR order issued under Subsection (a)(2), a [the] physician, a physician assistant, a nurse, or another [other] 25 26 person acting on behalf of a health care facility or hospital shall: 27 inform the patient of the order's issuance; or (1)

1 (2) if the patient is incompetent, make a reasonably 2 diligent effort to contact or cause to be contacted and inform of 3 the order's issuance:

4 (A) the patient's known agent under a medical5 power of attorney or legal guardian; or

(B) for a patient who does not have a known agent
under a medical power of attorney or legal guardian, a person
described by Section 166.039(b)(1), (2), or (3).

9 SECTION 8. Section 166.204, Health and Safety Code, is 10 amended by amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (a-1) to 11 read as follows:

(a) <u>If a physician issues a DNR order under Section</u> <u>166.203(a)(2), a physician, a physician assistant, a nurse, or</u> <u>14 another person acting on behalf of a health care facility or</u> <u>15 hospital shall provide notice of the order to the appropriate</u> <u>16 persons in accordance with Subsection (a-1) of this section or</u> <u>17 Section 166.203(c).</u>

(a-1) Unless notice has already been provided in accordance 18 with Section 166.203(c), if [If] an individual arrives at a health 19 care facility or hospital that is treating a patient for whom a DNR 20 order is issued under Section 166.203(a)(2) and the individual 21 notifies a physician, physician assistant, or nurse providing 22 direct care to the patient of the individual's arrival, the 23 physician, physician assistant, or nurse who has actual knowledge 24 of the order shall disclose the order to the individual, provided 25 26 the individual is:

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(1) the patient's known agent under a medical power of

1 attorney or legal guardian; or

2 (2) for a patient who does not have a known agent under
3 a medical power of attorney or legal guardian, a person described by
4 Section 166.039(b)(1), (2), or (3).

5 SECTION 9. Sections 166.205(a), (b), and (c), Health and 6 Safety Code, are amended to read as follows:

7 (a) A physician providing direct care to a patient for whom
8 a DNR order is issued shall revoke the patient's DNR order if:

9 <u>(1) the advance directive on which the DNR order is</u> 10 <u>based is properly revoked in accordance with applicable provisions</u> 11 <u>of this chapter; or</u>

12 (2) the patient or <u>the individual at whose direction</u> 13 <u>the DNR order was issued</u>[, as applicable, the patient's agent under 14 a medical power of attorney or the patient's legal guardian if the 15 patient is incompetent:

16 [(1) effectively revokes an advance directive, in 17 accordance with Section 166.042, for which a DNR order is issued 18 under Section 166.203(a); or

19 [(2)] expresses to any person providing direct care to 20 the patient a revocation of consent to or intent to revoke a DNR 21 order issued under Section 166.203(a).

(b) A person providing direct care to a patient under the supervision of a physician shall notify the physician of <u>the</u> <u>revocation of the advance directive or</u> the request to revoke a DNR order under Subsection (a).

(c) <u>The</u> [A patient's attending] physician who issued [may at
 any time revoke] a DNR order issued under Section 166.203(a)(2), or

1 any other attending physician providing direct care to the patient 2 in accordance with applicable hospital policies, may at any time 3 revoke the DNR order.

4 SECTION 10. Sections 166.206(a) and (b), Health and Safety 5 Code, are amended to read as follows:

(a) If <u>a</u> [an attending] physician, health care facility, or 6 7 hospital does not wish to execute or comply with a DNR order or the 8 patient's instructions concerning the provision of cardiopulmonary resuscitation, the physician, facility, or hospital shall inform 9 10 the patient, the legal guardian or qualified relatives of the patient, or the agent of the patient under a medical power of 11 12 attorney of the benefits and burdens of cardiopulmonary 13 resuscitation.

14 If, after receiving notice under Subsection (a), the (b) 15 patient or another person authorized to act on behalf of the patient and the [attending] physician, health care facility, or hospital 16 17 remain in disagreement, the physician, facility, or hospital shall make a reasonable effort to transfer the patient to another 18 19 physician, facility, or hospital willing to execute or comply with 20 a DNR order or the patient's instructions concerning the provision of cardiopulmonary resuscitation. 21

22 SECTION 11. Section 166.209, Health and Safety Code, is 23 amended to read as follows:

Sec. 166.209. ENFORCEMENT. (a) <u>Subject to Sections</u> <u>166.205(d)</u>, <u>166.207</u>, <u>and 166.208</u>, <u>a</u> [A] physician, physician assistant, nurse, or other person commits an offense if, with the <u>specific intent to violate the requirements of this subchapter</u>, the

1 person intentionally:

2 <u>(1)</u> conceals, cancels, effectuates, or falsifies
3 another person's DNR order; or

4 (2) [if the person intentionally] conceals or 5 withholds personal knowledge of another person's revocation of a 6 DNR order [in violation of this subchapter].

7 (a-1) An offense under <u>Subsection (a)</u> [this subsection] is a
8 Class A misdemeanor. This <u>section</u> [subsection] does not preclude
9 prosecution for any other applicable offense.

(b) <u>Subject to Sections 166.205(d), 166.207, and 166.208, a</u>
[A] physician, health care professional, health care facility,
hospital, or entity is subject to review and disciplinary action by
the appropriate licensing authority for intentionally:

14 (1) failing to effectuate a DNR order in violation of 15 this subchapter; or

16 (2) issuing a DNR order in violation of this 17 subchapter.

18 SECTION 12. Section 313.004(a), Health and Safety Code, is 19 amended to read as follows:

(a) If an adult patient of a home and community support 20 services agency or in a hospital or nursing home, or an adult inmate 21 of a county or municipal jail, is comatose, incapacitated, or 22 23 otherwise mentally or physically incapable of communication and 24 does not have a legal guardian or an agent under a medical power of attorney who can concur with the patient's attending physician, an 25 26 adult surrogate from the following list, in order of priority, who has decision-making capacity, is available after a reasonably 27

1 diligent inquiry, and is willing to consent to medical treatment on behalf of the patient, may consent to medical treatment on behalf of 2 3 the patient in concurrence with the patient's attending physician: 4 (1) the patient's spouse; 5 the patient's reasonably available adult children (2) [an adult child of the patient who has the waiver and consent of all 6 other qualified adult children of the patient to act as the sole 7 8 decision-maker]; 9 (3) [a majority of] the patient's parents [reasonably 10 available adult children]; the patient's <u>nearest living relative</u> [parents]; 11 (4) 12 or if the patient does not have a legal guardian or an 13 (5) agent under a medical power of attorney and a person listed in this 14 subsection is not available, another licensed physician who is not 15 involved in the direct treatment of the patient [the individual 16 17 clearly identified to act for the patient by the patient before the patient became incapacitated, the patient's nearest living 18 19 relative, or a member of the clergy]. SECTION 13. Not later than March 1, 2022, the executive 20 commissioner of the Health and Human Services Commission shall 21 adopt the rules necessary to implement the changes in law made by 22 23 this Act to Chapter 166, Health and Safety Code. 24 SECTION 14. Chapter 166, Health and Safety Code, as amended by this Act, applies only to a review, consultation, disagreement, 25 26 or other action relating to a health care or treatment decision made

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on or after April 1, 2022. A review, consultation, disagreement, or

other action relating to a health care or treatment decision made before April 1, 2022, is governed by the law in effect immediately before the effective date of this Act, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.

5 SECTION 15. Chapter 166, Health and Safety Code, as amended 6 by this Act, applies only to a do-not-resuscitate order issued on or 7 after the effective date of this Act. A do-not-resuscitate order 8 issued before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law 9 in effect on the date the order was issued, and that law is 10 continued in effect for that purpose.

11 SECTION 16. (a) A health care facility shall adopt the 12 policy required by Section 166.0465, Health and Safety Code, as 13 added by this Act, not later than April 1, 2022.

(b) A policy adopted under Section 166.0465, Health and
Safety Code, as added by this Act, applies only to an ethics or
medical committee review conducted on or after April 1, 2022.

17 SECTION 17. This Act takes effect September 1, 2021.