BILL ANALYSIS

Senate Research Center

S.B. 1766 By: Creighton Business & Commerce 5/31/2023 Enrolled

AUTHOR'S / SPONSOR'S STATEMENT OF INTENT

Currently, certain governmental agencies require professional appraisers to indemnify or defend an agency for liability—even when the potential damages arise from the actions of a governmental agency itself.

Appraisers are often small businesses that could not afford the significant legal expense of a duty to defend a governmental entity, especially since a typical contract leaves professional liability uninsurable. In addition, appraisals are contemporaneously reviewed by all parties at the time of closing—leaving little to sue over after the fact.

- S.B. 1766 ensures that appraisers cannot be held liable for the negligence or mistakes made by a governmental entity. Under this legislation, provisions of contracts for appraisal services, or a promise in connection with the contract, is void and unenforceable if the provision requires a licensed appraiser to indemnify or hold harmless a governmental agency against liability for damage.
- S.B. 1766 does not prohibit a governmental agency from including in and enforcing a provision in a contract for appraisal services that relates to the scope, fees, and schedule of a project in the contract. S.B. 1766 applies only to a contract for appraisal services for which a request for proposals or qualifications is first published or distributed on or after the effective date of this Act.
- S.B. 1766 amends current law relating to indemnification and duties of real property appraisers under certain governmental contracts.

RULEMAKING AUTHORITY

This bill does not expressly grant any additional rulemaking authority to a state officer, institution, or agency.

SECTION BY SECTION ANALYSIS

SECTION 1. Amends Subchapter Z, Chapter 271, Local Government Code, by adding Section 271.9041, as follows:

Sec. 271.9041. APPRAISAL SERVICE CONTRACTS; INDEMNIFICATION LIMITATIONS; DUTIES OF APPRAISER. (a) Defines "governmental agency."

- (b) Provides that this section applies only to a contract for appraisal services for real property entered into by a licensed appraiser and a governmental agency.
- (c) Provides that a provision of a contract for appraisal services, or a promise in connection with the contract, is void and unenforceable if the provision requires a licensed appraiser to indemnify or hold harmless a governmental agency against liability for damage, other than damage to the extent the damage is caused by or results from an act of:

(1) negligence;

- (2) intentional tort;
- (3) intellectual property infringement; or
- (4) failure to pay:
 - (A) a subcontractor or supplier committed by the appraiser or the appraiser's agent;
 - (B) a consultant under contract; or
 - (C) another person over which the appraiser exercises control.
- (d) Provides that a provision of a contract for appraisal services, or a promise in connection with the contract, except as provided by Subsection (e)(2), is void and unenforceable if the provision requires a licensed appraiser to defend a person against a claim based wholly or partly on the negligence or fault of, or breach of contract by:
 - (1) the governmental agency that is a party to the contract;
 - (2) an employee or agent of the governmental agency; or
 - (3) another person over which the governmental agency exercises control, other than the appraiser or an employee, agent, or consultant of the appraiser.
- (e) Authorizes a contract for appraisal services to require:
 - (1) the reimbursement of a governmental agency's reasonable attorney's fees in proportion to an appraiser's liability; and
 - (2) an appraiser to name a governmental agency as an additional insured under the appraiser's general liability insurance policy and provide any defense provided by the policy.
- (f) Requires that a contract for appraisal services require a licensed appraiser to perform services:
 - (1) with the professional skill and care ordinarily provided by competent appraisers under the same or similar circumstances and professional license; and
 - (2) as expeditiously as is prudent considering the ordinary professional skill and care of a competent appraiser.
- (g) Provides that a provision of a contract for appraisal services establishing a different standard of care than a standard described by Subsection (f) is void and unenforceable. Provides that the standard of care described by Subsection (f) applies if a contract contains a void and unenforceable provision described by this subsection.
- (h) Provides that this section does not prohibit a governmental agency from including in and enforcing a provision in a contract for appraisal services that relates to the scope, fees, and schedule of a project in the contract.
- SECTION 2. Provides that Section 271.9041, Local Government Code, as added by this Act, applies only to a contract for appraisal services for which a request for proposals or a request for qualifications is first published or distributed on or after the effective date of this Act.

SECTION 3. Effective date: September 1, 2023.