By:González of El Paso, Goldman, Cook,
Collier, et al.H.B. No. 250Substitute the following for H.B. No. 250:Example 1000By:DuttonC.S.H.B. No. 250

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT 2 relating to crime victims' compensation. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 3 SECTION 1. Articles 56B.003(2), (6), (7), and (10), Code of 4 Criminal Procedure, are amended to read as follows: 5 6 (2) "Claimant" means any of the following individuals, 7 other than a service provider, who is entitled to file or has filed a claim for compensation under this chapter: 8 9 (A) an authorized individual acting on behalf of 10 a victim; 11 (B) an individual who legally assumes the 12 obligation or who voluntarily pays medical or burial expenses of a victim incurred as a result of the criminally injurious conduct of 13 14 another; (C) a dependent of a victim who died as a result 15 of the criminally injurious conduct; 16 17 <u>a</u> [an immediate] family member or [a] (D) household member of a victim who, as a result of the criminally 18 19 injurious conduct: 20 (i) requires psychiatric care or 21 counseling; 22 (ii) incurs expenses for traveling to and 23 attending a deceased victim's funeral; or 24 (iii) suffers wage loss from bereavement

leave taken in connection with the death of the victim; or 1 (E) an authorized individual acting on behalf of 2 3 a child described by Paragraph (C) or (D). (6) "Family violence" has the meaning assigned by 4 5 Section 71.004 [71.004(1)], Family Code. (7) "Household member" means an individual who[+ 6 7 [(A) is related by consanguinity or affinity to 8 the victim; and 9 [(B)] resided in the same permanent household as 10 the victim at the time that the criminally injurious conduct occurred. 11 "Pecuniary loss" means the amount of the expense 12 (10)reasonably and necessarily incurred as a result of personal injury 13 14 or death for: 15 (A) medical, hospital, nursing, or psychiatric 16 care or counseling, or physical therapy; 17 (B) actual loss of past earnings and anticipated loss of future earnings and necessary travel expenses because of: 18 19 (i) a disability resulting from the 20 personal injury; 21 (ii) the receipt of medically indicated services related to the disability; or 22 (iii) participation in or attendance 23 at 24 investigative, prosecutorial, or judicial processes or any postadjudication proceeding relating 25 postconviction or to 26 criminally injurious conduct; 27 (C) care of a child or dependent, including

1 specialized care for a child who is a victim; (D) funeral and burial expenses, including, for a 2 3 [an immediate] family member or [a] household member of the victim, the necessary expenses of traveling to and attending the funeral; 4 5 loss of support to a dependent, consistent (E) with Article 56B.057(b)(5); 6 7 reasonable and necessary costs of cleaning (F) 8 the crime scene; reasonable replacement costs for clothing, 9 (G) 10 bedding, or property of the victim seized as evidence or rendered unusable as a result of the criminal investigation; 11 12 (H) reasonable and necessary costs for relocation and housing rental assistance payments as provided by 13 14 Articles [Article] 56B.106(c) and (c-1); 15 (I) for <u>a</u> [an immediate] family member or [a] household member of a deceased victim, bereavement leave [of not 16 17 more than 10 work days]; and reasonable and necessary costs of traveling 18 (J) to and from a place of execution to witness the execution, including 19 20 [one night's] lodging near the place where the execution is 21 conducted. SECTION 2. Subdivision (8), Article 56B.003, 2.2 Code of 23 Criminal Procedure, is redesignated as Subdivision (5-a), Article 24 56B.003, Code of Criminal Procedure, and amended to read as follows: 25 (5-a) "Family [(8) "Immediate family] member" means an 26 27 individual who is related to a victim [within the second degree] by

1 consanguinity or affinity.

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2 SECTION 3. Article 56B.057(d), Code of Criminal Procedure,
3 is amended to read as follows:

4 (d) Except as provided by rules adopted by the attorney 5 general to prevent the unjust enrichment of an offender, the 6 attorney general may not deny an award otherwise payable to a 7 claimant or victim because the claimant or victim:

8 (1) is <u>a</u> [an immediate] family member of the offender;
9 or

(2) resides in the same household as the offender.

SECTION 4. Article 56B.106, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended by amending Subsections (c) and (d) and adding Subsections (c-1), (c-2), and (c-3) to read as follows:

(c) A victim of stalking, family violence, or trafficking of persons, a victim of sexual assault who is assaulted in the victim's place of residence, or a child who is a victim of a murder attempt in the child's place of residence may receive <u>compensation for the following</u> [a one-time assistance payment in an amount not to exceed]:

(1) [\$2,000 to be used for] relocation expenses, including expenses for rental deposit, utility connections, expenses relating to moving belongings, motor vehicle mileage expenses, temporary or emergency lodging, and for an out-of-state move, expenses for transportation, lodging, and meals; and

(2) [\$1,800 to be used for] housing rental expenses.
 (c-1) A victim other than a victim described by Subsection
 (c), a dependent of any victim, or a family member or household

1	member of any victim may receive compensation for the following:
2	(1) relocation expenses, including expenses for
3	rental deposit, utility connections, expenses relating to moving
4	belongings, motor vehicle mileage expenses, temporary or emergency
5	lodging, and for an out-of-state move, expenses for transportation,
6	lodging, and meals; and
7	(2) housing rental expenses.
8	(c-2) Unless the attorney general determines that there is
9	an extraordinary health or safety need for compensation to be made
10	to more than two households, the attorney general may, for each
11	application based on criminally injurious conduct giving rise to
12	the need for relocation or housing rental expenses, award
13	compensation for relocation or housing rental expenses under
14	Subsection (c) or (c-1) to the households of no more than:
15	(1) one victim and one claimant; or
16	(2) two claimants, if the victim is deceased.
17	(c-3) The attorney general by rule may establish a
18	limitation on the amount of an award a victim or claimant may
19	receive under Subsection (c) or (c-1), except that the limitation
20	for:
21	(1) relocation expenses as provided by Subsection
22	(c)(1) or (c-1)(1) may not be less than \$2,000; and
23	(2) housing rental expenses as provided by Subsection
24	(c)(2) or (c-1)(2) may not be less than \$1,800.
25	(d) The attorney general by rule may establish a limitation
26	on an award a [An immediate] family member or household member of a
27	deceased victim may [not] receive <u>for</u> [more than \$1,000 in] lost

C.S.H.B. No. 250 wages as a result of bereavement leave taken by the family or 1 household member, except that the limit may not be less than the 2 3 lesser of:

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(1) \$1,000; or

(2) an amount equal to 10 work days of lost wages.

6 SECTION 5. The change in law made by this Act applies only to compensation for criminally injurious conduct occurring on or 7 after the effective date of this Act. Compensation for criminally 8 injurious conduct occurring before the effective date of this Act 9 is governed by the law in effect on the date the conduct occurred, 10 and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose. For 11 purposes of this section, criminally injurious conduct occurred 12 before the effective date of this Act if any element of the offense 13 underlying the conduct occurred before that date. 14

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SECTION 6. This Act takes effect September 1, 2023.