By: Bryant

H.J.R. No. 14

A JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing a constitutional amendment to increase the amount of the 1 2 exemption from ad valorem taxation by a school district applicable to residence homesteads, to adjust the amount of the limitation on 3 school district ad valorem taxes imposed on the residence 4 5 homesteads of the elderly or disabled to reflect increases in certain exemption amounts, to establish the property tax relief to 6 7 rental households fund and authorize the legislature to provide payments to rental households from that fund based on a proportion 8 9 of rent paid, and to except certain appropriations to pay for school district ad valorem tax relief and property tax relief payments to 10 11 rental households from the constitutional limitation on the rate of 12 growth of appropriations.

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BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Sections 1-b(c) and (d), Article VIII, Texas Constitution, are amended to read as follows:

16 (c) Subject to subsection (c-1), the greater of \$100,000, or a greater amount prescribed by the legislature by general law, or 25 17 percent [amount of \$40,000] of the market value of the residence 18 homestead of a married or unmarried adult, including one living 19 20 alone, is exempt from ad valorem taxation for general elementary 21 and secondary public school purposes. The legislature by general law may provide that all or part of the exemption does not apply to a 22 23 district or political subdivision that imposes ad valorem taxes for public education purposes but is not the principal school district 24

1 providing general elementary and secondary public education throughout its territory. In addition to this exemption, the 2 3 legislature by general law may exempt an amount not to exceed \$10,000 of the market value of the residence homestead of a person 4 5 who is disabled as defined in Subsection (b) of this section and of a person 65 years of age or older from ad valorem taxation for 6 general elementary and secondary public school purposes. 7 The 8 legislature by general law may base the amount of and condition eligibility for the additional exemption authorized by this 9 10 subsection for disabled persons and for persons 65 years of age or older on economic need. An eligible disabled person who is 65 years 11 12 of age or older may not receive both exemptions from a school district but may choose either. An eligible person is entitled to 13 14 receive both the exemption required by this subsection for all 15 residence homesteads and any exemption adopted pursuant to Subsection (b) of this section, but the legislature shall provide 16 17 by general law whether an eligible disabled or elderly person may receive both the additional exemption for the elderly and disabled 18 19 authorized by this subsection and any exemption for the elderly or disabled adopted pursuant to Subsection (b) of this section. Where 20 ad valorem tax has previously been pledged for the payment of debt, 21 the taxing officers of a school district may continue to levy and 22 23 collect the tax against the value of homesteads exempted under this 24 subsection until the debt is discharged if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligation of the contract by which the debt was 25 26 created. The legislature shall provide for formulas to protect 27 school districts against all or part of the revenue loss incurred by

1 the implementation of this subsection, Subsection (d) of this 2 section, and Section 1-d-1 of this article. The legislature by 3 general law may define residence homestead for purposes of this 4 section.

5 <u>(c-1)</u> An exemption of 25 percent of the appraised value of 6 the adult's residence homestead may not exceed \$200,000, or a 7 greater amount prescribed by the legislature by general law, of the 8 appraised value of the adult's residence homestead.

9 Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, if a (d) 10 person receives a residence homestead exemption prescribed by Subsection (c) of this section for homesteads of persons who are 65 11 12 years of age or older or who are disabled, the total amount of ad valorem taxes imposed on that homestead for general elementary and 13 14 secondary public school purposes may not be increased while it 15 remains the residence homestead of that person or that person's spouse who receives the exemption. If a person who is 65 years of 16 17 age or older or who is disabled dies in a year in which the person received the exemption, the total amount of ad valorem taxes 18 imposed on the homestead for general elementary and secondary 19 public school purposes may not be increased while it remains the 20 residence homestead of that person's surviving spouse if the spouse 21 is 55 years of age or older at the time of the person's death, 22 23 any exceptions provided by general subject to law. The 24 legislature, by general law, may provide for the transfer of all or a proportionate amount of a limitation provided by this subsection 25 26 for a person who qualifies for the limitation and establishes a different residence homestead. However, taxes otherwise limited by 27

1 this subsection may be increased to the extent the value of the homestead is increased by improvements other than repairs or 2 3 improvements made to comply with governmental requirements and except as may be consistent with the transfer of a limitation under 4 5 this subsection. For a residence homestead subject to the limitation provided by this subsection in the 1996 tax year or an 6 earlier tax year, the legislature shall provide for a reduction in 7 8 the amount of the limitation for the 1997 tax year and subsequent tax years in an amount equal to \$10,000 multiplied by the 1997 tax 9 10 rate for general elementary and secondary public school purposes applicable to the residence homestead. For a residence homestead 11 subject to the limitation provided by this subsection in the 2014 12 tax year or an earlier tax year, the legislature shall provide for a 13 14 reduction in the amount of the limitation for the 2015 tax year and 15 subsequent tax years in an amount equal to \$10,000 multiplied by the 2015 tax rate for general elementary and secondary public school 16 17 purposes applicable to the residence homestead. For a residence homestead subject to the limitation provided by this subsection in 18 the 2021 tax year or an earlier tax year, the legislature shall 19 provide for a reduction in the amount of the limitation for the 2023 20 tax year and subsequent tax years in an amount equal to \$15,000 21 multiplied by the 2022 tax rate for general elementary and 22 secondary public school purposes applicable to the residence 23 24 homestead. Beginning with the 2023 tax year, for any tax year in which the amount of the exemption provided by Subsection (c) of this 25 26 section applicable to the residence homestead of a married or unmarried adult, including one living alone, or the amount of the 27

1 exemption provided by Subsection (c) of this section applicable to 2 the residence homestead of a person who is disabled as defined by Subsection (b) of this section and of a person 65 years of age or 3 older is increased, the legislature shall provide for a reduction 4 for that tax year and subsequent tax years in the amount of the 5 limitation provided by this subsection applicable to a residence 6 homestead that was subject to the limitation in the tax year 7 preceding the tax year in which the amount of the exemption is 8 increased in an amount equal to the amount by which the amount of 9 10 the exemption is increased multiplied by the tax rate for general elementary and secondary public school purposes applicable to the 11 12 residence homestead for the tax year in which the amount of the 13 exemption is increased. 14 SECTION 2. Article VIII, Texas Constitution, is amended by 15 adding Section 30 to read as follows: Sec. 30. (a) The property tax relief to rental households 16 17 fund is created, and the comptroller of public accounts shall transfer into it \$3.8 billion for the fiscal biennium beginning 18 19 September 1, 2023. The Legislature may by general law direct general revenue into the fund and authorize the comptroller of 20 public accounts to make direct payments from the fund to rental 21 22 households to provide property tax relief. 23 (c) The legislature by general law may prescribe additional 24 eligibility requirements for distributions from the fund. (d) The legislature by general law may prescribe procedures 25 26 for the administration of this section.

27 SECTION 3. Section 22, Article VIII, Texas Constitution, is

1 amended by adding Subsection (a-1) to read as follows: 2 (a-1) Appropriations from state tax revenues not dedicated 3 by this constitution that are made for the purpose of paying for school district ad valorem tax relief, and for the purpose of paying 4 5 for property tax relief to rental households through the comptroller of public accounts as described in Article VIII, Texas 6 7 Constitution, Section 30, as identified by the legislature by 8 general law are not included as appropriations for purposes of determining whether the rate of growth of appropriations exceeds 9 10 the limitation prescribed by Subsection (a) of this section. 11 SECTION 4. The following temporary provision is added to 12 the Texas Constitution: TEMPORARY PROVISION. (a) This temporary provision applies 13 14 to the constitutional amendment proposed by the 88th Legislature, 15 2nd Called Session, 2023, to increase the amount of the exemption from ad valorem taxation by a school district applicable to 16 17 residence homesteads, to adjust the amount of the limitation on school district ad valorem taxes imposed on the residence 18 19 homesteads of the elderly or disabled to reflect increases in certain exemption amounts, to establish the property tax relief to 20 rental households fund and authorize the legislature to provide 21 payments to rental households from that fund based on a proportion 22 23 of rent paid, and to except certain appropriations to pay for school 24 district ad valorem tax relief and property tax relief payments to rental households from the constitutional limitation on the rate of 25 26 growth of appropriations.

27 (b) The amendments to Sections 1-b(c) and (d), Article VIII,

of this constitution take effect for the tax year beginning January
 <u>1, 2023.</u>

3 (c) The amendment adding Section 30 to Article VIII of this
4 constitution takes effect beginning with the tax year beginning
5 January 1, 2024.

(d) The amendment to Section 22, Article VIII, of this
constitution applies to appropriations made for the state fiscal
biennium beginning September 1, 2023, and subsequent state fiscal
bienniums.

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(e) This temporary provision expires January 1, 2025.

11 SECTION 5. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be 12 submitted to the voters at an election to be held November 7, 2023. The ballot shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the 13 14 proposition: "The constitutional amendment to increase the amount 15 of the residence homestead exemption from ad valorem taxation for public school purposes; to adjust the amount of the limitation on ad 16 17 valorem taxes for public school purposes imposed on the residence homestead of a person who is disabled or is 65 years of age or older 18 19 to reflect increases in certain exemption amounts; to establish the property tax relief to rental households fund and authorize the 20 legislature to provide payments to rental households from that fund 21 based on a proportion of rent paid, and to except certain 22 appropriations to pay for school district ad valorem tax relief and 23 property tax relief payments to rental households from the 24 constitutional limitation on the rate of growth of appropriations." 25