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| BILL ANALYSIS |

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| C.S.S.B. 22 |
| By: Springer |
| County Affairs |
| Committee Report (Substituted) |

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| **BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE** As workers develop more employee-like identities, it can be argued that they will follow patterns explicated in pay-for-performance theory. Pay predicts a number of goal-directed behaviors because it supports physiological and safety needs. The article "The Effects of Incentives on Workplace Performance" found that pay for performance leads employees to increased productivity. Furthermore, Alexandre Mas, in "Pay, Reference Points, and Police Performance," maintains that when police officers are awarded salaries below their desires and expectations, both arrest rates and average sentence length will decline, but when police receive their salary demands, arrests will rise. C.S.S.B. 22 seeks to help increase the productivity of rural sheriff's offices and rural prosecutor's offices and ensure professional law enforcement and legal representation of the people's interests throughout Texas by providing for the establishment of the rural sheriff's office salary assistance grant program and the rural prosecutor's office salary assistance grant program. |
| **CRIMINAL JUSTICE IMPACT**It is the committee's opinion that this bill does not expressly create a criminal offense, increase the punishment for an existing criminal offense or category of offenses, or change the eligibility of a person for community supervision, parole, or mandatory supervision. |
| **RULEMAKING AUTHORITY** It is the committee's opinion that rulemaking authority is expressly granted to the comptroller of public accounts in SECTION 1 of this bill. |
| **ANALYSIS** C.S.S.B. 22 amends the Local Government Code to set out provisions that provide for a rural sheriff's office salary assistance grant program and a rural prosecutor's office salary assistance grant program.**Rural Sheriff's Office Salary Assistance Grant Program**C.S.S.B. 22 requires the comptroller of public accounts to establish and administer the rural sheriff's office salary assistance grant program, applicable only to a county with a population of 300,000 or less, to support the state purpose of ensuring professional law enforcement throughout Texas by providing financial assistance to sheriff's offices and constable's offices in qualified counties.C.S.S.B. 22 authorizes a county, not later than the 30th day after the first day of the county's fiscal year, to submit an application for a grant to the comptroller and restricts a county to submitting only one application each fiscal year. The bill requires the comptroller to award a grant to a county that applies for the grant using money appropriated to the comptroller for that purpose and requires the grant to be in the following applicable amount:* $250,000 if the county has a population of less than 10,000;
* $350,000 if the county has a population of 10,000 or more and less than 50,000; or
* $500,000 if the county has a population of 50,000 or more and 300,000 or less.

C.S.S.B. 22 restricts the purposes for which a county that is awarded a grant may use or authorize the use of the grant money to the following:* the provision of a minimum annual salary of at least the following:
	+ $75,000 for the county sheriff;
	+ $45,000 for each deputy who makes motor vehicle stops in the routine performance of their duties; and
	+ $40,000 for each jailer whose duties include the safekeeping of prisoners and the security of a jail operated by the county;
* the increase of the salary of such persons;
* the hiring of additional deputies or staff for the sheriff's office;
* the purchase of vehicles, firearms, and safety equipment for the sheriff's office; or
* the provision of an aggregated maximum of $25,000 to the constable's offices in the county for the purchase of vehicles, firearms, and safety equipment.

The bill prohibits a county that is awarded a grant from using or authorizing the use of the grant money for a purpose other than to meet the bill's prescribed minimum salary requirements until those requirements are satisfied.**Rural Prosecutor's Office Salary Assistance Grant Program**C.S.S.B. 22 requires the comptroller to establish and administer the rural prosecutor's office salary assistance grant program to support the state purpose of ensuring professional legal representation of the people's interests throughout Texas by providing financial assistance to qualified prosecutor's offices, defined by the bill as the office of a district attorney, criminal district attorney, or county attorney with criminal prosecution duties in a jurisdiction with a population of 300,000 or less.C.S.S.B. 22 authorizes a qualified prosecutor's office, not later than the 30th day after the first day of the prosecutor's office's fiscal year, to submit an application for a grant to the comptroller and restricts a prosecutor's office to submitting only one application each fiscal year. The bill requires the comptroller to award a grant to a qualified prosecutor's office that applies for the grant using money appropriated to the comptroller for that purpose and requires the grant to be in the following applicable amount:* $100,000 if the prosecutor's office's jurisdiction has a population of less than 10,000;
* $175,000 if the prosecutor's office's jurisdiction has a population of 10,000 or more and less than 50,000; or
* $275,000 if the prosecutor's office's jurisdiction has a population of 50,000 or more and 300,000 or less.

C.S.S.B. 22 restricts the purposes for which a prosecutor's office that is awarded a grant may use or authorize the use of the grant money to the following:* the supplementation of the salary of a district attorney, criminal district attorney, or county attorney with criminal prosecution duties, as applicable to the county, in addition to any other supplement authorized by law;
* the increase of the salary of an assistant attorney, an investigator, or a victim assistance coordinator employed at the office; or
* the hiring of additional staff for the office.

**Provisions Common to Both Grant Programs**C.S.S.B. 22 prohibits a county from reducing the amount of funds provided to a sheriff's office, constable's office, or prosecutor's office because of grant funds provided under the bill's provisions. C.S.S.B. 22 requires the comptroller to adopt rules necessary to implement the grant programs, including rules that establish the following:* a standardized application process, including the form to be used to apply for a grant and the manner of submitting the form;
* deadlines for applying for the grant, disbursement of grant money, and spending grant money; and
* procedures for the following:
	+ monitoring the disbursement of grant money to ensure compliance with the bill's provisions; and
	+ the return of grant money that was not used by a county for an authorized purpose.

C.S.S.B. 22 prohibits an applicable county or prosecutor's office from applying for a rural sheriff's office salary assistance grant or a rural prosecutor's office salary assistance grant before January 1, 2024. The bill requires the comptroller to comply with the bill's requirements not later than that date. |
| **EFFECTIVE DATE** September 1, 2023. |
| **COMPARISON OF SENATE ENGROSSED AND SUBSTITUTE**While C.S.S.B. 22 may differ from the engrossed in minor or nonsubstantive ways, the following summarizes the substantial differences between the engrossed and committee substitute versions of the bill.While both the engrossed and substitute provide for financial assistance to sheriff's offices in qualified counties under the rural sheriff's office salary assistance grant program, the substitute also provides for financial assistance to constable's offices in those counties under the program and accordingly includes in the authorized uses of grant money the provision of an aggregated maximum of $25,000 to the constable's offices in the county for the purchase of vehicles, firearms, and safety equipment, which was not included in the engrossed. Additionally, whereas the engrossed prohibited a county from reducing the amount of funds provided to the sheriff's office because of grant funds provided under the bill, the substitute also includes a reduction in the amount of funds provided to the constable's office in the scope of that prohibition. The substitute includes a provision absent from the engrossed that includes as an authorized use of grant money under the rural prosecutor's office salary assistance grant program the supplementation of the salary of a district attorney, criminal district attorney, or county attorney with criminal prosecution duties, as applicable to the county, in addition to any other supplement authorized by law. |
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