## **BILL ANALYSIS**

Senate Research Center

S.B. 496 By: Zaffirini Criminal Justice 5/31/2023 Enrolled

## **AUTHOR'S / SPONSOR'S STATEMENT OF INTENT**

- 9-1-1 call-takers and dispatchers are essential community workers who are often the first point of contact for a person in an emergency situation. Although they are critical to emergency operations, 9-1-1 call-takers and dispatchers do not have mandatory, standard guidelines for training. What's more, with little research available regarding how 9-1-1 call-takers and dispatchers gather and relay information, it is difficult to determine if current protocols are adequate, efficient, and effective.
- S.B. 496 would require the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement, in consultation with Texas A&M Engineering Extension Services, to study how 9-1-1 call-takers and dispatchers are trained to identify, to classify, and to communicate information. This would allow for the development of evidence-based training that would result in more accurate situational analysis, improve resource utilization, and promote better outcomes for the persons requiring emergency assistance.
- S.B. 496 amends current law relating to a study on potential improvements to training provided to 9-1-1 emergency service call takers and dispatchers.

## **RULEMAKING AUTHORITY**

This bill does not expressly grant any additional rulemaking authority to a state officer, institution, or agency.

## **SECTION BY SECTION ANALYSIS**

SECTION 1. (a) Defines "commission."

- (b) Requires the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement (TCOLE), in consultation with the Texas A&M Engineering Extension Service, to conduct a study to identify potential improvements to training provided to 9-1-1 emergency service call takers and dispatchers.
- (c) Requires TCOLE, in conducting the study, to consider:
  - (1) the effectiveness of current training provided to 9-1-1 emergency service call takers and dispatchers on communicating accurate information to law enforcement officers;
  - (2) potential improvements to the training to ensure 9-1-1 emergency service call takers and dispatchers are accurately identifying, classifying, and communicating information.
- (d) Authorizes TCOLE, in conducting the study, to collaborate with law enforcement agencies, community representatives, and other interested parties.
- (e) Requires TCOLE to prepare and submit to the legislature, not later than September 1, 2024, a written report containing the results of the study and any recommendations for legislative or other action.

(f) Provides that this Act expires September 1, 2025.

SECTION 2. Effective date: September 1, 2023.