## **SENATE AMENDMENTS**

## 2<sup>nd</sup> Printing

By: Goldman, Thimesch, Harless, Cook, Lujan, H.B. No. 6 et al.

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to the designation of poisoning with a controlled
3	substance included in Penalty Group 1-B for purposes of the death
4	certificate and to the criminal penalties for certain controlled
5	substance offenses; creating criminal offenses; increasing a
6	criminal penalty.
7	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
8	SECTION 1. Section 193.005, Health and Safety Code, is
9	amended by adding Subsections (e-1) and (e-2) to read as follows:
LO	(e-1) For purposes of Subsection (e-2), "poisoning" occurs
L1	when:
L2	(1) a toxicology examination reveals one or more
L3	controlled substances included in Penalty Group 1-B present in the
L4	body of the decedent in an amount or concentration that is
L5	considered to be lethal by generally accepted scientific standards;
L6	<u>and</u>
L7	(2) if an autopsy is performed, the results of the
L8	autopsy performed on the decedent are consistent with one or more
L9	controlled substances included in Penalty Group 1-B as the cause of
20	death.
21	(e-2) In the event of poisoning as described by Subsection
22	(e-1), the medical certification on the death certificate must:
23	(1) list "(name of the Penalty Group 1-B substance or
24	substances) poisoning" as the cause of death; and

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1
               (2) except as otherwise specifically established by
   the medical examiner, list "homicide" as the manner of death.
 2
          SECTION 2. Section 481.102, Health and Safety Code,
 3
 4
    amended to read as follows:
          Sec. 481.102. PENALTY GROUP 1. Penalty Group 1 consists
 5
 6
   of:
 7
                    the following opiates, including their isomers,
               (1)
    esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers,
8
   unless specifically excepted, if the existence of these isomers,
 9
    esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical
10
   designation:
11
                     [Alfentanil;
12
                     Allylprodine;
13
14
                    Alphacetylmethadol;
15
                    Benzethidine;
16
                    Betaprodine;
17
                     Clonitazene;
                     Diampromide;
18
19
                     Diethylthiambutene;
20
                     Difenoxin not listed in Penalty Group 3 or 4;
                     Dimenoxadol;
21
22
                     Dimethylthiambutene;
                     Dioxaphetyl butyrate;
23
24
                    Dipipanone;
25
                     Ethylmethylthiambutene;
26
                    Etonitazene;
27
                     Etoxeridine;
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1
                     Furethidine;
 2
                     Hydroxypethidine;
 3
                     Ketobemidone;
 4
                     Levophenacylmorphan;
                     Meprodine;
 5
 6
                     Methadol;
 7
                     Moramide;
8
                     Morpheridine;
 9
                     Noracymethadol;
10
                     Norlevorphanol;
11
                     Normethadone;
                     Norpipanone;
12
13
                     Phenadoxone;
                     Phenampromide;
14
15
                     Phenomorphan;
                     Phenoperidine;
16
                     Piritramide;
17
18
                     Proheptazine;
                     Properidine;
19
20
                     Propiram;
                     [Sufentanil;]
21
22
                     Tilidine; and
23
                     Trimeperidine;
24
                     the following opium derivatives, their salts,
    isomers, and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted, if the
25
    existence of these salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible
26
    within the specific chemical designation:
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1
                     Acetorphine;
 2
                     Acetyldihydrocodeine;
 3
                     Benzylmorphine;
 4
                     Codeine methylbromide;
                     Codeine-N-Oxide;
 5
 6
                     Cyprenorphine;
                     Desomorphine;
 7
8
                     Dihydromorphine;
 9
                     Drotebanol;
                     Etorphine, except hydrochloride salt;
10
11
                     Heroin;
                     Hydromorphinol;
12
13
                     Methyldesorphine;
                     Methyldihydromorphine;
14
15
                     Monoacetylmorphine;
                     Morphine methylbromide;
16
                     Morphine methylsulfonate;
17
                     Morphine-N-Oxide;
18
                     Myrophine;
19
20
                     Nicocodeine;
                     Nicomorphine;
21
22
                     Normorphine;
23
                     Pholcodine; and
24
                     Thebacon;
25
                (3)
                     the following substances, however
                                                              produced,
   except those narcotic drugs listed in another group:
26
27
                     (A) Opium and opiate not listed in Penalty Group
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 1
   3 or 4, and a salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or
   opiate, other than thebaine derived butorphanol, nalmefene and its
2
    salts, naloxone and its salts, and naltrexone and its salts, but
    including:
4
5
                          Codeine not listed in Penalty Group 3 or 4;
6
                          Dihydroetorphine;
                          Ethylmorphine not listed in Penalty Group 3
7
8
    or 4;
                          Granulated opium;
9
10
                          Hydrocodone not listed in Penalty Group 3;
                          Hydromorphone;
11
12
                          Metopon;
                          Morphine not listed in Penalty Group 3;
13
14
                          Opium extracts;
15
                          Opium fluid extracts;
16
                          Oripavine;
17
                          Oxycodone;
                          Oxymorphone;
18
                          Powdered opium;
19
20
                          Raw opium;
21
                          Thebaine; and
22
                          Tincture of opium;
23
                          a salt, compound, isomer, derivative,
                     (B)
24
    preparation of a substance that is chemically equivalent
25
    identical to a substance described by Paragraph (A), other than the
    isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;
26
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Opium poppy and poppy straw;

(C)

1	(D) Cocaine, including:
2	(i) its salts, its optical, position, and
3	geometric isomers, and the salts of those isomers;
4	(ii) coca leaves and a salt, compound,
5	derivative, or preparation of coca leaves; and
6	(iii) a salt, compound, derivative, or
7	preparation of a salt, compound, or derivative that is chemically
8	equivalent or identical to a substance described by Subparagraph
9	(i) or (ii), other than decocainized coca leaves or extractions of
10	coca leaves that do not contain cocaine or ecgonine; and
11	(E) concentrate of poppy straw, meaning the crude
12	extract of poppy straw in liquid, solid, or powder form that
13	contains the phenanthrine alkaloids of the opium poppy;
14	(4) the following opiates, including their isomers,
15	esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, if the existence of
16	these isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the
17	specific chemical designation:
18	[Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(1-methyl-2-
19	<pre>phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylacetamide);</pre>
20	[Alpha-methylthiofentanyl (N-[1-methyl-2-(2-
21	<pre>thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);</pre>
22	Alphaprodine;
23	Anileridine;
24	[Beta-hydroxyfentanyl (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-
25	<pre>phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl] -N-phenylpropanamide);</pre>
26	[Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl;]
27	Bezitramide;

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                     [Carfentanil;]
 1
                     Dihydrocodeine not listed in Penalty Group 3 or 4;
 2
 3
                     Diphenoxylate not listed in Penalty Group 3 or 4;
                     Isomethadone;
 4
 5
                     Levomethorphan;
                     Levorphanol;
 6
 7
                     Metazocine;
 8
                     Methadone;
 9
                     Methadone-Intermediate, 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-
10
    4, 4-diphenyl butane;
                     [3-methylfentanyl(N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-
11
12
   4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
                     [3-methylthiofentanyl(N-[3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)
13
14
    ethyl-1-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
15
                     Moramide-Intermediate, 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1,
    1-diphenyl-propane-carboxylic acid;
16
17
                     [Para-fluorofentanyl(N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-1-(2-
    phenylethyl) = 4 = piperidinylpropanamide);
18
                     PEPAP
                                          (1-(2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-
19
20
   acetoxypiperidine);
21
                     Pethidine (Meperidine);
                     Pethidine-Intermediate-A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-
2.2
23
   phenylpiperidine;
24
                     Pethidine-Intermediate-B,
                                                               ethyl-4-
25
   phenylpiperidine-4 carboxylate;
26
                     Pethidine-Intermediate-C,
                                                            1-methyl-4-
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phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid;

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1
                    Phenazocine;
 2
                    Piminodine;
 3
                    Racemethorphan; and
 4
                    Racemorphan;
 5
                    [Remifentanil; and
6
                    [Thiofentanyl(N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-
7
   piperidinyl]-propanamide);
               (5)
8
                    Flunitrazepam (trade or other name: Rohypnol);
                    Methamphetamine, including its salts, optical
9
   isomers, and salts of optical isomers;
10
11
               (7) Phenylacetone and methylamine, if
                                                            possessed
   together with intent to manufacture methamphetamine;
12
                    Phencyclidine, including its salts;
13
14
                    Gamma hydroxybutyric acid (some trade or other
15
   names: gamma hydroxybutyrate, GHB), including its salts;
16
               (10)
                    Ketamine;
17
               (11)
                    Phenazepam;
               (12)
                    U-47700;
18
                    AH-7921;
19
               (13)
               (14)
                    ADB-FUBINACA;
20
21
               (15)
                    AMB-FUBINACA; and
               (16)
                     MDMB-CHMICA.
22
          SECTION 3. Section 481.1022, Health and Safety Code, is
23
24
   amended to read as follows:
          Sec. 481.1022. PENALTY GROUP
25
                                           1-B. Penalty Group
   consists of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters,
26
   ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, if the
27
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1
   existence of these isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible
   within the specific chemical designation:
 2
 3
                    Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(1-methyl-2-
   phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylacetamide);
 4
 5
                    Alfentanil;
 6
                    Alpha-methylthiofentanyl (N-[1-methyl-2-(2-
 7
   thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
8
                    Beta-hydroxyfentanyl
                                                 (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-
   phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl] -N-phenylpropanamide);
 9
10
                    Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl;
11
                    Carfentanil;
12
                    Fentanyl [fentanyl], alpha-methylfentanyl, and
    any other derivative of fentanyl;
13
                    3-methylfentanyl(N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-
14
15
   4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
16
                    3-methylthiofentanyl(N-[3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)
17
   ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
                    Para-fluorofentanyl(N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-1-(2-
18
19
   phenylethyl)-4-piperidinylpropanamide);
20
                    Remifentanil;
21
                    Sufentanil; and
                    Thiofentanyl(N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-
2.2
   piperidinyl]-propanamide).
23
24
          SECTION 4. Sections 481.112(e) and (f), Health and Safety
   Code, are amended to read as follows:
25
          (e) An offense under Subsection (a) is a felony of the first
26
    degree punishable by imprisonment in the Texas Department of
27
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- 1 Criminal Justice for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or
- 2 less than 10 years, and a fine not to exceed \$100,000, if the amount
- 3 of the controlled substance to which the offense applies is, by
- 4 aggregate weight, including adulterants or dilutants, 200 grams or
- 5 more but less than 400 grams.
- 6 (f) An offense under Subsection (a) is <u>a felony of the first</u>
- 7 degree punishable by imprisonment in the Texas Department of
- 8 Criminal Justice for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or
- 9 less than 15 years, and a fine not to exceed \$250,000, if the amount
- 10 of the controlled substance to which the offense applies is, by
- 11 aggregate weight, including adulterants or dilutants, 400 grams or
- 12 more.
- SECTION 5. Section 481.1121(b), Health and Safety Code, is
- 14 amended to read as follows:
- 15 (b) An offense under this section is:
- 16 (1) a state jail felony if the number of abuse units of
- 17 the controlled substance is fewer than 20;
- 18 (2) a felony of the second degree if the number of
- 19 abuse units of the controlled substance is 20 or more but fewer than
- 20 80;
- 21 (3) a felony of the first degree if the number of abuse
- 22 units of the controlled substance is 80 or more but fewer than
- 23 4,000; and
- 24 (4) <u>a felony of the first degree</u> punishable by
- 25 imprisonment in the Texas Department of Criminal Justice for life
- 26 or for a term of not more than 99 years or less than 15 years and a
- 27 fine not to exceed \$250,000, if the number of abuse units of the

- 1 controlled substance is 4,000 or more.
- 2 SECTION 6. Sections 481.1123(b), (d), (e), and (f), Health
- 3 and Safety Code, are amended to read as follows:
- 4 (b) An offense under Subsection (a) is a [state jail] felony
- 5 of the third degree if the amount of the controlled substance to
- 6 which the offense applies is, by aggregate weight, including
- 7 adulterants or dilutants, less than one gram.
- 8 (d) An offense under Subsection (a) is a felony of the first
- 9 degree punishable by imprisonment in the Texas Department of
- 10 Criminal Justice for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or
- 11 less than 10 years, and a fine not to exceed \$20,000, if the amount
- 12 of the controlled substance to which the offense applies is, by
- 13 aggregate weight, including adulterants or dilutants, four grams or
- 14 more but less than 200 grams.
- 15 (e) An offense under Subsection (a) is <u>a felony of the first</u>
- 16 <u>degree</u> punishable by imprisonment in the Texas Department of
- 17 Criminal Justice for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or
- 18 less than 15 years, and a fine not to exceed \$200,000, if the amount
- 19 of the controlled substance to which the offense applies is, by
- 20 aggregate weight, including adulterants or dilutants, 200 grams or
- 21 more but less than 400 grams.
- 22 (f) An offense under Subsection (a) is a felony of the first
- 23 <u>degree</u> punishable by imprisonment in the Texas Department of
- 24 Criminal Justice for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or
- less than 20 years, and a fine not to exceed \$500,000, if the amount
- 26 of the controlled substance to which the offense applies is, by
- 27 aggregate weight, including adulterants or dilutants, 400 grams or

- 1 more.
- 2 SECTION 7. Section 481.113(e), Health and Safety Code, is
- 3 amended to read as follows:
- 4 (e) An offense under Subsection (a) is a felony of the first
- 5 degree punishable by imprisonment in the Texas Department of
- 6 Criminal Justice for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or
- 7 less than 10 years, and a fine not to exceed \$100,000, if the amount
- 8 of the controlled substance to which the offense applies is, by
- 9 aggregate weight, including adulterants or dilutants, 400 grams or
- 10 more.
- 11 SECTION 8. Section 481.114(e), Health and Safety Code, is
- 12 amended to read as follows:
- 13 (e) An offense under Subsection (a) is a felony of the first
- 14 degree punishable by imprisonment in the Texas Department of
- 15 Criminal Justice for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or
- 16 less than 10 years, and a fine not to exceed \$100,000, if the amount
- 17 of the controlled substance to which the offense applies is, by
- 18 aggregate weight, including any adulterants or dilutants, 400 grams
- 19 or more.
- SECTION 9. Section 481.115(f), Health and Safety Code, is
- 21 amended to read as follows:
- 22 (f) An offense under Subsection (a) is a felony of the first
- 23 degree punishable by imprisonment in the Texas Department of
- 24 Criminal Justice for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or
- less than 10 years, and a fine not to exceed \$100,000, if the amount
- 26 of the controlled substance possessed is, by aggregate weight,
- 27 including adulterants or dilutants, 400 grams or more.

- 1 SECTION 10. Section 481.1151(b), Health and Safety Code, is
- 2 amended to read as follows:
- 3 (b) An offense under this section is:
- 4 (1) a state jail felony if the number of abuse units of the controlled substance is fewer than 20;
- 6 (2) a felony of the third degree if the number of abuse
- 7 units of the controlled substance is 20 or more but fewer than 80;
- 9 abuse units of the controlled substance is 80 or more but fewer than

a felony of the second degree if the number of

10 4,000;

- 11 (4) a felony of the first degree if the number of abuse
- 12 units of the controlled substance is 4,000 or more but fewer than
- 13 8,000; and
- 14 (5) a felony of the first degree punishable by
- 15 imprisonment in the Texas Department of Criminal Justice for life
- 16 or for a term of not more than 99 years or less than 15 years and a
- 17 fine not to exceed \$250,000, if the number of abuse units of the
- 18 controlled substance is 8,000 or more.
- 19 SECTION 11. Section 481.116(e), Health and Safety Code, is
- 20 amended to read as follows:
- 21 (e) An offense under Subsection (a) is <u>a felony of the first</u>
- 22 <u>degree</u> punishable by imprisonment in the Texas Department of
- 23 Criminal Justice for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or
- 24 less than five years, and a fine not to exceed \$50,000, if the
- 25 amount of the controlled substance possessed is, by aggregate
- 26 weight, including adulterants or dilutants, 400 grams or more.
- 27 SECTION 12. Section 481.1161(b), Health and Safety Code, is

- 1 amended to read as follows:
- 2 (b) An offense under this section is:
- 3 (1) a Class B misdemeanor if the amount of the
- 4 controlled substance possessed is, by aggregate weight, including
- 5 adulterants or dilutants, two ounces or less;
- 6 (2) a Class A misdemeanor if the amount of the
- 7 controlled substance possessed is, by aggregate weight, including
- 8 adulterants or dilutants, four ounces or less but more than two
- 9 ounces;
- 10 (3) a state jail felony if the amount of the controlled
- 11 substance possessed is, by aggregate weight, including adulterants
- 12 or dilutants, five pounds or less but more than four ounces;
- 13 (4) a felony of the third degree if the amount of the
- 14 controlled substance possessed is, by aggregate weight, including
- 15 adulterants or dilutants, 50 pounds or less but more than 5 pounds;
- 16 (5) a felony of the second degree if the amount of the
- 17 controlled substance possessed is, by aggregate weight, including
- 18 adulterants or dilutants, 2,000 pounds or less but more than 50
- 19 pounds; and
- 20 (6) a felony of the first degree punishable by
- 21 imprisonment in the Texas Department of Criminal Justice for life
- 22 or for a term of not more than 99 years or less than 5 years, and a
- 23 fine not to exceed \$50,000, if the amount of the controlled
- 24 substance possessed is, by aggregate weight, including adulterants
- or dilutants, more than 2,000 pounds.
- SECTION 13. Section 481.117(e), Health and Safety Code, is
- 27 amended to read as follows:

- 1 (e) An offense under Subsection (a) is <u>a felony of the first</u>
- 2 degree punishable by imprisonment in the Texas Department of
- 3 Criminal Justice for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or
- 4 less than five years, and a fine not to exceed \$50,000, if the
- 5 amount of the controlled substance possessed is, by aggregate
- 6 weight, including adulterants or dilutants, 400 grams or more.
- 7 SECTION 14. Section 481.118(e), Health and Safety Code, is
- 8 amended to read as follows:
- 9 (e) An offense under Subsection (a) is a felony of the first
- 10 <u>degree</u> punishable by imprisonment in the Texas Department of
- 11 Criminal Justice for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or
- 12 less than five years, and a fine not to exceed \$50,000, if the
- 13 amount of the controlled substance possessed is, by aggregate
- 14 weight, including adulterants or dilutants, 400 grams or more.
- SECTION 15. Section 481.120(b), Health and Safety Code, is
- 16 amended to read as follows:
- 17 (b) An offense under Subsection (a) is:
- 18 (1) a Class B misdemeanor if the amount of marihuana
- 19 delivered is one-fourth ounce or less and the person committing the
- 20 offense does not receive remuneration for the marihuana;
- 21 (2) a Class A misdemeanor if the amount of marihuana
- 22 delivered is one-fourth ounce or less and the person committing the
- 23 offense receives remuneration for the marihuana;
- 24 (3) a state jail felony if the amount of marihuana
- 25 delivered is five pounds or less but more than one-fourth ounce;
- 26 (4) a felony of the second degree if the amount of
- 27 marihuana delivered is 50 pounds or less but more than five pounds;

- 1 (5) a felony of the first degree if the amount of
- 2 marihuana delivered is 2,000 pounds or less but more than 50 pounds;
- 3 and
- 4 (6) a felony of the first degree punishable by
- 5 imprisonment in the Texas Department of Criminal Justice for life
- 6 or for a term of not more than 99 years or less than 10 years, and a
- 7 fine not to exceed \$100,000, if the amount of marihuana delivered is
- 8 more than 2,000 pounds.
- 9 SECTION 16. Section 481.121(b), Health and Safety Code, is
- 10 amended to read as follows:
- 11 (b) An offense under Subsection (a) is:
- 12 (1) a Class B misdemeanor if the amount of marihuana
- 13 possessed is two ounces or less;
- 14 (2) a Class A misdemeanor if the amount of marihuana
- 15 possessed is four ounces or less but more than two ounces;
- 16 (3) a state jail felony if the amount of marihuana
- 17 possessed is five pounds or less but more than four ounces;
- 18 (4) a felony of the third degree if the amount of
- 19 marihuana possessed is 50 pounds or less but more than 5 pounds;
- 20 (5) a felony of the second degree if the amount of
- 21 marihuana possessed is 2,000 pounds or less but more than 50 pounds;
- 22 and
- 23 (6) <u>a felony of the first degree</u> punishable by
- 24 imprisonment in the Texas Department of Criminal Justice for life
- 25 or for a term of not more than 99 years or less than 5 years, and a
- 26 fine not to exceed \$50,000, if the amount of marihuana possessed is
- 27 more than 2,000 pounds.

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- 1 SECTION 17. Section 481.126(a), Health and Safety Code, is
- 2 amended to read as follows:
- 3 (a) A person commits an offense if the person:
- 4 (1) barters property or expends funds the person knows
- 5 are derived from the commission of a first degree felony [an]
- 6 offense under this chapter punishable by imprisonment in the Texas
- 7 Department of Criminal Justice for life;
- 8 (2) barters property or expends funds the person knows
- 9 are derived from the commission of an offense under Section
- 10 481.121(a) that is punishable under Section 481.121(b)(5);
- 11 (3) barters property or finances or invests funds the
- 12 person knows or believes are intended to further the commission of
- 13 an offense for which the punishment is described by Subdivision
- 14 (1); or
- 15 (4) barters property or finances or invests funds the
- 16 person knows or believes are intended to further the commission of
- 17 an offense under Section 481.121(a) that is punishable under
- 18 Section 481.121(b)(5).
- 19 SECTION 18. Section 481.134(c), Health and Safety Code, as
- 20 amended by Chapters 584 (S.B. 768) and 807 (H.B. 1540), Acts of the
- 21 87th Legislature, Regular Session, 2021, is reenacted and amended
- 22 to read as follows:
- (c) The minimum term of confinement or imprisonment for an
- 24 offense otherwise punishable under Section 481.112(c), (d), (e), or
- 25 (f), 481.1121(b)(2), (3), or (4), 481.1123(b), (c) [481.1123(c)],
- 26 (d), (e), or (f), 481.113(c), (d), or (e), 481.114(c), (d), or (e),
- 27 481.115(c)-(f), 481.1151(b)(2), (3), (4), or (5), 481.116(c), (d),

- 1 or (e), 481.1161(b)(4), (5), or (6), 481.117(c), (d), or (e),
- 2 481.118(c), (d), or (e), 481.120(b)(4), (5), or (6), or
- 3 481.121(b)(4), (5), or (6) is increased by five years and the
- 4 maximum fine for the offense is doubled if it is shown on the trial
- 5 of the offense that the offense was committed:
- 6 (1) in, on, or within 1,000 feet of the premises of a
- 7 school, the premises of a public or private youth center, or a
- 8 playground;
- 9 (2) on a school bus; or
- 10 (3) by any unauthorized person 18 years of age or
- 11 older, in, on, or within 1,000 feet of premises owned, rented, or
- 12 leased by a general residential operation operating as a
- 13 residential treatment center.
- 14 SECTION 19. Section 481.141, Health and Safety Code, is
- 15 amended by adding Subsection (d) to read as follows:
- 16 (d) Punishment may not be increased under this section if
- 17 the defendant is also prosecuted under Section 19.02(b)(4),
- 18 19.04(a-1), or 19.05(a-1), Penal Code, for conduct occurring during
- 19 the same criminal episode.
- SECTION 20. Section 19.02, Penal Code, is amended by
- 21 amending Subsection (b) and adding Subsection (e) to read as
- 22 follows:
- 23 (b) A person commits an offense if the person [he]:
- 24 (1) intentionally or knowingly causes the death of an
- 25 individual;
- 26 (2) intends to cause serious bodily injury and commits
- 27 an act clearly dangerous to human life that causes the death of an

- 1 individual; [ex]
- 2 (3) commits or attempts to commit a felony, other than
- 3 manslaughter, and in the course of and in furtherance of the
- 4 commission or attempt, or in immediate flight from the commission
- 5 or attempt, the person  $[\frac{he}{e}]$  commits or attempts to commit an act
- 6 clearly dangerous to human life that causes the death of an
- 7 individual; or
- 8 <u>(4) knowingly manufactures or delivers a controlled</u>
- 9 substance included in Penalty Group 1-B under Section 481.1022,
- 10 Health and Safety Code, in violation of Section 481.1123, Health
- 11 and Safety Code, and an individual dies as a result of injecting,
- 12 ingesting, inhaling, or introducing into the individual's body any
- 13 amount of the controlled substance manufactured or delivered by the
- 14 actor, regardless of whether the controlled substance was used by
- 15 itself or with another substance, including a drug, adulterant, or
- 16 <u>dilutant</u>.
- (e) It is a defense to prosecution under Subsection (b)(4)
- 18 that the actor's conduct in manufacturing or delivering the
- 19 controlled substance was authorized under Chapter 481, Health and
- 20 Safety Code, or other state or federal law.
- 21 SECTION 21. Section 19.04, Penal Code, is amended by adding
- 22 Subsections (a-1) and (c) to read as follows:
- 23 <u>(a-1) A person commits an offense if the person recklessly</u>
- 24 manufactures or delivers a controlled substance included in Penalty
- 25 Group 1-B under Section 481.1022, Health and Safety Code, in
- 26 violation of Section 481.1123, Health and Safety Code, and an
- 27 individual dies as a result of injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or

- 1 introducing into the individual's body any amount of the controlled
- 2 substance manufactured or delivered by the actor, regardless of
- 3 whether the controlled substance was used by itself or with another
- 4 substance, including a drug, adulterant, or dilutant.
- 5 (c) It is a defense to prosecution under Subsection (a-1)
- 6 that the actor's conduct in manufacturing or delivering the
- 7 controlled substance was authorized under Chapter 481, Health and
- 8 Safety Code, or other state or federal law.
- 9 SECTION 22. Section 19.05, Penal Code, is amended by adding
- 10 Subsections (a-1) and (c) to read as follows:
- 11 <u>(a-1)</u> A person commits an offense if the person with
- 12 criminal negligence manufactures or delivers a controlled
- 13 <u>substance included in Penalty Group 1-B under Section 481.1022,</u>
- 14 Health and Safety Code, in violation of Section 481.1123, Health
- 15 and Safety Code, and an individual dies as a result of injecting,
- 16 ingesting, inhaling, or introducing into the individual's body any
- 17 amount of the controlled substance manufactured or delivered by the
- 18 actor, regardless of whether the controlled substance was used by
- 19 itself or with another substance, including a drug, adulterant, or
- 20 dilutant.
- 21 <u>(c) It is a defense to prosecution under Subsection (a-1)</u>
- 22 that the actor's conduct in manufacturing or delivering the
- 23 controlled substance was authorized under Chapter 481, Health and
- 24 Safety Code, or other state or federal law.
- 25 SECTION 23. Section 71.02(a), Penal Code, is amended to
- 26 read as follows:
- 27 (a) A person commits an offense if, with the intent to

- 1 establish, maintain, or participate in a combination or in the
- 2 profits of a combination or as a member of a criminal street gang,
- 3 the person commits or conspires to commit one or more of the
- 4 following:
- 5 (1) murder, capital murder, arson, aggravated
- 6 robbery, robbery, burglary, theft, aggravated kidnapping,
- 7 kidnapping, aggravated assault, aggravated sexual assault, sexual
- 8 assault, continuous sexual abuse of young child or disabled
- 9 individual, solicitation of a minor, forgery, deadly conduct,
- 10 assault punishable as a Class A misdemeanor, burglary of a motor
- 11 vehicle, or unauthorized use of a motor vehicle;
- 12 (2) any gambling offense punishable as a Class A
- 13 misdemeanor;
- 14 (3) promotion of prostitution, aggravated promotion
- 15 of prostitution, or compelling prostitution;
- 16 (4) unlawful manufacture, transportation, repair, or
- 17 sale of firearms or prohibited weapons;
- 18 (5) unlawful manufacture, delivery, dispensation, or
- 19 distribution of a controlled substance or dangerous drug, or
- 20 unlawful possession of a controlled substance or dangerous drug
- 21 through forgery, fraud, misrepresentation, or deception;
- 22 (5-a) causing the unlawful delivery, dispensation, or
- 23 distribution of a controlled substance or dangerous drug in
- 24 violation of Subtitle B, Title 3, Occupations Code;
- 25 <u>(5-b) unlawful possession with intent to deliver a</u>
- 26 controlled substance listed in Penalty Group 1-B under Section
- 27 481.1022, Health and Safety Code;

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H.B. No. 6
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1
                     any unlawful wholesale promotion or possession of
   any obscene material or obscene device with the intent to wholesale
2
3
   promote the same;
4
                (7) any offense under Subchapter B,
                                                           Chapter
5
   depicting or involving conduct by or directed toward a child
   younger than 18 years of age;
6
7
                (8)
                     any felony offense under Chapter 32;
8
                (9)
                     any offense under Chapter 36;
                (10)
                     any offense under Chapter 34, 35, or 35A;
9
                     any offense under Section 37.11(a);
10
               (11)
                     any offense under Chapter 20A;
11
               (12)
                     any offense under Section 37.10;
12
               (13)
                      any offense under Section 38.06, 38.07, 38.09, or
13
                (14)
14
    38.11;
15
               (15)
                     any offense under Section 42.10;
                     any offense under Section 46.06(a)(1) or 46.14;
16
               (16)
17
                (17)
                     any offense under Section 20.05 or 20.06;
                      any offense under Section 16.02; or
18
                (18)
                      any offense classified as a felony under the Tax
19
                (19)
   Code.
20
21
          SECTION 24.
                       The change in law made by this Act to Section
   193.005, Health and Safety Code, applies only to a death that occurs
22
    on or after the effective date of this Act, or a death that occurs
23
24
   before that date but is discovered on or after the effective date of
25
   this Act.
26
          SECTION 25. The changes in law made by this Act to Chapter
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481, Health and Safety Code, and Sections 19.02, 19.04, 19.05, and

- 1 71.02, Penal Code, apply only to an offense committed on or after
- 2 the effective date of this Act. An offense committed before the
- 3 effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect on the
- 4 date the offense was committed, and the former law is continued in
- 5 effect for that purpose. For purposes of this section, an offense
- 6 was committed before the effective date of this Act if any element
- 7 of the offense occurred before that date.
- 8 SECTION 26. To the extent of any conflict, this Act prevails
- 9 over another Act of the 88th Legislature, Regular Session, 2023,
- 10 relating to nonsubstantive additions to and corrections in enacted
- 11 codes.
- 12 SECTION 27. This Act takes effect September 1, 2023.

ADOPTED

MAY 16 2023

By: Jan Huffman

estitute the following for H.B. No.

By: pan Huffman

cs H R No la

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT

2 relating to the designation of fentanyl toxicity for purposes of

3 the death certificate and to the criminal penalties for certain

controlled substance offenses; increasing a criminal penalty.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

6 SECTION 1. Section 193.005, Health and Safety Code, is

amended by adding Subsection (e-1) to read as follows:

8 (e-1) The medical certification on a death certificate must

9 <u>include the term "Fentanyl Toxicity" if:</u>

10 (1) a toxicology examination reveals a controlled

11 substance listed in Penalty Group 1-B present in the body of the

12 decedent in an amount or concentration that is considered to be

13 lethal by generally accepted scientific standards; and

14 (2) the results of an autopsy performed on the

15 decedent are consistent with an opioid overdose as the cause of

16 <u>death.</u>

7

SECTION 2. Section 481.102, Health and Safety Code, is

18 amended to read as follows:

19 Sec. 481.102. PENALTY GROUP 1. Penalty Group 1 consists

20 of:

21 (1) the following opiates, including their isomers,

22 esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers,

23 unless specifically excepted, if the existence of these isomers,

24 esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical

```
1
    designation:
 2
                      [Alfentanil;]
 3
                      Allylprodine;
 4
                      Alphacetylmethadol;
 5
                      Benzethidine;
 6
                      Betaprodine;
 7
                      Clonitazene;
 8
                      Diampromide;
 9
                      Diethylthiambutene;
                     Difenoxin not listed in Penalty Group 3 or 4;
10
11
                      Dimenoxadol;
12
                     Dimethylthiambutene;
13
                      Dioxaphetyl butyrate;
14
                      Dipipanone;
15
                     Ethylmethylthiambutene;
16
                     Etonitazene;
17
                     Etoxeridine;
18
                      Furethidine;
19
                     Hydroxypethidine;
20
                      Ketobemidone;
21
                     Levophenacylmorphan;
22
                     Meprodine;
23
                     Methadol;
24
                     Moramide;
25
                     Morpheridine;
26
                     Noracymethadol;
27
                     Norlevorphanol;
```

```
1
                     Normethadone;
 2
                     Norpipanone;
 3
                     Phenadoxone;
 4
                     Phenampromide;
 5
                     Phenomorphan;
 6
                     Phenoperidine;
 7
                     Piritramide;
 8
                     Proheptazine;
 9
                     Properidine;
10
                     Propiram;
11
                     [Sufentanil;]
12
                     Tilidine; and
13
                     Trimeperidine;
14
                (2)
                    the following opium derivatives, their salts,
15
    isomers, and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted, if the
    existence of these salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible
16
    within the specific chemical designation:
17
18
                     Acetorphine;
19
                     Acetyldihydrocodeine;
20
                     Benzylmorphine;
21
                     Codeine methylbromide;
22
                     Codeine-N-Oxide;
23
                     Cyprenorphine;
24
                     Desomorphine;
25
                     Dihydromorphine;
26
                     Drotebanol;
27
                     Etorphine, except hydrochloride salt;
```

```
1
                     Heroin;
 2
                     Hydromorphinol;
 3
                     Methyldesorphine;
 4
                     Methyldihydromorphine;
 5
                     Monoacetylmorphine;
 6
                     Morphine methylbromide;
 7
                     Morphine methylsulfonate;
 8
                     Morphine-N-Oxide;
 9
                     Myrophine;
10
                     Nicocodeine;
11
                     Nicomorphine;
12
                     Normorphine;
13
                     Pholcodine; and
14
                     Thebacon;
15
                (3)
                     the following substances, however
                                                             produced,
    except those narcotic drugs listed in another group:
16
17
                          Opium and opiate not listed in Penalty Group
    3 or 4, and a salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or
18
    opiate, other than thebaine derived butorphanol, nalmefene and its
19
    salts, naloxone and its salts, and naltrexone and its salts, but
20
21
    including:
22
                           Codeine not listed in Penalty Group 3 or 4;
23
                           Dihydroetorphine;
24
                           Ethylmorphine not listed in Penalty Group 3
25
   or 4;
26
                           Granulated opium;
27
                           Hydrocodone not listed in Penalty Group 3;
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1
                          Hydromorphone;
2
                          Metopon;
 3
                          Morphine not listed in Penalty Group 3;
 4
                          Opium extracts;
 5
                          Opium fluid extracts;
 6
                          Oripavine;
 7
                          Oxycodone;
8
                          Oxymorphone;
 9
                          Powdered opium;
10
                          Raw opium;
11
                          Thebaine; and
12
                          Tincture of opium;
13
                     (B)
                          a salt, compound, isomer, derivative,
14
   preparation of a substance that is chemically equivalent or
15
    identical to a substance described by Paragraph (A), other than the
16
    isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;
17
                     (C) Opium poppy and poppy straw;
18
                          Cocaine, including:
19
                          (i) its salts, its optical, position, and
20
    geometric isomers, and the salts of those isomers;
21
                          (ii) coca leaves and a salt, compound,
22
    derivative, or preparation of coca leaves; and
23
                          (iii) a salt, compound, derivative,
24
   preparation of a salt, compound, or derivative that is chemically
25
   equivalent or identical to a substance described by Subparagraph
26
    (i) or (ii), other than decocainized coca leaves or extractions of
   coca leaves that do not contain cocaine or ecgonine; and
```

```
1
                         concentrate of poppy straw, meaning the crude
 2
    extract of poppy straw in liquid, solid, or powder form that
 3
   contains the phenanthrine alkaloids of the opium poppy;
               (4) the following opiates, including their isomers,
 5
   esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, if the existence of
   these isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the
   specific chemical designation:
8
                     [Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(1-methyl-2-
9
   phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylacetamide);
10
                     [Alpha-methylthiofentanyl (N-[1-methyl-2-(2-
11
   thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
12
                    Alphaprodine;
13
                    Anileridine;
                     [Beta-hydroxyfentanyl (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-
14
   phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl] -N-phenylpropanamide);
15
16
                     [Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl;]
17
                    Bezitramide;
18
                    [Carfentanil:
19
                    Dihydrocodeine not listed in Penalty Group 3 or 4;
20
                    Diphenoxylate not listed in Penalty Group 3 or 4;
21
                    Isomethadone;
22
                    Levomethorphan;
23
                    Levorphanol;
24
                    Metazocine;
25
                    Methadone;
26
                    Methadone-Intermediate, 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-
27
   4, 4-diphenyl butane;
```

```
1
                     [3-methylfentanyl(N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-
   4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
 3
                     [3-methylthiofentanyl(N-[3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)
 4
   ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
 5
                    Moramide-Intermediate, 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1,
    1-diphenyl-propane-carboxylic acid;
 6
 7
                     [Para-fluorofentanyl(N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-1-(2-
   phenylethyl)-4-piperidinylpropanamide);
 9
                    PEPAP
                                         (1-(2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-
   acetoxypiperidine);
10
11
                    Pethidine (Meperidine);
12
                    Pethidine-Intermediate-A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-
13
   phenylpiperidine;
14
                    Pethidine-Intermediate-B,
                                                              ethyl-4-
15
   phenylpiperidine-4 carboxylate;
16
                    Pethidine-Intermediate-C,
                                                          1-methyl-4-
17
    phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid;
18
                    Phenazocine;
19
                    Piminodine;
20
                    Racemethorphan; and
21
                    Racemorphan;
22
                     [Remifentanil; and
23
                     [Thiofentanyl(N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-
24
    piperidiny1]-propanamide);
25
                   Flunitrazepam (trade or other name: Rohypnol);
26
                   Methamphetamine, including its salts, optical
                (6)
27
    isomers, and salts of optical isomers;
```

```
1
                    Phenylacetone and methylamine, if possessed
    together with intent to manufacture methamphetamine;
 3
                    Phencyclidine, including its salts;
               (8)
 4
               (9) Gamma hydroxybutyric acid (some trade or other
 5
    names: gamma hydroxybutyrate, GHB), including its salts;
 6
               (10) Ketamine;
 7
               (11) Phenazepam;
               (12) U-47700;
 9
               (13) AH-7921;
10
               (14) ADB-FUBINACA;
11
               (15) AMB-FUBINACA; and
12
               (16) MDMB-CHMICA.
          SECTION 3. Section 481.1022, Health and Safety Code, is
13
14
    amended to read as follows:
15
          Sec. 481.1022. PENALTY GROUP
                                         1-B. Penalty Group
    consists of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters,
16
    ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, if the
17
    existence of these isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible
18
   within the specific chemical designation:
19
20
                    Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(1-methyl-2-
   phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylacetamide);
21
22
                    Alfentanil;
23
                    Alpha-methylthiofentanyl (N-[1-methyl-2-(2-
24
   thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
25
                    Beta-hydroxyfentanyl (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-
   phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl] -N-phenylpropanamide);
26
27
                    Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl;
```

```
1
                    Carfentanil;
2
                    Fentanyl [fentanyl], alpha-methylfentanyl, and
3
   any other derivative of fentanyl;
4
                    3-methylfentanyl(N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-
   4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
5
6
                    3-methylthiofentanyl(N-[3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)
7
   ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
                    Para-fluorofentanyl(N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-1-(2-
8
   phenylethyl)-4-piperidinylpropanamide);
9
10
                    Remifentanil;
                    Sufentanil; and
11
                    Thiofentanyl(N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-
12
13
   piperidinyl]-propanamide).
14
          SECTION 4. Sections 481.112(e) and (f), Health and Safety
    Code, are amended to read as follows:
15
16
               An offense under Subsection (a) is a felony of the first
          (e)
17
   degree punishable by imprisonment in the Texas Department of
18
   Criminal Justice for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or
19
    less than 10 years, and a fine not to exceed $100,000, if the amount
20
   of the controlled substance to which the offense applies is, by
21
    aggregate weight, including adulterants or dilutants, 200 grams or
   more but less than 400 grams.
22
23
          (f) An offense under Subsection (a) is a felony of the first
24
   degree punishable by imprisonment in the Texas Department of
   Criminal Justice for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or
25
   less than 15 years, and a fine not to exceed $250,000, if the amount
26
27
    of the controlled substance to which the offense applies is, by
```

- 1 aggregate weight, including adulterants or dilutants, 400 grams or
- 2 more.
- 3 SECTION 5. Section 481.1121(b), Health and Safety Code, is
- 4 amended to read as follows:
- 5 (b) An offense under this section is:
- 6 (1) a state jail felony if the number of abuse units of
- 7 the controlled substance is fewer than 20;
- 8 (2) a felony of the second degree if the number of
- $\,9\,\,$  abuse units of the controlled substance is 20 or more but fewer than
- 10 80;
- 11 (3) a felony of the first degree if the number of abuse
- 12 units of the controlled substance is 80 or more but fewer than
- 13 4,000; and
- 14 (4) a felony of the first degree punishable by
- 15 imprisonment in the Texas Department of Criminal Justice for life
- 16 or for a term of not more than 99 years or less than 15 years and a
- 17 fine not to exceed \$250,000, if the number of abuse units of the
- 18 controlled substance is 4,000 or more.
- 19 SECTION 6. Sections 481.1123(b), (d), (e), and (f), Health
- 20 and Safety Code, are amended to read as follows:
- 21 (b) An offense under Subsection (a) is a [state jail] felony
- 22 of the third degree if the amount of the controlled substance to
- 23 which the offense applies is, by aggregate weight, including
- 24 adulterants or dilutants, less than one gram.
- 25 (d) An offense under Subsection (a) is a felony of the first
- 26 <u>degree</u> punishable by imprisonment in the Texas Department of
- 27 Criminal Justice for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or

- 1 less than 10 years, and a fine not to exceed \$20,000, if the amount
- 2 of the controlled substance to which the offense applies is, by
- 3 aggregate weight, including adulterants or dilutants, four grams or
- 4 more but less than 200 grams.
- 5 (e) An offense under Subsection (a) is <u>a felony of the first</u>
- 6 <u>degree</u> punishable by imprisonment in the Texas Department of
- 7 Criminal Justice for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or
- 8 less than 15 years, and a fine not to exceed \$200,000, if the amount
- 9 of the controlled substance to which the offense applies is, by
- 10 aggregate weight, including adulterants or dilutants, 200 grams or
- 11 more but less than 400 grams.
- 12 (f) An offense under Subsection (a) is a felony of the first
- 13 degree punishable by imprisonment in the Texas Department of
- 14 Criminal Justice for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or
- 15 less than 20 years, and a fine not to exceed \$500,000, if the amount
- 16 of the controlled substance to which the offense applies is, by
- 17 aggregate weight, including adulterants or dilutants, 400 grams or
- 18 more.
- 19 SECTION 7. Section 481.113(e), Health and Safety Code, is
- 20 amended to read as follows:
- 21 (e) An offense under Subsection (a) is a felony of the first
- 22 <u>degree</u> punishable by imprisonment in the Texas Department of
- 23 Criminal Justice for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or
- 24 less than 10 years, and a fine not to exceed \$100,000, if the amount
- 25 of the controlled substance to which the offense applies is, by
- 26 aggregate weight, including adulterants or dilutants, 400 grams or
- 27 more.

- 1 SECTION 8. Section 481.114(e), Health and Safety Code, is
- 2 amended to read as follows:
- 3 (e) An offense under Subsection (a) is a felony of the first
- 4 degree punishable by imprisonment in the Texas Department of
- 5 Criminal Justice for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or
- 6 less than 10 years, and a fine not to exceed \$100,000, if the amount
- 7 of the controlled substance to which the offense applies is, by
- 8 aggregate weight, including any adulterants or dilutants, 400 grams
- 9 or more.
- SECTION 9. Section 481.115(f), Health and Safety Code, is
- 11 amended to read as follows:
- 12 (f) An offense under Subsection (a) is a felony of the first
- 13 <u>degree</u> punishable by imprisonment in the Texas Department of
- 14 Criminal Justice for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or
- 15 less than 10 years, and a fine not to exceed \$100,000, if the amount
- 16 of the controlled substance possessed is, by aggregate weight,
- 17 including adulterants or dilutants, 400 grams or more.
- SECTION 10. Section 481.1151(b), Health and Safety Code, is
- 19 amended to read as follows:
- 20 (b) An offense under this section is:
- 21 (1) a state jail felony if the number of abuse units of
- 22 the controlled substance is fewer than 20;
- 23 (2) a felony of the third degree if the number of abuse
- 24 units of the controlled substance is 20 or more but fewer than 80;
- 25 (3) a felony of the second degree if the number of
- 26 abuse units of the controlled substance is 80 or more but fewer than
- 27 4,000;

- 1 (4) a felony of the first degree if the number of abuse
- 2 units of the controlled substance is 4,000 or more but fewer than
- 3 8,000; and
- 4 (5) <u>a felony of the first degree</u> punishable by
- 5 imprisonment in the Texas Department of Criminal Justice for life
- 6 or for a term of not more than 99 years or less than 15 years and a
- 7 fine not to exceed \$250,000, if the number of abuse units of the
- 8 controlled substance is 8,000 or more.
- 9 SECTION 11. Section 481.116(e), Health and Safety Code, is
- 10 amended to read as follows:
- 11 (e) An offense under Subsection (a) is a felony of the first
- 12 degree punishable by imprisonment in the Texas Department of
- 13 Criminal Justice for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or
- 14 less than five years, and a fine not to exceed \$50,000, if the
- 15 amount of the controlled substance possessed is, by aggregate
- 16 weight, including adulterants or dilutants, 400 grams or more.
- SECTION 12. Section 481.1161(b), Health and Safety Code, is
- 18 amended to read as follows:
- 19 (b) An offense under this section is:
- 20 (1) a Class B misdemeanor if the amount of the
- 21 controlled substance possessed is, by aggregate weight, including
- 22 adulterants or dilutants, two ounces or less;
- 23 (2) a Class A misdemeanor if the amount of the
- 24 controlled substance possessed is, by aggregate weight, including
- 25 adulterants or dilutants, four ounces or less but more than two
- 26 ounces;
- 27 (3) a state jail felony if the amount of the controlled

- 1 substance possessed is, by aggregate weight, including adulterants
- 2 or dilutants, five pounds or less but more than four ounces;
- 3 (4) a felony of the third degree if the amount of the
- 4 controlled substance possessed is, by aggregate weight, including
- 5 adulterants or dilutants, 50 pounds or less but more than 5 pounds;
- 6 (5) a felony of the second degree if the amount of the
- 7 controlled substance possessed is, by aggregate weight, including
- 8 adulterants or dilutants, 2,000 pounds or less but more than 50
- 9 pounds; and
- 10 (6) <u>a felony of the first degree</u> punishable by
- 11 imprisonment in the Texas Department of Criminal Justice for life
- 12 or for a term of not more than 99 years or less than 5 years, and a
- 13 fine not to exceed \$50,000, if the amount of the controlled
- 14 substance possessed is, by aggregate weight, including adulterants
- or dilutants, more than 2,000 pounds.
- SECTION 13. Section 481.117(e), Health and Safety Code, is
- 17 amended to read as follows:
- (e) An offense under Subsection (a) is a felony of the first
- 19 degree punishable by imprisonment in the Texas Department of
- 20 Criminal Justice for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or
- 21 less than five years, and a fine not to exceed \$50,000, if the
- 22 amount of the controlled substance possessed is, by aggregate
- 23 weight, including adulterants or dilutants, 400 grams or more.
- SECTION 14. Section 481.118(e), Health and Safety Code, is
- 25 amended to read as follows:
- (e) An offense under Subsection (a) is <u>a felony of the first</u>
- 27 <u>degree</u> punishable by imprisonment in the Texas Department of

- 1 Criminal Justice for life or for a term of not more than 99 years or
- 2 less than five years, and a fine not to exceed \$50,000, if the
- 3 amount of the controlled substance possessed is, by aggregate
- 4 weight, including adulterants or dilutants, 400 grams or more.
- 5 SECTION 15. Section 481.120(b), Health and Safety Code, is
- 6 amended to read as follows:
- 7 (b) An offense under Subsection (a) is:
- 8 (1) a Class B misdemeanor if the amount of marihuana
- 9 delivered is one-fourth ounce or less and the person committing the
- 10 offense does not receive remuneration for the marihuana;
- 11 (2) a Class A misdemeanor if the amount of marihuana
- 12 delivered is one-fourth ounce or less and the person committing the
- 13 offense receives remuneration for the marihuana;
- 14 (3) a state jail felony if the amount of marihuana
- 15 delivered is five pounds or less but more than one-fourth ounce;
- 16 (4) a felony of the second degree if the amount of
- 17 marihuana delivered is 50 pounds or less but more than five pounds;
- 18 (5) a felony of the first degree if the amount of
- 19 marihuana delivered is 2,000 pounds or less but more than 50 pounds;
- 20 and
- 21 (6) <u>a felony of the first degree</u> punishable by
- 22 imprisonment in the Texas Department of Criminal Justice for life
- 23 or for a term of not more than 99 years or less than 10 years, and a
- 24 fine not to exceed \$100,000, if the amount of marihuana delivered is
- 25 more than 2,000 pounds.
- SECTION 16. Section 481.121(b), Health and Safety Code, is
- 27 amended to read as follows:

- 1 (b) An offense under Subsection (a) is:
- 2 (1) a Class B misdemeanor if the amount of marihuana
- 3 possessed is two ounces or less;
- 4 (2) a Class A misdemeanor if the amount of marihuana
- 5 possessed is four ounces or less but more than two ounces;
- 6 (3) a state jail felony if the amount of marihuana
- 7 possessed is five pounds or less but more than four ounces;
- 8 (4) a felony of the third degree if the amount of
- 9 marihuana possessed is 50 pounds or less but more than 5 pounds;
- 10 (5) a felony of the second degree if the amount of
- 11 marihuana possessed is 2,000 pounds or less but more than 50 pounds;
- 12 and
- 13 (6) <u>a felony of the first degree</u> punishable by
- 14 imprisonment in the Texas Department of Criminal Justice for life
- 15 or for a term of not more than 99 years or less than 5 years, and a
- 16 fine not to exceed \$50,000, if the amount of marihuana possessed is
- 17 more than 2,000 pounds.
- SECTION 17. Section 481.126(a), Health and Safety Code, is
- 19 amended to read as follows:
- 20 (a) A person commits an offense if the person:
- 21 (1) barters property or expends funds the person knows
- 22 are derived from the commission of a first degree felony [an]
- 23 offense under this chapter punishable by imprisonment in the Texas
- 24 Department of Criminal Justice for life;
- 25 (2) barters property or expends funds the person knows
- 26 are derived from the commission of an offense under Section
- 27 481.121(a) that is punishable under Section 481.121(b)(5);

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1 (3) barters property or finances or invests funds the
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- 2 person knows or believes are intended to further the commission of
- 3 an offense for which the punishment is described by Subdivision
- 4 (1); or
- 5 (4) barters property or finances or invests funds the
- 6 person knows or believes are intended to further the commission of
- 7 an offense under Section 481.121(a) that is punishable under
- 8 Section 481.121(b)(5).
- 9 SECTION 18. Section 481.134(c), Health and Safety Code, as
- 10 amended by Chapters 584 (S.B. 768) and 807 (H.B. 1540), Acts of the
- 11 87th Legislature, Regular Session, 2021, is reenacted and amended
- 12 to read as follows:
- 13 (c) The minimum term of confinement or imprisonment for an
- 14 offense otherwise punishable under Section 481.112(c), (d), (e), or
- 15 (f), 481.1121(b)(2), (3), or (4), 481.1123(b), (c) [481.1123(c)],
- 16 (d), (e), or (f), 481.113(c), (d), or (e), 481.114(c), (d), or (e),
- 17 481.115(c)-(f), 481.1151(b)(2), (3), (4), or (5), 481.116(c), (d),
- 18 or (e), 481.1161(b)(4), (5), or (6), 481.117(c), (d), or (e),
- 19 481.118(c), (d), or (e), 481.120(b)(4), (5), or (6), or
- 20 481.121(b)(4), (5), or (6) is increased by five years and the
- 21 maximum fine for the offense is doubled if it is shown on the trial
- 22 of the offense that the offense was committed:
- 23 (1) in, on, or within 1,000 feet of the premises of a
- 24 school, the premises of a public or private youth center, or a
- 25 playground;
- 26 (2) on a school bus; or
- 27 (3) by any unauthorized person 18 years of age or

- 1 older, in, on, or within 1,000 feet of premises owned, rented, or
- 2 leased by a general residential operation operating as a
- 3 residential treatment center.
- 4 SECTION 19. Section 481.141, Health and Safety Code, is
- 5 amended by adding Subsection (d) to read as follows:
- 6 (d) Punishment may not be increased under this section if
- 7 the defendant is also prosecuted under Section 19.02(b)(4), Penal
- 8 Code, for conduct occurring during the same criminal episode.
- 9 SECTION 20. Section 19.02, Penal Code, is amended by
- 10 amending Subsection (b) and adding Subsection (e) to read as
- 11 follows:
- 12 (b) A person commits an offense if  $\underline{\text{the person}}$  [he]:
- 13 (1) intentionally or knowingly causes the death of an
- 14 individual;
- 15 (2) intends to cause serious bodily injury and commits
- 16 an act clearly dangerous to human life that causes the death of an
- 17 individual; [or]
- 18 (3) commits or attempts to commit a felony, other than
- 19 manslaughter, and in the course of and in furtherance of the
- 20 commission or attempt, or in immediate flight from the commission
- 21 or attempt, the person [he] commits or attempts to commit an act
- 22 clearly dangerous to human life that causes the death of an
- 23 individual; or
- 24 (4) knowingly manufactures or delivers a controlled
- 25 substance included in Penalty Group 1-B under Section 481.1022,
- 26 Health and Safety Code, in violation of Section 481.1123, Health
- 27 and Safety Code, and an individual dies as a result of injecting,

- 1 ingesting, inhaling, or introducing into the individual's body any
- 2 amount of the controlled substance manufactured or delivered by the
- 3 actor, regardless of whether the controlled substance was used by
- 4 itself or with another substance, including a drug, adulterant, or
- 5 dilutant.
- 6 (e) It is a defense to prosecution under Subsection (b)(4)
- 7 that the actor's conduct in manufacturing or delivering the
- 8 controlled substance was authorized under Chapter 481, Health and
- 9 Safety Code, or other state or federal law.
- SECTION 21. Section 71.02(a), Penal Code, is amended to
- 11 read as follows:
- 12 (a) A person commits an offense if, with the intent to
- 13 establish, maintain, or participate in a combination or in the
- 14 profits of a combination or as a member of a criminal street gang,
- 15 the person commits or conspires to commit one or more of the
- 16 following:
- 17 (1) murder, capital murder, arson, aggravated
- 18 robbery, robbery, burglary, theft, aggravated kidnapping,
- 19 kidnapping, aggravated assault, aggravated sexual assault, sexual
- 20 assault, continuous sexual abuse of young child or disabled
- 21 individual, solicitation of a minor, forgery, deadly conduct,
- 22 assault punishable as a Class A misdemeanor, burglary of a motor
- 23 vehicle, or unauthorized use of a motor vehicle;
- 24 (2) any gambling offense punishable as a Class A
- 25 misdemeanor;
- 26 (3) promotion of prostitution, aggravated promotion
- 27 of prostitution, or compelling prostitution;

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   sale of firearms or prohibited weapons;
               (5) unlawful manufacture, delivery, dispensation, or
3
   distribution of a controlled substance or dangerous drug, or
4
   unlawful possession of a controlled substance or dangerous drug
5
   through forgery, fraud, misrepresentation, or deception;
               (5-a) causing the unlawful delivery, dispensation, or
7
   distribution of a controlled substance or dangerous drug in
8
   violation of Subtitle B, Title 3, Occupations Code;
10
               (5-b) unlawful possession with intent to deliver a
   controlled substance listed in Penalty Group 1-B under Section
11
   481.1022, Health and Safety Code;
12
               (6) any unlawful wholesale promotion or possession of
13
14
   any obscene material or obscene device with the intent to wholesale
15
   promote the same;
16
               (7) any offense under Subchapter B, Chapter 43,
17
   depicting or involving conduct by or directed toward a child
   younger than 18 years of age;
18
19
               (8)
                    any felony offense under Chapter 32;
20
               (9)
                    any offense under Chapter 36;
21
               (10)
                     any offense under Chapter 34, 35, or 35A;
22
               (11)
                     any offense under Section 37.11(a);
23
               (12)
                     any offense under Chapter 20A;
24
               (13)
                     any offense under Section 37.10;
25
               (14)
                     any offense under Section 38.06, 38.07, 38.09, or
26
   38.11;
27
               (15)
                     any offense under Section 42.10;
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unlawful manufacture, transportation, repair, or

(4)

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1 (16) any offense under Section 46.06(a)(1) or 46.14;
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- 2 (17) any offense under Section 20.05 or 20.06;
- 3 (18) any offense under Section 16.02; or
- 4 (19) any offense classified as a felony under the Tax
- 5 Code.
- 6 SECTION 22. The change in law made by this Act to Section
- 7 193.005, Health and Safety Code, applies only to a death that occurs
- 8 on or after the effective date of this Act, or a death that occurs
- 9 before that date but is discovered on or after the effective date of
- 10 this Act.
- 11 SECTION 23. The changes in law made by this Act to Chapter
- 12 481, Health and Safety Code, and Sections 19.02 and 71.02, Penal
- 13 Code, apply only to an offense committed on or after the effective
- 14 date of this Act. An offense committed before the effective date of
- 15 this Act is governed by the law in effect on the date the offense was
- 16 committed, and the former law is continued in effect for that
- 17 purpose. For purposes of this section, an offense was committed
- 18 before the effective date of this Act if any element of the offense
- 19 occurred before that date.
- SECTION 24. To the extent of any conflict, this Act prevails
- 21 over another Act of the 88th Legislature, Regular Session, 2023,
- 22 relating to nonsubstantive additions to and corrections in enacted
- 23 codes.
- SECTION 25. This Act takes effect September 1, 2023.

ADOPTED MAY 16 2023

FLOOR AMENDMENT NO.\_\_\_

Jan Huffman

1 Amend C.S.H.B. No. 6 (senate committee report) in SECTION 1

2 of the bill, in added Section 193.005(e-1), Health and Safety Code

3 (page 1, line 26), between "include" and "the term" by inserting

4 "either the term "Fentanyl Poisoning" or".

#### FISCAL NOTE, 88TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 17, 2023

TO: Honorable Dade Phelan, Speaker of the House, House of Representatives

FROM: Jerry McGinty, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB6 by Goldman (Relating to the designation of fentanyl toxicity for purposes of the death certificate and to the criminal penalties for certain controlled substance offenses; increasing a criminal penalty.),

As Passed 2nd House

Expanding the conduct constituting or increasing the penalty for an existing offense may result in additional demands upon state correctional resources due to a possible increase in the number of individuals placed under supervision in the community or sentenced to a term of confinement. The fiscal implications cannot be determined due to a lack of data to identify cases involving the specific Penalty Group 1 controlled substances which would be reclassified under the bill's provisions or to estimate the prevalence of conduct outlined in the bill's provisions that would be subject to criminal penalties.

The bill would clarify penalty levels for certain felony controlled substance offenses as first degree felonies and clarify the applicability of the penalty enhancement for committing the offense while engaging in organized criminal activity. The bill would increase the penalty for manufacture or delivery of a Penalty Group 1-B controlled substance of less than one gram from a state jail felony to a third degree felony, and if the offense is committed in a drug-free zone, increase the minimum term of confinement by five years and double the maximum fine. The bill would add unlawful possession with intent to deliver a Penalty Group 1-B controlled substance to the list of offenses subject to the penalty enhancement for committing the offense while engaging in organized criminal activity. The bill would reclassify certain controlled substances from Penalty Group 1 into Penalty Group 1-B. The bill would expand the conduct constituting the offense of murder to include when an actor manufactures or delivers a Penalty Group 1-B controlled substance and an individual dies as a result of injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or introducing into the individual's body any amount of the controlled substance.

The fiscal impact and any impact on state correctional populations or on the demand for state correctional resources cannot be determined due to a lack of data to identify cases involving the specific Penalty Group 1 controlled substances which would be reclassified under the bill's provisions or to estimate the prevalence of conduct outlined in the bill's provisions that would be subject to criminal penalties.

#### **Local Government Impact**

The fiscal impact to units of local government cannot be determined and would be dependent on the number of offenses committed and the subsequent penalties.

Source Agencies: 212 Office of Court Administration, Texas Judicial Council, 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts, 405

Department of Public Safety, 537 State Health Services, Department of, 644 Juvenile Justice

Department, 696 Department of Criminal Justice

LBB Staff: JMc, SD, DDel, DGI, LBO

#### FISCAL NOTE, 88TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 11, 2023

TO: Honorable John Whitmire, Chair, Senate Committee on Criminal Justice

FROM: Jerry McGinty, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB6 by Goldman (Relating to the designation of fentanyl toxicity for purposes of the death certificate and to the criminal penalties for certain controlled substance offenses; increasing a criminal penalty.), Committee Report 2nd House, Substituted

Expanding the conduct constituting or increasing the penalty for an existing offense may result in additional demands upon state correctional resources due to a possible increase in the number of individuals placed under supervision in the community or sentenced to a term of confinement. The fiscal implications cannot be determined due to a lack of data to identify cases involving the specific Penalty Group 1 controlled substances which would be reclassified under the bill's provisions or to estimate the prevalence of conduct outlined in the bill's provisions that would be subject to criminal penalties.

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#### **Local Government Impact**

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Source Agencies: 212 Office of Court Administration, Texas Judicial Council, 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts, 405

Department of Public Safety, 537 State Health Services, Department of, 644 Juvenile Justice

Department, 696 Department of Criminal Justice

LBB Staff: JMc, DDel, DGI, LBO

#### FISCAL NOTE, 88TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 12, 2023

TO: Honorable John Whitmire, Chair, Senate Committee on Criminal Justice

FROM: Jerry McGinty, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB6 by Goldman (Relating to the designation of poisoning with a controlled substance included in Penalty Group 1-B for purposes of the death certificate and to the criminal penalties for certain controlled substance offenses; creating criminal offenses; increasing a criminal penalty.), As Engrossed

Expanding the conduct constituting or increasing the penalty for an existing offense may result in additional demands upon state correctional resources due to a possible increase in the number of individuals placed under supervision in the community or sentenced to a term of confinement. The fiscal implications cannot be determined due to a lack of data to identify cases involving the specific Penalty Group 1 controlled substances which would be reclassified under the bill's provisions or to estimate the prevalence of conduct outlined in the bill's provisions that would be subject to criminal penalties.

The bill would clarify penalty levels for certain felony controlled substance offenses as first degree felonies and clarify the applicability of the penalty enhancement for committing the offense while engaging in organized criminal activity. The bill would increase the penalty for manufacture or delivery of a Penalty Group 1-B controlled substance of less than one gram from a state jail felony to a third degree felony, and if the offense is committed in a drug-free zone, increase the minimum term of confinement by five years and double the maximum fine. The bill would add unlawful possession with intent to deliver a Penalty Group 1-B controlled substance to the list of offenses subject to the penalty enhancement for committing the offense while engaging in organized criminal activity. The bill would reclassify certain controlled substances from Penalty Group 1 into Penalty Group 1-B. The bill would expand the conduct constituting the offenses of homicide, manslaughter, and criminally negligent homicide to include when an actor manufactures or delivers a Penalty Group 1-B controlled substance and an individual dies as a result of injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or introducing into the individual's body any amount of the controlled substance.

The fiscal impact and any impact on state correctional populations or on the demand for state correctional resources cannot be determined due to a lack of data to identify cases involving the specific Penalty Group 1 controlled substances which would be reclassified under the bill's provisions or to estimate the prevalence of conduct outlined in the bill's provisions that would be subject to criminal penalties.

#### **Local Government Impact**

The fiscal impact to units of local government cannot be determined and would be dependent on the number of offenses committed and the subsequent penalties.

Source Agencies: 212 Office of Court Administration, Texas Judicial Council, 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts, 405

Department of Public Safety, 537 State Health Services, Department of, 644 Juvenile Justice

Department, 696 Department of Criminal Justice

#### FISCAL NOTE, 88TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

April 20, 2023

TO: Honorable Joe Moody, Chair, House Committee on Criminal Jurisprudence

FROM: Jerry McGinty, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB6 by Goldman (Relating to the designation of poisoning with a controlled substance included in Penalty Group 1-B for purposes of the death certificate and to the criminal penalties for certain controlled substance offenses; creating criminal offenses; increasing a criminal penalty.), Committee Report 1st House, Substituted

Expanding the conduct constituting or increasing the penalty for an existing offense may result in additional demands upon state correctional resources due to a possible increase in the number of individuals placed under supervision in the community or sentenced to a term of confinement. The fiscal implications cannot be determined due to a lack of data to identify cases involving the specific Penalty Group 1 controlled substances which would be reclassified under the bill's provisions or to estimate the prevalence of conduct outlined in the bill's provisions that would be subject to criminal penalties.

The bill would clarify penalty levels for certain felony controlled substance offenses as first degree felonies and clarify the applicability of the penalty enhancement for committing the offense while engaging in organized criminal activity. The bill would increase the penalty for manufacture or delivery of a Penalty Group 1-B controlled substance of less than one gram from a state jail felony to a third degree felony, and if the offense is committed in a drug-free zone, increase the minimum term of confinement by five years and double the maximum fine. The bill would add unlawful possession with intent to deliver a Penalty Group 1-B controlled substance to the list of offenses subject to the penalty enhancement for committing the offense while engaging in organized criminal activity. The bill would reclassify certain controlled substances from Penalty Group 1 into Penalty Group 1-B. The bill would expand the conduct constituting the offenses of homicide, manslaughter, and criminally negligent homicide to include when an actor manufactures or delivers a Penalty Group 1-B controlled substance and an individual dies as a result of injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or introducing into the individual's body any amount of the controlled substance.

The fiscal impact and any impact on state correctional populations or on the demand for state correctional resources cannot be determined due to a lack of data to identify cases involving the specific Penalty Group 1 controlled substances which would be reclassified under the bill's provisions or to estimate the prevalence of conduct outlined in the bill's provisions that would be subject to criminal penalties.

#### **Local Government Impact**

The fiscal impact to units of local government cannot be determined and would be dependent on the number of offenses committed and the subsequent penalties.

Source Agencies: 212 Office of Court Administration, Texas Judicial Council, 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts, 405

Department of Public Safety, 537 State Health Services, Department of, 644 Juvenile Justice

Department, 696 Department of Criminal Justice

#### FISCAL NOTE, 88TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

March 27, 2023

TO: Honorable Joe Moody, Chair, House Committee on Criminal Jurisprudence

FROM: Jerry McGinty, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB6 by Goldman (Relating to the criminal penalties for certain controlled substance offenses; increasing a criminal penalty.), As Introduced

#### No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would clarify penalty levels for certain felony controlled substance offenses as first degree felonies and clarify the applicability of the penalty enhancement for committing the offense while engaging in organized criminal activity. The bill would increase the penalty for manufacture or delivery of a Penalty Group 1-B controlled substance of less than one gram from a state jail felony to a third degree felony, and if the offense is committed in a drug-free zone, increase the minimum term of confinement by five years and double the maximum fine. The bill would add unlawful possession with intent to deliver a Penalty Group 1-B controlled substance to the list of offenses subject to the penalty enhancement for committing the offense while engaging in organized criminal activity.

It is assumed that any fiscal impact and any impact on state correctional populations or on the demand for state correctional resources would not be significant.

#### **Local Government Impact**

While increasing the penalty for an existing offense may result in increased demands upon local correctional resources due to a possible increase in the number of individuals placed under supervision in the community or sentenced to a term of confinement, it is assumed that any fiscal impact to units of local government associated with enforcement, prosecution, supervision, or confinement would not be significant.

Source Agencies: 212 Office of Court Administration, Texas Judicial Council, 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts, 644

Juvenile Justice Department, 696 Department of Criminal Justice

## CRIMINAL JUSTICE IMPACT STATEMENT 88TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 11, 2023

TO: Honorable John Whitmire, Chair, Senate Committee on Criminal Justice

FROM: Jerry McGinty, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB6 by Goldman (Relating to the designation of fentanyl toxicity for purposes of the death certificate and to the criminal penalties for certain controlled substance offenses; increasing a criminal penalty.), Committee Report 2nd House, Substituted

The bill would clarify penalty levels for certain felony controlled substance offenses as first degree felonies and clarify the applicability of the penalty enhancement for committing the offense while engaging in organized criminal activity. The bill would increase the penalty for manufacture or delivery of a Penalty Group 1-B controlled substance of less than one gram from a state jail felony to a third degree felony, and if the offense is committed in a drug-free zone, increase the minimum term of confinement by five years and double the maximum fine. The bill would add unlawful possession with intent to deliver a Penalty Group 1-B controlled substance to the list of offenses subject to the penalty enhancement for committing the offense while engaging in organized criminal activity. The bill would reclassify certain controlled substances from Penalty Group 1 into Penalty Group 1-B. The bill would expand the conduct constituting the offense of murder to include when an actor manufactures or delivers a Penalty Group 1-B controlled substance and an individual dies as a result of injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or introducing into the individual's body any amount of the controlled substance.

Expanding the conduct constituting or increasing the penalty for an existing offense may result in additional demands upon state and local correctional resources due to a possible increase in the number of individuals placed under supervision in the community or sentenced to a term of confinement.

In fiscal year 2022, there were 2,545 individuals arrested, 135 individuals placed on adult community supervision, 35 individuals placed on juvenile supervision, and 112 individuals admitted into an adult state correctional institution for any of the offenses which, under the provisions of the bill, would be subject to increased penalties or could be subject to potential penalty enhancements. There were 13 individuals admitted into a juvenile state correctional facility for manufacture, delivery, or possession of a controlled substance or marihuana, but it is unknown if these offenses would meet the criteria for increased penalties under the bill's provisions.

In fiscal year 2022, there were 8,657 individuals arrested, 1,571 individuals placed on adult community supervision, 26 individuals placed on juvenile community supervision, and 2,592 individuals admitted into an adult state correctional institution for manufacture and delivery of a Penalty Group 1 or 1-B controlled substance. In fiscal year 2022, there was one individual admitted into a juvenile state correctional institution for manufacture or delivery of an unspecified controlled substance. It is unknown how many Penalty Group 1 cases would be reclassified as Penalty Group 1-B or if any of these cases resulted in the death of an individual as outlined in the bill's provisions.

The impact on state correctional populations or on the demand for state correctional resources cannot be determined due to a lack of data to identify cases involving the specific Penalty Group 1 controlled substances which would be reclassified under the bill's provisions or to estimate the prevalence of conduct outlined in the bill's provisions.

Source Agencies:

#### CRIMINAL JUSTICE IMPACT STATEMENT

#### 88TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 12, 2023

TO: Honorable John Whitmire, Chair, Senate Committee on Criminal Justice

FROM: Jerry McGinty, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB6 by Goldman (Relating to the designation of poisoning with a controlled substance included in Penalty Group 1-B for purposes of the death certificate and to the criminal penalties for certain controlled substance offenses; creating criminal offenses; increasing a criminal penalty.), As Engrossed

The bill would clarify penalty levels for certain felony controlled substance offenses as first degree felonies and clarify the applicability of the penalty enhancement for committing the offense while engaging in organized criminal activity. The bill would increase the penalty for manufacture or delivery of a Penalty Group 1-B controlled substance of less than one gram from a state jail felony to a third degree felony, and if the offense is committed in a drug-free zone, increase the minimum term of confinement by five years and double the maximum fine. The bill would add unlawful possession with intent to deliver a Penalty Group 1-B controlled substance to the list of offenses subject to the penalty enhancement for committing the offense while engaging in organized criminal activity. The bill would reclassify certain controlled substances from Penalty Group 1 into Penalty Group 1-B. The bill would expand the conduct constituting the offenses of homicide, manslaughter, and criminally negligent homicide to include when an actor manufactures or delivers a Penalty Group 1-B controlled substance and an individual dies as a result of injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or introducing into the individual's body any amount of the controlled substance.

Expanding the conduct constituting or increasing the penalty for an existing offense may result in additional demands upon state and local correctional resources due to a possible increase in the number of individuals placed under supervision in the community or sentenced to a term of confinement.

In fiscal year 2022, there were 2,545 individuals arrested, 135 individuals placed on adult community supervision, 35 individuals placed on juvenile supervision, and 112 individuals admitted into an adult state correctional institution for any of the offenses which, under the provisions of the bill, would be subject to increased penalties or could be subject to potential penalty enhancements. There were 13 individuals admitted into a juvenile state correctional facility for manufacture, delivery, or possession of a controlled substance or marihuana, but it is unknown if these offenses would meet the criteria for increased penalties under the bill's provisions.

In fiscal year 2022, there were 8,657 individuals arrested, 1,571 individuals placed on adult community supervision, 26 individuals placed on juvenile community supervision, and 2,592 individuals admitted into an adult state correctional institution for manufacture and delivery of a Penalty Group 1 or 1-B controlled substance. In fiscal year 2022, there was one individual admitted into a juvenile state correctional institution for manufacture or delivery of an unspecified controlled substance. It is unknown how many Penalty Group 1 cases would be reclassified as Penalty Group 1-B or if any of these cases resulted in the death of an individual as outlined in the bill's provisions.

The impact on state correctional populations or on the demand for state correctional resources cannot be determined due to a lack of data to identify cases involving the specific Penalty Group 1 controlled substances which would be reclassified under the bill's provisions or to estimate the prevalence of conduct outlined in the bill's provisions.

Source Agencies:

### CRIMINAL JUSTICE IMPACT STATEMENT

#### 88TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

April 20, 2023

TO: Honorable Joe Moody, Chair, House Committee on Criminal Jurisprudence

FROM: Jerry McGinty, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB6 by Goldman (Relating to the designation of poisoning with a controlled substance included in Penalty Group 1-B for purposes of the death certificate and to the criminal penalties for certain controlled substance offenses; creating criminal offenses; increasing a criminal penalty.), Committee Report 1st House, Substituted

The bill would clarify penalty levels for certain felony controlled substance offenses as first degree felonies and clarify the applicability of the penalty enhancement for committing the offense while engaging in organized criminal activity. The bill would increase the penalty for manufacture or delivery of a Penalty Group 1-B controlled substance of less than one gram from a state jail felony to a third degree felony, and if the offense is committed in a drug-free zone, increase the minimum term of confinement by five years and double the maximum fine. The bill would add unlawful possession with intent to deliver a Penalty Group 1-B controlled substance to the list of offenses subject to the penalty enhancement for committing the offense while engaging in organized criminal activity. The bill would reclassify certain controlled substances from Penalty Group 1 into Penalty Group 1-B. The bill would expand the conduct constituting the offenses of homicide, manslaughter, and criminally negligent homicide to include when an actor manufactures or delivers a Penalty Group 1-B controlled substance and an individual dies as a result of injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or introducing into the individual's body any amount of the controlled substance.

Expanding the conduct constituting or increasing the penalty for an existing offense may result in additional demands upon state and local correctional resources due to a possible increase in the number of individuals placed under supervision in the community or sentenced to a term of confinement.

In fiscal year 2022, there were 2,545 individuals arrested, 135 individuals placed on adult community supervision, 35 individuals placed on juvenile supervision, and 112 individuals admitted into an adult state correctional institution for any of the offenses which, under the provisions of the bill, would be subject to increased penalties or could be subject to potential penalty enhancements. There were 13 individuals admitted into a juvenile state correctional facility for manufacture, delivery, or possession of a controlled substance or marihuana, but it is unknown if these offenses would meet the criteria for increased penalties under the bill's provisions.

In fiscal year 2022, there were 8,657 individuals arrested, 1,571 individuals placed on adult community supervision, 26 individuals placed on juvenile community supervision, and 2,592 individuals admitted into an adult state correctional institution for manufacture and delivery of a Penalty Group 1 or 1-B controlled substance. In fiscal year 2022, there was one individual admitted into a juvenile state correctional institution for manufacture or delivery of an unspecified controlled substance. It is unknown how many Penalty Group 1 cases would be reclassified as Penalty Group 1-B or if any of these cases resulted in the death of an individual as outlined in the bill's provisions.

The impact on state correctional populations or on the demand for state correctional resources cannot be determined due to a lack of data to identify cases involving the specific Penalty Group 1 controlled substances which would be reclassified under the bill's provisions or to estimate the prevalence of conduct outlined in the bill's provisions.

Source Agencies:

# CRIMINAL JUSTICE IMPACT STATEMENT 88TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

March 27, 2023

TO: Honorable Joe Moody, Chair, House Committee on Criminal Jurisprudence

FROM: Jerry McGinty, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB6 by Goldman (Relating to the criminal penalties for certain controlled substance offenses; increasing a criminal penalty.), As Introduced

The bill would clarify penalty levels for certain felony controlled substance offenses as first degree felonies and clarify the applicability of the penalty enhancement for committing the offense while engaging in organized criminal activity. The bill would increase the penalty for manufacture or delivery of a Penalty Group 1-B controlled substance of less than one gram from a state jail felony to a third degree felony, and if the offense is committed in a drug-free zone, increase the minimum term of confinement by five years and double the maximum fine. The bill would add unlawful possession with intent to deliver a Penalty Group 1-B controlled substance to the list of offenses subject to the penalty enhancement for committing the offense while engaging in organized criminal activity.

Expanding the conduct for a penalty enhancement and increasing the penalty for an existing offense may result in additional demands upon state and local correctional resources due to a possible increase in the number of individuals placed under supervision in the community or sentenced to a term of confinement.

In fiscal year 2022, there were 2,545 individuals arrested, 135 individuals placed on adult community supervision, 35 individuals placed on juvenile supervision, and 112 individuals admitted into an adult state correctional institution for any of the offenses which, under the provisions of the bill, would be subject to increased penalties or could be subject to potential penalty enhancements. There were 13 individuals admitted into a juvenile state correctional facility for manufacture, delivery, or possession of a controlled substance or marihuana, but it is unknown if these offenses would meet the criteria for increased penalties under the bill's provisions.

It is assumed that any impact on state correctional populations or on the demand for state correctional resources would not be significant.

Source Agencies: