By: Hall, et al.

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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 AN ACT 2 relating to the resilience of the electric grid and certain municipalities; authorizing an administrative penalty. 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 4 5 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that: 6 (1)electric grid blackouts threaten the lives of the 7 citizens of this state and pose a disproportionately large risk to: 8 (A) the elderly, vulnerable, and underprivileged within this state; and 9 (B) communities facing 10 disproportionate 11 environmental health burdens and population vulnerabilities 12 relating to facilities such as chemical plants and refineries that can become environmental disaster areas when taken off-line due to 13 14 loss of electricity; (2) the 16 critical infrastructures identified in 15 President Barack Obama's Presidential Policy Directive "Critical 16 Infrastructure Security and Resilience" (PPD-21) including water 17 and wastewater systems, food and agriculture, communications 18 systems, the energy sector including refineries 19 and fuel distribution systems, chemical plants, the financial sector, 20 hospitals and health care facilities, law enforcement 21 and government facilities, nuclear reactors, and other critical 22 23 functions depend on the electric grid in this state and make the grid's protection vital to the economy of this nation and homeland 24

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S.B. No. 330 1 security; (3) the blackout that occurred in this state 2 in 3 February 2021 caused: death and suffering in this state; 4 (A) 5 (B) economic loss to this state's economy; impacts to all critical infrastructures in 6 (C) 7 this state; 8 (D) the dispatch of generation units that likely exceeded limits established by the Environmental Protection Agency 9 for sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxide, mercury, and carbon monoxide 10 emissions and wastewater release limits; 11 radically increased pricing of electricity 12 (E) that resulted in making electric power bills unaffordable to many 13 14 customers across this state; and 15 (F) the exacerbation of the COVID-19 pandemic risk by forcing many of the state's citizens to consolidate at 16 17 warming centers and in other small spaces where warmth for survival superseded social distancing protocols; 18 (4) a previous large-scale blackout occurred in this 19 state in February 2011 during which 4.4 million customers were 20 21 affected; (5) this state is uniquely positioned to prevent 2.2 23 blackouts because this state is a net exporter of energy and is the 24 only state with an electric grid almost exclusively within its territorial boundaries; 25 (6) 26 the 2011 and 2021 blackouts call into question: 27 (A) whether too much risk has been accepted

1 regarding weatherization of electric generation infrastructure; 2 (B) whether this state lacks the internal 3 distribution structure and control systems to manage rolling 4 blackouts; and

5 (C) whether sufficient resources have been6 allocated toward overall grid resilience;

7 (7) public confidence in the resilience of the 8 electric grid in this state is essential to ensuring economic 9 prosperity, domestic tranquility, continuity of government, and 10 life-sustaining systems;

(8) a resilient electric grid that offers businesses 11 in this state continuity of operations in the event of a natural or 12 man-made disaster will be an unrivaled attraction for businesses to 13 14 expand or move their operations to this state and for protecting 15 what is important to this state, including its military installations and its environment; 16

17 (9) current market incentives and regulations are not18 sufficient for electric utilities to:

19 (A) prioritize grid security and resilience; and
20 (B) protect the grid against hazards;

(10) protection of the electric grid in this state against hazards would assure businesses and the citizens of this state that the "lights will be back on first in Texas" in the event of a nationwide catastrophe affecting electric infrastructure, sparing catastrophic societal and environmental consequences for this state; and

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(11) when this state begins implementation of the plan

S.B. No. 330 1 for all hazards resilience described by Section 44.007, Utilities Code, as added by this Act, to protect the electric grid in this 2 3 state, short-term and long-term economic benefit will far exceed even the most optimistic estimates of the conventional economic 4 5 incentives provided by tax abatements to attract businesses to this state. 6 7 SECTION 2. Subtitle B, Title 2, Utilities Code, is amended 8 by adding Chapter 44 to read as follows: CHAPTER 44. GRID RESILIENCE 9 Sec. 44.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter: 10 (1) "All hazards" means: 11 12 (A) terrestrial weather including wind, hurricanes, tornadoes, flooding, ice storms, extended cold weather 13 events, heat waves, and wildfires; 14 15 (B) seismic events including earthquakes and 16 tsunamis; 17 (C) physical threats including terrorist attacks with direct fire, drones, explosives, and other methods of physical 18 19 sabotage; (D) cyber attacks including malware attacks and 20 hacking of unprotected or compromised information technology 21 22 networks; (E) manipulation of operational technology 23 24 devices including sensors, actuators, and drives; (F) electromagnetic threats through man-made 25 26 radio frequency weapons, high altitude nuclear electromagnetic pulse, and naturally occurring geomagnetic disturbances; 27

S.B. No. 330 1 (G) electric generation supply chain 2 vulnerabilities including insecure or inadequate fuel 3 transportation or storage; and 4 (H) insider threats caused by compromised or 5 hostile personnel working within government or the utility 6 industry. 7 (2) "Micro-grid" means a group of interconnected loads 8 and distributed energy resources inside clearly defined electrical boundaries that act as a single controllable entity with respect to 9 10 the grid. (3) "Security commission" means the Texas Grid 11 12 Security Commission. Sec. 44.002. TEXAS GRID SECURITY COMMISSION. (a) The Texas 13 14 Grid Security Commission is composed of the following members: (1) a representative of the Texas Division of 15 Emergency Management appointed by the chief of that division; 16 17 (2) a representative of the State Office of Risk Management appointed by the risk management board; 18 19 (3) a representative from the commission appointed by 20 that commission; 21 (4) a representative from the Railroad Commission of 22 Texas appointed by that commission; 23 (5) a representative of the independent organization 24 certified under Section 39.151 for the ERCOT power region appointed by the chief executive officer of that organization; 25 26 (6) a representative of the Texas Military Department appointed by the adjutant general of that department; 27

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1	(7) a representative of the Texas Military
2	Preparedness Commission appointed by that commission;
3	(8) a representative of the Office of State-Federal
4	Relations appointed by the director of that office;
5	(9) a representative of the Department of Information
6	Resources appointed by the executive director of that department;
7	(10) a representative of power generation companies
8	appointed by the chief of the Texas Division of Emergency
9	Management;
10	(11) two representatives of transmission and
11	distribution utilities appointed by the chief of the Texas Division
12	of Emergency Management;
13	(12) three individuals with expertise in critical
14	infrastructure protection appointed by the chief of the Texas
15	Division of Emergency Management, to represent the public interest;
16	(13) one representative appointed by the chief of the
17	Texas Division of Emergency Management from each of the following
18	essential services sectors:
19	(A) law enforcement;
20	(B) emergency services;
21	(C) communications;
22	(D) water and sewer services;
23	(E) health care;
24	(F) financial services;
25	(G) food and agriculture;
26	(H) transportation; and
27	(I) energy;

1 (14) an expert in the field of higher education 2 appointed by the chief of the Texas Division of Emergency 3 Management; and 4 (15) an expert in the field of electricity markets and 5 regulations appointed by the chief of the Texas Division of 6 Emergency Management. 7 (b) The chief of the Texas Division of Emergency Management may invite members or former members of the United States Air 8 Force's Electromagnetic Defense Task Force to the membership of the 9 10 security commission. (c) The Texas Division of Emergency Management shall 11 12 designate a member of the security commission to serve as presiding 13 officer. 14 (d) The presiding officer may invite to the membership of 15 the security commission any person whose expertise the security 16 commission considers necessary to carry out the purposes of this 17 chapter. 18 (e) The security commission shall convene at the call of the 19 presiding officer. The security commission shall report to the chief of the 20 (f) Texas Division of Emergency Management. 21 (g) A vacancy on the security commission is filled by 22 appointment for the unexpired term in the same manner as the 23 24 original appointment. (h) To the extent possible, individuals appointed to the 25 26 security commission must be residents of this state. 27 (i) The presiding officer of the security commission or the

S.B. No. 330 chief of the Texas Division of Emergency Management may invite 1 subject matter experts to advise the security commission, including 2 individuals recognized as experts in the fields of electricity 3 markets, cybersecurity of grid control systems, electromagnetic 4 5 pulse mitigation, terrestrial and solar weather, and micro-grids. The presiding officer may invite an individual for this purpose 6 7 regardless of whether the individual is a resident of this state. Sec. 44.003. EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE. (a) 8 The <u>security</u> commission executive committee is composed of the following 9 10 security commission members selected by the presiding officer: (1) a representative of the Texas Division of 11 12 Emergency Management; (2) a representative of the Railroad Commission of 13 14 Texas; 15 (3) a representative of the commission; 16 (4) a representative of the independent organization certified under Section 39.151 for the ERCOT power region; 17 18 (5) two representatives of transmission and distribution utilities; and 19 (6) a representative of power generation companies or 20 another member of the security commission with expertise in power 21 22 generation. (b) If two or more members or former members of the United 23 24 States Air Force's Electromagnetic Defense Task Force join the security commission after being invited under Section 44.002(b), 25 26 the presiding officer shall select two of those members to serve on 27 the executive committee.

1 (c) The security commission may not adopt a resilience standard under Section 44.006 unless the executive committee 2 3 approves the standard. 4 Sec. 44.004. GRID RESILIENCE INFORMATION. (a) Each of the 5 following members of the security commission shall apply for a secret security clearance or an interim secret security clearance 6 7 to be granted by the federal government: 8 (1) the representative of the independent organization certified under Section 39.151 for the ERCOT region; 9 10 (2) the representative of the Texas Division of Emergency Management; and 11 (3) the representative of the State Office of Risk 12 13 Management. 14 (b) A member of the security commission listed under 15 Subsection (a) who is granted an applicable security clearance under that subsection is a member of the information security 16 17 working group. (c) The information security working group shall determine: 18 19 (1) which information received by the security commission that is used in determining the vulnerabilities of the 20 21 electric grid or that is related to measures to be taken to protect 22 the grid is confidential and not subject to Chapter 552, Government 23 Code; 24 (2) which members of the security commission may 25 access which types of information received by the security 26 commission; and 27 (3) which members, other than members of the working

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1	group, should apply for a secret security clearance or interim
2	clearance granted by the federal government.
3	(d) Information that the information security working group
4	determines is confidential under Subsection (c) shall be stored and
5	maintained by the independent organization certified under Section
6	39.151 for the ERCOT power region.
7	(e) The security commission must maintain a reasonable
8	balance between public transparency and security for information
9	determined to be confidential under Subsection (c).
10	(f) Nothing in this section abrogates any rights or remedies
11	under Chapter 552, Government Code.
12	Sec. 44.005. GRID RESILIENCE EVALUATION. (a) The security
13	commission shall evaluate, using available information on past
14	blackouts in ERCOT, all hazards to the ERCOT electric grid,
15	including threats that can cause future blackouts. The security
16	commission shall evaluate the resilience of municipalities in this
17	state in the following essential areas:
18	(1) emergency services;
19	(2) communications systems;
20	(3) clean water and sewer services;
21	(4) health care systems;
22	(5) financial services;
23	(6) energy systems, including an evaluation of whether
24	energy, electric power, and fuel supplies are protected and
25	available for recovery in the event of a catastrophic power outage;
26	and
27	(7) transportation systems.

1	(b) The security commission may create groups or teams to
2	address each hazard as necessary. The security commission must
3	assess each hazard both on the likelihood of occurrence of the
4	hazard and the potential consequences of the hazard.
5	(c) The security commission shall identify methods by which
6	this state can support an overall national deterrence policy as
7	proposed by the Cyberspace Solarium Commission, including by:
8	(1) identifying means to ensure that all hazards
9	resilience for electric utilities supports critical national
10	security functions in this state; and
11	(2) engaging the Texas National Guard to be trained as
12	first responders to cybersecurity threats to the ERCOT electric
13	grid and other critical infrastructure.
14	(d) The security commission shall evaluate nuclear
15	generation sites in this state, the resilience of each nuclear
16	reactor to all hazards, and the resilience to all hazards of
17	off-site power for critical safety systems that support the reactor
18	and spent fuel. The security commission may communicate with the
19	Nuclear Regulatory Commission to accomplish the evaluation.
20	(e) The security commission shall evaluate current Critical
21	Infrastructure Protection standards established by the North
22	American Electric Reliability Corporation and standards set by the
23	National Institute of Standards and Technology to determine the
24	most appropriate standards for protecting grid infrastructure in
25	this state.
26	(f) The security commission shall investigate the steps
27	that local communities and other states have taken to address grid

1 resilience. The security commission may request funding to conduct 2 site visits to these locations as required. (g) The security commission shall identify universities 3 based in this state that have expertise in cybersecurity and other 4 5 matters that can contribute to the security commission's goal of mitigating all hazards to the grid in this state. 6 7 (h) In carrying out the security commission's duties under 8 this section, the security commission may solicit information from: 9 (1) defense contractors with experience protecting 10 defense systems from electromagnetic pulse; (2) electric utilities that have developed 11 12 electromagnetic pulse protections for the utilities' grid assets; 13 (3) the United States Department of Homeland Security; 14 and 15 (4) the Commission to Assess the Threat to the United 16 States from Electromagnetic Pulse (EMP) Attack. 17 Sec. 44.006. RESILIENCE STANDARDS. (a) Based on the findings of the evaluations and investigations conducted under 18 19 Section 44.005, the security commission shall develop and adopt resilience standards for municipalities and critical components of 20 the ERCOT electric grid. 21 22 (b) Standards developed and adopted for energy systems of municipalities must include provisions to ensure that energy, 23 24 electric power, and fuel supplies are protected and available for recovery in the event of a catastrophic power outage. 25 26 Sec. 44.007. CONTRACTOR SUPPORT FOR CRITICAL SYSTEM AND COMPONENT RESILIENCE. (a) The State Office of Risk Management, 27

1	with assistance from the security commission, shall select
2	contractors with proven expertise to identify critical systems and
3	components of the ERCOT electric grid vulnerable to hazards
4	described by Section 44.005(a) with a specific emphasis on the most
5	dangerous cyber and electromagnetic threats.
6	(b) A contractor selected under Subsection (a) must
7	identify the critical components, including industrial control
8	systems, not later than six months after the date the contractor is
9	engaged.
10	(c) Not later than January 1, 2025, an entity that owns or
11	operates a component identified by a contractor under Subsection
12	(a) as critical shall upgrade the component as necessary for the
13	component to meet the applicable standards set by the security
14	commission under Section 44.006.
15	(d) The State Office of Risk Management shall select
16	contractors with demonstrated expertise to verify whether an entity
17	with a component identified as critical under Subsection (a) has
18	upgraded components as required by Subsection (c).
19	Sec. 44.008. PLAN FOR ALL HAZARDS RESILIENCE. (a) Not
20	later than January 1, 2024, the security commission shall prepare
21	and deliver to the legislature a plan for protecting the ERCOT
22	electric grid from all hazards, including a catastrophic loss of
23	power in the state.
24	(b) The plan must include:
25	(1) weatherizing requirements to prevent blackouts
26	from extreme cold weather events, an analysis of whether these
27	requirements would induce cyber vulnerabilities, and an analysis of

1	the associated costs for these requirements;
2	(2) provisions for installing, replacing, or
3	upgrading industrial control systems and associated networks, or
4	the use of compensating controls or procedures, in critical
5	facilities to address cyber vulnerabilities;
6	(3) provisions for installing, replacing, or
7	upgrading extra high-voltage power transformers and supervisory
8	control and data acquisition systems to withstand 100
9	kilovolts/meter E1 electromagnetic pulses and 85 volts/kilometer
10	E3 electromagnetic pulses;
11	(4) a timeline for making improvements to remaining
12	infrastructure to meet resilience standards adopted by the security
13	commission under Section 44.006;
14	(5) long-term resilience provisions for supporting
15	industries including:
16	(A) nuclear reactors, materials, and waste;
17	(B) fuel supply;
18	(C) health care;
19	(D) communications;
20	(E) water and sewer services;
21	(F) food supply; and
22	(G) transportation; and
23	(6) any additional provisions considered necessary by
24	the security commission.
25	(c) The security commission may consult with the Private
26	Sector Advisory Council in developing the plan.
27	(d) The Texas Division of Emergency Management shall

1 incorporate the plan into the state emergency management plan and 2 update the state emergency management plan as necessary to 3 incorporate progressive resilience improvements. 4 Sec. 44.009. GRID RESILIENCE REPORT. (a) Not later than 5 January 1 of each year, the security commission shall prepare and deliver a nonclassified report to the legislature, the governor, 6 7 and the commission assessing natural and man-made threats to the 8 electric grid and efforts to mitigate the threats. 9 The security commission shall make the report available (b) 10 to the public. (c) In preparing the report, the security commission may 11 12 hold confidential or classified briefings with federal, state, and 13 local officials as necessary. 14 Sec. 44.010. RESILIENCE COST RECOVERY. A regulatory 15 authority shall include in establishing the rates of an electric 16 utility consideration of the costs incurred to install, replace, or 17 upgrade facilities or equipment to meet a resilience standard established under this chapter. A regulatory authority shall 18 19 presume that costs incurred to meet a resilience standard under 20 this chapter are reasonable and necessary expenses. 21 Sec. 44.011. MICRO-GRIDS. (a) The security commission 22 shall establish resilience standards for micro-grids and certify a micro-grid that meets the standards. The standards must be 23 24 developed for both alternating current and direct current micro-grids. 25 26 (b) Except as provided by Subsection (c), a municipality or 27 other political subdivision may not enact or enforce an ordinance

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or other measure that bans, limits, or otherwise regulates inside 1 2 the boundaries or extraterritorial jurisdiction of the municipality or political subdivision a micro-grid that is 3 certified by the security commission under this section. 4 5 (c) The owner or operator of a micro-grid certified by the security commission is a power generation company and is required 6 7 to register under Section 39.351(a). The owner or operator of the 8 micro-grid is entitled to: 9 interconnect the micro-grid; 10 (2) obtain transmission service for the micro-grid; 11 and 12 (3) use the micro-grid to sell electricity and ancillary services at wholesale in a manner consistent with the 13 provisions of this title and commission rules applicable to a power 14 15 generation company or an exempt wholesale generator. Sec. 44.012. COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT. (a) The 16 17 commission by rule shall require entities that the commission determines operate critical components of the ERCOT electric grid 18 to comply with resilience standards adopted by the security 19 commission under this chapter. This subsection applies only to an 20 entity that is subject to the jurisdiction of the commission under 21 another provision of this subtitle. The commission may impose an 22 administrative penalty, in the manner provided by Chapter 15, on an 23 24 entity that is subject to the jurisdiction of the commission under another provision of this subtitle for a violation of a resilience 25 26 standard or of Subsection (b). (b) The commission by rule shall require each entity 27

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1 described by Subsection (a) to make publicly available on an Internet website the entity's compliance status with the resilience 2 3 standards. 4 (c) The Railroad Commission of Texas by rule shall require 5 entities that the Railroad Commission of Texas determines operate critical components of the ERCOT electric grid to comply with 6 resilience standards adopted by the security commission under this 7 8 chapter. This subsection applies only to an entity that is subject to the jurisdiction of the Railroad Commission of Texas under 9 Section 81.051, Natural Resources Code. The Railroad Commission of 10 Texas may impose an administrative penalty, in the manner provided 11 by Chapter 81, Natural Resources Code, on an entity that is subject 12 to the jurisdiction of the Railroad Commission of Texas under 13 Section 81.051, Natural Resources Code, for a violation of a 14

15 resilience standard or of Subsection (d).

16 (d) The Railroad Commission of Texas by rule shall require 17 each entity described by Subsection (c) to make publicly available 18 on an Internet website the entity's compliance status with the 19 resilience standards.

SECTION 3. Not later than January 1, 2025, the Texas Grid Security Commission shall prepare and deliver a report to the legislature on the progress of implementing resilience standards adopted and implemented under Sections 44.006 and 44.007, Utilities Code, as added by this Act.

25 SECTION 4. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives 26 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as 27 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this

Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this
 Act takes effect September 1, 2023.