By: Bettencourt S.J.R. No. 1

A JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing a constitutional amendment to increase the amount of the 1 2 exemption from ad valorem taxation by a school district applicable to residence homesteads, to adjust the amount of the limitation on 3 school district ad valorem taxes imposed on the residence 4 5 homesteads of the elderly or disabled to reflect increases in certain exemption amounts, and to except certain appropriations to 6 pay for school 7 district ad valorem tax relief from the

- 9 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- SECTION 1. Sections 1-b(c) and (d), Article VIII, Texas

 Constitution, are amended to read as follows:

constitutional limitation on the rate of growth of appropriations.

12 (c) The amount of \$100,000 [\$40,000] of the market value of the residence homestead of a married or unmarried adult, including 13 14 one living alone, is exempt from ad valorem taxation for general elementary and secondary public school purposes. The legislature 15 16 by general law may provide that all or part of the exemption does not apply to a district or political subdivision that imposes ad 17 valorem taxes for public education purposes but is not the 18 principal school district providing general elementary 19 20 secondary public education throughout its territory. In addition 21 to this exemption, the legislature by general law may exempt an amount not to exceed \$10,000 of the market value of the residence 22 23 homestead of a person who is disabled as defined in Subsection (b) of this section and of a person 65 years of age or older from ad 24

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1 valorem taxation for general elementary and secondary public school purposes. The legislature by general law may base the amount of and 2 condition eligibility for the additional exemption authorized by this subsection for disabled persons and for persons 65 years of age 4 5 or older on economic need. An eligible disabled person who is 65 years of age or older may not receive both exemptions from a school 6 district but may choose either. An eligible person is entitled to 7 8 receive both the exemption required by this subsection for all residence homesteads and any exemption adopted pursuant 9 Subsection (b) of this section, but the legislature shall provide 10 by general law whether an eligible disabled or elderly person may 11 12 receive both the additional exemption for the elderly and disabled authorized by this subsection and any exemption for the elderly or 13 14 disabled adopted pursuant to Subsection (b) of this section. Where ad valorem tax has previously been pledged for the payment of debt, 15 the taxing officers of a school district may continue to levy and 16 17 collect the tax against the value of homesteads exempted under this subsection until the debt is discharged if the cessation of the levy 18 19 would impair the obligation of the contract by which the debt was created. The legislature shall provide for formulas to protect 20 school districts against all or part of the revenue loss incurred by 21 the implementation of this subsection, Subsection (d) of this 22 section, and Section 1-d-1 of this article. The legislature by 23 24 general law may define residence homestead for purposes of this section. 25

26 (d) Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, if a 27 person receives a residence homestead exemption prescribed by

1 Subsection (c) of this section for homesteads of persons who are 65 years of age or older or who are disabled, the total amount of ad 2 3 valorem taxes imposed on that homestead for general elementary and secondary public school purposes may not be increased while it 4 5 remains the residence homestead of that person or that person's spouse who receives the exemption. If a person who is 65 years of 6 age or older or who is disabled dies in a year in which the person 7 8 received the exemption, the total amount of ad valorem taxes imposed on the homestead for general elementary and secondary 9 10 public school purposes may not be increased while it remains the residence homestead of that person's surviving spouse if the spouse 11 12 is 55 years of age or older at the time of the person's death, any exceptions provided by 13 general 14 legislature, by general law, may provide for the transfer of all or 15 a proportionate amount of a limitation provided by this subsection for a person who qualifies for the limitation and establishes a 16 17 different residence homestead. However, taxes otherwise limited by this subsection may be increased to the extent the value of the 18 19 homestead is increased by improvements other than repairs or improvements made to comply with governmental requirements and 20 except as may be consistent with the transfer of a limitation under 21 this subsection. For a residence homestead subject to 22 23 limitation provided by this subsection in the 1996 tax year or an 24 earlier tax year, the legislature shall provide for a reduction in the amount of the limitation for the 1997 tax year and subsequent 25 26 tax years in an amount equal to \$10,000 multiplied by the 1997 tax rate for general elementary and secondary public school purposes 27

1 applicable to the residence homestead. For a residence homestead subject to the limitation provided by this subsection in the 2014 2 3 tax year or an earlier tax year, the legislature shall provide for a reduction in the amount of the limitation for the 2015 tax year and 4 5 subsequent tax years in an amount equal to \$10,000 multiplied by the 2015 tax rate for general elementary and secondary public school 6 purposes applicable to the residence homestead. For a residence 7 8 homestead subject to the limitation provided by this subsection in the 2021 tax year or an earlier tax year, the legislature shall 9 10 provide for a reduction in the amount of the limitation for the 2023 tax year and subsequent tax years in an amount equal to \$15,000 11 multiplied by the 2022 tax rate for general elementary and 12 secondary public school purposes applicable to the residence 13 14 homestead. Beginning with the 2023 tax year, for any tax year in which the amount of the exemption provided by Subsection (c) of this 15 section applicable to the residence homestead of a married or 16 17 unmarried adult, including one living alone, or the amount of the exemption provided by Subsection (c) of this section applicable to 18 19 the residence homestead of a person who is disabled as defined by Subsection (b) of this section and of a person 65 years of age or 20 older is increased, the legislature shall provide for a reduction 21 22 for that tax year and subsequent tax years in the amount of the limitation provided by this subsection applicable to a residence 23 24 homestead that was subject to the limitation in the tax year preceding the tax year in which the amount of the exemption is 25 26 increased in an amount equal to the amount by which the amount of the exemption is increased multiplied by the tax rate for general 27

- 1 elementary and secondary public school purposes applicable to the
- 2 residence homestead for the tax year in which the amount of the
- 3 exemption is increased.
- 4 SECTION 2. Section 22, Article VIII, Texas Constitution, is
- 5 amended by adding Subsection (a-1) to read as follows:
- 6 (a-1) Appropriations from state tax revenues not dedicated
- 7 by this constitution that are made for the purpose of paying for
- 8 school district ad valorem tax relief as identified by the
- 9 legislature by general law are not included as appropriations for
- 10 purposes of determining whether the rate of growth of
- 11 appropriations exceeds the limitation prescribed by Subsection (a)
- 12 of this section.
- 13 SECTION 3. The following temporary provision is added to
- 14 the Texas Constitution:
- 15 <u>TEMPORARY PROVISION</u>. (a) This temporary provision applies
- 16 to the constitutional amendment proposed by the 88th Legislature,
- 17 1st Called Session, 2023, to increase the amount of the exemption
- 18 from ad valorem taxation by a school district applicable to
- 19 residence homesteads, to adjust the amount of the limitation on
- 20 school district ad valorem taxes imposed on the residence
- 21 homesteads of the elderly or disabled to reflect increases in
- 22 certain exemption amounts, and to except certain appropriations to
- 23 pay for school district ad valorem tax relief from the
- 24 constitutional limitation on the rate of growth of appropriations.
- 25 (b) The amendments to Sections 1-b(c) and (d), Article VIII,
- 26 of this constitution take effect for the tax year beginning January
- 27 <u>1, 2023.</u>

- 1 (c) The amendment to Section 22, Article VIII, of this
- 2 constitution applies to appropriations made for the state fiscal
- 3 biennium beginning September 1, 2023, and subsequent state fiscal
- 4 <u>biennium</u>s.
- 5 (d) This temporary provision expires January 1, 2025.
- 6 SECTION 4. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be 7 submitted to the voters at an election to be held November 7, 2023. 8 The ballot shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment to increase the amount 9 of the residence homestead exemption from ad valorem taxation for 10 public school purposes from \$40,000 to \$100,000; to adjust the 11 amount of the limitation on ad valorem taxes for public school 12 purposes imposed on the residence homestead of a person who is 13 14 disabled or is 65 years of age or older to reflect increases in 15 certain exemption amounts; and to except certain appropriations to pay for school district ad valorem tax relief from the 16 17 constitutional limitation on the rate of growth of appropriations."