By: Parker S.B. No. 378

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

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1	AN ACT
2	relating to the enforcement of criminal offenses by district
3	attorneys, criminal district attorneys, and county attorneys;
4	providing a civil penalty.
5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
6	SECTION 1. Chapter 41, Government Code, is amended by
7	adding Subchapter G to read as follows:
8	SUBCHAPTER G. ENFORCEMENT OF CRIMINAL OFFENSES
9	Sec. 41.371. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:
10	(1) "Policy" includes a formal, written rule or policy
11	and an informal, unwritten policy.
12	(2) "Prosecuting attorney" means a district attorney,
13	a criminal district attorney, or a county attorney with criminal
14	jurisdiction.
15	Sec. 41.372. POLICY ON ENFORCEMENT OF CRIMINAL OFFENSES.
16	(a) A prosecuting attorney may not:
17	(1) adopt or enforce a policy under which the
18	prosecuting attorney prohibits or materially limits the
19	enforcement of any criminal offense; or
20	(2) as demonstrated by pattern or practice, prohibit

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attorney may not prohibit or materially limit a peace officer or

attorney who is employed by or otherwise under the direction or

(b) In compliance with Subsection (a), a prosecuting

or materially limit the enforcement of any criminal offense.

- 1 control of the prosecuting attorney from enforcing any criminal
- 2 offense.
- 3 Sec. 41.373. INJUNCTIVE RELIEF. (a) The attorney general
- 4 may bring an action in a district court in Travis County or in a
- 5 county in which the principal office of the prosecuting attorney is
- 6 located to enjoin a violation of Section 41.372.
- 7 <u>(b) The attorney general may recover reasonable expenses</u>
- 8 <u>incurred in obtaining relief under this section</u>, including court
- 9 costs, reasonable attorney's fees, investigative costs, witness
- 10 fees, and deposition costs.
- Sec. 41.374. CIVIL PENALTY. (a) A prosecuting attorney who
- 12 a court finds has intentionally violated Section 41.372 is subject
- 13 to a civil penalty in an amount equal to:
- 14 (1) not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$1,500 for
- 15 the first violation; and
- 16 (2) not less than \$25,000 and not more than \$25,500 for
- 17 each subsequent violation.
- 18 (b) Each day of a continuing violation of Section 41.372
- 19 constitutes a separate violation for the civil penalty imposed
- 20 under this section.
- 21 (c) The court that hears an action brought under Section
- 22 41.373 against the prosecuting attorney may determine the amount of
- 23 the civil penalty imposed under this section.
- 24 (d) The attorney general may sue to collect the penalty
- 25 under this section and may recover reasonable expenses incurred in
- 26 collecting the penalty, including court costs, reasonable
- 27 attorney's fees, investigative costs, witness fees, and deposition

- 1 costs.
- 2 (e) Sovereign immunity of this state and governmental
- 3 immunity of a county to suit is waived and abolished to the extent
- 4 of liability created by this section.
- 5 Sec. 41.375. REMOVAL FROM OFFICE. (a) For purposes of
- 6 Section 66.001, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, a prosecuting
- 7 attorney performs an act that causes the forfeiture of the
- 8 prosecuting attorney's office if the prosecuting attorney violates
- 9 Section 41.372.
- 10 (b) The attorney general shall file a petition under Section
- 11 66.002, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, against a prosecuting
- 12 attorney to whom Subsection (a) applies if presented with evidence,
- 13 including evidence of a statement by the prosecuting attorney,
- 14 establishing probable grounds the prosecuting attorney engaged in
- 15 conduct described by Subsection (a). The court in which the
- 16 petition is filed shall give precedence to proceedings relating to
- 17 the petition in the same manner as provided for an election contest
- 18 under Section 23.101.
- (c) If the prosecuting attorney against whom an information
- 20 is filed based on conduct described by Subsection (a) is found
- 21 guilty as charged after a jury trial, the court shall enter judgment
- 22 <u>removing the person from office.</u>
- 23 SECTION 2. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives
- 24 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as
- 25 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this
- 26 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this
- 27 Act takes effect September 1, 2023.