By: Springer

S.B. No. 1724

	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
1	AN ACT
2	relating to advance directives and health care treatment decisions
3	made by or on behalf of patients, including a review of those
4	directives and decisions.
5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
6	SECTION 1. Subchapter B, Chapter 166 , Health and Safety
7	Code, is amended by adding Section 166.0445 to read as follows:
8	Sec. 166.0445. LIMITATION ON LIABILITY FOR PERFORMING
9	REQUIRED MEDICAL PROCEDURE. (a) A physician or health care
10	professional acting under the direction of a physician is not
11	subject to civil liability for conducting a medical procedure
12	required under Section 166.046(d-1).
13	(b) A physician or health care professional acting under the
14	direction of a physician is not subject to criminal liability for
15	conducting a medical procedure required under Section 166.046(d-1)
16	unless:
17	(1) the physician or health care professional in
18	conducting the medical procedure acted with a specific intent to
19	cause the death of the patient and that conduct hastened the
20	patient's death; and
21	(2) the hastening of the patient's death is not
22	attributable to the risks associated with the medical procedure.
23	(c) A physician or health care professional acting under the
24	direction of a physician has not engaged in unprofessional conduct

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by conducting a medical procedure required under Section 1 2 166.046(d-1) unless the physician or health care professional fails 3 to exercise reasonable medical judgment in conducting the medical procedure. For purposes of this subsection, the standard of care 4 that a physician or health care professional must exercise is the 5 degree of care a physician or health care professional of ordinary 6 prudence and skill would have exercised under the same or similar 7 8 circumstances in the same or a similar community.

9 SECTION 2. Section 166.046, Health and Safety Code, is 10 amended by amending Subsections (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), and (g) and 11 adding Subsections (a-1), (a-2), (b-1), (b-2), and (d-1) to read as 12 follows:

(a) <u>This section applies only to the treatment and care of a</u>
 <u>qualified patient who is declared incompetent or otherwise mentally</u>
 <u>or physically incapable of communication.</u>

16 <u>(a-1)</u> If an attending physician refuses to honor a patient's 17 advance directive or a health care or treatment decision made by or 18 on behalf of a patient, the physician's refusal shall be reviewed by 19 an ethics or medical committee. The attending physician may not be 20 a member of that committee. The patient shall be given 21 life-sustaining treatment during the review.

22 (a-2) An ethics or medical committee that reviews a 23 physician's refusal to honor a patient's advance directive or 24 health care treatment decision under Subsection (a-1) shall 25 consider the patient's well-being in conducting the review. If the 26 review requires the committee to make a determination on whether 27 life-sustaining treatment requested in a patient's advance

1	directive or by the person responsible for the patient's health
2	care decisions is medically inappropriate, the committee shall
3	consider whether provision of the life-sustaining treatment:
4	(1) will prolong the natural process of dying or
5	hasten the patient's death;
6	(2) will cause harm or undesirable side effects
7	without a proportionate benefit to the patient;
8	(3) will exacerbate life-threatening medical problems
9	that outweigh the treatment benefits;
10	(4) will result in substantial irremediable physical
11	pain or other measurable suffering that outweigh the treatment
12	<pre>benefits;</pre>
13	(5) without regard to any judgment on the patient's
14	quality of life, will be medically ineffective at:
15	(A) improving the patient's current condition;
16	or
17	(B) reducing the patient's current medical
18	<pre>support level;</pre>
19	(6) is consistent with the prevailing standard of
20	care; or
21	(7) is contrary to the patient's clearly documented
22	desires.
23	(b) The [patient or the] person responsible for the
24	patient's health care decisions [of the individual] who has made
25	the decision regarding the directive or treatment decision or, for
26	a patient for whom a review is conducted under Subsection (a-1) and
27	who did not designate a person to make health care or treatment

decisions or who does not have a legal guardian or agent under a 1 medical power of attorney, a person in the priority order described 2 3 by Section 166.039(b): 4 (1) must [may be given a written description of the 5 ethics or medical committee review process and any other policies and procedures related to this section adopted by the health care 6 7 facility; 8 [(2) shall] be informed in writing [of the committee review process] not less than seven calendar days [48 hours] before 9 10 the meeting called to discuss the patient's directive, unless the time period is waived by written mutual agreement, of: 11 12 (A) the ethics or medical committee review process and any other related policies and procedures adopted by 13 the health care facility, including any attendance and 14 15 confidentiality policy described by Subsection (b-1); (B) the rights described in Subdivisions 16 17 (3)(A)-(D); (C) the date, time, and location of the meeting; 18 (D) the name, title, and work contact information 19 of the facility's personnel who, in the event of a disagreement 20 described by Subsection (d-1), will be responsible for overseeing 21 the transfer of the patient to another physician or facility that is 22 willing to comply with the directive; and 23 24 (E) the factors the committee is required to 25 consider under Subsection (a-2); (2) [(3)] at the time of being [so] informed under 26 Subdivision (1), shall be provided: 27

S.B. No. 1724 1 (A) a copy of the appropriate statement set forth 2 in Section 166.052; and 3 (B) a copy of the registry list of health care providers and referral groups that have volunteered their readiness 4 5 to consider accepting transfer or to assist in locating a provider willing to accept transfer that is posted on the website maintained 6 by the department under Section 166.053; and 7 (3) [(4)] is entitled to: 8 9 (A) attend and participate in the meeting; receive before or during the meeting a 10 (B) written statement of the full name and title of each committee 11 12 member who will participate in the meeting; (C) subject to Subsection (b-2): 13 14 (i) be accompanied at the meeting by up to 15 10 individuals selected by the patient or surrogate, including legal counsel, physicians, health care professionals, or patient 16 17 advocates; and (ii) have an opportunity during the meeting 18 to either directly or through another individual: 19 (a) explain the justification for the 20 health care or treatment request made by or on behalf of the 21 22 patient; 23 (b) respond to information relating 24 to the patient that is submitted or presented during the meeting; 25 and 26 (c) state any concerns the patient or surrogate has regarding compliance with this section or Section 27

1 166.0465; (D) receive a written <u>notice</u> [explanation] of: 2 3 (i) the decision reached during the review 4 process; 5 (ii) an explanation of the decision, including, if applicable, the committee's reasoning for affirming 6 7 that life-sustaining treatment requested in the patient's advance 8 directive or by the person responsible for the patient's health care decisions is medically inappropriate; 9 10 (iii) a statement that the committee has complied with Subsection (a-2) and Section 166.0465; and 11 12 (iv) a list of the health care facilities contacted before the meeting as part of the transfer efforts made 13 14 under Subsection (d) and, for each facility on the list that denied 15 the request to transfer the patient, any reason provided by the facility for denying the request; 16 17 (E) [(C)] receive a copy of the portion of the patient's medical record related to the treatment received by the 18 19 patient in the facility for the lesser of: 20 (i) the period of the patient's current admission to the facility; or 21 (ii) the preceding 30 calendar days; and 22 23 (F) [(D)] receive a copy of all of the patient's 24 reasonably available diagnostic results and reports related to the medical record provided under Paragraph (E) [(C)]. 25 26 (b-1) A health care facility may adopt and implement a written attendance and confidentiality policy for meetings held 27

1	under this section that is reasonable and necessary to:
2	(1) facilitate information sharing and discussion of
3	the patient's medical status and treatment requirements; and
4	(2) preserve the effectiveness of the meeting.
5	(b-2) Notwithstanding Subsection (b)(3), the following
6	individuals may not participate in the deliberations of an ethics
7	or medical committee under this section:
8	(1) the physicians or health care professionals
9	providing treatment and care to the patient; or
10	(2) the patient, the person entitled to written notice
11	of the meeting under Subsection (b)(1), or any person attending
12	under Subsection (b)(3)(C).
13	(c) The written <u>notices</u> [explanation] required by
14	Subsections (b)(3)(D)(i) and (ii) [Subsection (b)(4)(B)] must be
15	included in the patient's medical record.
16	(d) After written notice is provided under Subsection
17	(b)(1), [If] the patient's attending physician [, the patient, or
18	the person responsible for the health care decisions of the
19	individual does not agree with the decision reached during the
20	review process under Subsection (b), the physician] shall make a
21	reasonable effort to transfer the patient to a physician who is
22	willing to comply with the directive. If the patient is a patient
23	in a health care facility, the facility's personnel shall assist
24	the physician in arranging the patient's transfer to:
25	(1) another physician;
26	(2) an alternative care setting within that facility;
27	or

1	(3) another facility.
2	(d-1) In this subsection, "medical procedure" means only a
3	tracheostomy or a percutaneous endoscopic gastrostomy. If the
4	person responsible for a patient's health care decisions does not
5	agree with the decision reached during the review process under
6	Subsection (b), the attending physician or another physician
7	responsible for the care of the patient shall perform on the patient
8	each medical procedure that satisfies the following conditions:
9	(1) in the physician's judgment, the medical procedure
10	is reasonable and necessary to help effect the patient's transfer
11	under Subsection (d);
12	(2) based on the physician's discussion with the
13	facility, performing the medical procedure will increase the
14	likelihood of effecting the patient's transfer under Subsection (d)
15	to a health care facility that is willing to consider accepting or
16	able to accept the patient;
17	(3) in the physician's medical judgment, performing
18	the medical procedure is:
19	(A) within the prevailing standard of medical
20	care; and
21	(B) not medically contraindicated or medically
22	inappropriate under the circumstances;
23	(4) the physician has the training and experience to
24	perform the medical procedure;
25	(5) if the patient is receiving care in a health care
26	facility, the physician has been granted privileges by the facility
27	that authorize the physician to perform the medical procedure at

1 the facility;

2 (6) the health care facility at which the medical 3 procedure will be performed has the resources for the performance 4 of the procedure; and

5 <u>(7) the person responsible for the health care</u> 6 <u>decisions of the patient provides consent on behalf of the patient</u> 7 <u>for the medical procedure.</u>

8 (e) If the <u>patient's advance directive</u> [patient] or the person responsible for the health care decisions of the patient is 9 10 requesting life-sustaining treatment that the attending physician has decided and the ethics or medical committee has affirmed is 11 medically inappropriate treatment, the patient shall be given 12 life-sustaining treatment pending transfer 13 available under 14 Subsection (d). This subsection does not authorize withholding or 15 withdrawing pain management medication, medical procedures necessary to provide comfort, or any other health care provided to 16 17 alleviate a patient's pain. The patient is responsible for any costs incurred in transferring the patient to 18 another 19 facility. The attending physician, any other physician responsible for the care of the patient, and the health care 20 facility are not obligated to provide life-sustaining treatment 21 after the 21st business [10th] day after both the written decision 22 23 and the patient's medical record required under Subsection (b) are 24 provided to [the patient or] the person responsible for the health care decisions of the patient unless ordered to extend the time [do 25 26 so] under Subsection (g), except that artificially administered nutrition and hydration must be provided unless, based 27 on

1 reasonable medical judgment, providing artificially administered 2 nutrition and hydration would:

3

hasten the patient's death;

4 (2) be medically contraindicated such that the 5 provision of the treatment seriously exacerbates life-threatening 6 medical problems not outweighed by the benefit of the provision of 7 the treatment;

8 (3) result in substantial irremediable physical pain9 not outweighed by the benefit of the provision of the treatment;

10 (4) be medically ineffective in prolonging life; or 11 (5) be contrary to the patient's or surrogate's 12 clearly documented desire not to receive artificially administered 13 nutrition or hydration.

14 (q) At the request of [the patient or] the person 15 responsible for the health care decisions of the patient, the appropriate district or county court shall extend the time period 16 17 provided under Subsection (e) only if the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, that there is a reasonable 18 19 expectation that a physician or health care facility that will honor the patient's directive will be found if the time extension is 20 granted. 21

22 SECTION 3. Subchapter B, Chapter 166, Health and Safety 23 Code, is amended by adding Section 166.0465 to read as follows:

Sec. 166.0465. ETHICS OR MEDICAL COMMITTEE DECISION RELATED
 TO PATIENT DISABILITY. (a) In this section, "disability" has the
 meaning assigned by the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42
 U.S.C. Section 12101 et seq.).

1 (b) During the review process under Section 166.046(b), the 2 ethics or medical committee may not consider a patient's disability 3 that existed before the patient's current admission unless the 4 disability is relevant in determining whether life-sustaining 5 treatment is medically appropriate.

6 SECTION 4. Sections 166.052(a) and (b), Health and Safety 7 Code, are amended to read as follows:

8 (a) In cases in which the attending physician refuses to 9 honor an advance directive or health care or treatment decision 10 requesting the provision of life-sustaining treatment, the 11 statement required by Section <u>166.046(b)(2)(A)</u> [<u>166.046(b)(3)(A)</u>] 12 shall be in substantially the following form:

13 When There Is A Disagreement About Medical Treatment: The 14 Physician Recommends Against Certain Life-Sustaining Treatment 15 That You Wish To Continue

16 You have been given this information because you have 17 requested life-sustaining treatment* for yourself as the patient or on behalf of the patient, as applicable, which the attending 18 19 physician believes is not medically appropriate. This information is being provided to help you understand state law, your rights, and 20 21 the resources available to you in such circumstances. It outlines the process for resolving disagreements about treatment among 22 patients, families, and physicians. It is based upon Section 23 24 166.046 of the Texas Advance Directives Act, codified in Chapter 166, Texas Health and Safety Code. 25

26 When an attending physician refuses to comply with an advance 27 directive or other request for life-sustaining treatment because of

1 the physician's judgment that the treatment would be medically 2 inappropriate, the case will be reviewed by an ethics or medical 3 committee. Life-sustaining treatment will be provided through the 4 review.

5 You will receive notification of this review at least <u>seven</u> 6 <u>calendar days</u> [48 hours] before a meeting of the committee related 7 to your case. You are entitled to attend the meeting. With your 8 agreement, the meeting may be held sooner than <u>seven calendar days</u> 9 [48 hours], if possible.

10 You are entitled to receive a written explanation of the 11 decision reached during the review process.

12 If after this review process both the attending physician and 13 the ethics or medical committee conclude that life-sustaining 14 treatment is medically inappropriate and yet you continue to 15 request such treatment, then the following procedure will occur:

The physician, with the help of the health care facility,
 will assist you in trying to find a physician and facility willing
 to provide the requested treatment.

You are being given a list of health care providers, 19 2. licensed physicians, health care facilities, and referral groups 20 that have volunteered their readiness to consider accepting 21 transfer, or to assist in locating a provider willing to accept 22 23 transfer, maintained by the Department of State Health 24 Services. You may wish to contact providers, facilities, or referral groups on the list or others of your choice to get help in 25 26 arranging a transfer.

27

3. The patient will continue to be given life-sustaining

1 treatment until the patient can be transferred to a willing provider for up to 21 business [10] days from the time you were 2 given both the committee's written decision that life-sustaining 3 treatment is not appropriate and the patient's medical record. 4 The patient will continue to be given after that [the 10-day] period 5 treatment to enhance pain management and reduce suffering, 6 including artificially administered nutrition and hydration, 7 8 unless, based on reasonable medical judgment, providing artificially administered nutrition and hydration would hasten the 9 patient's death, be medically contraindicated such that the 10 provision of the treatment seriously exacerbates life-threatening 11 12 medical problems not outweighed by the benefit of the provision of the treatment, result in substantial irremediable physical pain not 13 14 outweighed by the benefit of the provision of the treatment, be 15 medically ineffective in prolonging life, or be contrary to the patient's or surrogate's clearly documented desires. 16

17 4. If a transfer can be arranged, the patient will be18 responsible for the costs of the transfer.

5. If a provider cannot be found willing to give the requested treatment within <u>21 business</u> [10] days, life-sustaining treatment may be withdrawn unless a court of law has granted an extension.

6. You may ask the appropriate district or county court to extend <u>that</u> [the 10-day] period if the court finds that there is a reasonable expectation that you may find a physician or health care facility willing to provide life-sustaining treatment if the extension is granted. Patient medical records will be provided to

1 the patient or surrogate in accordance with Section 241.154, Texas Health and Safety Code. 2

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3 *"Life-sustaining treatment" means treatment that, based on reasonable medical judgment, sustains the life of a patient and 4 5 without which the patient will die. The term includes both life-sustaining medications and artificial life support, such as 6 mechanical breathing machines, kidney dialysis treatment, and 7 8 artificially administered nutrition and hydration. The term does not include the administration of pain management medication or the 9 10 performance of a medical procedure considered to be necessary to provide comfort care, or any other medical care provided to 11 12 alleviate a patient's pain.

In cases in which the attending physician refuses to 13 (b) 14 comply with an advance directive or treatment decision requesting 15 the withholding or withdrawal of life-sustaining treatment, the statement required by Section 166.046(b)(2)(A) [166.046(b)(3)(A)] 16 17 shall be in substantially the following form:

When There Is A Disagreement About Medical Treatment: 18 The 19 Physician Recommends Life-Sustaining Treatment That You Wish To Stop

20

21 You have been given this information because you have withdrawal or withholding of life-sustaining 22 requested the 23 treatment* for yourself as the patient or on behalf of the patient, 24 as applicable, and the attending physician disagrees with and refuses to comply with that request. The information is being 25 26 provided to help you understand state law, your rights, and the resources available to you in such circumstances. It outlines the 27

1 process for resolving disagreements about treatment among 2 patients, families, and physicians. It is based upon Section 3 166.046 of the Texas Advance Directives Act, codified in Chapter 4 166, Texas Health and Safety Code.

5 When an attending physician refuses to comply with an advance 6 directive or other request for withdrawal or withholding of 7 life-sustaining treatment for any reason, the case will be reviewed 8 by an ethics or medical committee. Life-sustaining treatment will 9 be provided through the review.

You will receive notification of this review at least <u>seven</u> <u>calendar days</u> [48 hours] before a meeting of the committee related to your case. You are entitled to attend the meeting. With your agreement, the meeting may be held sooner than <u>seven calendar days</u> [48 hours], if possible.

15 You are entitled to receive a written explanation of the 16 decision reached during the review process.

17 If you or the attending physician do not agree with the 18 decision reached during the review process, and the attending 19 physician still refuses to comply with your request to withhold or 20 withdraw life-sustaining treatment, then the following procedure 21 will occur:

The physician, with the help of the health care facility,
 will assist you in trying to find a physician and facility willing
 to withdraw or withhold the life-sustaining treatment.

2. You are being given a list of health care providers, 26 licensed physicians, health care facilities, and referral groups 27 that have volunteered their readiness to consider accepting

1 transfer, or to assist in locating a provider willing to accept maintained Department 2 transfer, by the of State Health 3 Services. You may wish to contact providers, facilities, or referral groups on the list or others of your choice to get help in 4 5 arranging a transfer.

*"Life-sustaining treatment" means treatment that, based on 6 7 reasonable medical judgment, sustains the life of a patient and 8 without which the patient will die. The term includes both life-sustaining medications and artificial life support, such as 9 10 mechanical breathing machines, kidney dialysis treatment, and artificially administered nutrition and hydration. The term does 11 12 not include the administration of pain management medication or the performance of a medical procedure considered to be necessary to 13 provide comfort care, or any other medical care provided to 14 15 alleviate a patient's pain.

16 SECTION 5. Subchapter B, Chapter 166, Health and Safety 17 Code, is amended by adding Section 166.054 to read as follows:

18 Sec. 166.054. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS REGARDING ETHICS OR 19 MEDICAL COMMITTEE PROCESSES. (a) Not later than the 180th day 20 after the date written notice is provided under Section 21 166.046(b)(1), a health care facility shall prepare and submit to 22 the department a report that contains information on:

23 (1) the number of days that elapsed from the patient's 24 admission to the facility to the date notice was provided under 25 Section 166.046(b)(1);

26 (2) whether the ethics or medical committee met to 27 review the case under Section 166.046 and, if the committee did

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1	meet, the number of days that elapsed from the date notice was
2	provided under Section 166.046(b)(1) to the date the meeting was
3	held;
4	(3) whether the patient was:
5	(A) transferred to a physician within the same
6	facility who was willing to comply with the patient's advance
7	directive or a health care or treatment decision made by or on
8	behalf of a patient;
9	(B) transferred to a different facility; or
10	(C) discharged from the facility to a private
11	residence or other setting that is not a health care facility;
12	(4) whether the patient died while receiving
13	life-sustaining treatment;
14	(5) whether life-sustaining treatment was withheld or
15	withdrawn from the patient after expiration of the time described
16	by Section 166.046(e);
17	(6) the age group of the patient selected from the
18	following categories:
19	(A) 17 years of age or younger;
20	(B) 18 years of age or older and younger than 66
21	years of age; or
22	(C) 66 years of age or older;
23	(7) the health insurance coverage status of the
24	patient selected from the following categories:
25	(A) private health insurance coverage;
26	(B) public health plan coverage; or
27	(C) uninsured;

1	(8) the patient's sex; and
2	(9) the patient's race.
3	(b) The department shall ensure information provided in
4	each report submitted by a health care facility under Subsection
5	(a) is kept confidential and not disclosed in any manner, except as
6	provided by this section.
7	(c) Not later than April 1 of each year, the department
8	shall prepare and publish on the department's Internet website a
9	report that contains:
10	(1) aggregate information compiled from the reports
11	submitted to the department under Subsection (a) during the
12	preceding year on:
13	(A) the total number of written notices provided
14	under Section 166.046(b)(1);
15	(B) the average number of days described by
16	Subsection (a)(1);
17	(C) the total number of meetings held by ethics
18	or medical committees to review cases under Section 166.046;
19	(D) the average number of days described by
20	Subsection (a)(2);
21	(E) the total number of patients described by
22	Subsections (a)(3)(A), (B), and (C);
23	(F) the total number of patients described by
24	Subsection (a)(4); and
25	(G) the total number of patients for whom
26	life-sustaining treatment was withheld or withdrawn after
27	expiration of the time described by Section 166.046(e); and

S.B. No. 1724 (2) if the total number of reports submitted under 1 2 Subsection (a) for the preceding year is 10 or more, aggregate information compiled from those reports on the total number of 3 4 patients categorized by: 5 (A) sex; 6 (B) race; 7 (C) age group, based on the categories described 8 by Subsection (a)(6); and (D) health insurance coverage status, based on 9 10 the categories described by Subsection (a)(7). (d) If the department receives fewer than 10 reports under 11 12 Subsection (a) for inclusion in an annual report required under Subsection (c), the department shall include in the next annual 13 report prepared after the department receives 10 or more reports 14 15 the aggregate information for all years for which the information was not included in a preceding annual report. The department shall 16 17 include in the next annual report a statement that identifies each year during which an underlying report was submitted to the 18 19 department under Subsection (a). (e) The annual report required by Subsection (c) or (d) may 20 not include any information that could be used alone or in 21 combination with other reasonably available information to 22 identify any individual, entity, or facility. 23 24 (f) The executive commissioner shall adopt rules to: (1) establish a standard form for the reporting 25 26 requirements of this section; and 27 (2) protect and aggregate any information the

1	department receives under this section.
2	(g) Information submitted to the department under this
3	section:
4	(1) is not admissible in a civil or criminal
5	proceeding in which a physician, health care professional acting
6	under the direction of a physician, or health care facility is a
7	defendant;
8	(2) may not be used in relation to any disciplinary
9	action by a licensing or regulatory agency with oversight over a
10	physician, health care professional acting under the direction of a
11	physician, or health care facility; and
12	(3) is not public information or subject to disclosure
13	under Chapter 552, Government Code.
14	SECTION 6. Section 166.202(a), Health and Safety Code, is
15	amended to read as follows:
16	(a) This subchapter applies to a DNR order issued <u>for a</u>
17	patient admitted to [in] a health care facility or hospital.
18	SECTION 7. Sections 166.203(a), (b), and (c), Health and
19	Safety Code, are amended to read as follows:
20	(a) A DNR order issued for a patient is valid only if [the
21	patient's attending physician issues the order,] the order is
22	dated[$_{\tau}$] and [the order]:
23	(1) is issued by a physician providing direct care to
24	the patient in compliance with:
25	(A) the written and dated directions of a patient
26	who was competent at the time the patient wrote the directions;
27	(B) the oral directions of a competent patient

S.B. No. 1724 1 delivered to or observed by two competent adult witnesses, at least one of whom must be a person not listed under Section 166.003(2)(E) 2 3 or (F); 4 (C) the directions in an advance directive 5 enforceable under Section 166.005 or executed in accordance with Section 166.032, 166.034, [or] 166.035, 166.082, 166.084, or 6 166.085; 7 8 (D) the directions of a patient's: 9 (i) legal guardian; 10 (ii) [or] agent under a medical power of attorney acting in accordance with Subchapter D; or 11 12 (iii) proxy as designated and authorized by a directive executed in accordance with Subchapter B to make a 13 treatment decision for the patient if the patient becomes 14 incompetent or otherwise mentally or physically incapable of 15 16 communication; or 17 (E) a treatment decision made in accordance with Section 166.039; or 18 19 (2) is issued by the patient's attending physician 20 and: 21 (A) the order is not contrary to the directions of a patient who was competent at the time the patient conveyed the 22 directions; and 23 24 $[\tau]$ in the reasonable medical judgment of the (B) patient's attending physician: 25 26 (i) [(A)] the patient's death is imminent, regardless of the provision of cardiopulmonary resuscitation; and 27

S.B. No. 1724 1 (ii) [(B)] the DNR order is medically 2 appropriate. The DNR order takes effect at the time the order is 3 (b) issued, provided the order is placed in the patient's medical 4 5 record as soon as practicable and may be issued in a format acceptable under the policies of the health care facility or 6 7 hospital. Unless notice is provided in accordance with Section 8 (c) 166.204(a-1), before [Before] placing in a patient's medical record 9 10 a DNR order issued under Subsection (a)(2), <u>a</u> [the] physician, physician assistant, nurse, or other person acting on behalf of a 11 health care facility or hospital shall: 12 inform the patient of the order's issuance; or 13 (1)14 (2) if the patient is incompetent, make a reasonably diligent effort to contact or cause to be contacted and inform of 15 the order's issuance: 16 17 (A) the patient's known agent under a medical power of attorney or legal guardian; or 18 (B) for a patient who does not have a known agent 19 under a medical power of attorney or legal guardian, a person 20 21 described by Section 166.039(b)(1), (2), or (3). 22 SECTION 8. Section 166.204, Health and Safety Code, is amended by amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (a-1) to 23 24 read as follows: 25 If a physician issues a DNR order under Section (a) 26 166.203(a)(2), a physician, a physician assistant, a nurse, or another person acting on behalf of a health care facility or 27

1 hospital shall provide notice of the order to the appropriate
2 persons in accordance with Subsection (a-1) or Section 166.203(c).

(a-1) If an individual arrives at a health care facility or 3 hospital that is treating a patient for whom a DNR order is issued 4 under Section 166.203(a)(2) and the individual notifies a 5 physician, physician assistant, or nurse providing direct care to 6 the patient of the individual's arrival, the physician, physician 7 8 assistant, or nurse who has actual knowledge of the order shall, unless notice has been provided in accordance with Section 9 10 166.203(c), disclose the order to the individual, provided the individual is: 11

12 (1) the patient's known agent under a medical power of13 attorney or legal guardian; or

14 (2) for a patient who does not have a known agent under
15 a medical power of attorney or legal guardian, a person described by
16 Section 166.039(b)(1), (2), or (3).

SECTION 9. Sections 166.205(a) and (b), Health and Safety
Code, are amended to read as follows:

(a) A physician providing direct care to a patient for whom a DNR order is issued shall revoke the patient's DNR order if [the patient or, as applicable, the patient's agent under a medical power of attorney or the patient's legal guardian if the patient is incompetent]:

(1) the advance directive that serves as the basis of
the DNR order is properly revoked in accordance with this
<u>chapter;</u> [effectively revokes an advance directive, in accordance
with Section 166.042, for which a DNR order is issued under Section

1 166.203(a); or]

2 (2) <u>the patient</u> expresses to any person providing 3 direct care to the patient a revocation of consent to or intent to 4 revoke a DNR order issued under Section 166.203(a); or

5 (3) the DNR order was issued under Section 6 166.203(a)(1)(D) or (E) or Section 166.203(a)(2), and the person 7 responsible for making health care or treatment decisions on behalf 8 of the patient expresses to any person providing direct care to the 9 patient a revocation of consent to or intent to revoke the DNR 10 order.

(b) A person providing direct care to a patient under the supervision of a physician shall notify the physician of the request to revoke a DNR order <u>or of the revocation of an advance</u> <u>directive</u> under Subsection (a).

15 SECTION 10. Sections 166.206(a) and (b), Health and Safety 16 Code, are amended to read as follows:

17 (a) If a [an attending] physician, health care facility, or hospital does not wish to execute or comply with a DNR order or the 18 19 patient's instructions concerning the provision of cardiopulmonary resuscitation, the physician, facility, or hospital shall inform 20 the patient, the legal guardian or qualified relatives of the 21 patient, or the agent of the patient under a medical power of 22 23 attorney of the benefits burdens of cardiopulmonary and 24 resuscitation.

(b) If, after receiving notice under Subsection (a), the patient or another person authorized to act on behalf of the patient and the [attending] physician, health care facility, or hospital

1 remain in disagreement, the physician, facility, or hospital shall 2 make a reasonable effort to transfer the patient to another 3 physician, facility, or hospital willing to execute or comply with 4 a DNR order or the patient's instructions concerning the provision 5 of cardiopulmonary resuscitation.

6 SECTION 11. Section 166.209, Health and Safety Code, is 7 amended to read as follows:

8 Sec. 166.209. ENFORCEMENT. (a) <u>Subject to Sections</u> 9 <u>166.205(d)</u>, <u>166.207</u>, <u>and 166.208</u> <u>and Subsection (c)</u>, <u>a</u> [A] 10 physician, physician assistant, nurse, or other person commits an 11 offense if, with the specific intent to violate this subchapter, 12 the person:

13 <u>(1)</u> [intentionally] conceals, cancels, effectuates, 14 or falsifies another person's DNR order <u>in violation of this</u> 15 <u>subchapter;</u> or

16 (2) [if the person intentionally] conceals or 17 withholds personal knowledge of another person's revocation of a 18 DNR order in violation of this subchapter.

<u>(a-1)</u> An offense under <u>Subsection (a)</u> [this subsection] is a
 Class A misdemeanor. This <u>section</u> [subsection] does not preclude
 prosecution for any other applicable offense.

(b) <u>Subject to Sections 166.205(d), 166.207, and 166.208, a</u>
[A] physician, health care professional, health care facility,
hospital, or entity is subject to review and disciplinary action by
the appropriate licensing authority for intentionally:

(1) failing to effectuate a DNR order in violation ofthis subchapter; or

(2) issuing a DNR order in violation of this
 2 subchapter.

3 (c) A person does not commit an offense under Subsection (a) 4 if the person's act or omission was based on a reasonable belief 5 that the act or omission was in compliance with the wishes of the 6 patient or the person having authority to make health care 7 treatment decisions on behalf of the patient.

8 SECTION 12. Section 313.004, Health and Safety Code, is 9 amended by amending Subsections (a) and (c) and adding Subsection 10 (a-1) to read as follows:

(a) If an adult patient of a home and community support 11 12 services agency or in a hospital or nursing home, or an adult inmate of a county or municipal jail, is comatose, incapacitated, or 13 14 otherwise mentally or physically incapable of communication and 15 does not have a legal guardian or an agent under a medical power of attorney who is reasonably available, an adult surrogate from the 16 17 following list, in order of priority, who has decision-making capacity, is reasonably available after a reasonably diligent 18 19 inquiry, and is willing to consent to medical treatment on behalf of the patient may consent to medical treatment on behalf of the 20 patient: 21

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the patient's spouse;

(2) <u>the patient's</u> [an adult child of the patient who has the waiver and consent of all other qualified] adult children [of the patient to act as the sole decision-maker];

26 (3) [a majority of] the patient's parents [reasonably
27 available adult children]; or

(4) the patient's <u>nearest living relative</u> [parents; or
 [(5) the individual clearly identified to act for the
 patient by the patient before the patient became incapacitated, the
 patient's nearest living relative, or a member of the clergy].

5 <u>(a-1) If the patient does not have a legal guardian, an</u> 6 agent under a medical power of attorney, or a person listed in 7 <u>Subsection (a) who is reasonably available, a treatment decision</u> 8 may be concurred by another physician who is not involved in the 9 <u>treatment of the patient.</u>

10 (c) Any medical treatment consented to under Subsection (a) 11 <u>or (a-1)</u> must be based on knowledge of what the patient would 12 desire, if known.

SECTION 13. Chapter 166, Health and Safety Code, as amended 13 14 by this Act, applies only to a review, consultation, disagreement, 15 or other action relating to a health care or treatment decision made on or after the effective date of this Act. A review, consultation, 16 17 disagreement, or other action relating to a health care or treatment decision made before the effective date of this Act is 18 19 governed by the law in effect immediately before the effective date of this Act, and the former law is continued in effect for that 20 21 purpose.

SECTION 14. Section 166.209, Health and Safety Code, as amended by this Act, applies only to conduct that occurs on or after the effective date of this Act. Conduct that occurs before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect on the date the conduct occurred, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.

1 SECTION 15. This Act takes effect September 1, 2023.