By: Campos

1

H.B. No. 1464

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

2 relating to preliminary examination periods for mental health 3 protective custody and the criteria for and duration of certain 4 court-ordered mental health services.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
SECTION 1. Section 573.021(b), Health and Safety Code, is
amended to read as follows:

(b) A person accepted for a preliminary examination may be 8 9 detained in custody for not longer than 72 [48] hours after the time the person is presented to the facility unless a written order for 10 protective custody is obtained. The 72-hour [48-hour] period 11 12 allowed by this section includes any time the patient spends waiting in the facility for medical care before the person receives 13 14 the preliminary examination. If the 72-hour [48-hour] period ends on a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday, or before 4 p.m. on the first 15 16 succeeding business day, the person may be detained until 4 p.m. on the first succeeding business day. If the <u>72-hour</u> [48-hour] period 17 ends at a different time, the person may be detained only until 4 18 p.m. on the day the 72-hour [48-hour] period ends. If extremely 19 hazardous weather conditions exist or a disaster occurs, the 20 presiding judge or magistrate may, by written order made each day, 21 extend by an additional 24 hours the period during which the person 22 23 may be detained. The written order must declare that an emergency exists because of the weather or the occurrence of a disaster. 24

H.B. No. 1464 1 SECTION 2. Sections 574.034(a) and (d), Health and Safety Code, are amended to read as follows: 2 3 (a) The judge may order a proposed patient to receive court-ordered temporary inpatient mental health services only if 4 the judge or jury finds, from clear and convincing evidence, that: 5 (1) the proposed patient is a person with mental 6 7 illness; and 8 (2) as a result of that mental illness the proposed patient: 9 poses a substantial risk of causing [is 10 (A) 11 likely to cause] serious harm to the proposed patient, as evidenced 12 by serious threats of attempting suicide, a suicide attempt, or other significant self-inflicted bodily harm; 13 14 (B) poses a substantial risk of causing [is 15 likely to cause] serious harm to others, as evidenced by violent behavior directed toward others; [or] 16 17 (C) is: suffering severe and abnormal mental, 18 (i) 19 emotional, or physical distress; (ii) experiencing substantial mental 20 or physical deterioration of the proposed patient's ability to 21 function independently, which is exhibited by the proposed 22 23 patient's inability, except for reasons of indigence, to provide 24 for the proposed patient's basic needs, including food, clothing, health, or safety; and 25 26 (iii) unable to make а rational and 27 informed decision as to whether or not to submit to treatment; or

H.B. No. 1464 1 (D) is experiencing severe mental or physical deterioration that, without immediate intervention, poses a 2 substantial risk of severe impairment or injury to the proposed 3 4 patient. 5 (d) To be clear and convincing under Subsection (a), the evidence must include expert testimony and, unless waived, evidence 6 of a recent overt act or a continuing pattern of behavior that tends 7 8 to confirm: 9 (1)the likelihood of serious harm to the proposed 10 patient or others; [or] 11 (2) the proposed patient's distress and the 12 deterioration of the proposed patient's ability to function; or 13 (3) the severe deterioration of the proposed patient that poses a substantial risk of impairment or injury to the 14 proposed patient. 15 SECTION 3. Section 574.0345(c), Health and Safety Code, is 16 17 amended to read as follows: (c) An order for temporary outpatient mental 18 health services shall state that treatment is authorized for not longer 19 than 90 [45] days, except that the order may specify a period not to 20 exceed 180 [90] days if the judge finds that the longer period is 21 22 necessary. SECTION 4. Sections 574.035(a) and (e), Health and Safety 23 24 Code, are amended to read as follows: The judge may order a proposed patient to receive 25 (a) 26 court-ordered extended inpatient mental health services only if the jury, or the judge if the right to a jury is waived, finds, from 27

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1 clear and convincing evidence, that:

2 (1) the proposed patient is a person with mental3 illness;

4 (2) as a result of that mental illness the proposed5 patient:

(A) poses a substantial risk of causing [is
1 likely to cause] serious harm to the proposed patient, as evidenced
by serious threats of attempting suicide, a suicide attempt, or
other significant self-inflicted bodily harm;

10 (B) poses a substantial risk of causing [is
11 likely to cause] serious harm to others, as evidenced by violent
12 behavior directed toward others; [or]

13

(C) is:

14 (i) suffering severe and abnormal mental,15 emotional, or physical distress;

(ii) experiencing substantial mental or physical deterioration of the proposed patient's ability to function independently, which is exhibited by the proposed patient's inability, except for reasons of indigence, to provide for the proposed patient's basic needs, including food, clothing, health, or safety; and

(iii) unable to make rational 22 а and 23 informed decision as to whether or not to submit to treatment; or 24 (D) is experiencing severe mental or physical 25 deterioration that, without immediate intervention, poses a 26 substantial risk of severe impairment or injury to the proposed 27 patient;

H.B. No. 1464 1 (3) the proposed patient's condition is expected to 2 continue for more than 90 days; and

3 (4) the proposed patient has received court-ordered
4 inpatient mental health services under this subtitle or under
5 Chapter 46B, Code of Criminal Procedure, for at least 60
6 consecutive days during the preceding 12 months.

7 (e) To be clear and convincing under Subsection (a), the 8 evidence must include expert testimony and evidence of a recent 9 overt act or a continuing pattern of behavior that tends to confirm:

10 (1) the likelihood of serious harm to the proposed 11 patient or others; [or]

12 (2) the proposed patient's distress and the
13 deterioration of the proposed patient's ability to function; or

14 (3) the severe deterioration of the proposed patient 15 that poses a substantial risk of impairment or injury to the 16 proposed patient.

SECTION 5. The change in law made by this Act to Section 573.021, Health and Safety Code, applies to an emergency detention that begins on or after the effective date of this Act. An emergency detention that begins before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law as it existed immediately before that date, and that law is continued in effect for that purpose.

SECTION 6. The changes in law made by this Act to Chapter Health and Safety Code, apply only to a proceeding for court-ordered mental health services that occurs on or after the effective date of this Act, regardless of when an offense with which the defendant is charged was committed.

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1 SECTION 7. This Act takes effect September 1, 2023.