By: VanDeaver, Kuempel, Buckley, Bonnen, Longoria, et al. Substitute the following for H.B. No. 8: By: Kuempel C.S.H.B. No. 8

# A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

# AN ACT

2 relating to the administration, coordination, and support of public 3 higher education, including the public junior college state finance 4 program and a Financial Aid for Swift Transfer (FAST) program to 5 enable certain students to enroll at no cost to the student in dual 6 credit courses offered by certain public institutions of higher 7 education.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

9 SECTION 1. Section 28.009(b-2), Education Code, is amended 10 to read as follows:

11 (b-2) Any agreement, including a memorandum of 12 understanding or articulation agreement, between a school district 13 and public institution of higher education to provide a dual credit 14 program described by Subsection (b-1) must:

(1) include specific program goals aligned with thestatewide goals developed under Subsection (b-1);

17 (2) establish common advising strategies and18 terminology related to dual credit and college readiness;

(3) provide for the alignment of endorsements described by Section 28.025(c-1) offered by the district, and dual credit courses offered under the agreement that apply towards those endorsements, with postsecondary pathways and credentials at the institution and industry certifications;

24 (4) identify tools, including tools developed by the

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1 agency, the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board, or the Texas
2 Workforce Commission, to assist school counselors, students, and
3 families in selecting endorsements offered by the district and dual
4 credit courses offered under the agreement;

5 (5) establish, procedure for or provide а establishing, the course credits that may be earned under the 6 agreement, including by developing a course equivalency crosswalk 7 8 or other method for equating high school courses with college courses and identifying the number of credits that may be earned for 9 10 each course completed through the program;

(6) describe the academic supports and, if applicable, guidance that will be provided to students participating in the program;

14 (7) establish the district's and the institution's
15 respective roles and responsibilities in providing the program and
16 ensuring the quality and instructional rigor of the program;

17 (8) state the sources of funding for courses offered
18 under the program, including, at a minimum, the sources of funding
19 for tuition, transportation, and any required fees or textbooks for
20 students participating in the program;

(9) require the district and the institution to consider the use of free or low-cost open educational resources in courses offered under the program;

(10) <u>ensure the accurate and timely exchange of</u> information necessary for an eligible student to enroll at no cost to the student in a dual credit course as provided by Section 28.0095;

C.S.H.B. No. 8 1 (11) be posted each year on the district's and the 2 institution's respective Internet websites; and 3 (12) [(11)] designate at least one employee of the district or institution as responsible for providing academic 4 5 advising to a student who enrolls in a dual credit course under the program before the student begins the course. 6 7 SECTION 2. Subchapter A, Chapter 28, Education Code, is 8 amended by adding Section 28.0095 to read as follows: 9 Sec. 28.0095. FINANCIAL AID FOR SWIFT TRANSFER (FAST) PROGRAM. (a) In this section: 10 (1) "Charter school" means a charter school operating 11 under Chapter 12. 12 (2) "Coordinating board" means the Texas Higher 13 14 Education Coordinating Board. 15 (3) "Dual credit course" includes a course offered for joint high school and junior college credit under Section 130.008 16 17 or another course offered by an institution of higher education for which a high school student may earn credit toward satisfaction of: 18 19 (A) a requirement necessary to obtain an industry-recognized credential or certificate or an associate 20 21 degree; 22 (B) a foreign language requirement at an 23 institution of higher education; 24 (C) a requirement in the core curriculum, as that 25 term is defined by Section 61.821, at an institution of higher 26 education; or 27 (D) a requirement in a field of study curriculum

C.S.H.B. No. 8 1 developed by the coordinating board under Section 61.823. 2 (4) "Institution of higher education" has the meaning 3 assigned by Section 61.003. 4 (b) The agency and the coordinating board shall jointly 5 establish the Financial Aid for Swift Transfer (FAST) program to allow eligible students to enroll at no cost to the student in dual 6 7 credit courses at participating institutions of higher education. 8 (c) A student is eligible to enroll at no cost to the student in a dual credit course under the program if the student: 9 10 (1) is enrolled: (A) in high school in a school district or 11 12 charter school; and 13 (B) in a dual credit course at a participating 14 institution of higher education; and (2) was educationally disadvantaged at any time during 15 the four school years preceding the student's enrollment in the 16 17 dual credit course described by Subdivision (1)(B). (d) An institution of higher education is eligible to 18 19 participate in the program only if the institution charges for each dual credit course offered by the institution an amount of tuition 20 that does not exceed the amount prescribed by coordinating board 21 22 rule. (e) Each school district or charter school shall: 23 24 (1) on a high school student's enrollment in a dual credit course, determine whether the student meets the criteria for 25 26 the program under Subsection (c)(2); and 27 (2) notify the institution of higher education that

C.S.H.B. No. 8 offers the dual credit course in which the student is enrolled of 1 the district's or school's determination under Subdivision (1). 2 (f) A school district or charter school may make the 3 determination under Subsection (e)(1) based on the district's or 4 school's records, the agency's records, or any other method 5 authorized by commissioner rule. If the district or school bases 6 7 the determination on a method other than the agency's records, the district or school shall report the method used and the data on 8 which the method is based to the agency for purposes of 9 10 verification. (g) On receipt of notice under Subsection (e)(2), a 11 12 participating institution of higher education shall certify to the agency and the coordinating board the student's eligibility for the 13 14 program. 15 (h) The coordinating board shall distribute money transferred to the coordinating board under Section 48.308 to the 16 17 participating institutions of higher education in proportion to the number of dual credit courses in which eligible students are 18 19 enrolled at the institution. (i) The commissioner and the commissioner of higher 20 education shall coordinate as necessary to: 21 22 (1) confirm an eligible student's enrollment in a participating institution of higher education; and 23 24 (2) obtain or share data necessary to verify a 25 student's eligibility under Subsection (c)(2). (j) The commissioner and the coordinating board shall adopt 26

27 <u>rules as necessary to implement this section.</u>

C.S.H.B. No. 8 1 SECTION 3. Section 28.010(a), Education Code, is amended to read as follows: 2 Each school year, a school district shall notify the 3 (a) parent of each district student enrolled in grade nine or above of: 4 5 (1)the availability of: (A) programs in the district under which a 6 7 student may earn college credit, including advanced placement 8 programs, dual credit programs, joint high school and college credit programs, and international baccalaureate programs; 9 10 (B) career and technology education programs or other work-based education programs in the district, including any 11 12 internship, externship, or apprenticeship programs or a P-TECH program under Subchapter N, Chapter 29; [and] 13 14 (C) subsidies based on financial need available 15 for fees paid to take college advanced placement tests or international baccalaureate examinations under Section 28.054; and 16 17 (D) funding for enrollment in dual credit courses under Section 28.0095; and 18 the qualifications for: 19 (2) enrolling 20 (A) in programs described by Subdivision (1)(A) or (B); or 21 (B) funding described by Subdivision (1)(D). 22 SECTION 4. Subchapter G, Chapter 48, Education Code, 23 is 24 amended by adding Section 48.308 to read as follows: 25 Sec. 48.308. ALLOTMENT FOR FINANCIAL AID FOR SWIFT TRANSFER 26 (FAST) PROGRAM. (a) In this section: 27 (1) "Coordinating board" means the Texas Higher

1	Education Coordinating Board.
2	(2) "FAST program" means the Financial Aid for Swift
3	Transfer (FAST) program under Section 28.0095.
4	(b) An institution of higher education participating in the
5	FAST program is entitled to an allotment in an amount equal to the
6	amount of tuition set by coordinating board rule under Section
7	28.0095(d) for each dual credit course in which a student eligible
8	to participate in the FAST program is enrolled at the institution.
9	(c) The agency shall transfer the amount appropriated to the
10	agency for purposes of this section to the coordinating board for
11	distribution in accordance with Section 28.0095(h).
12	(d) The agency and the coordinating board shall coordinate
13	as necessary to implement this section.
14	(e) It is the intent of the legislature that the state
15	ensure ongoing funding for the FAST program as an allotment under
16	the Foundation School Program.
17	SECTION 5. Section 51.907, Education Code, is amended by
18	adding Subsections (c-1) and (c-2) to read as follows:
19	(c-1) An institution of higher education may not count
20	toward the number of courses permitted to be dropped under
21	Subsection (c) or a policy adopted under Subsection (d) a course
22	that a student dropped while enrolled in a baccalaureate degree
23	program previously earned by the student.
24	(c-2) An institution of higher education may not count
25	toward the number of courses permitted to be dropped under
26	Subsection (c) or a policy adopted under Subsection (d) a dual
27	credit course that a student dropped before graduating from high

1 school.

2 SECTION 6. Section 54.3531(b), Education Code, is amended 3 to read as follows:

4 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), a student may not receive an exemption under this section for any course if the 5 student has previously attempted a number of semester credit hours 6 for courses taken at any institution of higher education while 7 8 classified as a resident student for tuition purposes in excess of the maximum number of those hours specified by Section 61.0595(a) 9 as eligible for funding under the formulas established under 10 Section 61.059 or Chapter 130A. 11

SECTION 7. Section 61.003(2), Education Code, is amended to read as follows:

14 (2) "Public junior college" means any junior college
15 <u>listed as a public junior college</u> [certified by the board] in
16 accordance with Section 61.063 [of this chapter].

SECTION 8. Section 61.051, Education Code, is amended by adding Subsection (b) to read as follows:

19 (b) The board may participate in the establishment and 20 operation of an affiliated nonprofit organization whose purpose is 21 to raise money for or provide services or other benefits to the 22 board.

23 SECTION 9. Section 61.0571, Education Code, is amended by 24 adding Subsections (c), (d), (e), and (f) to read as follows: 25 (c) The board may provide administrative support and

26 services to institutions of higher education as necessary to 27 implement this chapter, Chapter 130, or Chapter 130A.

1 (d) The board may establish an institutional collaboration center within the board to support the implementation of Chapter 2 130A and the efficient and effective operations of institutions of 3 higher education. 4 5 (e) From money appropriated or otherwise available for the purpose, the board may procure goods and services for the direct 6 benefit of an institution of higher education and enter into an 7 interagency contract under Chapter 771, Government Code, with the 8 institution to reimburse the board for the cost of the goods and 9 10 services. (f) An affiliated nonprofit organization described by 11

11 <u>(1) All alliliated holpfolit organization described by</u> 12 <u>Section 61.051(b) may accept gifts, grants, or donations from any</u> 13 <u>public or private source to pay for goods or services procured for</u> 14 <u>the direct benefit of an institution of higher education under</u> 15 <u>Subsection (e).</u>

16 SECTION 10. Section 61.059, Education Code, is amended by 17 amending Subsections (b), (b-1), and (r) and adding Subsection (s) 18 to read as follows:

The board shall devise, establish, and periodically 19 (b) review and revise formulas for the use of the governor and the 20 Legislative Budget Board in making appropriations recommendations 21 to the legislature for [all] institutions of higher education other 22 than public junior colleges funded under Chapter 130A[, including 23 24 the funding of postsecondary vocational-technical programs]. As a specific element of the periodic review, the board shall study and 25 26 recommend changes in the funding formulas based on the role and mission statements of those institutions of higher education. 27 In

carrying out its duties under this section, the board shall employ
 an ongoing process of committee review and expert testimony and
 analysis.

4 (b-1) A committee under Subsection (b) must be composed of 5 representatives of a cross-section of institutions representing each of the institutional groupings under the 6 board's accountability system, other than public junior colleges funded 7 8 under Chapter 130A. The commissioner of higher education shall solicit recommendations for the committee's membership from the 9 chancellor of each university system and from the president of each 10 institution of higher education that is not a component of a 11 12 university system. The chancellor of a university system may [shall] recommend to the commissioner at least one institutional 13 14 representative for each institutional grouping to which a component of the university system is assigned. 15 The president of an institution of higher education that is not a component of a 16 17 university system may [shall] recommend to the commissioner at least one institutional representative for the institutional 18 19 grouping to which the institution is assigned.

20 (r) <u>The board shall exclude contact hours or semester credit</u> 21 <u>hours related to a course for which a student is generating formula</u> 22 <u>funding for the third time from the contact hours or semester credit</u> 23 <u>hours reported to the Legislative Budget Board for formula funding</u> 24 <u>purposes.</u>

25 <u>(s)</u> Notwithstanding any other law, the board may not exclude 26 from the number of semester credit hours reported [<del>to the</del> 27 Legislative Budget Board] for formula funding under this section or

1 <u>Chapter 130A</u> semester credit hours for any course taken up to three 2 times by a student who:

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3 (1) has reenrolled at an institution of higher 4 education following a break in enrollment from the institution or 5 another institution of higher education covering the 24-month 6 period preceding the first class day of the initial semester or 7 other academic term of the student's reenrollment; and

8 (2) successfully completed at least 50 semester credit 9 hours of course work at an institution of higher education before 10 that break in enrollment.

SECTION 11. Sections 61.0595(a), (d), and (f), Education
Code, are amended to read as follows:

In the formulas established under Section 61.059 or 13 (a) 14 Chapter 130A, the board may not include funding for semester credit 15 hours earned by a resident undergraduate student who before the semester or other academic session begins has previously attempted 16 17 a number of semester credit hours for courses taken at any institution of higher education while classified as a resident 18 19 student for tuition purposes that exceeds the number of semester credit hours required for completion of the degree program or 20 programs in which the student is enrolled, including minors and 21 double majors, and for completion of any certificate or other 22 23 special program in which the student is also enrolled, including a 24 program with a study-abroad component, by at least:

(1) for an associate degree program, 15 hours; or
(2) for a baccalaureate degree program, 30 hours.
(d) The following are not counted for purposes of

1 determining whether the student has previously earned the number of 2 semester credit hours specified by Subsection (a):

3 (1) semester credit hours earned by the student before
4 receiving a baccalaureate degree that has previously been awarded
5 to the student;

6 (2) semester credit hours earned by the student by 7 examination or under any other procedure by which credit is earned 8 without registering for a course for which tuition is charged;

9 (3) credit for a remedial education course, a 10 technical course, a workforce education course funded according to 11 contact hours, or another course that does not count toward a degree 12 program at the institution;

13 (4) semester credit hours earned by the student at a
14 private institution or an out-of-state institution;

(5) semester credit hours earned by the student before graduating from high school and used to satisfy high school graduation requirements; [and]

18 (6) the first additional 15 semester credit hours19 earned toward a degree program by a student who:

(A) has reenrolled at an institution of higher education following a break in enrollment from the institution or another institution of higher education covering the 24-month period preceding the first class day of the initial semester or other academic term of the student's reenrollment; and

(B) successfully completed at least 50 semester
credit hours of course work at an institution of higher education
before that break in enrollment; and

<u>(7) semester credit hours earned by the student before</u>
 <u>receiving an associate degree that has been previously awarded to</u>
 <u>the student</u>.

4 (f) In the formulas established under Section 61.059 or
5 <u>Chapter 130A</u>, the board shall include without consideration of
6 Subsection (a) funding for semester credit hours earned by a
7 student who initially enrolled as an undergraduate student in any
8 institution of higher education before the 1999 fall semester.

9 SECTION 12. Section 61.063, Education Code, is amended to 10 read as follows:

Sec. 61.063. LISTING [AND CERTIFICATION] OF PUBLIC JUNIOR 11 COLLEGES; ELIGIBILITY FOR STATE APPROPRIATIONS. 12 (a) The commissioner of higher education shall file with the [state] 13 14 comptroller and the state auditor on or before September [October] 15 1 of each year a list of <u>each</u> [the] public junior <u>college</u> [colleges] in this state that has certified to the board under Section 130.003 16 17 that the college is in compliance with the requirements of Subsection (b) of that section. [The commissioner shall certify 18 the names of those colleges that have complied with the standards, 19 rules, and regulations prescribed by the board. 20

21 (b) Only <u>a public junior college included on the list under</u> 22 <u>Subsection (a) is</u> [those colleges which are so certified shall be] 23 eligible for and may receive <u>money appropriated</u> [any appropriation 24 <u>made</u>] by the legislature to public junior colleges.

25 SECTION 13. Section 61.882(d), Education Code, is amended 26 to read as follows:

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(d) In awarding grants under this subchapter, the board:

C.S.H.B. No. 8 1 (1)shall, to the greatest extent practicable: 2 award grants to at least one eligible entity (A) 3 in each region of the state; and 4 (B) ensure that each training program: 5 matches regional workforce needs; (i) 6 (ii) is supported by a labor market 7 analysis of job postings and employers hiring roles with the skills 8 developed by the program; and 9 (iii) does not duplicate existing program 10 offerings except as necessary to accommodate regional demand; and (2) may give preference to applicants that: 11 12 (A) represent a consortium of lower-division institutions of higher education; 13 14 (B) prioritize training to displaced workers; 15 (C) offer affordable training programs to students; or 16 17 (D) partner with employers, local chambers of commerce, trade associations, economic development corporations, 18 19 and local workforce boards to analyze job postings and identify employers hiring roles with the skills developed by the training 20 programs. 21 SECTION 14. Section 130.001(b), Education Code, is amended 2.2 23 to read as follows: 24 (b) The coordinating board shall have the responsibility for adopting policies, enacting regulations, and establishing 25 26 general rules necessary for carrying out the duties with respect to public junior colleges as prescribed by the legislature, and with 27

1 the advice and assistance of the commissioner of higher education,
2 shall have authority to:

3 (1) authorize the creation of public junior college 4 districts as provided in the statutes, giving particular attention 5 to the need for a public junior college in the proposed district and 6 the ability of the district to provide adequate local financial 7 support;

8 (2) dissolve any public junior college district which 9 has failed to establish and maintain a junior college within three 10 years from the date of its authorization;

(3) adopt standards for the operation of public junior colleges and prescribe the rules and regulations for such colleges; (4) require of each public junior college such reports as deemed necessary in accordance with the coordinating board's rules and regulations; and

16 (5) establish a standing advisory committee 17 [<del>commissions</del>] composed of representatives of public junior colleges [and other citizens of the state] to provide advice and 18 19 counsel to the coordinating board with respect to the funding of public junior colleges necessary to carry out this chapter and 20 Chapter 130A. 21

SECTION 15. Sections 130.003(a), (b), (e), and (f),
Education Code, are amended to read as follows:

(a) There shall be appropriated biennially from money in the
state treasury not otherwise appropriated an amount sufficient to
supplement local funds for the proper support, maintenance,
operation, and improvement of those public junior colleges of Texas

1 that meet the standards prescribed by this chapter. The sum shall 2 be allocated <u>in accordance with Chapter 130A</u> [<del>on the basis of</del> 3 <del>contact hours within categories developed, reviewed, and updated by</del> 4 <del>the coordinating board</del>].

5 (b) To be eligible for and to receive <u>money appropriated</u> 6 <u>under Subsection (a)</u> [a proportionate share of the appropriation], 7 a public junior college must <u>certify to the coordinating board, in</u> 8 the manner prescribed by coordinating board rule, that the college:

9 (1) <u>offers</u> [<del>be certified as a public junior college as</del> 10 <del>prescribed in Section 61.063;</del>

11 [(2) offer] a minimum of 24 semester hours of 12 vocational and/or terminal courses;

13 (2) collects [(3) have complied with all existing 14 laws, rules, and regulations governing the establishment and 15 maintenance of public junior colleges;

16 [(4) collect], from each full-time and part-time 17 student enrolled, <u>tuition</u> [matriculation] and other [session] fees 18 in the amounts required by law or in the amounts set by the 19 governing board of the junior college district as authorized by 20 this title;

21 <u>(3) grants</u> [(5) grant], when properly applied for, 22 the scholarships and tuition exemptions provided for in this code;

23 (4) [and 24 [(6)] for a public junior college established on or 25 after September 1, 1986, <u>levies and collects</u> [<del>levy and collect</del>] ad 26 valorem taxes as provided by law for the operation and maintenance 27 of the [<u>public junior</u>] college; and

C.S.H.B. No. 8 (5) has complied with all laws and coordinating board 1 rules for the establishment and operation of a public junior 2 3 college. 4 (e) The primary purpose of each public junior [community] 5 college shall be to provide: 6 (1) technical programs up to two years in length 7 leading to associate degrees or certificates; 8 (2) vocational programs leading directly to employment in semi-skilled and skilled occupations; 9 [freshman and sophomore] courses in the core 10 (3) curriculum or a field of study curriculum, as those terms are 11 defined by Section 61.821 [arts and sciences]; 12 (4) continuing adult education 13 programs for 14 occupational or cultural upgrading; 15 (5) compensatory education programs designed to 16 fulfill the commitment of an admissions policy allowing the 17 enrollment of disadvantaged students; (6) a continuing program of counseling and guidance 18 19 designed to assist students in achieving their individual educational goals; 20 21 (7) work force development programs designed to meet local and statewide needs; 22 23 (8) adult literacy and other basic skills programs for 24 adults; and 25 (9) such other purposes as may be prescribed by the 26 coordinating board [Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board] or 27 local governing boards in the best interest of post-secondary

1 education in this state [Texas].

2 (f) This section does not <u>affect the application of</u> [alter,
3 <u>amend, or repeal</u>] Section <u>54.231</u> [54.060 of this code].

4 SECTION 16. Section 130.0031, Education Code, is amended to 5 read as follows:

6 Sec. 130.0031. TRANSFERS: WHEN MADE. (a) <u>In consultation</u> 7 <u>with the advisory committee established under Section</u> 8 <u>130.001(b)(5), the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board by</u> 9 <u>rule shall adopt a payment schedule by which money appropriated to</u> 10 <u>junior college districts under this chapter and Chapter 130A is</u> 11 distributed to those districts [<u>In this section</u>:

12 [(1) "Category 1 junior college" means a junior 13 college having not more than 2,500 students in fall head count 14 enrollment for the previous fiscal year and not more than \$300,000 15 of local taxes collected, excluding taxes for debt service, in the 16 previous fiscal year.

17 [(2) "Category 2 junior college" means a junior 18 college having more than 2,500 students in fall head count 19 enrollment for the previous fiscal year or more than \$300,000 of 20 local taxes collected, excluding taxes for debt service, in the 21 previous fiscal year].

(b) <u>The Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board may</u> <u>modify the</u> [Money appropriated for payment to junior colleges under the authority of Section 130.003 of this code shall be paid to each eligible category 1 junior college out of the public junior college reimbursement fund as follows:

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[(1) 24 percent of the yearly entitlement of the

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1	junior college shall be paid in two equal installments to be made on
2	or before the 25th day of September and October; and
3	[ <del>(2) 76 percent of the yearly entitlement of the</del>
4	junior college shall be paid in eight equal installments to be made
5	on or before the 25th day of November, December, January, February,
6	March, April, May, and June.
7	[ <del>(c) Money appropriated for payment to junior colleges</del>
8	under the authority of Section 130.003 of this code shall be paid to
9	each eligible category 2 junior college out of the public junior
10	college reimbursement fund as follows:
11	[(1) 24 percent of the yearly entitlement of the
12	junior college shall be paid in two equal installments to be made on
13	or before the 25th day of September and October; and
14	[ <del>(2) 76 percent of the yearly entitlement of the</del>
15	junior college shall be paid in eight equal installments to be made
16	on or before the 25th day of November, December, March, April, May,
17	June, July, and August.
18	[ <del>(d) The</del> ] amount of any installment required <u>under the</u>
19	payment schedule adopted under Subsection (a) [by this section may
20	be modified] to, in accordance with this chapter, Chapter 130A, the
21	General Appropriations Act, or coordinating board rule:
22	(1) provide the junior college <u>district</u> with the
23	proper amount to which the junior college district may be entitled
24	by law; and
25	(2) [ <del>to</del> ] correct errors in the allocation or
26	distribution of funds.
27	(c) If the amount of an installment under the payment

1 <u>schedule adopted under Subsection (a)</u> [this section] is required to
2 be equal to <u>the amount of another installment</u> [other installments],
3 the amount of <u>the</u> other <u>installment</u> [installments] may be adjusted
4 to provide for that equality. A payment under this section is not
5 invalid because it is not equal to other installments.

6 SECTION 17. Section 130.0033(c), Education Code, is amended 7 to read as follows:

8 (c) Charging tuition at a reduced rate under this section 9 does not affect the right of the public junior college to <u>an</u> 10 <u>allocation</u> [<del>a proportionate share</del>] of state appropriations under 11 <u>this chapter and Chapter 130A</u> [<del>Section 130.003</del>] for the contact 12 hours attributable to students paying tuition at the reduced rate.

13 SECTION 18. Section 130.0034(a), Education Code, is amended 14 to read as follows:

15 (a) The governing board of a [public] junior college 16 district may charge a student a higher rate of tuition than the 17 tuition that would otherwise be charged for a course in which the 18 student enrolls if:

(1) the student has previously enrolled in the same course or a course of substantially the same content and level two or more times; and

(2) the student's enrollment in the course is not
included in the contact hours used to determine the junior
college's <u>allocation</u> [proportionate share] of state appropriations
under <u>this chapter and Chapter 130A</u> [Section 130.003].

26 SECTION 19. Section 130.0051(a), Education Code, is amended 27 to read as follows:

1 (a) The board of trustees of a junior college district by 2 resolution may change the name of the district or a college within 3 the district [by eliminating the words "community" or "junior" from 4 the name of the district or college], unless the change would cause 5 the district or college to have the same or substantially the same 6 name as an existing district, college, or other public or private 7 institution of higher education in this state.

8 SECTION 20. Section 130.008(c), Education Code, is amended 9 to read as follows:

The contact hours attributable to the enrollment of a 10 (c) high school student in a course offered for joint high school and 11 12 junior college credit under this section, excluding a course for which the student attending high school may receive course credit 13 14 toward the physical education curriculum requirement under Section 15 28.002(a)(2)(C), shall be included in the contact hours used to determine the junior college's <u>allocation</u> [proportionate share] of 16 17 the state money appropriated and distributed to public junior colleges under this chapter and Chapter 130A [Sections 130.003 and 18 19 130.0031], even if the junior college waives all or part of the tuition or fees for the student under Subsection (b). 20

21 SECTION 21. Section 130.085(b), Education Code, is amended 22 to read as follows:

(b) This action by the board of trustees does not affect their authority under Section 130.123 [of this code], nor does this section in any way supersede that section. This action of the board does not affect the right of the college to <u>an allocation</u> [<del>a</del> <del>proportionate share</del>] of state appropriations under <u>this chapter and</u>

1 Chapter 130A [Section 130.003 of this code].

2 SECTION 22. Section 130.090(c), Education Code, is amended 3 to read as follows:

(c) The grant of an exemption from tuition under Subsection
(b) does not affect the right of a junior college to <u>an allocation</u>
[a proportionate share] of state appropriations under <u>this chapter</u>
<u>and Chapter 130A</u> [Section 130.003] attributable to the contact
hours of the junior college with the student receiving the
exemption.

SECTION 23. Sections 130.310(a) and (b), Education Code, are amended to read as follows:

12 (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), a degree program created under this subchapter may be funded solely by a public 13 junior college's allocation [proportionate share] of 14 state 15 appropriations under this chapter and Chapter 130A [Section 130.003], local funds, and private sources. This subsection does 16 17 not require the legislature to appropriate state funds to support a degree program created under this subchapter. The coordinating 18 19 board shall weigh contact hours attributable to students enrolled in a junior-level or senior-level course offered under this 20 subchapter used to determine a public junior college's allocation 21 [proportionate share] of state appropriations under this chapter 22 and Chapter 130A [Section 130.003] in the same manner as a lower 23 24 division course in a corresponding field.

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), in its recommendations to the legislature relating to state funding for public junior colleges, the coordinating board shall recommend that a public

1 junior college authorized to offer baccalaureate degree programs under Section 130.303(a) or 130.304 receive substantially the same 2 3 state support for junior-level and senior-level courses in the fields of applied science, applied technology, dental hygiene, and 4 nursing offered under this subchapter as that provided to a general 5 academic teaching institution for substantially similar courses. 6 For purposes of this subsection, in determining the contact hours 7 attributable to students enrolled in a junior-level or senior-level 8 course in the field of applied science, applied technology, dental 9 10 hygiene, or nursing offered under this subchapter used to determine a public junior college's <u>allocation</u> [proportionate share] of state 11 12 appropriations under this chapter and Chapter 130A [Section 130.003], the coordinating board shall weigh those contact hours as 13 14 necessary to provide the junior college the appropriate level of 15 state support to the extent state funds for those courses are included in the appropriations. This subsection does not prohibit 16 17 the legislature from directly appropriating state funds to support junior-level and senior-level courses to which this subsection 18 19 applies.

20 SECTION 24. Section 130.352, Education Code, is amended to 21 read as follows:

Sec. 130.352. FORMULA FUNDING FOR WORKFORCE CONTINUING EDUCATION COURSES. Notwithstanding Section 130.003 or any other law, contact hours attributable to the enrollment of a student in a workforce continuing education course offered by a public junior college shall be included in the contact hours used to determine the college's <u>allocation</u> [proportionate share] of state money

1 appropriated and distributed to public junior colleges under <u>this</u> 2 <u>chapter and Chapter 130A</u> [Sections 130.003 and 130.0031], 3 regardless of whether the college waives all or part of the tuition 4 or fees for the course under Section 130.354.

5 SECTION 25. Section 130.355, Education Code, is amended to 6 read as follows:

Sec. 130.355. RULES. The coordinating board shall adopt any rules the coordinating board considers necessary for the administration of this subchapter. [In adopting those rules, the coordinating board shall use the negotiated rulemaking procedures under Chapter 2008, Government Code.]

SECTION 26. Subtitle G, Title 3, Education Code, is amended by adding Chapter 130A to read as follows:

14 CHAPTER 130A. PUBLIC JUNIOR COLLEGE STATE FINANCE PROGRAM

15

SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS

16 Sec. 130A.001. LEGISLATIVE INTENT. It is the intent of the 17 legislature that, as public junior colleges are locally governed institutions, providing foundational funding for instruction and 18 19 operations of public junior colleges should be primarily a local responsibility, supported through a combination of tuition, fees, 20 and local property taxes, with state funding focused primarily on 21 rewarding outcomes aligned with regional and state education and 22 workfo<u>rce needs.</u> 23 24 Sec. 130A.002. PURPOSE. The purpose of the public junior

25 <u>college state finance program established under this chapter is to</u>
26 <u>provide a modern and dynamic finance system that ensures that each</u>
27 public junior college has access to adequate state appropriations

C.S.H.B. No. 8 1 and local resources to support the education and training of the 2 workforce of the future. Sec. 130A.003. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter: 3 4 (1) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of higher 5 education. (2) "Coordinating board" means the Texas Higher 6 7 Education Coordinating Board. 8 (3) "Program" means the public junior college state finance program established under this chapter. 9 10 (4) "Public junior college" has the meaning assigned by Section 61.003. 11 12 Sec. 130A.004. PROGRAM COMPONENTS. The program consists 13 of: 14 (1) a base tier of state and local funding determined 15 in accordance with Subchapter B that ensures each public junior college has access to a defined level of base funding for 16 17 instruction and operations; and (2) a performance tier of state funding determined in 18 19 accordance with Subchapter C that constitutes the majority of state funding and is distributed based on measurable outcomes aligned 20 with: 21 22 (A) regional and state workforce needs; and 23 (B) state goals aligned to the state's long-range 24 master plan for higher education developed under Section 61.051. Sec. 130A.005. ADMINISTRATION OF PROGRAM. (a) The 25 26 coordinating board may adopt rules, require reporting, and take other actions consistent with Chapter 61, Chapter 130, and this 27

1	chapter as necessary to implement and administer the program.
2	(b) The coordinating board may adopt rules under this
3	section in consultation with the advisory committee established
4	under Section 130.001(b)(5).
5	(c) Notwithstanding Section 61.033, the coordinating board
6	is not required to use negotiated rulemaking procedures under
7	Chapter 2008, Government Code, for the adoption of rules under this
8	section.
9	Sec. 130A.006. REQUIRED REPORTING. The coordinating board
10	by rule shall require each junior college district to report to the
11	coordinating board through the Education Data System, Community
12	College Annual Reporting and Analysis Tool, Report of Fundable
13	Operating Expenses, or any successor program, data necessary to:
14	(1) calculate funding under this chapter;
15	(2) provide timely data and analyses to inform
16	management decisions by the governing body of each junior college
17	district;
18	(3) administer or evaluate the effectiveness of the
19	program; or
20	(4) audit the program.
21	Sec. 130A.007. COMMISSIONER AUTHORITY TO RESOLVE DATA
22	REPORTING ERRORS AND UNINTENDED CONSEQUENCES FROM FUNDING
23	FORMULAS. (a) The commissioner may review the accuracy of data
24	reported to the coordinating board by junior college districts.
25	(b) The commissioner may adjust:
26	(1) the distribution of funding under this chapter for
27	a state fiscal year as necessary to correct errors in data reporting

1 identified through the commissioner's review under Subsection (a); and 2 3 (2) a junior college district's funding under this chapter if the funding formulas used to determine the district's 4 5 entitlement would result in an unanticipated loss or gain for the district that would have a substantial negative impact on the 6 district's operations. 7 8 (c) Before making an adjustment under this section, the commissioner must request and receive written approval from the 9 10 Legislative Budget Board and the office of the governor. A request to make an adjustment is considered approved unless the Legislative 11 Budget Board or the office of the governor issues a written 12 disapproval within 60 business days after the date on which the 13

15 (d) If the commissioner makes an adjustment under 16 Subsection (b), the commissioner shall provide to the legislature 17 an explanation regarding the changes necessary to resolve the data 18 reporting errors or the unintended consequences, as applicable.

14

request is received.

19 Sec. 130A.008. CENSUS DATE ELIGIBILITY. A junior college 20 district may report a student in attendance on the district's 21 approved course census date for the purpose of funding under this 22 chapter.

23 <u>Sec. 130A.009. RECOVERY OF OVERALLOCATED FUNDS. (a) If a</u> 24 junior college district has received an overallocation of state 25 funds, the coordinating board shall recover from the district an 26 amount equal to the overallocation by withholding from subsequent 27 allocations of state funds for the current or subsequent academic

1 year or by requesting and obtaining a refund from the district. 2 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), the coordinating board 3 may recover an overallocation of state funds over a period not to exceed the subsequent five academic years if the commissioner 4 5 determines that the overallocation was the result of exceptional circumstances reasonably caused by statutory changes to Chapter 130 6 7 or this chapter and related reporting requirements. 8 (c) If a junior college district fails to comply with a request for a refund under Subsection (a), the coordinating board 9 10 shall report to the comptroller that the amount constitutes a debt

11 for purposes of Section 403.055, Government Code. The coordinating 12 board shall provide to the comptroller the amount of the 13 overallocation and any other information required by the 14 comptroller. The comptroller may certify the amount of the debt to 15 the attorney general for collection. The junior college district's 16 governmental immunity is waived to the extent necessary to collect 17 the debt owed under this section.

(d) Subject to Subsection (e), the coordinating board may 18 19 review a junior college district as necessary to determine if the district qualifies for each amount received by the district under 20 this chapter. If the coordinating board determines that a junior 21 22 college district received an amount to which the district was not 23 entitled, the coordinating board may establish a corrective action 24 plan or withhold the applicable amount of funding from the 25 district.

(e) The coordinating board may not review junior college
 district expenditures that occurred seven or more years before the

1 <u>review.</u>

7

Sec. 130A.010. GIFTS, GRANTS, AND DONATIONS. Except as
provided by other law, an affiliated nonprofit organization
described by Section 61.051(b) may solicit and accept gifts,
grants, or donations of personal property from any public or
private source to implement or administer this chapter.

SUBCHAPTER B. STATE FUNDING: BASE TIER

8 Sec. 130A.051. BASE TIER FORMULA. The amount of base tier 9 state funding to which a junior college district is entitled for 10 instruction and operations under this subchapter for a state fiscal 11 year is an amount equal to the amount, if any, by which the 12 district's guaranteed instruction and operations funding, as 13 determined under Section 130A.052, exceeds the district's local 14 share of base tier funding, as determined under Section 130A.056.

15 <u>Sec. 130A.052. GUARANTEED INSTRUCTION AND OPERATIONS</u>
16 <u>FUNDING FORMULA. The amount of a junior college district's</u>
17 <u>guaranteed instruction and operations funding for a state fiscal</u>
18 year is equal to the sum of:

19 (1) the product of:

# 20 (A) the district's basic allotment under Section 21 <u>130A.053; and</u> 22 (B) the number of weighted full-time equivalent 23 students enrolled at the district determined in accordance with

- 24 <u>Section 130A.054; and</u>
- 25 (2) the district's contact hour funding under Section
  26 <u>130A.055.</u>
- 27 Sec. 130A.053. BASIC ALLOTMENT. The basic allotment for a

1 junior college district for a state fiscal year is an amount per 2 weighted full-time equivalent student set by the General 3 Appropriations Act or other legislative appropriation. 4 Sec. 130A.054. WEIGHTED FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT STUDENT; SCALE ADJUSTMENT. (a) The coordinating board by rule shall 5 establish student weights for purposes of this chapter that reflect 6 7 the higher cost of educating certain students. 8 (b) The student weights must be established in a manner that results in appropriate funding to a junior college district for the 9 10 education of a student enrolled in an eligible credit or non-credit program who is: 11 12 (1) 25 years of age or older; (2) economically disadvantaged, as defined 13 by 14 coordinating board rule; or 15 (3) academically disadvantaged, as defined by 16 coordinating board rule. 17 (c) Subject to Subsection (d), the number of weighted full-time equivalent students enrolled at a junior college district 18 19 for purposes of this subchapter is equal to the sum of: (1) the number of full-time equivalent students 20 enrolled in the district; and 21 22 (2) the sum of the weights assigned to students enrolled in the district. 23 24 (d) The coordinating board by rule shall establish an equitable adjustment to the number of weighted full-time equivalent 25 26 students determined under this section for each junior college district with a total enrollment of fewer than 5,000 full-time 27

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1 equivalent students. 2 (e) Not later than November 1 of each even-numbered year, a junior college district that receives an adjustment under 3 Subsection (d) shall submit to the commissioner a report on the 4 5 district's participation in institutional partnerships and shared services available under Section 61.0571 or other partnerships to 6 7 reduce costs and improve operational efficiency. Sec. 130A.055. CONTACT HOUR FUNDING. (a) The legislature 8 shall set by appropriation the amount of funding to be provided to a 9 10 junior college district under this subchapter per contact hour. 11 (b) The amount of funding per contact hour must be weighted 12 by discipline to reflect the cost of providing the applicable 13 course. 14 (c) The coordinating board shall determine the total amount 15 of contact hour funding to which each junior college district is entitled under this section. 16 Sec. 130A.056. LOCAL SHARE. A junior college district's 17 local share of base tier funding is an amount equal to the sum of the 18 19 amounts of revenue estimated to be generated by: 20 (1) imposing a maintenance and operations ad valorem tax in the district at a rate of \$0.05; and 21 22 (2) assessing an amount of tuition and fees to each full-time equivalent student enrolled in the district equal to the 23 24 statewide average amount of tuition and fees assessed by junior college districts to a full-time equivalent student, determined as 25 26 provided by coordinating board rule. 27 SUBCHAPTER C. STATE FUNDING: PERFORMANCE TIER

Sec. 130A.101. PERFORMANCE TIER. (a) A junior college 1 district is entitled to performance tier funding for a state fiscal 2 biennium in an amount equal to the sum of the amounts determined 3 under Subsection (b) for each measurable outcome described by 4 5 Subsection (c). 6 (b) The amount of performance tier funding for each 7 measurable outcome described by Subsection (c) is equal to the 8 product of: (1) the sum of: 9 10 (A) the number of times that outcome was achieved by the junior college district, determined as provided by 11 12 coordinating board rule; and (B) for an outcome described by Subsection (c)(1) 13 14 or (2), the sum of the applicable student weights established by 15 coordinating board rule for the students who achieved the outcome at the junior college district as determined under Paragraph (A) of 16 17 this subdivision; and (2) the amount set by the General Appropriations Act 18 19 or other legislative appropriation for the outcome. (c) The measurable outcomes considered for purposes of 20 performance tier funding are: 21 (1) the number of credentials of value awarded, as 22 determined by the coordinating board based on analyses of wages and 23 24 costs associated with the credential, including degrees, certificates, and other credentials from credit and non-credit 25 26 programs that equip students for continued learning and greater earnings in the state economy, with an additional weight for 27

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1 placement of students who earn that credential in a high-demand occupation, as defined by coordinating board rule, or an 2 appropriate proxy determined by the coordinating board based on 3 4 available data; 5 (2) the number of students who earn at least 15 semester credit hours or the equivalent at the junior college 6 7 district and: 8 (A) subsequently transfer to a general academic teaching institution, as that term is defined by Section 61.003; or 9 (B) are enrolled in a structured co-enrollment 10 program, as defined by coordinating board rule; and 11 12 (3) the number of students who complete a sequence of at least 15 semester credit hours or the equivalent for dual credit 13 courses that apply toward academic or workforce program 14 requirements at the postsecondary level. 15 SECTION 27. Sections 61.0593, 61.884(d), and 130.003(d), 16

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17 Education Code, are repealed.

SECTION 28. Sections 28.009(b-2) and 28.010(a), Education Orde, as amended by this Act, and Section 28.0095, Education Code, as added by this Act, apply beginning with the 2023-2024 school year.

SECTION 29. The Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board may identify rules required by the passage of Chapter 130A, Education Code, as added by this Act, that must be adopted on an emergency basis for purposes of the state fiscal year beginning September 1, 2023, and may use the procedures established under Section 2001.034, Government Code, for adopting those rules. The

1 coordinating board is not required to make the finding described by
2 Section 2001.034(a), Government Code, to adopt emergency rules
3 under this section.

4 SECTION 30. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b) of 5 this section, this Act takes effect September 1, 2023, and applies 6 to the allocation of state funding to junior college districts 7 beginning with the state fiscal biennium beginning September 1, 8 2023.

9 (b) Sections 28.009(b-2) and 28.010(a), Education Code, as 10 amended by this Act, and Section 28.0095, Education Code, as added 11 by this Act, take effect immediately if this Act receives a vote of 12 two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as provided by 13 Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this Act does not 14 receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, those provisions 15 take effect September 1, 2023.