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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 AN ACT 2 relating to the assessment of litigation costs and attorney fees in certain lawsuits under the public information law. 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 4 5 SECTION 1. Section 552.323, Government Code, is amended to read as follows: 6 Sec. 552.323. ASSESSMENT OF COSTS OF 7 LITIGATION AND REASONABLE ATTORNEY FEES. (a) <u>Except as provided by Subsections</u> 8 (b) and (c), in [In] an action brought under Section 552.321, [or] 9 552.3215, 552.324, or 552.325, the court shall assess costs of 10 litigation and reasonable attorney fees incurred by a plaintiff or 11 intervening requestor: 12 (1) who substantially prevails; or 13 14 (2) to whom a governmental body voluntarily releases the requested information, unless before suit is filed: 15 16 (A) the body releases the information; or (B) the body certifies a date and hour within a 17 reasonable time when the information will be available for 18 19 inspection or duplication. 20 (b) The $[\frac{1}{r} - except + that + the]$ court may not assess $[\frac{those}{r}]$ costs or [and] fees against a governmental body under Subsection 21 (a) if the court finds that the governmental body acted in 22 23 reasonable reliance on: 24 (1) a judgment or an order of a court applicable to the

By: Middleton

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1 governmental body;

2 (2) the published opinion of an appellate court; or
3 (3) a written decision of the attorney general,
4 including a decision issued under Subchapter G or an opinion issued
5 under Section 402.042.

6 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), in an action brought 7 under Section 552.325 by a person or entity other than a 8 governmental body or officer for public information, the court 9 shall assess costs of litigation and reasonable attorney fees 10 incurred by an intervening requestor if the intervening requestor 11 substantially prevails.

[(b) In an action brought under Section 552.324, the court 12 may not assess costs of litigation or reasonable attorney's fees 13 incurred by a plaintiff or defendant who substantially prevails 14 15 unless the court finds the action or the defense of the action was groundless in fact or law. In exercising its discretion under this 16 subsection, the court shall consider whether the conduct of the 17 governmental body had a reasonable basis in law and whether the 18 litigation was brought in good faith.] 19

20 SECTION 2. The changes in law made by this Act apply only to 21 a request for public information received by a governmental body or 22 officer for public information on or after the effective date of 23 this Act.

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SECTION 3. This Act takes effect September 1, 2023.

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