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                                AN ACT
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   relating to the regulation of recycling and recycled products.
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         BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
         SECTION 1. Section 361.003, Health and Safety Code, is
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   amended by amending Subdivisions (1), (10-a), (24-a), (25), (25-a),
    (26-a), (27), (34), (35), and (36) and adding Subdivisions (1-a),
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    (6-a), and (37-a) to read as follows:
               (1) "Advanced recycling facility" means a
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   manufacturing facility that receives, stores, and converts
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   post-use polymers and recoverable feedstocks using advanced
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   recycling technologies and processes including pyrolysis,
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   gasification, solvolysis, and depolymerization. For purposes of
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   this chapter and rules adopted by the commission under this
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   chapter, an advanced recycling facility is not a solid waste
   facility, final disposal facility, waste-to-energy facility, or
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   incinerator.
                     "Apparent recharge zone" means that recharge
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              (1-a)
   zone designated on maps prepared or compiled by, and located in the
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   offices of, the commission.
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              (6-a) "Depolymerization" means a manufacturing
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   process through which post-use polymers are broken down into:
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                    (A) smaller molecules, including monomers and
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   oligomers; or
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                   (B) raw materials or intermediate or final
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- 1 products, including plastics and chemical feedstocks, basic and
- 2 unfinished chemicals, waxes, lubricants, or coatings.
- 3 (10-a) "Gasification" means a process through which
- 4 recoverable feedstocks are heated and converted into a fuel-gas
- 5 mixture in an oxygen-deficient atmosphere and the mixture is
- 6 converted into $[\frac{1}{4}]$ valuable raw <u>materials or valuable</u> $[_{m{ au}}]$
- 7 intermediate $[\tau]$ or final products $[\frac{product}{q}]$, including plastic
- 8 monomers, chemicals, waxes, lubricants, or chemical feedstocks [a
- 9 plastic, monomer, chemical, wax, lubricant, or chemical feedstock
- 10 or crude oil, diesel, gasoline, diesel and gasoline blendstock,
- 11 home heating oil, ethanol, or another fuel]. The term does not
- 12 include incineration.
- 13 (24-a) "Post-use polymers" means plastics that:
- 14 (A) are derived from any industrial, commercial,
- 15 agricultural, or domestic activity, including preconsumer
- 16 recovered materials and postconsumer materials;
- 17 (B) are sorted from solid waste and other
- 18 regulated waste and may contain residual amounts of organic
- 19 material and incidental contaminants or impurities such as paper
- 20 labels or metal rings;
- 21 (C) are not mixed with solid waste or hazardous
- 22 waste onsite or during processing at an advanced recycling
- 23 <u>facility;</u>
- (D) are used or intended for use as a feedstock or
- 25 for the production of feedstocks, raw materials, or other
- 26 intermediate or final products using advanced recycling; and
- 27 (E) are processed or held prior to processing at

- an advanced recycling facility [plastic polymers that derive from 1 any household, industrial, community, commercial, or other sources 2 of operations or activities that might otherwise become waste if 3 not converted into a valuable raw, intermediate, or final product. 4 5 Post-use polymers include used polymers that contain incidental contaminants or impurities such as paper labels or metal rings but 6 do not include used polymers mixed with solid waste, medical waste, 7 8 hazardous waste, electronic waste, tires, or construction or demolition debris]. 9
- (25) "Processing" means the extraction of materials 10 from or the transfer, volume reduction, conversion to energy, or 11 12 other separation and preparation of solid waste for reuse or The term includes the treatment or neutralization of 13 14 hazardous waste designed to change the physical, chemical, or 15 biological character or composition of a hazardous waste so as to neutralize the waste, recover energy or material from the waste, 16 17 render the waste nonhazardous or less hazardous, make it safer to transport, store, or dispose of, or render it amenable for recovery 18 or storage, or reduce its volume. The term does not include: 19
- 20 (A) pyrolysis, [or] gasification, solvolysis, or 21 depolymerization; or
- 22 (B) activities concerning those materials 23 exempted by the administrator of the United States Environmental 24 Protection Agency under the federal Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, as 25 amended (42 U.S.C. Section 6901 et seq.), unless the commission 26 determines that regulation of the activity under this chapter is 27

- 1 necessary to protect human health or the environment.
- 2 (25-a) "Pyrolysis" means a manufacturing process
- 3 through which post-use polymers are heated in an oxygen-deficient
- 4 atmosphere [until melted and thermally decomposed and then cooled,
- 5 $\frac{\text{condensed}_{r}}{\text{converted}}$ and $\frac{\text{the pyrolysis product is}}{\text{converted into }}$
- 6 valuable raw materials or valuable $[\tau]$ intermediate $[\tau]$ or final
- 7 products [product], including plastic monomers, chemicals,
- 8 naphtha, waxes, polymers, or plastic and chemical feedstocks [a
- 9 plastic, monomer, chemical, wax, lubricant, or chemical feedstock
- 10 or crude oil, diesel, gasoline, diesel and gasoline blendstock,
- 11 home heating oil, ethanol, or another fuel]. The term does not
- 12 include incineration.
- 13 (26-a) "Recoverable feedstock" means one or more of
- 14 the following materials, derived from recoverable waste other than
- 15 coal refuse, that has been processed so that it may be used as
- 16 feedstock in an advanced recycling facility or through [a]
- 17 gasification [facility]:
- 18 (A) post-use polymers; and
- 19 (B) material, including municipal solid waste
- 20 [containing post-use polymers] and other post-industrial waste:
- 21 <u>(i)</u> [containing post-use polymers, that has
- 22 been processed into a fuel or feedstock] for which the commission or
- 23 the United States Environmental Protection Agency has made a
- 24 non-waste determination under 40 C.F.R. Section 241.3(c); or
- (ii) that the commission or the United
- 26 States Environmental Protection Agency has otherwise determined
- 27 are feedstocks and not solid waste.

- 1 (27) "Recycling" has the meaning assigned by Section
- 2 361.421 [means the legitimate use, reuse, or reclamation of solid
- 3 waste].
- 4 (34) This subdivision expires on delegation of the
- 5 Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 authority to the
- 6 Railroad Commission of Texas. Subject to the limitations of 42
- 7 U.S.C. Section 6903(27) and 40 C.F.R. Section 261.4(a), "solid
- 8 waste" means garbage, rubbish, refuse, sludge from a waste
- 9 treatment plant, water supply treatment plant, or air pollution
- 10 control facility, and other discarded material, including solid,
- 11 liquid, semisolid, or contained gaseous material resulting from
- 12 industrial, municipal, commercial, mining, and agricultural
- 13 operations and from community and institutional activities. The
- 14 term:
- 15 (A) does not include:
- 16 (i) solid or dissolved material in domestic
- 17 sewage, or solid or dissolved material in irrigation return flows,
- 18 or industrial discharges subject to regulation by permit issued
- 19 under Chapter 26, Water Code;
- 20 (ii) soil, dirt, rock, sand, and other
- 21 natural or man-made inert solid materials used to fill land if the
- 22 object of the fill is to make the land suitable for the construction
- 23 of surface improvements;
- 24 (iii) waste materials that result from
- 25 activities associated with the exploration, development, or
- 26 production of oil or gas or geothermal resources and other
- 27 substance or material regulated by the Railroad Commission of Texas

- 1 under Section 91.101, Natural Resources Code, unless the waste,
- 2 substance, or material results from activities associated with
- 3 gasoline plants, natural gas or natural gas liquids processing
- 4 plants, pressure maintenance plants, or repressurizing plants and
- 5 is hazardous waste as defined by the administrator of the United
- 6 States Environmental Protection Agency under the federal Solid
- 7 Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and
- 8 Recovery Act of 1976, as amended (42 U.S.C. Section 6901 et seq.);
- 9 or
- 10 (iv) post-use polymers or recoverable
- 11 feedstocks processed through pyrolysis, [or] gasification,
- 12 solvolysis, or depolymerization that do not qualify as hazardous
- 13 waste under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (42
- 14 U.S.C. Section 6901 et seq.); and
- 15 (B) does include hazardous substances, for the
- 16 purposes of Sections 361.271 through 361.277 and 361.343 through
- 17 361.345.
- 18 (35) This subdivision is effective on delegation of
- 19 the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 authority to the
- 20 Railroad Commission of Texas. Subject to the limitations of 42
- 21 U.S.C. Section 6903(27) and 40 C.F.R. Section 261.4(a), "solid
- 22 waste" means garbage, rubbish, refuse, sludge from a waste
- 23 treatment plant, water supply treatment plant, or air pollution
- 24 control facility, and other discarded material, including solid,
- 25 liquid, semisolid, or contained gaseous material resulting from
- 26 industrial, municipal, commercial, mining, and agricultural
- 27 operations and from community and institutional activities. The

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   term:
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   or industrial discharges subject to regulation by permit issued
   under Chapter 26, Water Code;
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                         (ii) soil, dirt, rock, sand,
                                                          and other
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   object of the fill is to make the land suitable for the construction
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   of surface improvements;
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   activities associated with the exploration, development,
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   production of oil or gas or geothermal resources and other
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   substance or material regulated by the Railroad Commission of Texas
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   under Section 91.101, Natural Resources Code; or
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                                          polymers or
                                                         recoverable
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   feedstocks
               processed through pyrolysis, [or] gasification,
   solvolysis, or depolymerization that do not qualify as hazardous
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   waste under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (42
   U.S.C. Section 6901 et seq.); and
20
                    (B) does include hazardous substances, for the
21
   purposes of Sections 361.271 through 361.277 and 361.343 through
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   361.345.
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                    "Solid waste facility" means all contiguous land,
   including structures, appurtenances, and other improvements on the
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26
   land, used for processing, storing, or disposing of solid
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waste.

The term includes a publicly or privately owned solid waste

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- 1 facility consisting of several processing, storage, or disposal
- 2 operational units such as one or more landfills, surface
- 3 impoundments, or a combination of units. The term does not include
- 4 an advanced recycling [a pyrolysis or gasification] facility.
- 5 (37-a) "Solvolysis" means a manufacturing process
- 6 through which post-use polymers are purified with the aid of
- 7 solvents while heated at low temperatures, pressurized, or both
- 8 heated at low temperatures and pressurized, to remove additives and
- 9 contaminants and make useful products, including monomers,
- 10 intermediates, valuable chemicals, plastic and chemical
- 11 feedstocks, and raw materials. The process includes hydrolysis,
- 12 aminolysis, ammonolysis, methanolysis, and glycolysis.
- 13 SECTION 2. Section 361.0151, Health and Safety Code, is
- 14 amended by adding Subsection (c) to read as follows:
- 15 <u>(c) Notwithstanding any other law, the commission or a</u>
- 16 political subdivision of this state that establishes goals or
- 17 requirements for recycling or the use of recycled material must
- 18 base those goals or requirements on the definitions and principles
- 19 established by Subchapter N. This subsection does not apply to a
- 20 program described by Subchapter Y or Z.
- SECTION 3. Section 361.041(a), Health and Safety Code, is
- 22 amended to read as follows:
- 23 (a) The commission may not consider post-use polymers or
- 24 recoverable feedstock to be solid waste if they are converted using
- 25 pyrolysis, [or] gasification, solvolysis, or depolymerization into
- 26 $[\frac{1}{4}]$ valuable raw <u>materials or valuable</u> $[\tau]$ intermediate $[\tau]$ or final
- 27 products [product], including plastic monomers, chemicals, waxes,

- 1 <u>lubricants</u>, or chemical feedstocks [a plastic, monomer, chemical,
- 2 wax, lubricant, or chemical feedstock or crude oil, diesel,
- 3 gasoline, diesel and gasoline blendstock, home heating oil,
- 4 ethanol, or another fuel].
- 5 SECTION 4. Section 361.119(c-1), Health and Safety Code, is
- 6 amended to read as follows:
- 7 (c-1) A facility that reuses or converts recyclable
- 8 materials through pyrolysis, [or] gasification, solvolysis, or
- 9 depolymerization, and the operations conducted and materials
- 10 handled at the facility, are not subject to regulation under rules
- 11 adopted under this section if the owner or operator of the facility
- 12 demonstrates that:
- 13 (1) the primary function of the facility is to convert
- 14 materials into products [that have a resale value greater than the
- 15 cost of converting the materials] for subsequent beneficial use;
- 16 and
- 17 (2) all the solid waste generated from converting the
- 18 materials is disposed of in a hazardous solid waste management
- 19 facility or a solid waste facility authorized under this chapter,
- 20 as appropriate, with the exception of small amounts of solid waste
- 21 that may be inadvertently and unintentionally disposed of in
- 22 another manner.
- SECTION 5. Section 361.421, Health and Safety Code, is
- 24 amended by amending Subdivisions (5), (6), (7), and (8) and adding
- 25 Subdivision (6-a) to read as follows:
- 26 (5) "Recyclable material" means material that $\underline{\text{can be}}$
- 27 or has been recovered or diverted from the [solid] waste stream for

1 purposes of reuse, recycling, or reclamation, a substantial portion of which is consistently used in the manufacture of products which 2 3 may otherwise be produced using raw or virgin materials. The term includes any waste stream, including post-use polymers and 4 5 recoverable feedstocks that are converted through pyrolysis, [or] gasification, solvolysis, or depolymerization into valuable raw 6 materials or valuable $[\tau]$ intermediate $[\tau]$ and final products. 7 8 Recyclable material is not solid waste unless the material is deemed to be hazardous solid waste by the Administrator of the 9 10 United States Environmental Protection Agency, whereupon it shall be regulated accordingly unless it is otherwise exempted in whole 11 or in part from regulation under the federal Solid Waste Disposal 12 Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 13 14 1976 (42 U.S.C. Section 6901 et seq.), by Environmental Protection 15 Agency regulation. However, recyclable material may become solid waste at such time, if any, as it is abandoned or disposed of rather 16 17 than recycled, whereupon it will be solid waste with respect only to the party actually abandoning or disposing of the material. 18

19 "Recycled material" means materials, goods, or products that consist of recovered recyclable material or materials 20 recoverable feedstocks, post-use polymers, 21 derived from postconsumer waste, industrial waste, or hazardous waste which may 22 23 be used in place of a raw or virgin material in manufacturing a new 24 product or that are certified under a third-party certification system for mass balance attribution identified by the commission 25 26 under Section 361.4215. The term includes recycled plastics [post-use polymers and recoverable feedstocks used in pyrolysis or 27

- 1 gasification].
- 2 (6-a) "Recycled plastics" means products that are
- 3 produced from:
- 4 (A) mechanical recycling of post-use polymers;
- 5 <u>or</u>
- 6 (B) nonmechanical recycling of recoverable
- 7 feedstocks or post-use polymers that are certified under a
- 8 third-party certification system for mass balance attribution
- 9 identified by the commission under Section 361.4215.
- 10 (7) "Recycled product" means a product that is
- 11 eligible to be considered a recycled product under [which meets the
- 12 requirements for recycled material content as prescribed by] the
- 13 rules established by the commission under [described in] Section
- 14 361.427. The term does not include a product sold as fuel.
- 15 (8) "Recycling" means a process by which materials
- 16 that have served their intended use or are scrapped, discarded,
- 17 used, surplus, or obsolete are collected, separated, or processed
- 18 and returned to use in the form of raw materials or feedstocks used
- 19 in the manufacture [production] of new products. The term does not
- 20 <u>include incineration of plastics or waste-to-energy processes.</u>
- 21 Recycling includes:
- 22 (A) the composting process if the compost
- 23 material is put to beneficial reuse as defined by the commission;
- 24 (B) the application to land, as organic
- 25 fertilizer, of processed sludge or biosolids from municipal
- 26 wastewater treatment plants and other organic matter resulting from
- 27 poultry, dairy, livestock, or other agricultural operations; and

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- 1 (C) the conversion of post-use polymers and
- 2 recoverable feedstocks through pyrolysis, [or] gasification,
- 3 solvolysis, or depolymerization.
- 4 SECTION 6. Subchapter N, Chapter 361, Health and Safety
- 5 Code, is amended by adding Section 361.4215 to read as follows:
- 6 Sec. 361.4215. MASS BALANCE ATTRIBUTION. The commission by
- 7 rule shall identify third-party certification systems for mass
- 8 balance attribution that may be used for the purposes of Sections
- 9 361.421(6) and (6-a).
- SECTION 7. Sections 361.427(a) and (b), Health and Safety
- 11 Code, are amended to read as follows:
- 12 (a) The commission, in consultation with the comptroller,
- 13 shall promulgate rules to establish guidelines by which a product
- 14 <u>is eligible to be considered a recycled product based on:</u>
- 15 (1) the percent of the total content of a product that
- 16 consists of recycled material; or
- 17 (2) the portion of the total content of a product that
- 18 is determined to consist of recycled material according to a
- 19 third-party certification system for mass balance attribution
- 20 identified by the commission under Section 361.4215. [which specify
- 21 the percent of the total content of a product which must consist of
- 22 recycled material for the product to be a "recycled product."]
- 23 (b) The guidelines established under this section shall
- 24 specify a minimum percent of the recycled material in a product
- 25 which must be postconsumer waste or post-use polymers.
- 26 SECTION 8. Sections 361.003(10-b) and (25-b), Health and
- 27 Safety Code, are repealed.

- 1 SECTION 9. As soon as practicable after the effective date
- 2 of this Act, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality shall
- 3 adopt rules necessary to implement the changes in law made by this
- 4 Act.
- 5 SECTION 10. This Act takes effect immediately if it
- 6 receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each
- 7 house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution.
- 8 If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate
- 9 effect, this Act takes effect September 1, 2023.

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|---|---|----------|------|

| President o | of the Senate | Speaker of the House |
|-----------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| I certify | y that H.B. No. 306 | O was passed by the House on April |
| 26, 2023, by th | ne following vote: | Yeas 146, Nays 0, 1 present, not |
| voting. | | |
| | | |
| | | Chief Clerk of the House |
| I certify | y that H.B. No. 300 | 00 was passed by the Senate on May |
| 12, 2023, by th | e following vote: | Yeas 30, Nays 0. |
| | | |
| | | Secretary of the Senate |
| APPROVED: | | |
| | Date | |
| | | |
| | Governor | |