By: Menéndez, et al. (Dutton) S.B. No. 2066

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 AN ACT 2 relating to emergent bilingual students in public schools. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 3 SECTION 1. Section 21.0452(b), Education Code, is amended 4 to read as follows: 5 (b) The board shall make available at least the following 6 7 information regarding each educator preparation program: 8 (1) the information specified in Sections 21.045(a) and (b); 9 10 (2) in addition to any other appropriate information 11 indicating the quality of persons admitted to the program, the average academic qualifications possessed by persons admitted to 12 the program, including: 13 (A) average overall grade point average and 14 15 average grade point average in specific subject areas; and average scores on the Scholastic Assessment 16 (B) Test (SAT), the American College Test (ACT), or the Graduate Record 17 18 Examination (GRE), as applicable; (3) the degree to which persons who complete the 19 20 program are successful in obtaining teaching positions; the extent to which the program prepares teachers, 21 (4) 22 including general education teachers and special education teachers, to effectively teach: 23 24 (A) students with disabilities; and

(B) <u>emergent bilingual</u> students [of limited
 English proficiency], as defined by Section 29.052;

S.B. No. 2066

3 (5) the activities offered by the program that are4 designed to prepare teachers to:

5 (A) integrate technology effectively into 6 curricula and instruction, including activities consistent with 7 the principles of universal design for learning; and

8 (B) use technology effectively to collect, 9 manage, and analyze data to improve teaching and learning for the 10 purpose of increasing student academic achievement;

11 (6) for each semester, the average ratio of field 12 supervisors to candidates completing student teaching, clinical 13 teaching, or an internship in an educator preparation program;

14 (7) the perseverance of beginning teachers in the 15 profession, based on information reported through the Public 16 Education Information Management System (PEIMS) providing the 17 number of beginning teachers employed as classroom teachers for at 18 least three years after certification in comparison to similar 19 programs;

20 (8) the results of exit surveys given to program 21 participants on completion of the program that involve evaluation 22 of the program's effectiveness in preparing participants to succeed 23 in the classroom;

(9) the results of surveys given to school principals
that involve evaluation of the program's effectiveness in preparing
participants to succeed in the classroom, based on experience with
employed program participants; and

(10) the results of teacher satisfaction surveys 1 2 developed under Section 21.045 and given to program participants at the end of the first year of teaching. 3

4 SECTION 2. Sections 21.054(d) and (e), Education Code, are amended to read as follows: 5

6 (d) Continuing education requirements for a classroom 7 teacher must provide that at least 25 percent of the training required every five years include instruction regarding: 8

9 (1)collecting and analyzing information that will 10 improve effectiveness in the classroom;

11 (2) recognizing early warning indicators that а student may be at risk of dropping out of school; 12

13 (3) digital learning, digital teaching, and integrating technology into classroom instruction; 14

15

16

(4) educating diverse student populations, including: (A) students who are eligible to participate in

special education programs under Subchapter A, Chapter 29; 17

18 (B) students who are eligible to receive educational services required under Section 504, Rehabilitation 19 Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794); 20

(C) students with mental health conditions or who 21 22 engage in substance abuse;

students with intellectual or developmental 23 (D) 24 disabilities;

25 (E) students educationally who are disadvantaged; 26 27 (F) emergent bilingual students [of limited

1 English proficiency]; and

2 (G) students at risk of dropping out of school; (5) understanding appropriate 3 relationships, 4 boundaries, and communications between educators and students; and 5 (6) how mental health conditions, including grief and trauma, affect student learning and behavior 6 and how 7 evidence-based, grief-informed, and trauma-informed strategies support the academic success of students affected by grief and 8 9 trauma.

10 (e) Continuing education requirements for a principal must 11 provide that at least 25 percent of the training required every five 12 years include instruction regarding:

13 (1)effective and efficient management, including: 14 (A) collecting and analyzing information; 15 (B) making decisions and managing time; and 16 (C) supervising student discipline and managing 17 behavior; 18 (2) recognizing early warning indicators that а student may be at risk of dropping out of school; 19 20 (3) digital learning, digital teaching, and integrating technology into campus curriculum and instruction; 21 22 (4) effective implementation of a comprehensive school counseling program under Section 33.005; 23 24 (5) mental health programs addressing a mental health 25 condition; (6) educating diverse student populations, including: 26

4

students who are eligible to participate in

(A)

1 special education programs under Subchapter A, Chapter 29;

2 (B) students with intellectual or developmental3 disabilities;

4 (C) students who are eligible to receive
5 educational services required under Section 504, Rehabilitation
6 Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794);

7 (D) students with mental health conditions or who8 engage in substance abuse;

9 (E) students who are educationally 10 disadvantaged;

11 (F) emergent bilingual students [of limited 12 English proficiency]; and

13 (G) students at risk of dropping out of school; 14 (7) preventing, recognizing, and reporting any sexual 15 conduct between an educator and student that is prohibited under 16 Section 21.12, Penal Code, or for which reporting is required under

17 Section 21.006 of this code; and

(8) how mental health conditions, including grief and 18 affect student learning 19 trauma, and behavior and how evidence-based, grief-informed, and trauma-informed strategies 20 support the academic success of students affected by grief and 21 22 trauma.

23 SECTION 3. Section 21.4551(b), Education Code, is amended 24 to read as follows:

(b) A reading academy developed under this section must26 include training in:

27

for a teacher providing instruction in reading to

1 students at the seventh or eighth grade level:

2 (A) administration of the reading instrument
3 required by Section 28.006(c-1); and

(B) interpretation of the results of the reading
instrument required by Section 28.006(c-1) and strategies, based on
scientific research regarding effective reading instruction, for
long-term intensive intervention to target identified student
needs in word recognition, vocabulary, fluency, and comprehension;

9 (2) for a teacher providing instruction in reading to 10 students at the sixth, seventh, or eighth grade level:

(A) strategies to be implemented in English language arts and other subject areas for multisyllable word reading, vocabulary development, and comprehension of expository and narrative text;

(B) an adaptation framework that enables teachers to respond to differing student strengths and needs, including adaptations for <u>emergent bilingual</u> students [of limited <u>English proficiency</u>] or students receiving special education services under Subchapter A, Chapter 29;

20 (C) collaborative strategies to increase active21 student involvement and motivation to read; and

(D) other areas identified by the commissioner asessential components of reading instruction; and

(3) for a teacher providing instruction in
mathematics, science, or social studies to students at the sixth,
seventh, or eighth grade level:

27

(A) strategies for incorporating reading

instruction into the curriculum for the subject area taught by the
 teacher; and

3 (B) other areas identified by the commissioner.
4 SECTION 4. Section 21.457, Education Code, is amended to
5 read as follows:

6 Sec. 21.457. TRAINING FOR TEACHERS OF <u>EMERGENT BILINGUAL</u> 7 STUDENTS [OF LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENCY]. The commissioner shall 8 develop and make available training materials and other teacher 9 training resources to assist teachers in developing the expertise 10 required to enable <u>emergent bilingual</u> students [of limited English 11 <u>proficiency</u>] to meet state performance expectations.

12 SECTION 5. Section 29.051, Education Code, is amended to 13 read as follows:

Sec. 29.051. STATE POLICY. English is the basic language of 14 15 this state. Public schools are responsible for providing a full 16 opportunity for all students to become competent in speaking, reading, writing, and comprehending the English language. 17 Large numbers of students in the state come from environments in which the 18 primary language is other than English. Experience has shown that 19 20 public school classes in which instruction is given only in English are often inadequate for the education of those students. 21 The mastery of basic English language skills is a prerequisite for 22 effective participation in the state's educational program. 23 24 Bilingual education and special language programs can meet the 25 needs of those students and facilitate their integration into the regular school curriculum. Therefore, in accordance with the 26 27 policy of the state to ensure equal educational opportunity to

1 every student, and in recognition of the educational needs of 2 <u>emergent bilingual</u> students [of limited English proficiency], this 3 subchapter provides for the establishment of bilingual education 4 and special language programs in the public schools and provides 5 supplemental financial assistance to help school districts meet the 6 extra costs of the programs.

7 SECTION 6. Section 29.052(1), Education Code, is amended to 8 read as follows:

9 (1) "<u>Emergent bilingual student</u> [Student of limited 10 English proficiency]" means a student whose primary language is 11 other than English and whose English language skills are such that 12 the student has difficulty performing ordinary classwork in 13 English.

SECTION 7. Sections 29.053(b), (c), and (d), Education Code, are amended to read as follows:

16 (b) Within the first four weeks following the first day of 17 school, the language proficiency assessment committee established 18 under Section 29.063 shall determine and report to the board of trustees of the district the number of emergent bilingual students 19 [of limited English proficiency] on each campus and shall classify 20 each student according to the language in which the student 21 possesses primary proficiency. The board shall report that 22 information to the agency before November 1 each year. 23

(c) Each district with an enrollment of 20 or more <u>emergent</u>
 <u>bilingual</u> students [of limited English proficiency] in any language
 classification in the same grade level shall offer a bilingual
 education or special language program.

(d) Each district that is required to offer bilingual
 education and special language programs under this section shall
 offer the following for <u>emergent bilingual</u> students [of limited
 <u>English proficiency</u>]:

5 (1) bilingual education in kindergarten through the6 elementary grades;

7 (2) bilingual education, instruction in English as a 8 second language, or other transitional language instruction 9 approved by the agency in post-elementary grades through grade 8; 10 and

11 (3) instruction in English as a second language in 12 grades 9 through 12.

13 SECTION 8. Sections 29.054(b) and (d), Education Code, are 14 amended to read as follows:

(b) An application for an exception may be filed with the agency when a district is unable to hire a sufficient number of teachers with teaching certificates appropriate for bilingual education instruction to staff the required program. The application must be accompanied by:

20 (1) documentation showing that the district has taken 21 all reasonable affirmative steps to secure teachers with teaching 22 certificates appropriate for bilingual education instruction and 23 has failed;

24 (2) documentation showing that the district has
25 affirmative hiring policies and procedures consistent with the need
26 to serve <u>emergent bilingual</u> [limited English proficiency]
27 students;

1 (3) documentation showing that, on the basis of 2 district records, no teacher having a teaching certificate 3 appropriate for bilingual instruction or emergency credentials has 4 been unjustifiably denied employment by the district within the 5 past 12 months; and

6 (4) a plan detailing specific measures to be used by 7 the district to eliminate the conditions that created the need for 8 an exception.

9 (d) During the period for which a district is granted an 10 exception under this section, the district must use alternative 11 methods approved by the agency to meet the needs of its <u>emergent</u> 12 <u>bilingual</u> students [of limited English proficiency], including 13 hiring teaching personnel under a bilingual emergency permit.

SECTION 9. Section 29.055(c), Education Code, is amended to read as follows:

16 (c) In subjects such as art, music, and physical education, 17 <u>emergent bilingual</u> students [of limited English proficiency] shall 18 participate fully with English-speaking students in regular 19 classes provided in the subjects.

20 SECTION 10. Sections 29.056(a), (c), (d), and (g), 21 Education Code, are amended to read as follows:

(a) The agency shall establish standardized criteria for the identification, assessment, and classification of <u>emergent</u> <u>bilingual</u> students [of limited English proficiency] eligible for entry into the program or exit from the program. The student's parent must approve a student's entry into the program, exit from the program, or placement in the program. The school district or

parent may appeal the decision under Section 29.064. The criteria
 for identification, assessment, and classification may include:

(1)results of a home language survey conducted within 3 4 four weeks of each student's enrollment to determine the language normally used in the home and the language normally used by the 5 student, conducted in English and the home language, signed by the 6 7 student's parents if the student is in kindergarten through grade 8 or by the student if the student is in grades 9 through 12, and kept 8 9 in the student's permanent folder by the language proficiency 10 assessment committee;

(2) the results of an agency-approved English language proficiency test administered to all students identified through the home survey as normally speaking a language other than English to determine the level of English language proficiency, with students in kindergarten or grade 1 being administered an oral English proficiency test and students in grades 2 through 12 being administered an oral and written English proficiency test; and

18 (3) the results of an agency-approved proficiency test in the primary language administered to all students identified 19 20 under Subdivision (2) as being of limited English proficiency to determine the level of primary language proficiency, with students 21 in kindergarten or grade 1 being administered an oral primary 22 language proficiency test and students in grades 2 through 12 being 23 24 administered an oral and written primary language proficiency test. 25 The language proficiency assessment committee may (c)

26 classify a student as <u>emergent bilingual</u> [limited English 27 proficiency] if:

(1) the student's ability in English is so limited or
 the student's disabilities are so severe that assessment procedures
 cannot be administered;

4 (2) the student's score or relative degree of achievement on the agency-approved English proficiency test 5 is below the levels established by the agency as indicative 6 of 7 reasonable proficiency;

8 (3) the student's primary language proficiency score 9 as measured by an agency-approved test is greater than the 10 student's proficiency in English; or

11 (4) the language proficiency assessment committee 12 determines, based on other information, including a teacher 13 evaluation, parental viewpoint, or student interview, that the 14 student's primary language proficiency is greater than the 15 student's proficiency in English or that the student is not 16 reasonably proficient in English.

17 (d) Not later than the 10th day after the date of the student's classification as an emergent bilingual [a] student [of 18 limited English proficiency], the language proficiency assessment 19 20 committee shall give written notice of the classification to the student's parent. The notice must be in English and the parent's 21 primary language. The parents of students eligible to participate 22 in the required bilingual education program shall be informed of 23 24 the benefits of the bilingual education or special language program 25 and that it is an integral part of the school program.

26 (g) A district may transfer <u>an emergent bilingual</u> [a]
27 student [of limited English proficiency] out of a bilingual

1 education or special language program for the first time or a 2 subsequent time if the student is able to participate equally in a 3 regular all-English instructional program as determined by:

S.B. No. 2066

4 (1) agency-approved tests administered at the end of
5 each school year to determine the extent to which the student has
6 developed oral and written language proficiency and specific
7 language skills in English;

(2) satisfactory performance the 8 on reading 9 assessment instrument under Section 39.023(a) or an English 10 language arts assessment instrument under Section 39.023(c), as 11 applicable, with the assessment instrument administered in English, or, if the student is enrolled in the first or second 12 grade, an achievement score at or above the 40th percentile in the 13 reading and language arts sections of an English standardized test 14 15 approved by the agency; and

16 (3) agency-approved criterion-referenced tests and 17 the results of a subjective teacher evaluation.

SECTION 11. Section 29.059(b), Education Code, is amended to read as follows:

(b) A school district may allow a nonresident <u>emergent</u> <u>bilingual</u> student [of limited English proficiency] to enroll in or attend its bilingual education or special language programs if the student's district of residence does not provide an appropriate program. The tuition for the student shall be paid by the district in which the student resides.

26 SECTION 12. Sections 29.060(a) and (d), Education Code, are 27 amended to read as follows:

1 Each school district that is required to offer a (a) 2 bilingual education or special language program shall offer a voluntary program for emergent bilingual children [of limited 3 English proficiency] who will be eligible for admission to 4 kindergarten or the first grade at the beginning of the next school 5 year. A school that operates on a system permitted by this code 6 7 other than a semester system shall offer 120 hours of instruction on a schedule the board of trustees of the district establishes. A 8 9 school that operates on a semester system shall offer the program:

10 (1) during the period school is recessed for the 11 summer; and

12 (2) for one-half day for eight weeks or on a similar13 schedule approved by the board of trustees.

(d) A school district may establish on a full- or part-time basis other summer school, extended day, or extended week bilingual education or special language programs for <u>emergent bilingual</u> students [of limited English proficiency] and may join with other districts in establishing the programs.

SECTION 13. Section 29.062(a), Education Code, is amended to read as follows:

The legislature recognizes that compliance with this 21 (a) subchapter is an imperative public necessity. Therefore, in 22 accordance with the policy of the state, the agency shall evaluate 23 24 the effectiveness of programs under this subchapter based on the 25 achievement indicators adopted under Section 39.053(c), including the results of assessment instruments. 26 The agency may combine 27 evaluations under this section with federal accountability

1 measures concerning <u>emergent bilingual</u> students [of limited 2 <u>English proficiency</u>].

3 SECTION 14. Sections 29.063(b) and (c), Education Code, are 4 amended to read as follows:

5 (b) Each committee shall include a professional bilingual 6 educator, a professional transitional language educator, a parent 7 of <u>an emergent bilingual</u> [a limited English proficiency] student, 8 and a campus administrator.

9

(c) The language proficiency assessment committee shall:

10 (1) review all pertinent information on <u>emergent</u> 11 <u>bilingual</u> [limited English proficiency] students, including the 12 home language survey, the language proficiency tests in English and 13 the primary language, each student's achievement in content areas, 14 and each student's emotional and social attainment;

15 (2) make recommendations concerning the most 16 appropriate placement for the educational advancement of the 17 <u>emergent bilingual</u> [limited English proficiency] student after the 18 elementary grades;

19 (3) review each <u>emergent bilingual</u> [limited English 20 proficiency] student's progress at the end of the school year in 21 order to determine future appropriate placement;

(4) monitor the progress of students formerly classified as <u>emergent bilingual</u> [<u>limited English proficiency</u>] who have transferred out of the bilingual education or special language program and, based on the information, designate the most appropriate placement for such students; and

27 (5) determine the appropriateness of a program that

extends beyond the regular school year based on the needs of each
 <u>emergent bilingual</u> [limited English proficiency] student.

3 SECTION 15. Sections 29.066(a) and (b), Education Code, are 4 amended to read as follows:

5 (a) A school district that is required to offer bilingual 6 education or special language programs shall include the following 7 information in the district's Public Education Information 8 Management System (PEIMS) report:

9 (1) demographic information, as determined by the 10 commissioner, on students enrolled in district bilingual education 11 or special language programs;

12 (2) the number and percentage of students enrolled in 13 each instructional model of a bilingual education or special 14 language program offered by the district; and

15 (3) the number and percentage of students identified 16 as <u>emergent bilingual</u> students [of limited English proficiency] who 17 do not receive specialized instruction.

(b) For purposes of this section, the commissioner shalladopt rules to classify programs under this section as follows:

(1) if the program is a bilingual education program,
the program must be classified under the Public Education
Information Management System (PEIMS) report as:

(A) transitional bilingual/early exit: a
bilingual program that serves students identified as <u>emergent</u>
<u>bilingual</u> students [of limited English proficiency] in both English
and Spanish and transfers a student to English-only instruction not
earlier than two or later than five years after the student enrolls

1 in school;

2 (B) transitional bilingual/late exit: а bilingual program that serves students identified as emergent 3 bilingual students [of limited English proficiency] in both English 4 and Spanish and transfers a student to English-only instruction not 5 earlier than six or later than seven years after the student enrolls 6 7 in school;

(C) dual language immersion/two-way: 8 а 9 biliteracy program that integrates students proficient in English and students identified as emergent bilingual students [of limited 10 11 English proficiency] in both English and Spanish and transfers a student identified as an emergent bilingual [a] student [of limited 12 English proficiency] to English-only instruction not earlier than 13 six or later than seven years after the student enrolls in school; 14 15 or

16 (D) dual language immersion/one-way: а biliteracy program that serves only students identified as $\underline{eme}rgent$ 17 bilingual students [of limited English proficiency] in both English 18 and Spanish and transfers a student to English-only instruction not 19 20 earlier than six or later than seven years after the student enrolls in school; and 21

(2) if the program is a special language program, the
program must be classified under the Public Education Information
Management System (PEIMS) report as:

(A) English as a second language/content-based:
 an English program that serves students identified as <u>emergent</u>
 <u>bilingual</u> students [of limited English proficiency] in English only

1 by providing a full-time teacher certified under Section 29.061(c)
2 to provide supplementary instruction for all content area
3 instruction; or

(B) English as a second language/pull-out: an
English program that serves students identified as <u>emergent</u>
<u>bilingual</u> students [of limited English proficiency] in English only
by providing a part-time teacher certified under Section 29.061(c)
to provide English language arts instruction exclusively, while the
student remains in a mainstream instructional arrangement in the
remaining content areas.

SECTION 16. Section 29.081(d), Education Code, as amended by Chapters 403 (S.B. 1746), 597 (S.B. 668), and 1060 (H.B. 1051), Acts of the 86th Legislature, Regular Session, 2019, is reenacted and amended to read as follows:

15 (d) For purposes of this section, "student at risk of16 dropping out of school" includes each student who:

17 (1) is under 26 years of age and who:

18 (A) was not advanced from one grade level to the19 next for one or more school years;

(B) if the student is in grade 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, or 12, did not maintain an average equivalent to 70 on a scale of 100 in two or more subjects in the foundation curriculum during a semester in the preceding or current school year or is not maintaining such an average in two or more subjects in the foundation curriculum in the current semester;

26 (C) did not perform satisfactorily on an27 assessment instrument administered to the student under Subchapter

S.B. No. 2066 B, Chapter 39, and who has not in the previous or current school 1 2 year subsequently performed on that instrument or another appropriate instrument at a level equal to at least 110 percent of 3 4 the level of satisfactory performance on that instrument; (D) if the student is in prekindergarten, 5 kindergarten, or grade 1, 2, or 3, did not perform satisfactorily on 6 7 a readiness test or assessment instrument administered during the 8 current school year; 9 (E) is pregnant or is a parent; 10 has been placed in an alternative education (F) 11 program in accordance with Section 37.006 during the preceding or current school year; 12 13 (G) has been expelled in accordance with Section 37.007 during the preceding or current school year; 14 15 (H) is currently on parole, probation, deferred 16 prosecution, or other conditional release; was previously reported through the Public 17 (I) Education Information Management System (PEIMS) to have dropped out 18 19 of school; is an emergent bilingual [a] student [of 20 (J) limited English proficiency], as defined by Section 29.052; 21 22 is in the custody or care of the Department of (K) Family and Protective Services or has, during the current school 23 24 year, been referred to the department by a school official, officer 25 of the juvenile court, or law enforcement official; (L) is homeless; 26 27 (M) resided in the preceding school year or

1 resides in the current school year in a residential placement 2 facility in the district, including a detention facility, substance 3 abuse treatment facility, emergency shelter, psychiatric hospital, 4 halfway house, cottage home operation, specialized child-care 5 home, or general residential operation; or

6 <u>(N)</u> [(14)] has been incarcerated or has a parent 7 or guardian who has been incarcerated, within the lifetime of the 8 student, in a penal institution as defined by Section 1.07, Penal 9 Code; or

10 (2) regardless of the student's age, participates in 11 an adult education program provided under a high school diploma and 12 industry certification charter school program under Section 13 29.259.

SECTION 17. Section 29.091(f), Education Code, is amended to read as follows:

16 (f) Each school district participating in the program 17 shall, in the manner and within the time prescribed by commissioner 18 rule, provide to the agency an annual written report that includes:

19 (1) a detailed description of the district's plan, as20 implemented;

(2) the number and grade levels of participatingstudents;

(3) demographic information for participating
students, including the percentage of students of each applicable
race and ethnicity, the percentage of educationally disadvantaged
students, the percentage of <u>emergent bilingual</u> students [of limited
English proficiency] as defined by Section 29.052, the percentage

of students enrolled in a school district special education program under Subchapter A, and the percentage of students enrolled in a district bilingual education program under Subchapter B;

S.B. No. 2066

4 (4) school attendance rates for participating 5 students, before, during, and after program participation, as 6 applicable;

7 (5) specific information that demonstrates whether 8 the purposes described by Subsections (b)(2) and (3) have been 9 achieved, including the results of assessment instruments 10 administered under Section 39.023 for participating students, 11 before, during, and after program participation, as applicable;

12 (6) aggregate results of assessment instruments 13 administered under Section 39.023 for students of participating 14 classroom teachers, new teachers, and student teachers, before, 15 during, and after program participation by the students, as 16 applicable;

17 (7) information regarding the manner in which teachers
18 are selected for participation in the program and the manner in
19 which teachers are compensated for their participation;

20 (8) statistical information for participating 21 classroom teachers, new teachers, and student teachers, including the number of years employed in the teaching profession, the number 22 of years teaching in the district in which the program is provided, 23 24 the category and class of educator certification held, the highest 25 level of academic degree earned, race, ethnicity, and gender;

information regarding whether:

26

(9)

27

(A) the program is provided on a full-day or

1 half-day basis;

2 (B) the program is voluntary or mandatory for
3 educationally disadvantaged students;

4 (C) the district has partnered with an outside5 provider to provide any supplemental service;

6 (D) the district provides transportation to 7 participating students; and

8 (E) the district offers the program to students 9 who are not educationally disadvantaged and, if so, under what 10 circumstances;

(10) information on retention in the teaching profession of the participating teachers, including new teachers and student teachers; and

14 (11) any other information required by commissioner 15 rule.

SECTION 18. Section 39.023(1), Education Code, is amended to read as follows:

18 (1)The State Board of Education shall adopt rules for the administration of the assessment instruments adopted under 19 20 Subsection (a) in Spanish to emergent bilingual students in grades three through five [who are of limited English proficiency], as 21 22 defined by Section 29.052, whose primary language is Spanish, and who are not otherwise exempt from the administration of an 23 assessment instrument under Section 39.027(a)(1) or (2). 24 Each 25 emergent bilingual student [of limited English proficiency] whose primary language is Spanish, other than a student to whom 26 27 Subsection (b) applies, may be assessed using assessment

1 instruments in Spanish under this subsection for up to three years 2 or assessment instruments in English under Subsection (a). The 3 language proficiency assessment committee established under 4 Section 29.063 shall determine which students are administered 5 assessment instruments in Spanish under this subsection.

6 SECTION 19. Section 39.0241(d), Education Code, is amended 7 to read as follows:

Using funds appropriated for 8 (d) purposes of this 9 subsection, the agency shall develop and make available teacher training materials and other teacher training resources to assist 10 11 teachers in enabling emergent bilingual students [of limited English proficiency] to meet state performance expectations. The 12 13 teacher training resources shall be designed to support intensive, individualized, and accelerated instructional programs developed 14 by school districts for emergent bilingual students [of limited 15 English proficiency]. 16

17 SECTION 20. Sections 39.027(a) and (e), Education Code, are 18 amended to read as follows:

19 (a) A student may be administered an accommodated or 20 alternative assessment instrument or may be granted an exemption 21 from or a postponement of the administration of an assessment 22 instrument under:

(1) Section 39.023(a), (b), (c), or (l) for a period of
up to one year after initial enrollment in a school in the United
States if the student is <u>an emergent bilingual student</u> [of limited
English proficiency], as defined by Section 29.052, and has not
demonstrated proficiency in English as determined by the assessment

1 system under Subsection (e);

2 (2) Section 39.023(a), (b), (c), or (l) for a period of
3 up to two years in addition to the exemption period authorized by
4 Subdivision (1) if the student has received an exemption under
5 Subdivision (1) and:

6

(A) is a recent unschooled immigrant; or

(B) is in a grade for which no assessment
instrument in the primary language of the student is available; or
(3) Section 39.023(a), (b), (c), or (l) for a period of
up to four years, in addition to the exemption period authorized
under Subdivision (1), if the student's initial enrollment in a
school in the United States was as an unschooled asylee or refugee.

13 (e) The commissioner shall develop an assessment system that shall be used for evaluating the academic progress, including 14 reading proficiency in English, of all emergent bilingual students 15 16 [of limited English proficiency], as defined by Section 29.052. A student who is exempt from the administration of an assessment 17 instrument under Subsection (a)(1) or (2) who achieves reading 18 proficiency in English as determined by the assessment system 19 developed under this subsection shall 20 be administered the assessment instruments described by Sections 39.023(a) and (c). 21 22 The performance under the assessment system developed under this subsection of students to whom Subsection (a)(1) or (2) applies 23 24 shall be included in the indicator systems under Section 39.301, as 25 applicable, the performance report under Section 39.306, and the comprehensive biennial report under Section 26 39.332. This 27 information shall be provided in a manner that is disaggregated by

1 the bilingual education or special language program, if any, in 2 which the student is enrolled.

S.B. No. 2066

3 SECTION 21. Section 39.034(b), Education Code, is amended 4 to read as follows:

5 (b) For <u>emergent bilingual</u> students [of limited English 6 proficiency], as defined by Section 29.052, the agency shall use a 7 student's performance data on reading proficiency assessment 8 instruments in English and one other language to calculate the 9 student's progress toward dual language proficiency.

10 SECTION 22. Sections 39.301(c) and (d), Education Code, are 11 amended to read as follows:

12 (c) Indicators for reporting purposes must include:

13 (1) the percentage of graduating students who meet the 14 course requirements established by State Board of Education rule 15 for:

16 (A) the foundation high school program;

17 (B) the distinguished level of achievement under18 the foundation high school program; and

19 (C) each endorsement described by Section
20 28.025(c-1);

(2) the results of the SAT, ACT, and certified
workforce training programs described by Chapter 311, Labor Code;

for students who have failed 23 (3) to perform satisfactorily, under each performance standard under 24 Section 25 39.0241, on an assessment instrument required under Section 39.023(a) or (c), the performance of those students on subsequent 26 27 assessment instruments required under those sections, aggregated

1 by grade level and subject area;

2 (4) for each campus, the number of students, 3 disaggregated by major student subpopulations, that take courses 4 under the foundation high school program and take additional 5 courses to earn an endorsement under Section 28.025(c-1), 6 disaggregated by type of endorsement;

(5) the percentage of students, aggregated by grade 7 level, provided accelerated instruction under Section 28.0211(c), 8 9 the results of assessment instruments administered under that section, the percentage of students promoted through the grade 10 11 placement committee process under Section 28.0211, the subject of the assessment instrument on which each student failed to perform 12 13 satisfactorily under each performance standard under Section 39.0241, and the performance of those students in the school year 14 15 following that promotion on the assessment instruments required 16 under Section 39.023;

17 (6) the percentage of <u>emergent bilingual</u> students [of 18 limited English proficiency] exempted from the administration of an 19 assessment instrument under Sections 39.027(a)(1) and (2);

(7) the percentage of students in a special education program under Subchapter A, Chapter 29, assessed through assessment instruments developed or adopted under Section 39.023(b);

(8) the percentage of students who satisfy the college
 readiness measure;

(9) the measure of progress toward dual language
 proficiency under Section 39.034(b), for <u>emergent bilingual</u>
 students [of limited English proficiency], as defined by Section

1 29.052;

27

2 (10) the percentage of students who are not3 educationally disadvantaged;

4 (11) the percentage of students who enroll and begin
5 instruction at an institution of higher education in the school
6 year following high school graduation; and

7 (12) the percentage of students who successfully
8 complete the first year of instruction at an institution of higher
9 education without needing a developmental education course.

10 (d) Performance on the indicators described by Section 39.053(c) and Subsections (c)(3), (4), and (9) must be based on 11 longitudinal student data that is disaggregated by the bilingual 12 13 education or special language program, if any, in which emergent bilingual students [of limited English proficiency], as defined by 14 15 Section 29.052, are or former emergent bilingual students [of 16 limited English proficiency] were enrolled. If a student described by this subsection is not or was not enrolled in specialized 17 18 language instruction, the number and percentage of those students shall be provided. 19

20 SECTION 23. Section 39.309(c), Education Code, is amended 21 to read as follows:

(c) The Texas School Accountability Dashboard developedunder Subsection (a) must include:

(1) performance information for each school district
 and campus in areas specified by Subsection (b) and must allow for
 comparison between districts and campuses in each of the areas;

(2) a comparison of the number of students enrolled in

1 each school district, including:

2 (A) the percentage of <u>emergent bilingual</u> 3 students [of limited English proficiency], as defined by Section 4 29.052;

5 (B) the percentage of students who are unschooled
6 asylees or refugees, as defined by Section 39.027(a-1);

7 (C) the percentage of students who are8 educationally disadvantaged; and

9 (D) the percentage of students with 10 disabilities;

(3) a comparison of performance information for each district and campus disaggregated by race, ethnicity, and populations served by special programs, including special education, bilingual education, and special language programs; and (4) a comparison of performance information by subject area.

17 SECTION 24. Section 39.332(d), Education Code, is amended 18 to read as follows:

In reporting the information required by Subsections 19 (d) 20 (b)(3), (5), and (7), the agency shall separately aggregate the longitudinal performance data of all students identified as 21 emergent bilingual students [of limited English proficiency], as 22 defined by Section 29.052, or former emergent bilingual students 23 [of limited English proficiency], disaggregated by bilingual 24 education or special language program instructional model, if any, 25 in which the students are or were enrolled. 26

27 SECTION 25. Section 48.105(a), Education Code, is amended

1 to read as follows:

(a) For each student in average daily attendance in a
bilingual education or special language program under Subchapter B,
Chapter 29, a district is entitled to an annual allotment equal to
the basic allotment multiplied by:

6 (1) for <u>an emergent bilingual</u> [a] student [of limited
7 English proficiency], as defined by Section 29.052:

8

(A) 0.1; or

9 (B) 0.15 if the student is in a bilingual 10 education program using a dual language immersion/one-way or 11 two-way program model; and

12 (2) for a student not described by Subdivision (1), 13 0.05 if the student is in a bilingual education program using a dual 14 language immersion/two-way program model.

15 SECTION 26. Section 48.108(a), Education Code, is amended 16 to read as follows:

17 (a) For each student in average daily attendance in 18 kindergarten through third grade, a school district is entitled to 19 an annual allotment equal to the basic allotment multiplied by 0.1 20 if the student is:

21

educationally disadvantaged; or

(2) <u>an emergent bilingual</u> [a] student [of limited
English proficiency], as defined by Section 29.052, and is in a
bilingual education or special language program under Subchapter B,
Chapter 29.

26 SECTION 27. To the extent of any conflict, this Act prevails 27 over another Act of the 87th Legislature, Regular Session, 2021,

| 1 | relating to | nonsubstantive | additions | to | and | corrections | in | enacted |
|---|-------------|----------------|-----------|----|-----|-------------|----|---------|
| 2 | codes. | | | | | | | |

3 SECTION 28. This Act takes effect September 1, 2021.