

PUBLIC COMMENTS

HB 3233

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON COUNTY AFFAIRS

Hearing Date: April 1, 2021 10:30 AM - or upon final adjourn./recess or bill referral if permission granted

Morgan Longoria-Scully

Self

Cottonwood Shores, TX

Harm reduction has been proven to be more effective in issues dealing with substance abuse and addiction. Criminalizing people or putting obstacles in the way of safe practices only further perpetuates harm. Addiction is a vicious cycle that requires support, care and understanding. Distribution of safe, clean needles can help stop the spread of diseases and the life sentences that can come out of reusing or sharing needles. I urge you to please rethink the way we look at substance abuse and addiction. Treat people struggling with the compassion they deserve and help provide safe practices and harm reduction.

Amanda Jasso

self

Austin, TX

I would like to express my support for HB 3233 relating to the establishment by certain counties and hospital districts of disease control programs to reduce overdoses and the risk of certain infectious and communicable diseases.

In Texas right now, we're experiencing a tragic spike in the number of opioid-related overdose deaths. Last year alone, we saw a 50% increase in synthetic opioid deaths in Texas. Investing in syringe service programs (SSPs) has been proven to drastically reduce these numbers.

Additionally, in areas where SSPs are not currently authorized, people are forced to share equipment. Sharing used needles increases the number of HCV (Hepatitis C) and HIV infections. HCV results in liver failure and cancer which cost hundreds of thousands of dollars to treat and care for. However, for every \$1 we invest in SSPs we get about \$7 back in reductions in healthcare cost for HCV and HIV.

Finally, SSPs can serve as significant and relevant sites for support and resources for participants and can assist in providing care and treatment for people who are using. Participants in SSPs are five times more likely to enter drug treatment. Please support HB 3233!

Daniel Hatcher, PRSS, RSPS, ICPR

Self

Dallas, TX

I strongly support this bill.

Slade Skaggs

Recovery Centered Living

Austin, TX

This Bill is forward-thinking of effective evidence-based practices, I support this Bill

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Robin Peyson
Recovery Coalition of Texas
BASTROP, TX

This bill will provide life-saving measures and improve the public health of all residents in the pilot counties. There is clear scientific evidence that these programs work, saves lives and saves money. I strongly support this bill.

Rachel Hood
Sex Worker Outreach Program
Houston, TX

We need to be allowed to do this work safely and NOT at risk of being arrested. Currently in Harris county each needle is a felony. This is making our work harder to do and blocks folks from getting clean supplies.

Erica Cotton
Self
Arlington, TX

I fully support this.

Kayla Freeman
Self - Social Worker
Austin, TX

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Casey Malish, Vice President/Outreach Specialist
Houston Harm Reduction Alliance
Bellaire, TX

This bill is introduced during a critical time. While HIV and HEP C are the main infections these programs aim to curb, limiting their goal to that only scratches the surface of how necessary Syringe Service Programs (SSP's) are right now. With the rise of new synthetic opioids, has also led to increased risk of endocarditis, amputated arms/legs, and abscess infections. Unfortunately this will continue due to synthetic opioids becoming more prevalent and SSP's are the best line of defense in saving both lives and

Printed on: April 5, 2021 2:58 PM

taxpayer money. This is a problem that effects all of us, not just those firsthand impacted. Additionally, aside from just preventing infections, these programs link people to lifesaving overdose reversal medications, linkage to treatment and other resources. In my short time in the field there have already been 91 reported overdose reversals that wouldn't have happened had it not been for Syringe Service Programs.

Christopher Bailey

Self

El Paso, TX

I would like to voice my vigorous support for this Bill!

Ben Bass

El Paso Alliance, Inc.

El Paso, TX

These hospital districts are located in high drug use areas. This is how we can keep people alive long enough to recover from drug use. Please support this bill.

Rainey Fraser

Self (Patient Care Navigator, Outreach Volunteer)

Austin, TX

I wanted to express my support for HB 3233, which will assist in establishing & funding programs in the state to help reduce transmission rates of HIV & HCV through harm reduction programming. I have witnessed first hand as a human services professional how these interventions help keep people and our communities at large safer and more wholly supported. Thank you.

Margaret Jang

self

Austin, TX

I am a young Texas resident, and I am writing to show my support for this bill. In Texas right now, we're experiencing a tragic spike in the number of opioid-related overdose deaths. Last year alone, we saw a 50% increase in synthetic opioid deaths in Texas. Investing in syringe service programs (SSPs) has been proven to drastically reduce these numbers.

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Emily Gray

Austin harm reduction coalition

Austin, TX

SUPPORT. syringe access saves lives.

Gilberto Perez

Printed on: April 5, 2021 2:58 PM

self

Austin, TX

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In areas where SSPs are not currently authorized, people are forced to share equipment. Sharing used needles increases the number of HCV (Hepatitis C) and HIV infections. HCV results in liver failure and cancer which cost hundreds of thousands of dollars to treat and care for. However, for every \$1 we invest in SSPs we get about \$7 back in reductions in healthcare cost for HCV and HIV.

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Michael Young

Self - Recovery Advocate/Drug and Alcohol Treatment Worker

Cleburne, TX

Being in recovery myself (I was an IV heroin/methamphetamine user for years) having overdosed multiple times, and being a treatment worker, I know first hand how important things like access to clean syringes, Narcan, harm reduction support and education are. It's not to enable addicts to keep using, but it keeps our young men and women suffering from a mental disease alive and as healthy as possible until they can receive help and have the same opportunity I've been given.

Addicts are going to use no matter what the legislation is. Rather than using clean syringes, they will use dirty ones and catch more infectious diseases like hep-c, HIV/AIDS which will inevitably spread to non-addict populations.

Many addicts don't want to keep using and simply don't have access to treatment or support.

Narcan has saved untold men and women, and I've personally seen guys that get revived with Narcan and go immediately into treatment and stay clean.

This is an investment in our young people. If we only save 1 life with this money, is that not worth it? Though I know from experience, that it has already saved many, many more.

Steven Powell

Self/Physician

Austin, TX

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Heather Daugherty

self, Vocational Rehabilitation Teacher

Austin, TX

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Luisa Moeller

Self, nurse

Weatherford, TX

I support this bill. Harm reduction programs like this are proven to reduce the incidence of communicable diseases and their subsequent physical and financial costs. This would help not only the individuals directly utilizing the program, but all other individuals in their community with whom they come in contact: including healthcare and other frontline workers. Potential users of this program deserve these safer, healthier options and so do their communities: please support this bill.

Tricia Christensen

Self & Volunteer with Bexar Area Harm Reduction Coalition

Converse, TX

I am in full support of HB3233 to establish programs to reduce overdoses and risk of certain infectious and communicable diseases.

Before moving to Texas, I lived in Maryland and helped to establish several syringe services programs across the state to serve people who use drugs. Many of these state-approved programs began in response to the alarming rise of fentanyl-related overdose deaths. I watched as new programs across the state successfully provided naloxone, safe use supplies, and access to recovery supports to hundreds of people who use drugs, who otherwise had very little support. Thousands of overdoses, abscesses, and infectious disease transmissions have been prevented thanks to these programs, and the State continues to invest in these life-saving measures.

When I moved to San Antonio, I immediately reached out to the Bexar Area Harm Reduction Coalition to volunteer. I would be testifying in person today except that Thursday mornings are when I volunteer with BAHRC in partnership with another local

Printed on: April 5, 2021 2:58 PM

behavioral health program to provide supplies and support to people who use drugs on the westside of San Antonio. I usually talk to 25-50 people each week at this site, many of them regulars and many of them brand new to the program. Everyone I speak with is so grateful that our program exists, and they often share stories of a fatal overdose they recently prevented with the naloxone we gave them. Those who are new to the program shared that before receiving sterile supplies from us they would re-use the same needle several times, or would sometimes share needles with others or use one they found discarded. Some have showed us their abscess wounds and other physical health concerns related to using non-sterile supplies, and we've been able to provide them with some basic wound care and hygiene supplies and information about how to prevent wounds in the future. Some have opened up about wanting to make changes to their drug use, to reduce or stop using, and we have been able to share information about available resources in the community. Many participants dutifully bring us back their used syringes so we can properly discard them, and they are thrilled to receive new supplies so they no longer need to worry about where they will find them.

Contrary to what some believe, people who use drugs care about their health, and they do want to be safer. Bexar County is lucky to have a program that can serve those who have very little support elsewhere, and I urge you to vote favorably for HB3233 so that more programs like this one can flourish in Texas.

Carlos Aguilar III

Casa vida

El Paso, TX

I support the Bill , it's long over due

Carl Hunter, Senior Policy Advisor

Recovery Coalition of Texas & Texas Recovery Advocacy Project

Austin, TX

In light of Covid-19, we see the devastating impact of infectious and communicable diseases. This bill would save Texan lives and provide the evidence needed to potentially implement disease control programs across the state.

Ken Hanna, Reverend

Church of St. Clement

El Paso, TX

Would be helpful for our community.

William Martin, Dr.

Drug Policy Program, Rice University's Baker Institute for Public Policy

HOUSTON, TX

I write in support of HB 3233.

When I led in establishing the Drug Policy Program at Rice University's Baker Institute in 2001, the first issue I decided to focus on was syringe exchange, not because it was the greatest or, certainly, the most dramatic drug-related problem or issue. I chose it because both the science and economics of syringe exchange programs were well established and supported by years of successful experience in many other countries and almost every other state in the U.S. I knew and understood why it can be controversial when people first hear about it, but I told myself, "Once I explain this to members of the Texas legislature, it will surely be passed into law, and that will be good for Texas and a safe, sensible start for our program." Two decades later, our program is doing quite well, but Texas, where my ancestors settled more than ten years before it was a state, still resists full acceptance of this safe, sensible measure.

Printed on: April 5, 2021 2:58 PM

I have written numerous articles, made speeches, taught classes, and testified biennially in House and Senate hearings in support of syringe exchange/service programs. Others are making the scientific, economic, legal, arguments quite ably this time around, so I will not plow that ground again. Instead, I will stand alongside those who acknowledge that many good, honest, and intelligent people recoil at the whole idea of providing sterile syringes to people who use dangerous and illegal drugs.

When faced with the mountain of evidence that strongly supports syringe exchange, opponents often resort to “It sends the wrong message.” Think of the message sent by opposing these programs: “We know a way to dramatically cut your chances of contracting a deadly disease, then spreading it to others, including your unborn children. It would also dramatically cut the amount of money society is going to have to spend on you and those you infect. But because we believe what you are doing is illegal, immoral, and sinful, we are not going to do what we know works. You are social lepers and, as upright, moral, sincerely religious people, we prefer that you and others in your social orbit die.” This, I think, is not the message the people of Texas want to send.

The good news is that we know a great deal about what happens when communities adopt these programs, and the evidence is strong that they help people move toward health and recovery without increasing drug use.

No responsible person wants to encourage drug abuse. No fiscally prudent person wants to waste money simply to satisfy a sense of righteous indignation. No compassionate person wants to consign people unnecessarily to death or a living hell. Fortunately, providing persons who inject drugs with access to sterile syringes allows us to be responsible, prudent, and compassionate. Those are admirable criteria for good public policy, policy that thoughtful, ethical, moral people, religious or secular, can support with a clear conscience.

Manuela Thibodeaux

Self

Austin, TX

I would like to express my support for HB 3233 relating to the establishment by certain counties and hospital districts of disease control programs to reduce overdoses and the risk of certain infectious and communicable diseases.

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Additionally, in areas where SSPs are not currently authorized, people are forced to share equipment. Sharing used needles increases the number of HCV (Hepatitis C) and HIV infections. HCV results in liver failure and cancer which cost hundreds of thousands of dollars to treat and care for.

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Charles Thibodeaux, Co-Founder

Texas Overdose Naloxone Initiative (TONI)

Austin, TX

I would like to express my support for HB 3233 relating to the establishment by certain counties and hospital districts of disease control programs to reduce overdoses and the risk of certain infectious and communicable diseases.

In Texas right now, we're experiencing a tragic spike in the number of opioid-related overdose deaths. Last year alone, we saw a 50% increase in synthetic opioid deaths in Texas. Investing in syringe service programs (SSPs) has been proven to drastically reduce these numbers. Individuals with Substance Use Disorder eventually experience isolation due to their drug use. The more isolated the individual becomes, the more dangerous the drug use becomes. When the person is isolated, they are less likely to gain access to drug treatment services. Areas where SSP are located, individuals are connected to services and are five times

Printed on: April 5, 2021 2:58 PM

more likely to enter drug treatment. SSP's do not increase drug use and they actually decrease drug use in the community by connecting people to services including drug treatment.

Sharing equipment and used needles increases the number of HCV (Hepatitis C) and HIV infections. HCV results in liver failure and cancer which cost hundreds of thousands of dollars to treat and care for. Unsanitary equipment can also result in soft tissue wounds, endocarditis, cellulitis, and other infections that are completely avoidable. It is not uncommon for the drug user to be indigent and often times they access medical treatment at hospital emergency departments. Tax paying citizens end up feeling the brunt of those health care costs. However, for every \$1 we invest in SSPs we get about \$7 back in reductions in healthcare cost for HCV and HIV. SSP programs in Texas would certainly ease the burden of thousands of dollars of health care cost associated with the use of unsanitary equipment.

Please support HB 3233!

Chelsea Collier
Recovery Advocacy Project
Fairview, TX

This is important to protect the people suffering from substance use disorder.

Johanna Kuehnel
Punto de Partida, a project of Recovery Alliance
El Paso, TX

Texas has the power and, hence, the responsibility, to adopt evidence based policies that are proven to lower the overdose mortality rates and prevent the transmission of communicable diseases such as HIV and Hep C.

Christine Mokry
self, licensed chemical dependency counselor intern
Austin, TX

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Clayton Holsey
self, realtor
Austin, TX

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Ashli Pingry

Self

Houston, TX

I would like to express my support for HB 3233 relating to the establishment by certain counties and hospital districts of disease control programs to reduce overdoses and the risk of certain infectious and communicable diseases.

The last three years I have known of at least five overdose deaths within my circle of friends and family. In Texas right now, we're experiencing a tragic spike in the number of opioid-related overdose deaths. Last year alone, we saw a 50% increase in synthetic opioid deaths in Texas. Investing in syringe service programs (SSPs) has been proven to drastically reduce these numbers.

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Finally, SSPs can serve as significant and relevant sites for support and resources for participants and can assist in providing care and treatment for people who are using. Participants in SSPs are five times more likely to enter drug treatment. This bill will help my family members and friends in ways that I couldn't and I believe would have a profound impact. Please support HB 3233!

Channing Neary

Law Office of Channing C. Neary

Austin, TX

I have been a licensed attorney in Texas for 17 years and practiced criminal law exclusively during that time. In Texas, we have experienced a 50% increase in synthetic opioid deaths. I have seen this first hand in my criminal defense practice. I have lost seven clients in the past year, one due to sepsis from sharing needles. Investing in syringe service programs would drastically reduce these numbers. Participants in syringe service programs are five times more likely to enter drug treatment. The vast majority of my clients are IV drug users and are hospitalized routinely for infections where they have injected drugs into their bodies. They do not have insurance and can be hospitalized for weeks due to severity of the infection. Investing in these programs would save taxpayers hundreds of thousands of dollars statewide. Nearly 30 years of research shows that SSPs are safe, effective, cost-saving, and do not increase illegal drug use or crime, and play a vital role in reducing the transmission of infectious diseases.

Elizabeth Maldonado

O.D. Aid

Printed on: April 5, 2021 2:58 PM

Fort Worth, TX

Hello, My name is Lizzie Maldonado and I am the Director of a harm reduction program in Fort Worth that distributes overdose prevention and safer consumption supplies with and for people who use drugs.

What I have learned from 3 years of doing this work is that it is infinitely easier to get your hands on illicit drugs than it is to buy sterile syringes, cookers, drug-testing strips, and other life-saving supplies. These supplies are regulated and gate-kept from people who use drugs and it results in the transmission of preventable infections like HIV and hepatitis C that can be deadly, especially when they go untreated — as people who use drugs are often stigmatized and excluded from receiving quality health care and treatment.

Contrary to popular belief, access to sterile syringes has been proven to reduce drug use, syringe litter, fatal overdoses, and other drug-related harms. Despite syringe service programs being lauded as public health best practices across the country, we take considerable risk in distributing harm reduction supplies without a bill like HB 3233 — and we do it with intention, with love, and with commitment to the health and dignity of our program participants. At the root of harm reduction is the concept of self-determination, and the idea that people who use drugs use them for many reasons, in many different kinds of settings, and they experience very different risks. We need to meet people in Texas where they are and protect the most vulnerable people who use drugs in our communities from preventable deaths. People who use drugs exist — they are us, they are our parents, our siblings, our neighbors, our spouses, our children, our friends, our coworkers, and members of our faith homes.

We love them and we want them alive, safe, and well.

I would like to express my support for HB 3233.

In Texas right now, we're experiencing a tragic spike in the number of opioid-related overdose deaths. Last year alone, we saw a 50% increase in synthetic opioid deaths in Texas. Investing in syringe service programs (SSPs) has been proven to drastically reduce these numbers. Additionally, in areas where SSPs are not currently authorized, people are forced to share equipment. Sharing used needles increases the number of HCV (Hepatitis C) and HIV infections. SSPs can serve as significant and relevant sites for support and resources for participants and can assist in providing care and treatment for people who are using. Participants in SSPs are five times more likely to enter drug treatment.

Author Johann Hari wrote: "The opposite of addiction is connection." Support HB 3233 to create life-saving, non-judgmental and trauma-informed connections to care for so many people in our communities who are dying alone from preventable causes, without support, attention, or options.

Support HB 3233 and save lives.

Thank you.

Kira Swensen

West Texas Harm Refuction

Temple, TX

West Texas Harm Reduction would like to state its support of this bill. Reducing disease and harm is the basis on which harm reduction is established. This bill is a step in the right direction for harm reduction services in Texas. Every Texan's life is precious and every life is worthy of love, acceptance, and access to services that will improve health and wellbeing. The research behind syringe services and harm reduction services is overwhelmingly positive and this bill should take into consideration the positive impact it will have on Texans without passing judgement on the types of lives it will impact. EVERY LIFE MATTERS.

Jeff Ondocsin

Self, researcher

Houston, TX

Printed on: April 5, 2021 2:58 PM

Authorizing syringe services programs in the state of Texas would provide significant help to communities and organizations that are looking to improve the lives of people who use drugs in Texas. These programs provide the best opportunities to prevent blood-borne disease transmission, including HIV and hepatitis C, and reduce overdoses, which have surged in the state during the COVID-19 pandemic. It is far more cost effective for communities to prevent infections and overdose from occurring, rather than treating them through the medical system afterwards, and it is in these functions that syringe services programs excel. Additionally, syringe services programs are a trusted touchpoint of many in the community, and can be a valuable channel to get more Texans into evidence-based drug treatment programs for their substance use. Please support HB 3233 brought forward by Representative Moody.

Margaret Smith
Self, non-profit
Houston, TX

Please support HB 3233 brought forward by Representative Moody. As an active voter, this issue is very important to me. Please authorize syringe services programs in the state of Texas to support communities improve the lives of people who use drugs in Texas. These programs provide the best opportunities to prevent blood-borne disease transmission, including HIV and hepatitis C, and reduce overdoses, which have surged in the state during the COVID-19 pandemic. It is far more cost effective for communities to prevent infections and overdose from occurring, rather than treating them through the medical system afterwards, and it is in these functions that syringe services programs excel. Additionally, syringe services programs are a trusted service for many in the community, and can be a valuable channel to get more Texans into evidence-based drug treatment programs for their substance use.

Rachel Gollay
self
Fort Worth, TX

I would like to express my support for HB 3233 relating to the establishment by certain counties and hospital districts of disease control programs to reduce overdoses and the risk of certain infectious and communicable diseases. I volunteer with a harm reduction collective in Fort Worth and we have seen firsthand the need for life-saving syringe service programs.

In Texas right now, we're experiencing a tragic spike in the number of opioid-related overdose deaths. Last year alone, we saw a 50% increase in synthetic opioid deaths in Texas. Investing in syringe service programs (SSPs) has been proven to drastically reduce these numbers.

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Katharine Harris
Baker Institute for Public Policy, Rice University
Houston, TX

I am writing to express my support for HB 3233, to authorize the establishment of syringe service programs (SSPs). We have decades of evidence from other cities, states, and countries that these public health programs are a cost-effective way to reduce the spread of Hepatitis C (HCV) and HIV—diseases which result in hundreds of thousands of dollars in medical expenses. Every dollar spent on SSPs results in approximately \$7 in healthcare cost savings.

Printed on: April 5, 2021 2:58 PM

SSPs do not encourage drug use. The data support this fact. People simply do not decide to start injecting drugs because they have access to needles. To suggest such a relationship is ignorant at best, dishonest at worst. On the contrary, SSPs often serve as a conduit to treatment because they connect people who use drugs with trusted healthcare providers. Participants in SSPs are five times more likely to enter treatment than people who do not participate.

The opioid overdose crisis and the related outbreaks of HCV and HIV in states like Indiana, Kentucky, and West Virginia have become so severe that lawmakers, no longer able to ignore the evidence, have approved SSPs to address these drug-related epidemics.

So far Texas has been spared the worst of the overdose epidemic, largely because the powerful synthetic opioid fentanyl is not as prevalent in the state's illicit drug supply relative to Eastern and Midwestern states. This is changing. There was a 50% increase in synthetic opioid (mostly fentanyl) related deaths in Texas last year. With limited drug treatment services available in the state, and the continuing pandemic, these deaths and related illnesses are likely to continue to rise.

With HB 3233, the Texas legislature has the opportunity to implement a cost-effective, sensible public health approach to drug use that will reduce overdoses and communicable diseases in the state. Please support this bill.

Joe Barber, Pastor

Saint Luke Missionary Baptist Church

San Antonio, TX

March 30, 2021

The Honorable Representative Ray Lopez
Texas House of Representatives, District 125
P.O. Box 2910
Austin, Texas 78768

Dear Representative Lopez:

I am writing this communication from a position of humility and gratefulness in being able to serve in an SSP movement. I, along with volunteers from the St. Luke Missionary Baptist Church, have been able to witness first-hand how the impact of this program has affected the lives of those in our community.

We as the Church have used this service as a faith-based approach to reaching those who are at risk in our city. I can attest to at least 300 lives that have been saved because of our efforts. The partnership of all agencies, that is Government healthcare and the Church, I believe has been an effective intervention.

I applaud your efforts in this arena and look forward to continuing in the service of humankind. Again, we thank you for your continued support and look forward to working with you in the future. It is our hope and prayer that we are able to continue in this great work.

In His Service,

Pastor Joe E. Barber

Jamie Willingham

Self

Benbrook, TX

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I would like to express my support for HB 3233 relating to the establishment by certain counties and hospital districts of disease control programs to reduce overdoses and the risk of certain infectious and communicable diseases.

In Texas right now, we're experiencing a tragic spike in the number of opioid-related overdose deaths. Last year alone, we saw a 50% increase in synthetic opioid deaths in Texas. Investing in syringe service programs (SSPs) has been proven to drastically reduce these numbers.

Additionally, in areas where SSPs are not currently authorized, people are forced to share equipment. Sharing used needles increases the number of HCV (Hepatitis C) and HIV infections. HCV results in liver failure and cancer which cost hundreds of thousands of dollars to treat and care for. However, for every \$1 we invest in SSPs we get about \$7 back in reductions in healthcare cost for HCV and HIV.

Finally, SSPs can serve as significant and relevant sites for support and resources for participants and can assist in providing care and treatment for people who are using. Participants in SSPs are five times more likely to enter drug treatment. Please support HB 3233!

Richard Bradshaw

Recovery Advocacy Project

Waco, TX

I support this bill. It will allow IV drug users to be connected to further treatment as well as lower all health related costs (Endocarditis, HIV, HepC) that burden the state among Iv drug users.

Shalyn Nasi

Self

Waco, TX

I support this bill

Candice Starns

Dallas Harm Reduction Aid

Richardson, TX

Harm reduction needle exchanges would greatly reduce the risk of diseases by providing an actual place or providing groups safe ways to collect and dispose of dirty needles

Chase Anderson, Mr

Self

Arlington, TX

Support! Harm Prevention saved my life

Joel Trawick

Self/Community

Houston, TX

With most treatment options privatized and with high economic burdens, and long (months) waitlists for state funded treatment options, how can we not prioritize keeping people safe and using more practical strategies for the people who find themselves presently using drugs? I have been on these waiting lists for extended periods of time, while being asked to leave pharmacies in these counties for attempting to acquire sterile/safer injection equipment. If we acknowledge people are actually using drugs, and treatment options are vital to a healthy community (which we certainly have), how have we left the first steps of safety behind? I

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am fortunate that when I shared injection equipment, I did not acquire any diseases. But that risk would be completely mitigated if I could have been given an easier starting point to treatment, such as the ability to stay safe while being on these waitlists.

Lisa Medina

Self/Counselor/LCDC

Austin, TX

I am in support of this bill as a measure to provide services to our most vulnerable community members, who deserve compassion and access to medically necessary resources in a way that eliminates barriers and increases access to care.

michael prado, FOUNDER

west texas harm reduction

ABILENE, TX

Now is the time to start protecting residents of this great state. Please pass this bill!

Zachary Abrego

Self

Eules, TX

Absolutely support this