By: Talarico

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## A JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing a constitutional amendment establishing the Texas
 Independent Citizen Redistricting Commission to redistrict the
 Texas Legislature, Texas congressional districts, and State Board
 of Education districts and revising procedures for redistricting.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
SECTION 1. Article III, Texas Constitution, is amended by
adding Sections 28a, 28b, and 28c to read as follows:

Sec. 28a. (a) In the year following a year in which the 8 9 United States decennial census is taken, the Texas Independent Citizen Redistricting Commission described by Section 28b of this 10 article shall adjust the boundary lines of the districts for the 11 12 election of the members of the United States House of Representatives elected from this state, the members of the Texas 13 14 Senate, the members of the Texas House of Representatives, and the members of the State Board of Education in accordance with the 15 16 standards and process provided by Section 28b of this article.

17 (b) Districts described by Subsection (a) of this section 18 must be single-member districts, each entitled to elect one member 19 of the United States House of Representatives, the Texas Senate, 20 the Texas House of Representatives, or the State Board of 21 Education, as applicable.

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Sec. 28b. (a) In this section:

23 (1) "Census year" means a calendar year in which the
 24 <u>United States decennial census is taken.</u>

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1	(2) "Commission" means the Texas Independent Citizen
2	Redistricting Commission.
3	(3) "Majority party" means, with respect to a
4	commission member, the political party with the most total votes
5	cast in the four statewide primary elections preceding the member's
6	appointment.
7	(4) "Minority party" means, with respect to a
8	commission member, the political party with the second highest
9	number of total votes cast in the four statewide primary elections
10	preceding the member's appointment.
11	(5) "Statewide primary election" means an election
12	held by a political party to select its nominee for governor or for
13	President of the United States. The term does not include a runoff
14	primary election.
15	(b) Not later than December 31 of each census year, the
16	members of the Texas Independent Citizen Redistricting Commission
17	shall be appointed and the commission shall commence the
18	redistricting process for the districts described by Section 28a(a)
19	of this article in connection with the census taken that year.
20	(c) The commission members shall:
21	(1) conduct an open and transparent process enabling
22	full public consideration of, and comment on, the drawing of
23	district lines;
24	(2) draw district lines according to the redistricting
25	criteria specified in this section; and
26	(3) conduct themselves with integrity and fairness.
27	(d) The selection process for commission members is

designed to produce a commission that is independent from 1 legislative influence and reasonably representative of this 2 3 state's diversity. (e) The commission consists of 14 members as follows: 4 5 (1) five majority party members, each of whom: 6 (A) voted in at least two of the statewide 7 primary elections in the five years preceding the member's 8 appointment held by the majority party; 9 (B) did not vote in any of the four statewide primary elections preceding the member's appointment held by a 10 political party other than the majority party; and 11 12 (C) voted in at least two of the three general elections preceding the member's appointment in which the office of 13 14 governor or President of the United States appeared on the ballot; 15 (2) five minority party members who: 16 (A) voted in at least two of the statewide primary elections in the five years preceding the member's 17 appointment held by the minority party; 18 19 (B) did not vote in any of the four statewide primary elections preceding the member's appointment held by a 20 political party other than the minority party; and 21 (C) voted in at least two of the three general 22 elections preceding the member's appointment in which the office of 23 24 governor or President of the United States appeared on the ballot; 25 and 26 (3) four independent members who: 27 (A) did not vote in any statewide primary

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1	elections in the five years preceding the member's appointment; and
2	(B) voted in at least two of the three general
3	elections preceding the member's appointment in which the office of
4	governor or President of the United States appeared on the ballot.
5	(f) The term of office of each commission member expires at
6	the time the first commission member is appointed in the next census
7	year.
8	(g) Nine commission members constitute a quorum. The
9	affirmative vote of at least nine commission members is required
10	for any official commission action. Each final redistricting map
11	must be approved by the affirmative vote of at least nine commission
12	members, including at least three majority party members, at least
13	three minority party members, and at least three independent
14	members, as provided by Subsection (e) of this section.
15	(h) Each commission member shall apply this section and
16	Sections 28a and 28c of this article in a manner that is impartial
17	and that reinforces public confidence in the integrity of the
18	redistricting process.
19	(i) A commission member is ineligible for a period of 10
20	years beginning on the date of appointment to hold a federal, state,
21	county, or municipal office elected from this state. A commission
22	member is ineligible for a period of five years beginning on the
23	date of appointment to:
24	(1) hold an appointed federal office representing this
25	<pre>state;</pre>
26	(2) hold an appointed state or local office in this
27	<pre>state;</pre>

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1	(3) serve as a paid employee of or as a paid consultant
2	<u>to:</u>
3	(A) a member of the United States Congress
4	elected from this state;
5	(B) the legislature; or
6	(C) a member of the legislature; or
7	(4) register as a lobbyist in this state.
8	(j) The commission shall establish districts described by
9	Section 28a(a) of this article through a mapping process using the
10	following criteria in the following order of priority:
11	(1) districts must comply with the United States
12	<u>Constitution;</u>
13	(2) districts for the election of members of the
14	United States House of Representatives must achieve population
15	equality as nearly as is practicable;
16	(3) districts for the election of members of the Texas
17	Senate, the Texas House of Representatives, and the State Board of
18	Education must have reasonably equal population with other
19	districts for the same office except where deviation is required to
20	comply with the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. Section
21	10101 et seq.) or is allowable by law;
22	(4) all districts must comply with the federal Voting
23	Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. Section 10101 et seq.);
24	(5) all districts must be geographically contiguous;
25	(6) the geographic integrity of each municipality,
26	county, local neighborhood, and local community of interest must be
27	respected in a manner that minimizes its division to the extent

1	possible without violating the requirements of any of the preceding
2	subdivisions of this subsection; and
3	(7) to the extent practicable and to the extent that
4	compliance with this subdivision does not preclude compliance with
5	any of the preceding subdivisions of this subsection, districts
6	must be drawn to encourage geographical compactness so that nearby
7	areas of population are not bypassed for more distant population.
8	(k) For purposes of Subsection (j)(6) of this section, a
9	community of interest is a contiguous population that shares common
10	social and economic interests that should be included within a
11	single district for purposes of that population's effective and
12	fair representation. Communities of interest may not be determined
13	based on relationships with political parties, incumbents, or
14	political candidates.
15	(1) The place of residence of any incumbent or political
16	candidate may not be considered in the creation of a map. Districts
17	may not be drawn for the purpose of favoring or discriminating
18	against an incumbent, political candidate, or political party.
19	(m) Commissioners must start from scratch and not redraw
20	based on existing district lines.
21	(n) Not later than September 15 of each year following a
22	census year, the commission shall approve final maps that
23	separately set forth the boundary lines of the districts for the
24	election of the members of the United States House of
25	Representatives elected from this state, the members of the Texas
26	Senate, the members of the Texas House of Representatives, and the
27	members of the State Board of Education. On approval, the

1 commission shall certify each final map to the secretary of state.
2 (o) The commission shall issue, with each of the four final
3 maps, a report that explains the basis on which the commission made
4 its decisions in achieving compliance with the criteria listed in
5 Subsection (j) of this section and shall include definitions of the
6 terms and standards used in drawing each final map.

7 (p) If the commission fails to approve a final map with the vote and by the date required by this section, the secretary of 8 state shall immediately petition the Texas Supreme Court for an 9 order directing the appointment of special masters to adjust the 10 boundary lines of the districts required to be included in that map 11 12 in accordance with the redistricting criteria and requirements provided by Subsections (j), (k), (l), and (m) of this section. On 13 approval of the special masters' map, the Texas Supreme Court shall 14 15 certify the map to the secretary of state and the map constitutes the certified final map for the districts included in the map. 16

17 (q) The boundary lines of the districts contained in a 18 certified final map apply beginning with the next statewide general 19 election and any corresponding primary elections.

(r) The governor shall present to the legislature an 20 estimate of the amount of money required for the purposes of this 21 section and Sections 28a and 28c of this article. The legislature 22 shall appropriate to the state auditor, the secretary of state, and 23 24 the commission amounts sufficient to implement the redistricting process required by this section, Sections 28a and 28c of this 25 26 article, and general law. The amounts appropriated must provide adequate funding for a statewide outreach program to solicit broad 27

H.J.R. No. 4 1 public participation in the redistricting process, including the 2 solicitation of applicants for commission membership. The office 3 of the governor shall provide adequate office and meeting space for the commission's operations. 4 5 (s) Consistent with this section and Sections 28a and 28c of this article, the legislature by general law shall provide 6 7 procedures for selecting the members of the commission and may 8 provide provisions governing the powers, duties, and operations of the commission. After enactment, the legislature may not 9 10 subsequently amend that general law unless: (1) by the same vote required for the adoption of a 11 12 final map, the commission recommends amendment of that general law to carry out the purpose and intent of this section and Sections 28a 13 14 and 28c of this article; 15 (2) the bill to enact the amendment is approved by a vote of at least two-thirds of all the members elected to each house 16 17 of the legislature and becomes law in a manner described by Section 14, Article IV, of this constitution; 18 19 (3) the bill to enact the amendment is printed and distributed in each house of the legislature at least 10 days before 20 final passage by the legislature; 21 22 (4) the amendment furthers the purposes of this section and Sections 28a and 28c of this article; and 23 24 (5) the amendment is passed by the legislature in a year not ending in the numeral 0 or 1. 25 26 Sec. 28c. (a) The Texas Independent Citizen Redistricting Commission has sole standing to defend a legal challenge to a final 27

1 map certified under Section 28b of this article. The legislature 2 shall provide adequate funding and other resources to the 3 commission to defend a certified final map. The attorney general 4 shall, at the commission's request, represent the commission in 5 defense of a certified final map. The commission may, in its sole 6 discretion, retain legal counsel other than the attorney general to 7 represent the commission in defense of a certified final map.

8 (b) Any registered voter in this state may file a petition 9 for a writ of mandamus or writ of prohibition, not later than the 10 45th day after a final map is certified to the secretary of state, 11 to bar the secretary of state from implementing the map on the 12 grounds that the map violates this constitution, the United States 13 Constitution, or any federal or state statute.

14 (c) If the court determines that a final certified map 15 violates this constitution, the United States Constitution, or any 16 federal or state statute, the court shall fashion the relief that 17 the court deems appropriate, including the relief described by 18 Section 28b(o) of this article.

SECTION 2. Sections 7a(e) and (i), Article V, Texas Constitution, are amended to read as follows:

21 (e) Unless the legislature enacts statewide а reapportionment of the judicial districts following each federal 22 23 decennial census, the board shall convene not later than the first 24 Monday of June of the third year following the year in which the federal decennial census is taken to make 25 а statewide 26 reapportionment of the districts. The board shall complete its work on the reapportionment and file its order with the secretary of 27

1 state not later than August 31 of the same year. If the Judicial Districts Board fails to make a statewide apportionment by that 2 3 date, the <u>Texas Independent Citizen</u> [Legislative] Redistricting Commission [Board] established by Article III, Section 28b [28], of 4 5 this constitution shall convene on September 1 of the same year to make a statewide reapportionment of the judicial districts not 6 later than the 90th [150th] day after the final day for the Judicial 7 Districts Board to make the reapportionment. 8

The legislature, the Judicial Districts Board, or the 9 (i) 10 Texas Independent Citizen [Legislative] Redistricting Commission [Board] may not redistrict the judicial districts to provide for 11 any judicial district smaller in size than an entire county except 12 as provided by this section. Judicial districts smaller in size 13 14 than the entire county may be created subsequent to a general 15 election where a majority of the persons voting on the proposition adopt the proposition "to allow the division of \_\_\_\_\_ County 16 17 into judicial districts composed of parts of \_\_\_\_\_ County." No redistricting plan may be proposed or adopted by the legislature, 18 19 the Judicial Districts Board, or the Texas [Legislative] Redistricting Commission [Board] in anticipation of a future action 20 by the voters of any county. 21

22 SECTION 3. Sections 25, 26, and 28, Article III, Texas 23 Constitution, are repealed.

24 SECTION 4. The following temporary provision is added to 25 the Texas Constitution:

26TEMPORARY PROVISION. (a) This temporary provision applies27to the constitutional amendment proposed by the 88th Legislature,

Regular Session, 2023, establishing the Texas Independent Citizen 1 Redistricting Commission to redistrict the Texas Legislature, 2 Texas congressional districts, and State Board of Education 3 districts and revising procedures for redistricting. 4 (b) Section 28b, Article III, of this constitution takes 5 effect January 1, 2030. 6 7 (c) On January 1, 2031: (1) Sections 28a and 28c, Article III, of this 8 9 constitution take effect; 10 (2) the amendments to Section 7a, Article V, of this constitution take effect; 11 (3) Sections 25, 26, and 28, Article III, of this 12 constitution are repealed; and 13 14 (4) the Legislative Redistricting Board is abolished. 15 (d) This temporary provision expires January 1, 2032. 16 SECTION 5. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be 17 submitted to the voters at an election to be held November 7, 2023. The ballot shall be printed to permit voting for or against the 18 following proposition: "The constitutional amendment establishing 19 Independent Citizen Redistricting Commission to 20 the Texas redistrict the Texas Legislature, Texas congressional districts, 21 22 and State Board of Education districts and revising procedures for 23 redistricting."

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