SENATE AMENDMENTS

2nd Printing

By: Anderson

H.B. No. 3727

	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
1	AN ACT
2	relating to municipal and county hotel occupancy taxes.
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
4	SECTION 1. Sections 351.001(2), (6), (8), and (10), Tax
5	Code, are amended to read as follows:
6	(2) "Convention center facilities" or "convention
7	center complex" means facilities that are primarily used to host
8	conventions and meetings. The term means civic centers, civic
9	center buildings, auditoriums, exhibition halls, and coliseums
10	that are owned by the municipality or other governmental entity or
11	that are managed in whole or part by the municipality. In a
12	municipality with a population of 1.5 million or more, "convention
13	center facilities" or "convention center complex" means civic
14	centers, civic center buildings, auditoriums, exhibition halls,
15	and coliseums that are owned by the municipality or other
16	governmental entity or that are managed in part by the
17	municipality, hotels owned by the municipality or a nonprofit
18	municipally sponsored local government corporation created under
19	Chapter 431, Transportation Code, within 1,000 feet of a convention
20	center owned by the municipality, or a historic hotel owned by the
21	municipality or a nonprofit municipally sponsored local government
22	corporation created under Chapter 431, Transportation Code, within
23	one mile of a convention center owned by the municipality. The term
24	includes parking areas or facilities that are for the parking or

1 storage of conveyances and that are located at or within 1,500 feet of the [in the vicinity of other] convention center facilities. The 2 3 term also includes a hotel owned by or located on land that is owned by an eligible central municipality or by a nonprofit corporation 4 acting on behalf of an eligible central municipality and that is 5 located within 1,000 feet of a convention center facility owned by 6 the municipality. The term also includes a hotel that is owned in 7 8 part by an eligible central municipality described by Subdivision (7)(D) and that is located within 1,000 feet of a convention center 9 10 facility. For purposes of this subdivision, "meetings" means gatherings [of people] that: 11

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(A) are attended by:

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15 hotel or attend a meeting at a hotel; and

16 (B) enhance and promote tourism and the 17 convention and hotel industry.

(i) tourists; or

(ii) individuals who spend the night at a

(6) "Tourist" means an individual who travels from the
individual's residence to a different municipality, county, state,
or country for <u>business</u>, pleasure, recreation, education, or
culture.

(8) "Visitor information center" or "tourism
information center" means a building or a portion of a building <u>that</u>
<u>is primarily</u> used to distribute or disseminate information to
tourists.

(10) <u>"Multiuse facility" means a facility at which the</u>
 majority of events attract tourists who substantially increase

economic activity at hotels in the municipality in which the 1 facility is located. ["Revenue" includes any interest derived from 2 3 the revenue.] SECTION 2. Section 351.009, Tax Code, is amended to read as 4 5 follows: Sec. 351.009. ANNUAL REPORT ТО COMPTROLLER. (a) 6 Not later than March 1 [February 20] of each year, a municipality that 7 8 imposes the tax authorized by this chapter shall report to the comptroller: 9 (1)10 the rate of: (A) the tax imposed by the municipality under 11 12 this chapter; and applicable, the tax 13 (B) if imposed by the 14 municipality under Subchapter H, Chapter 334, Local Government 15 Code; amount of revenue collected during (2) the 16 the municipality's preceding fiscal year from: 17 the tax imposed by the municipality under 18 (A) 19 this chapter; and if applicable, the tax 20 (B) imposed by the municipality under Subchapter H, Chapter 334, Local Government 21 22 Code; [and] the amount and percentage of the revenue described 23 (3) 24 by Subdivision (2)(A) allocated by the municipality to each use authorized by this chapter for which the municipality used the 25 revenue [described by Sections 351.101(a)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), 26 and (9)] during the municipality's preceding fiscal year, stated 27

1 separately as an amount and percentage for each applicable use; and (4) the total amount of any revenue described by 2 Subdivision (2)(A) collected in any preceding fiscal year of the 3 municipality that has not yet been spent by the municipality and the 4 amount of that unexpended revenue, if any, that remains in the 5 municipality's possession in the fiscal year in which the report is 6 due [of those subdivisions]. 7 8 (b) The municipality must make the report required by this section by [+ 9 10 $\left[\frac{1}{1}\right]$ submitting the report to the comptroller on a form prescribed by the comptroller [; or 11 [(2) providing the comptroller a direct link to, or a 12 clear statement describing the location of, the information 13 required to be reported that is posted on the Internet website of 14 15 the municipality]. The [Subject to Subsection (b)(2), the] comptroller 16 (c) 17 shall prescribe the form a municipality must use for the report required to be submitted under this section. 18 19 (d) A municipality that is required to make a report to the comptroller under this section may use a portion of the revenue 20 described by Subsection (a)(2)(A) for the costs incurred by the 21 municipality in making and submitting the report. The amount of 22 revenue a municipality may use each year for the purpose authorized 23 24 by this subsection may not exceed: 25 (1) \$1,000 if the municipality has a population of 26 less than 10,000; or (2) \$2,500 if the municipality has a population of 27

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1 <u>10,000 or more.</u>

2 <u>(e)</u> The comptroller may adopt rules necessary to administer 3 this section.

4 SECTION 3. Section 351.101, Tax Code, is amended by adding 5 Subsection (f-1) to read as follows:

6 <u>(f-1) A municipality may not use municipal hotel occupancy</u> 7 <u>tax revenue for a visitor information center under Subsection</u> 8 <u>(a)(1) to acquire a site for, construct, improve, enlarge, equip,</u> 9 <u>repair, staff, operate, or maintain any part of a building or</u> 10 <u>facility that is not primarily used to distribute or disseminate</u> 11 <u>tourism-related information to tourists.</u>

SECTION 4. Section 351.1021(a)(3), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

14 (3) "Multipurpose convention center facility project" 15 means a project that consists of a hotel owned by an eligible 16 municipality or another person and a multipurpose convention center 17 facility, the nearest exterior wall of which is located not more 18 than 2,500 feet from the nearest exterior wall of the hotel. A 19 multipurpose convention center facility project may include:

(A) each new or existing business located in the municipality, regardless of who owns the business or the property on which the business is located, the nearest exterior wall of which is located not more than 2,500 feet from the nearest exterior wall of the multipurpose convention center facility or the hotel that is part of the project;

(B) a parking shuttle or transportation systemused primarily by tourists; and

1 (C) any parking area or structure located in the 2 municipality, regardless of who owns the area or structure or the 3 property on which the area or structure is located, the nearest 4 property line of which is located not more than two miles from the 5 nearest exterior wall of the multipurpose convention center 6 facility.

7 SECTION 5. Sections 351.103(a), (b), and (c), Tax Code, are 8 amended to read as follows:

9 (a) <u>A municipality</u> [At least 50 percent of the hotel 10 occupancy tax revenue collected by a municipality with a population 11 of 200,000 or greater must be allocated for the purposes provided by 12 Section 351.101(a)(3). For municipalities] with a population of 13 less than 200,000 <u>shall allocate</u> [, allocations] for the purposes 14 provided by Section 351.101(a)(3) <u>an amount of hotel occupancy tax</u> 15 revenue collected by the municipality that is [are as follows:

16 [(1) if the tax rate in a municipality is not more than 17 three percent of the cost paid for a room, not less than the amount 18 of revenue received by the municipality from the tax at a rate of 19 one-half of one percent of the cost of the room; or

20 [(2) if the tax in a municipality exceeds three percent of the cost of a room,] not less than the amount of revenue 21 received by the municipality from the tax at a rate of one percent 22 of the cost of a room. [This subsection does not apply to 23 24 municipality, regardless of population, that before October 1, 1989, adopted an ordinance providing for the allocation of 25 an 26 amount in excess of 50 percent of the hotel occupancy tax revenue 27 collected by the municipality for one or more specific purposes

1 provided by Section 351.101(a)(1) until the ordinance is repealed 2 or expires or until the revenue is no longer used for those specific

purposes in an amount in excess of 50 percent of the tax revenue.]

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4 (b) A [Subsection (a) does not apply to a municipality in a 5 fiscal year of the municipality if the total amount of hotel occupancy tax collected by the municipality in the most recent 6 calendar year that ends at least 90 days before the date the fiscal 7 8 year begins exceeds \$2 million. A municipality excepted from the application of Subsection (a) by this subsection shall allocate 9 10 hotel occupancy tax revenue by ordinance, consistent with the other limitations of this section. The portion of the tax revenue 11 12 allocated by a] municipality with a population of more than 1.6 million shall allocate at least 23 percent of the hotel occupancy 13 tax revenue collected by the municipality for the purposes provided 14 15 by Section 351.101(a)(3) [may not be less than 23 percent], except that the allocation is subject to and may not impair the authority 16 17 of the municipality to:

(1) pledge all or any portion of that tax revenue to
the payment of bonds as provided by Section 351.102(a) or bonds
issued to refund bonds secured by that pledge; or

(2) spend all or any portion of that tax revenue for
the payment of operation and maintenance expenses of convention
center facilities.

(c) Not more than 15 percent of the hotel occupancy tax revenue collected by a municipality, other than a municipality having a population of more than 1.6 million, or the amount of tax received by the municipality at the rate of one percent of the cost

of a room, whichever is greater, may be used for the purposes 1 provided by Section 351.101(a)(4). Not more than 19.30 percent of 2 3 the hotel occupancy tax revenue collected by a municipality having a population of more than 1.6 million, or the amount of tax received 4 by the municipality at the rate of one percent of the cost of a room, 5 whichever is greater, may be used for the purposes provided by 6 Section 351.101(a)(4). Not more than 15 percent of the hotel 7 8 occupancy tax revenue collected by a municipality [having a population of more than 125,000] may be used for the purposes 9 10 provided by Section 351.101(a)(5). <u>A municipality that before</u> January 1, 2023, adopted in accordance with state law an ordinance 11 12 providing for the allocation of an amount in excess of 15 percent of the hotel occupancy tax revenue collected by the municipality for 13 one or more of the specific purposes provided by Section 14 351.101(a)(5) may allocate tax revenue as provided by that 15 ordinance until the ordinance is repealed or expires or until the 16 revenue is no longer used for those specific purposes. 17

18 SECTION 6. Section 351.110(c), Tax Code, is amended to read 19 as follows:

(c) This section does not authorize the use of revenue derived from the tax imposed under this chapter for a transportation system that serves the general public other than for a system [that transports tourists as] described by Subsection (a) that is primarily used by tourists.

25 SECTION 7. Subchapter C, Chapter 351, Tax Code, is amended 26 by adding Sections 351.161, 351.162, and 351.163 to read as 27 follows:

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H.B. No. 3727 1 Sec. 351.161. APPLICATION OF OTHER LAW. This subchapter 2 may not be construed as authorizing the taking of private property 3 for economic development purposes in a manner inconsistent with the requirements of Section 17, Article I, Texas Constitution, or 4 5 Section 2206.001, Government Code. Sec. 351.162. RECAPTURE OF LOST STATE TAX REVENUE FROM 6 CERTAIN MUNICIPALITIES. (a) This section applies only to a 7 8 qualified project that is first commenced on or after: (1) January 1, 2024, unless Subdivision (2) applies to 9 10 the qualified project; or (2) January 1, 2027, if the qualified project was 11 12 authorized before January 1, 2023, by a municipality with a population of 175,000 or more. 13 14 (b) On the 20th anniversary of the date a hotel designated 15 as a qualified hotel by a municipality as part of a qualified project to which this section applies is open for initial 16 17 occupancy, the comptroller shall determine: (1) the total amount of state tax revenue received 18 under Section 351.156 and, if applicable, under Section 351.157 by 19 the municipality from the qualified project during the period for 20 which the municipality was entitled to receive that revenue; and 21 22 (2) the total amount of state tax revenue described by Subdivision (1) received by the state during the period beginning 23 24 on the 10th anniversary of the date the qualified hotel opened for initial occupancy and ending on the 20th anniversary of that date 25 26 from the same sources from which the municipality received the revenue described by Subdivision (1). 27

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1	(c) If the amount determined under Subsection (b)(1)
2	exceeds the amount determined under Subsection (b)(2), the
3	comptroller shall promptly provide written notice to the
4	municipality stating that the municipality must remit to the
5	comptroller the difference between those two amounts in the manner
6	provided by this subsection. The municipality shall, using money
7	lawfully available to the municipality for the purpose, remit
8	monthly payments to the comptroller in an amount equal to the total
9	amount of municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue received by the
10	municipality from the qualified hotel in the preceding month until
11	the amount remitted to the comptroller equals the total amount due
12	as stated in the notice. The first payment required under this
13	subsection must be made not later than the 30th day after the date
14	the municipality receives the notice from the comptroller.
15	Subsequent payments are due on the 20th day of each month until the
16	total amount stated in the notice is paid. The comptroller shall
17	prescribe the procedure a municipality must use to remit a payment
18	required by this subsection to the comptroller.
19	(d) The comptroller shall deposit revenue received under
20	this section in the manner prescribed by Section 156.251.
21	Sec. 351.163. REPORT ON QUALIFIED PROJECTS. (a) Not later
22	than December 1 of each even-numbered year, the comptroller shall
23	prepare a report on the status of each qualified project.
24	(b) The report must include, for each qualified project:
25	(1) the location and a description of the project,
26	including the current status of the project;

27 (2) the number of qualified hotels and qualified

1	convention center facilities associated with the project;
2	(3) the total amount of tax revenue received by a
3	municipality under Section 351.156 and, if applicable, Section
4	351.157 as a result of the project;
5	(4) the amount of state tax revenue generated by the
6	project that has been received by the state after the period of
7	entitlement for the project as prescribed by Section 351.158 has
8	ended; and
9	(5) whether the municipality is required to remit
10	payments to the comptroller under Section 351.162 as a result of the
11	project.
12	(c) The comptroller may include in the report any additional
13	information the comptroller determines is necessary to evaluate the
14	effect of each qualified project on the economy of this state.
15	(d) The comptroller shall:
16	(1) post a copy of the report on the comptroller's
17	Internet website; and
18	(2) provide a copy of the report to the lieutenant
19	governor, the speaker of the house of representatives, and each
20	other member of the legislature.
21	SECTION 8. Section 352.009, Tax Code, is amended to read as
22	follows:
23	Sec. 352.009. ANNUAL REPORT TO COMPTROLLER. (a) Not
24	later than March 1 [February 20] of each year, a county that imposes
25	the tax authorized by this chapter shall report to the comptroller:
26	(1) the rate of:
27	(A) the tax imposed by the county under this

H.B. No. 3727 1 chapter; and 2 (B) if applicable, the tax imposed by the county under Subchapter H, Chapter 334, Local Government Code; [and] 3 4 (2) the amount of revenue collected during the 5 county's preceding fiscal year from: the tax imposed by the county under this 6 (A) 7 chapter; and 8 (B) if applicable, the tax imposed by the county under Subchapter H, Chapter 334, Local Government Code; 9 10 (3) the amount and percentage of the revenue described by Subdivision (2)(A) allocated by the county to each use 11 12 authorized by this chapter for which the county used the revenue during the county's preceding fiscal year, stated separately as an 13 14 amount and percentage for each applicable use; and 15 (4) the total amount of any revenue described by Subdivision (2)(A) collected in any preceding fiscal year of the 16 17 county that has not yet been spent by the county and the amount of that unexpended revenue, if any, that remains in the county's 18 19 possession in the fiscal year in which the report is due. The county must make the report required by this section 20 (b) by[÷ 21 [(1)]submitting the report to the comptroller on a 22 23 form prescribed by the comptroller [; or 24 [(2) providing the comptroller a direct link to, clear statement describing the location of, the information 25 26 required to be reported that is posted on the Internet website the county]. 27

H.B. No. 3727 The [Subject to Subsection (b)(2), the] comptroller 1 (C) shall prescribe the form a county must use for the report required 2 to be submitted under this section. 3 4 A county that is required to make a report to the (d) 5 comptroller under this section may use a portion of the revenue described by Subsection (a)(2)(A) for the costs incurred by the 6 county in making and submitting the report. The amount of revenue a 7 county may use each year for the purpose authorized by this 8 subsection may not exceed: 9 10 (1) \$1,000 if the county has a population of less than <u>10,000; o</u>r 11 12 (2) \$2,500 if the county has a population of 10,000 or 13 more. 14 (e) The comptroller may adopt rules necessary to administer 15 this section. SECTION 9. The following provisions of the Tax Code are 16 17 repealed: Sections 351.103(d) and (e); and (1)18 Section 351.110(b). 19 (2) SECTION 10. The comptroller of public accounts 20 shall prescribe the form of the report required under Sections 351.009 21 and 352.009, Tax Code, as amended by this Act, not later than 22 23 January 1, 2024. A municipality or county required to make a report 24 under those sections must submit the 2024 report using the form prescribed by the comptroller under this section. 25 26 SECTION 11. This Act takes effect immediately if it

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receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each

house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution.
 If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate
 effect, this Act takes effect September 1, 2023.

H.B. No. 3727

ADOPTED

MAY 23 2023

Sil Bater Saw Substitute the following for H.B. No. 3727:

H.B. No. 3727

C.S. H.B. No. 3727

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

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2 relating to municipal and county hotel occupancy taxes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

4 SECTION 1. Sections 351.001(2), (6), (8), and (10), Tax 5 Code, are amended to read as follows:

(2) "Convention center facilities" or "convention 6 center complex" means facilities that are primarily used to host 7 conventions and meetings. The term means civic centers, civic 8 center buildings, auditoriums, exhibition halls, and coliseums 9 that are owned by the municipality or other governmental entity or 10 that are managed in whole or part by the municipality. In a 11 municipality with a population of 1.5 million or more, "convention 12 center facilities" or "convention center complex" means civic 13 centers, civic center buildings, auditoriums, exhibition halls, 14 and coliseums that are owned by the municipality or other 15 governmental entity or that are managed in part by the 16 municipality, hotels owned by the municipality or a nonprofit 17 municipally sponsored local government corporation created under 18 Chapter 431, Transportation Code, within 1,000 feet of a convention 19 center owned by the municipality, or a historic hotel owned by the 20 municipality or a nonprofit municipally sponsored local government 21 corporation created under Chapter 431, Transportation Code, within 22 one mile of a convention center owned by the municipality. The term 23 includes parking areas or facilities that are for the parking or 24

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storage of conveyances and that are located at or within 1,500 feet 1 of the [in the vicinity of other] convention center facilities. The 2 3 term also includes a hotel owned by or located on land that is owned by an eligible central municipality or by a nonprofit corporation 4 acting on behalf of an eligible central municipality and that is 5 located within 1,000 feet of a convention center facility owned by 6 the municipality. The term also includes a hotel that is owned in 7 part by an eligible central municipality described by Subdivision 8 (7)(D) and that is located within 1,000 feet of a convention center 9 facility. For purposes of this subdivision, "meetings" means 10 gatherings [of people] that: 11

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(A) are attended by:

13 (i) tourists; or

hotel or attend a meeting at a hotel; and

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16 (B) enhance and promote tourism and the 17 convention and hotel industry.

(ii) individuals who spend the night at a

(6) "Tourist" means an individual who travels from the
individual's residence to a different municipality, county, state,
or country for <u>business</u>, pleasure, recreation, education, or
culture.

(8) "Visitor information center" or "tourism information center" means a building or a portion of a building <u>that</u> is primarily used to distribute or disseminate information to tourists.

(10) <u>"Multiuse facility" means a facility at which the</u>
 majority of events attract tourists who substantially increase

1 economic activity at hotels in the municipality in which the facility is located. ["Revenue" includes any interest derived from 2 the revenue.] 3 SECTION 2. Section 351.009, Tax Code, is amended to read as 4 follows: 5 COMPTROLLER. (a) Not REPORT TO Sec. 351.009. ANNUAL 6 later than March 1 [February 20] of each year, a municipality that 7 imposes the tax authorized by this chapter shall report to the 8 9 comptroller: (1) the rate of: 10 the tax imposed by the municipality under (A) 11 this chapter; and 12 if applicable, the tax imposed by the (B) 13 municipality under Subchapter H, Chapter 334, Local Government 14Code; 15 (2) the amount of revenue collected during the 16 municipality's preceding fiscal year from: 17 the tax imposed by the municipality under 18 (A) this chapter; and 19 if applicable, the tax imposed by the (B) 20 municipality under Subchapter H, Chapter 334, Local Government 21 Code; [and] 22 (3) the amount and percentage of the revenue described 23 by Subdivision (2)(A) allocated by the municipality to each use 24 authorized by this chapter for which the municipality used the 25 revenue [described by Sections 351.101(a)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), 26 and (9)] during the municipality's preceding fiscal year, stated 27

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separately as an amount and percentage for each applicable use; and 1 (4) the total amount of any revenue described by 2 Subdivision (2)(A) collected in any preceding fiscal year of the 3 municipality that has not yet been spent by the municipality and the 4 amount of that unexpended revenue, if any, that remains in the 5 municipality's possession in the fiscal year in which the report is 6 due [of those subdivisions]. 7 (b) The municipality must make the report required by this 8 section by [+ 9 [(1)] submitting the report to the comptroller on a 10 form prescribed by the comptroller [+ or 11 [(2) - providing the comptroller a direct link to, or a 12 clear statement describing the location of, the information 13 required to be reported that is posted on the Internet website of 14 the municipality]. 15 (c) The [Subject to Subsection (b)(2), the] comptroller 16 shall prescribe the form a municipality must use for the report 17 required to be submitted under this section. 18 (d) A municipality that is required to make a report to the 19 comptroller under this section may use a portion of the revenue 20 described by Subsection (a)(2)(A) for the costs incurred by the 21 municipality in making and submitting the report. The amount of 22 revenue a municipality may use each year for the purpose authorized 23 by this subsection may not exceed: 24 (1) \$1,000 if the municipality has a population of 25 less than 10,000; or 26 (2) \$2,500 if the municipality has a population of 27

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1 10,000 or more.

2 (e) The comptroller may adopt rules necessary to administer 3 this section.

SECTION 3. Section 351.101, Tax Code, is amended by adding
Subsection (f-1) to read as follows:

6 (f-1) A municipality may not use municipal hotel occupancy 7 tax revenue for a visitor information center under Subsection 8 (a)(1) to acquire a site for, construct, improve, enlarge, equip, 9 repair, staff, operate, or maintain any part of a building or 10 facility that is not primarily used to distribute or disseminate 11 tourism-related information to tourists.

SECTION 4. Section 351.1021(a)(3), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

14 (3) "Multipurpose convention center facility project" 15 means a project that consists of a hotel owned by an eligible 16 municipality or another person and a multipurpose convention center 17 facility, the nearest exterior wall of which is located not more 18 than 2,500 feet from the nearest exterior wall of the hotel. A 19 multipurpose convention center facility project may include:

(A) each new or existing business located in the municipality, regardless of who owns the business or the property on which the business is located, the nearest exterior wall of which is located not more than 2,500 feet from the nearest exterior wall of the multipurpose convention center facility or the hotel that is part of the project;

(B) a parking shuttle or transportation system
 used primarily by tourists; and

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1 (C) any parking area or structure located in the 2 municipality, regardless of who owns the area or structure or the 3 property on which the area or structure is located, the nearest 4 property line of which is located not more than two miles from the 5 nearest exterior wall of the multipurpose convention center 6 facility.

7 SECTION 5. Sections 351.103(a), (b), and (c), Tax Code, are 8 amended to read as follows:

9 (a) <u>A municipality</u> [<u>At least 50 percent of the hotel</u> 10 occupancy tax revenue collected by a municipality with a population 11 of 200,000 or greater must be allocated for the purposes provided by 12 <u>Section 351.101(a)(3)</u>. For municipalities] with a population of 13 less than 200,000 <u>shall allocate</u>[, allocations] for the purposes 14 provided by Section 351.101(a)(3) <u>an amount of hotel occupancy tax</u> 15 <u>revenue collected by the municipality that is</u> [are as follows:

16 [(1) - if the tax rate in a municipality is not more than 17 three percent of the cost paid for a room, not less than the amount 18 of revenue received by the municipality from the tax at a rate of 19 one=half of one percent of the cost of the room; or

[(2) if the tax in a municipality exceeds three 20 percent of the cost of a room,] not less than the amount of revenue 21 received by the municipality from the tax at a rate of one percent 22 of the cost of a room. [This subsection does not apply to a 23 municipality, regardless of population, that before October 1, 24 1989, adopted an ordinance providing for the allocation of an 25 amount in excess of 50 percent of the hotel occupancy tax revenue 26 collected by the municipality for one or more specific purposes 27

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provided by Section 351.101(a)(1) until the ordinance is repealed or expires or until the revenue is no longer used for those specific purposes in an amount in excess of 50 percent of the tax revenue.

(b) A [Subsection (a) does not apply to a municipality in a 4 fiscal year of the municipality if the total amount of hotel 5 occupancy tax collected by the municipality in the most recent 6 calendar year that ends at least 90 days before the date the fiscal 7 year begins exceeds \$2 million. A municipality excepted from the 8 application of Subsection (a) by this subsection shall allocate 9 hotel occupancy tax revenue by ordinance, consistent with the other 10 limitations of this section. The portion of the tax revenue 11 allocated by a] municipality with a population of more than 1.6 12 million shall allocate at least 23 percent of the hotel occupancy 13 tax revenue collected by the municipality for the purposes provided 14 by Section 351.101(a)(3) [may not be less than 23 percent], except 15 that the allocation is subject to and may not impair the authority 16 of the municipality to: 17

(1) pledge all or any portion of that tax revenue to
the payment of bonds as provided by Section 351.102(a) or bonds
issued to refund bonds secured by that pledge; or

(2) spend all or any portion of that tax revenue for
 the payment of operation and maintenance expenses of convention
 center facilities.

(c) Not more than 15 percent of the hotel occupancy tax revenue collected by a municipality, other than a municipality having a population of more than 1.6 million, or the amount of tax received by the municipality at the rate of one percent of the cost

of a room, whichever is greater, may be used for the purposes 1 provided by Section 351.101(a)(4). Not more than 19.30 percent of 2 the hotel occupancy tax revenue collected by a municipality having 3 a population of more than 1.6 million, or the amount of tax received 4 by the municipality at the rate of one percent of the cost of a room, 5 whichever is greater, may be used for the purposes provided by 6 Section 351.101(a)(4). Not more than 15 percent of the hotel 7 occupancy tax revenue collected by a municipality [having a 8 population of more than 125,000] may be used for the purposes 9 provided by Section 351.101(a)(5). A municipality that before 10 January 1, 2023, adopted in accordance with state law an ordinance 11 providing for the allocation of an amount in excess of 15 percent of 12 the hotel occupancy tax revenue collected by the municipality for 13 one or more of the specific purposes provided by Section 14 351.101(a)(5) may allocate tax revenue as provided by that 15 ordinance until the ordinance is repealed or expires or until the 16 revenue is no longer used for those specific purposes. 17

18 SECTION 6. Section 351.110(c), Tax Code, is amended to read 19 as follows:

(c) This section does not authorize the use of revenue derived from the tax imposed under this chapter for a transportation system that serves the general public other than for a system [that transports tourists as] described by Subsection (a) that is primarily used by tourists.

25 SECTION 7. Subchapter C, Chapter 351, Tax Code, is amended 26 by adding Sections 351.161, 351.162, and 351.163 to read as 27 follows:

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1	Sec. 351.161. APPLICATION OF OTHER LAW. This subchapter
2	may not be construed as authorizing the taking of private property
3	for economic development purposes in a manner inconsistent with the
4	requirements of Section 17, Article I, Texas Constitution, or
5	Section 2206.001, Government Code.
6	Sec. 351.162. RECAPTURE OF LOST STATE TAX REVENUE FROM
7	CERTAIN MUNICIPALITIES. (a) This section:
8	(1) applies only to a qualified project that is first
9	commenced on or after:
10	(A) January 1, 2024, unless Paragraph (B) applies
11	to the qualified project; or
12	(B) January 1, 2027, if the qualified project was
13	authorized before January 1, 2023, by a municipality with a
14	population of 175,000 or more; and
15	(2) notwithstanding Subdivision (1), does not apply to
16	a qualified project that is the subject of an economic development
17	agreement authorized by Chapter 380, Local Government Code, entered
18	into on or before January 1, 2022.
19	(b) On the 20th anniversary of the date a hotel designated
20	as a qualified hotel by a municipality as part of a qualified
21	project to which this section applies is open for initial
22	occupancy, the comptroller shall determine:
23	(1) the total amount of state tax revenue received
24	under Section 351.156 and, if applicable, under Section 351.157 by
25	the municipality from the qualified project during the period for
26	which the municipality was entitled to receive that revenue; and
27	(2) the total amount of state tax revenue described by

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Subdivision (1) received by the state during the period beginning 1 on the 10th anniversary of the date the qualified hotel opened for 2 initial occupancy and ending on the 20th anniversary of that date 3 from the same sources from which the municipality received the 4 revenue described by Subdivision (1). 5 (c) If the amount determined under Subsection (b)(1) 6 exceeds the amount determined under Subsection (b)(2), the 7 comptroller shall promptly provide written notice to the 8 municipality stating that the municipality must remit to the 9 comptroller the difference between those two amounts in the manner 10 provided by this subsection. The municipality shall, using money 11 lawfully available to the municipality for the purpose, remit 12 monthly payments to the comptroller in an amount equal to the total 13 amount of municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue received by the 14 municipality from the qualified hotel in the preceding month until 15 the amount remitted to the comptroller equals the total amount due 16 as stated in the notice. The first payment required under this 17 subsection must be made not later than the 30th day after the date 18 the municipality receives the notice from the comptroller. 19 Subsequent payments are due on the 20th day of each month until the 20 total amount stated in the notice is paid. The comptroller shall 21 prescribe the procedure a municipality must use to remit a payment 22 required by this subsection to the comptroller. 23 (d) The comptroller shall deposit revenue received under 24 this section in the manner prescribed by Section 156.251. 25 Sec. 351.163. REPORT ON QUALIFIED PROJECTS. (a) Not later 26

27 than December 1 of each even-numbered year, the comptroller shall

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1	prepare a report on the status of each qualified project.
2	(b) The report must include, for each qualified project:
3	(1) the location and a description of the project,
4	including the current status of the project;
5	(2) the number of qualified hotels and qualified
6	convention center facilities associated with the project;
7	(3) the total amount of tax revenue received by a
8	municipality under Section 351.156 and, if applicable, Section
9	351.157 as a result of the project;
10	(4) the amount of state tax revenue generated by the
11	project that has been received by the state after the period of
12	entitlement for the project as prescribed by Section 351.158 has
13	ended; and
14	(5) whether the municipality is required to remit
15	payments to the comptroller under Section 351.162 as a result of the
16	project.
17	(c) The comptroller may include in the report any additional
18	information the comptroller determines is necessary to evaluate the
19	effect of each qualified project on the economy of this state.
20	(d) The comptroller shall:
21	(1) post a copy of the report on the comptroller's
22	Internet website; and
23	(2) provide a copy of the report to the lieutenant
24	governor, the speaker of the house of representatives, and each
25	other member of the legislature.
26	SECTION 8. Section 352.009, Tax Code, is amended to read as
27	follows:

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Sec. 352.009. ANNUAL REPORT TO COMPTROLLER. (a) Not 1 2 later than March 1 [February 20] of each year, a county that imposes the tax authorized by this chapter shall report to the comptroller: 3 (1) the rate of: 4 (A) the tax imposed by the county under this 5 6 chapter; and 7 if applicable, the tax imposed by the county (B) under Subchapter H, Chapter 334, Local Government Code; [and] 8 (2) the amount of revenue collected during the 9 county's preceding fiscal year from: 10 the tax imposed by the county under this 11 (A) 12 chapter; and if applicable, the tax imposed by the county (B) 13 under Subchapter H, Chapter 334, Local Government Code: 14 (3) the amount and percentage of the revenue described 15 by Subdivision (2)(A) allocated by the county to each use 16 authorized by this chapter for which the county used the revenue 17 during the county's preceding fiscal year, stated separately as an 18 amount and percentage for each applicable use; and 19 (4) the total amount of any revenue described by 20 Subdivision (2)(A) collected in any preceding fiscal year of the 21 county that has not yet been spent by the county and the amount of 22 that unexpended revenue, if any, that remains in the county's 23 possession in the fiscal year in which the report is due. 24 (b) The county must make the report required by this section 25 by[÷ 26 [(1)] submitting the report to the comptroller on a 27

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form prescribed by the comptroller [+ or 1 [(2) providing the comptroller a direct link to, or a 2 clear statement describing the location of, the information 3 required to be reported that is posted on the Internet website of 4 the county]. 5 (c) The [Subject to Subsection (b)(2), the] comptroller 6 shall prescribe the form a county must use for the report required 7 to be submitted under this section. 8 (d) A county that is required to make a report to the 9 comptroller under this section may use a portion of the revenue 10 described by Subsection (a)(2)(A) for the costs incurred by the 11 county in making and submitting the report. The amount of revenue a 12 county may use each year for the purpose authorized by this 13 subsection may not exceed: 14 15 (1) \$1,000 if the county has a population of less than 10,000; or 16 (2) \$2,500 if the county has a population of 10,000 or 17 18 more. (e) The comptroller may adopt rules necessary to administer 19 this section. 20 SECTION 9. The following provisions of the Tax Code are 21 22 repealed: Sections 351.103(d) and (e); and 23 (1)24 (2) Section 351.110(b). SECTION 10. The comptroller of public accounts shall 25 prescribe the form of the report required under Sections 351.009 26 and 352.009, Tax Code, as amended by this Act, not later than 27

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January 1, 2024. A municipality or county required to make a report under those sections must submit the 2024 report using the form prescribed by the comptroller under this section.

4 SECTION 11. This Act takes effect immediately if it 5 receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each 6 house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. 7 If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate 8 effect, this Act takes effect September 1, 2023.

88R27541 CJC-F

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MAY 23 2023 BY: Diduell FLOOR AMENDMENT NO. Latery Spaw Amend C.S.H.B. No. 3727 (Senate committee printing) by adding 1 following appropriately numbered SECTION to the bill and 2 the renumbering the subsequent SECTIONS of the bill accordingly: 3 SECTION _____. Section 351.152, Tax Code, is amended to read 4 5 as follows: 6 Sec. 351.152. APPLICABILITY. This subchapter applies only 7 to: 8 (1)municipality а described by Section 9 351.001(7)(B); 10 (2) municipality а described by Section 351.001(7)(D); 11 12 (3) a municipality described Section by 13 351.001(7)(E); 14 (4)municipality а described by Section 15 351.102(e)(3); 16 (5) a municipality that contains more than 75 percent 17 of the population of a county with a population of 1.5 million or 18 more; 19 a municipality with a population of 150,000 or (6) more but less than 200,000 that is partially located in at least one 20 county with a population of 125,000 or more; 21 22 (7) a municipality with a population of 150,000 or more but less than one million that is located in one county with a 23 population of 2.3 million or more; 24 25 (8) a municipality with a population of 180,000 or more that: 26 27 (A) is located in two counties, each with a population of 100,000 or more; and 28 29 (B) contains an American Quarter Horse Hall of

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[P.29]

1 Fame and Museum;

2 (9) a municipality with a population of 96,000 or more
3 that is located in a county that borders Lake Palestine;

4 (10) a municipality with a population of 96,000 or
5 more that is located in a county that contains the headwaters of the
6 San Gabriel River;

7 (11) a municipality with a population of 99,900 or 8 more but less than 111,000 that is located in a county with a 9 population of 135,000 or more;

10 (12) a municipality with a population of 110,000 or 11 more but less than 135,000 at least part of which is located in a 12 county with a population of less than 135,000;

13 (13) a municipality with a population of 9,000 or more 14 but less than 10,000 that is located in two counties, each of which 15 has a population of 662,000 or more and a southern border with a 16 county with a population of 2.3 million or more;

(14) a municipality with a population of 200,000 or more but less than 300,000 that contains a component institution of the Texas Tech University System;

20 (15) a municipality with a population of 95,000 or 21 more that:

22 (A) is located in more than one county; and

(B) borders Lake Lewisville;

24 (16) a municipality with a population of 45,000 or 25 more that:

(A) contains a portion of Cedar Hill State Park;
 (B) is located in two counties, one of which has a
 population of two million or more and one of which has a population
 of 149,000 or more; and

30 (C) has adopted a capital improvement plan for31 the construction or expansion of a convention center facility;

23

1 (17) a municipality with a population of less than 6,000 that: 2 is almost wholly located in a county with a 3 (A) population of 600,000 or more that is adjacent to a county with a 4 population of two million or more; 5 6 (B) is partially located in a county with a 7 population of 1.8 million or more that is adjacent to a county with a population of two million or more; 8 9 (C) has a visitor center and museum located in a 19th-century rock building in the municipality's downtown; and 10 11 (D) has a waterpark open to the public; 12 (18)a municipality with a population of 56,000 or 13 more that: 14 (A) borders Lake Ray Hubbard; and (B) 15 is located in two counties, one of which has a population of less than 80,000; 16 17 (19) a municipality with a population of 83,000 or 18 more that: 19 (A) borders Clear Lake; and 20 (B) is primarily located in a county with a population of less than 300,000; 21 (20) a municipality with a population of less than 22 2,000 that: 23 is located adjacent to a bay connected to the 24 (A) 25 Gulf of Mexico; 26 (B) is located in a county with a population of 27 290,000 or more that is adjacent to a county with a population of four million or more; and 28 29 (C) has a boardwalk on the bay; 30 (21) a municipality with a population of 75,000 or 31 more that:

[P.31]

1 (A) is located wholly in one county with a 2 population of 575,000 or more that is adjacent to a county with a 3 population of four million or more; and has adopted a capital improvement plan for 4 (B) 5 the construction or expansion of a convention center facility; 6 (22) a municipality with a population of less than 7 75,000 that is located in three counties, at least one of which has 8 a population of four million or more; 9 (23) an eligible coastal municipality with а 10 population of 3,000 or more but less than 5,000; 11 (24)a municipality with a population of 90,000 or 12 more but less than 150,000 that: 13 (A) is located in three counties; and 14 (B) contains a branch campus of a component 15 institution of the University of Houston System; 16 (25) a municipality that is: primarily located 17 (A) in а county with а population of four million or more; and 18 19 (B) connected by a bridge to a municipality 20 described by Subdivision (20); (26) a municipality with a population of 20,000 or 21 22 more but less than 25,000 that: 23 (A) contains a portion of Mustang Bayou; and 24 (B) is wholly located in a county with а population of less than 500,000; 25 26 a municipality with a population of 70,000 or (27) 27 more but less than 90,000 that is located in two counties, one of which has a population of four million or more and the other of 28 29 which has a population of less than 50,000; 30 (28) a municipality with a population of 10,000 or 31 more that:

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[P.32]

1 (A) is wholly located in a county with а population of four million or more; and 2 3 (B) has a city hall located less than three miles from a space center operated by an agency of the federal government; 4 5 a municipality that is the county seat of a (29) 6 county: 7 through which the Pedernales River flows; and (A) 8 (B) in which the birthplace of a president of the United States is located; 9 a municipality that contains a portion of U.S. 10 (30) Highway 79 and State Highway 130; 11 12 (31) a municipality with a population of 48,000 or more but less than 95,000 that is located in two counties, one of 13 which has a population of 900,000 or more but less than 1.7 million; 14 15 (32) a municipality with a population of less than 16 25,000 that contains a museum of Western American art; 17 a municipality with a population of 50,000 or (33)18 more that is the county seat of a county that contains a portion of 19 the Sam Houston National Forest: 20 (34) a municipality with a population of less than 21 25,000 that: 22 (A) contains a cultural heritage museum; and 23 (B) is located in a county that borders the 24 United Mexican States and the Gulf of Mexico; 25 a municipality that is the county seat of a county (35) that: 26 27 (A) has a population of 115,000 or more; is adjacent to a county with a population of 28 (B) 29 1.8 million or more; and 30 (C) hosts an annual peach festival; a municipality that is the county seat of a county 31 (36)

that: 1 has a population of 585,000 or more; and 2 (A) 3 (B) is adjacent to a county with a population of 4 four million or more; (37) a municipality with a population of less than 5 6 10,000 that: 7 (A) contains a component university of The Texas A&M University System; and 8 9 (B) is located in a county adjacent to a county that borders Oklahoma; 10 (38) a municipality with a population of less than 11 6,100 that: 12 is located in two counties, each of which has 13 (A) a population of 600,000 or more but less than two million; and 14 15 (B) hosts an annual Cajun Festival; (39) a municipality with a population of 13,000 or 16 17 more that: (A) is located on an international border; and 18 is located in a county: 19 (B) (i) with a population of less than 400,000; 20 21 and (ii) in which at least one World Birding 22 23 Center site is located; a municipality with a population of 4,000 or more (40) 24 that: 25 is located on an international border; and (A) 26 is located not more than five miles from a 27 (B) 28 state historic site that serves as a visitor center for a state park that contains 300,000 or more acres of land; 29 30 (41)a municipality with a population of 36,000 or more that is adjacent to at least two municipalities described by 31

[P.34]

1 Subdivision (15);

2 (42) a municipality with a population of 28,000 or 3 more in which is located a historic railroad depot and heritage 4 center;

5 (43) a municipality located in a county that has a 6 population of not more than 300,000 and in which a component 7 university of the University of Houston System is located;

8 (44) a municipality with a population of less than 9 500,000 that is:

10 (A) located in two counties; and
11 (B) adjacent to a municipality described by

12 Subdivision (31); [and]

13

14

(45) a municipality that:

(A) has a population of more than 67,000; and

(B) is located in two counties with 90 percent of the municipality's territory located in a county with a population of at least 580,000, and the remaining territory located in a county with a population of at least four million; and

 19
 (46) a municipality that is the county seat of a

 20
 county:

 21
 (A) through which the Brazos River flows; and

 22
 (B) in which a national monument is located.

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE, 88TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 24, 2023

TO: Honorable Dade Phelan, Speaker of the House, House of Representatives

FROM: Jerry McGinty, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB3727 by Anderson (Relating to municipal and county hotel occupancy taxes.), As Passed 2nd House

Estimated Two-year Net Impact to General Revenue Related Funds for HB3727, As Passed 2nd House : an impact of \$0 through the biennium ending August 31, 2025.

General Revenue-Related Funds, Five- Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Net Positive/(Negative) Impact to General Revenue Related Funds
2024	\$O
2025	\$0
2026	\$0
2027	(\$530,000)
2028	(\$550,000)

All Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Revenue Gain/(Loss) from General Revenue Fund 1
2024	\$0
2025	\$0
2026	\$0
2027	(\$530,000)
2028	(\$550,000)

Fiscal Analysis

The bill would amend Chapter 351 of the Tax Code, relating to Municipal Hotel Occupancy Taxes, to add Section 351.152(46), adding a municipality that is the county seat of a county through which the Brazos River flows and in which a national monument is located, to the list of municipalities that are entitled to receive certain tax revenue derived from a hotel and convention center project and to pledge certain revenue for the payment of obligations related to the project.

This bill would amend Chapter 351 of the Tax Code (Municipal Hotel Occupancy Taxes) to amend definitions including adding the definition of "multiuse facility," change the due date of the annual report to the comptroller to March 1 from February 20 of each year, clarify the type of information and manner in which the report is submitted, and allow the municipality to use a portion of its municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue towards making and submitting the report within certain monetary limits.

Section 351.101 (Use of Tax Revenue) would be amended by adding Subsection (f-1) to provide that a municipality may not use revenue from the municipal hotel occupancy tax for a visitor information center under Subsection (a)(1) to acquire a site for, construct, improve, enlarge, equip, repair, staff, operate, or maintain any part of a building or facility that is not primarily used to distribute or disseminate tourism-related information to tourists.

Section 351.1021(a)(3) (Pledge or Commitment of Certain Tax Revenue for Certain Projects) would be amended to clarify that a multipurpose convention center facility project may include a parking shuttle or transportation system "used primarily by tourists."

Section 351.103 (Allocation of Revenue: General Rule) would be amended to require a municipality with a population of less than 200,000 to spend a minimum amount of hotel occupancy tax revenue on advertising and promotion, and that minimum depends on the hotel rate adopted by the city. A municipality with a population of more than 1.6 million would allocate at least 23 percent of the hotel occupancy tax revenue for advertising and promotion unless the allocation impairs the municipality's ability to operate and maintain its convention center facilities or to pledge revenue for the payment of convention center bonds. A municipality that before January 1, 2023, adopted an ordinance for the allocation of an amount in excess of 15 percent of the municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue collected for the purpose of historical restoration and preservation may allocate tax revenue as provided by that ordinance until certain conditions are met.

Section 351.110 (Allocation of Revenue for Certain Transportation Systems) would be amended to specify that this section does not authorizes revenue from the tax for a transportation system that serves the public other than for a system that is primarily used by tourists.

The bill would add Section 351.162 (Recapture of Lost State Tax Revenue from Certain Municipalities) to recapture lost state tax revenue in the event the total amount of state tax revenue received by the municipality from the state in the first 10 years entitlement exceeds the amount of revenue received by the state from the same sources over the following ten years.

The bill would add Section 351.163 (Report on Qualified Projects) to require the comptroller to prepare a report not later than December 1 of each even-numbered year, to report on the status of each qualified project. The report would contain certain information about each qualified project and would be posted on the comptroller's website.

The bill would amend Chapter 352 of the Tax Code (County Hotel Occupancy Taxes) to change the due date of the annual report to the comptroller to March 1 from February 20 of each year, clarify the type of information and manner in which the report is submitted, and allow the municipality to use a portion of its municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue towards making and submitting the report within certain monetary limits.

Sections 351.103(d) and (e) and Section 351.110(b) on allocation of municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue would be repealed.

Methodology

The bill would add the city of Waco to list of municipalities that would be eligible to receive funds described in Sections 351.156 (Entitlement to Certain Tax Revenue) which provides, in relevant part, that a municipality to which Section 351.152 applies is entitled to receive from the qualified hotel and each restaurant, bar, and retail establishment located in or connected to the hotel or the related qualified convention center facility, the state sales and use tax and the state hotel occupancy tax. Section 351.158 (Period of Entitlement) would entitle Waco to receive the revenue until the tenth anniversary of the date the qualified hotel to which the entitlement relates is open for initial occupancy.

The bill's provisions relating to the use and allocation of municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue would affect the manner in which a city could use and allocate its municipal hotel tax revenue but there would be no state revenue implications.

The bill's provisions relating to Section 351.162 of the Tax Code (Recapture of Lost State Tax Revenue from Certain Municipalities) would likely not have any state revenue implications if there is any degree of inflation

during the 10 years of entitlement or in the 10 years following.

The city of Waco has no current plans for a qualified hotel but could avail itself of the tax rebates should eligibility be acquired through this legislation. The estimate is based on a projected opening date of September 1, 2026, or state fiscal year 2027, a comparison and review of revenues paid to the owners of extant qualified hotel projects, and estimated attributes of such prospective hotel.

Local Government Impact

The bill's provisions relating to the use and allocation of municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue would affect the manner in which a city could use and allocate its municipal hotel tax revenue.

The bill would add the city of Waco to list of municipalities that would be eligible to receive funds described in Sections 351.156. The city of Waco has no current plans for a qualified hotel but could avail itself of the tax rebates should eligibility be acquired through this legislation. The estimate is based on a projected opening date of September 1, 2026, or state fiscal year 2027, a comparison and review of revenues paid to the owners of extant qualified hotel projects, and estimated attributes of such prospective hotel.

Source Agencies: 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts LBB Staff: JMc, MOc, SD, BRI, KK, CMA

FISCAL NOTE, 88TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 19, 2023

TO: Honorable Brian Birdwell, Chair, Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Economic Development

FROM: Jerry McGinty, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB3727 by Anderson (relating to municipal and county hotel occupancy taxes.), Committee Report 2nd House, Substituted

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend Chapter 351 of the Tax Code, relating to Municipal Hotel Occupancy Taxes, to amend definitions including adding the definition of "multiuse facility," change the due date of the annual report to the comptroller to March 1 from February 20 of each year, clarify the type of information and manner in which the report is submitted, and allow the municipality to use a portion of its municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue towards making and submitting the report within certain monetary limits.

Section 351.101, relating to Use of Tax Revenue, would be amended by adding Subsection (f-1) to not allow a municipality to use revenue from the municipal hotel occupancy tax for a visitor information center under Subsection (a)(1) to acquire a site for, construct, improve, enlarge, equip, repair, staff, operate, or maintain any part of a building or facility that is not primarily used to distribute or disseminate tourism-related information to tourists.

Section 351.1021(a)(3), relating to Pledge or Commitment of Certain Tax Revenue for Certain Projects, would be amended to clarify that a multipurpose convention center facility project may include a parking shuttle or transportation system "used primarily by tourists."

Section 351.103, relating to Allocation of Revenue: General Rule, would be amended to require a municipality with a population of less than 200,000 to spend a minimum amount of hotel occupancy tax revenue on advertising and promotion. That minimum depends on the hotel rate adopted by the city. A municipality with a population of more than 1.6 million would allocate at least 23 percent of the hotel occupancy tax revenue for advertising and promotion unless the allocation impairs the municipality's ability to operate and maintain its convention center facilities or to pledge revenue for the payment of convention center bonds. A municipality that before January 1, 2023, adopted an ordinance for the allocation of an amount in excess of 15.0 percent of the municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue collected for the purpose of historical restoration and preservation may allocate tax revenue as provided by that ordinance until certain conditions are met.

Section 351.110, relating to Allocation of Revenue for Certain Transportation Systems, would be amended to specify that this section does not authorizes revenue from the tax for a transportation system that serves the public other than for a system that is primarily used by tourists.

The bill would add Section 351.161, relating to Recapture of Lost State Tax Revenue from Certain Municipalities, to recapture lost state tax revenue in the event the total amount of state tax revenue received by the municipality from the state in the first 10 years entitlement exceeds the amount of revenue received by the state from the same sources over the following ten years.

The bill would add Section 351.163 (Report on Qualified Projects) to require the comptroller to prepare a report not later than December 1 of each even-numbered year, to report on the status of each qualified project. The report would contain certain information about each qualified project and would be posted on the

comptroller's website.

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The bill would amend Chapter 352 of the Tax Code, relating to County Hotel Occupancy Taxes, to change the due date of the annual report to the comptroller to March 1 from February 20 of each year, clarify the type of information and manner in which the report is submitted, and allow the municipality to use a portion of its municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue towards making and submitting the report within certain monetary limits.

Sections 351.103(d) and (e) and Section 351.110(b) on allocation of municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue would be repealed.

The bill's provisions relating to Recapture of Lost State Tax Revenue from Certain Municipalities would likely not have any state revenue implications if there is any degree of inflation in the 10 years following the 10 years of entitlement.

Local Government Impact

The bill's provisions relating to the use and allocation of municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue would affect the manner in which a city could use and allocate its municipal hotel tax revenue.

Source Agencies: 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts LBB Staff: JMc, MOc, BRI, KK, SD, CMA

FISCAL NOTE, 88TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 15, 2023

TO: Honorable Brian Birdwell, Chair, Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Economic Development

FROM: Jerry McGinty, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB3727 by Anderson (Relating to municipal and county hotel occupancy taxes.), As Engrossed

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend Chapter 351 of the Tax Code, relating to Municipal Hotel Occupancy Taxes, to amend definitions including adding the definition of "multiuse facility," change the due date of the annual report to the comptroller to March 1 from February 20 of each year, clarify the type of information and manner in which the report is submitted, and allow the municipality to use a portion of its municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue towards making and submitting the report within certain monetary limits.

Section 351.101, relating to Use of Tax Revenue, would be amended by adding Subsection (f-1) to not allow a municipality to use revenue from the municipal hotel occupancy tax for a visitor information center under Subsection (a)(1) to acquire a site for, construct, improve, enlarge, equip, repair, staff, operate, or maintain any part of a building or facility that is not primarily used to distribute or disseminate tourism-related information to tourists.

Section 351.1021(a)(3), relating to Pledge or Commitment of Certain Tax Revenue for Certain Projects, would be amended to clarify that a multipurpose convention center facility project may include a parking shuttle or transportation system "used primarily by tourists."

Section 351.103, relating to Allocation of Revenue: General Rule, would be amended to require a municipality with a population of less than 200,000 to spend a minimum amount of hotel occupancy tax revenue on advertising and promotion. That minimum depends on the hotel rate adopted by the city. A municipality with a population of more than 1.6 million would allocate at least 23 percent of the hotel occupancy tax revenue for advertising and promotion unless the allocation impairs the municipality's ability to operate and maintain its convention center facilities or to pledge revenue for the payment of convention center bonds. A municipality that before January 1, 2023, adopted an ordinance for the allocation of an amount in excess of 15.0 percent of the municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue collected for the purpose of historical restoration and preservation may allocate tax revenue as provided by that ordinance until certain conditions are met.

Section 351.110, relating to Allocation of Revenue for Certain Transportation Systems, would be amended to specify that this section does not authorizes revenue from the tax for a transportation system that serves the public other than for a system that is primarily used by tourists.

The bill would add Section 351.161, relating to Recapture of Lost State Tax Revenue from Certain Municipalities, to recapture lost state tax revenue in the event the total amount of state tax revenue received by the municipality from the state in the first 10 years entitlement exceeds the amount of revenue received by the state from the same sources over the following ten years.

The bill would add Section 351.163 (Report on Qualified Projects) to require the comptroller to prepare a report not later than December 1 of each even-numbered year, to report on the status of each qualified project. The report would contain certain information about each qualified project and would be posted on the comptroller's website.

The bill would amend Chapter 352 of the Tax Code, relating to County Hotel Occupancy Taxes, to change the due date of the annual report to the comptroller to March 1 from February 20 of each year, clarify the type of information and manner in which the report is submitted, and allow the municipality to use a portion of its municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue towards making and submitting the report within certain monetary limits.

Sections 351.103(d) and (e) and Section 351.110(b) on allocation of municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue would be repealed.

The bill's provisions relating to Recapture of Lost State Tax Revenue from Certain Municipalities would likely not have any state revenue implications if there is any degree of inflation in the 10 years following the 10 years of entitlement.

Local Government Impact

The bill's provisions relating to the use and allocation of municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue would affect the manner in which a city could use and allocate its municipal hotel tax revenue.

Source Agencies: 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts LBB Staff: JMc, MOc, KK, BRI, SD, CMA

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE, 88TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

April 20, 2023

TO: Honorable Morgan Meyer, Chair, House Committee on Ways & Means

FROM: Jerry McGinty, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB3727 by Anderson (relating to municipal and county hotel occupancy taxes.), Committee Report 1st House, Substituted

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend Chapter 351 of the Tax Code, relating to Municipal Hotel Occupancy Taxes, to amend definitions including adding the definition of "multiuse facility," change the due date of the annual report to the comptroller to March 1 from February 20 of each year, clarify the type of information and manner in which the report is submitted, and allow the municipality to use a portion of its municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue towards making and submitting the report within certain monetary limits.

Section 351.101, relating to Use of Tax Revenue, would be amended by adding Subsection (f-1) to not allow a municipality to use revenue from the municipal hotel occupancy tax for a visitor information center under Subsection (a)(1) to acquire a site for, construct, improve, enlarge, equip, repair, staff, operate, or maintain any part of a building or facility that is not primarily used to distribute or disseminate tourism-related information to tourists.

Section 351.1021(a)(3), relating to Pledge or Commitment of Certain Tax Revenue for Certain Projects, would be amended to clarify that a multipurpose convention center facility project may include a parking shuttle or transportation system "used primarily by tourists."

Section 351.103, relating to Allocation of Revenue: General Rule, would be amended to require a municipality with a population of less than 200,000 to spend a minimum amount of hotel occupancy tax revenue on advertising and promotion. That minimum depends on the hotel rate adopted by the city. A municipality with a population of more than 1.6 million would allocate at least 23 percent of the hotel occupancy tax revenue for advertising and promotion unless the allocation impairs the municipality's ability to operate and maintain its convention center facilities or to pledge revenue for the payment of convention center bonds. A municipality that before January 1, 2023, adopted an ordinance for the allocation of an amount in excess of 15.0 percent of the municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue collected for the purpose of historical restoration and preservation may allocate tax revenue as provided by that ordinance until certain conditions are met.

Section 351.110, relating to Allocation of Revenue for Certain Transportation Systems, would be amended to specify that this section does not authorizes revenue from the tax for a transportation system that serves the public other than for a system that is primarily used by tourists.

The bill would add Section 351.161, relating to Recapture of Lost State Tax Revenue from Certain Municipalities, to recapture lost state tax revenue in the event the total amount of state tax revenue received by the municipality from the state in the first 10 years entitlement exceeds the amount of revenue received by the state from the same sources over the following ten years.

The bill would add Section 351.163 (Report on Qualified Projects) to require the comptroller to prepare a report not later than December 1 of each even-numbered year, to report on the status of each qualified project. The report would contain certain information about each qualified project and would be posted on the

comptroller's website.

The bill would amend Chapter 352 of the Tax Code, relating to County Hotel Occupancy Taxes, to change the due date of the annual report to the comptroller to March 1 from February 20 of each year, clarify the type of information and manner in which the report is submitted, and allow the municipality to use a portion of its municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue towards making and submitting the report within certain monetary limits.

Sections 351.103(d) and (e) and Section 351.110(b) on allocation of municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue would be repealed.

The bill's provisions relating to Recapture of Lost State Tax Revenue from Certain Municipalities would likely not have any state revenue implications if there is any degree of inflation in the 10 years following the 10 years of entitlement.

Local Government Impact

The bill's provisions relating to the use and allocation of municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue would affect the manner in which a city could use and allocate its municipal hotel tax revenue.

Source Agencies: 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts LBB Staff: JMc, KK, BRI, SD, CMA

FISCAL NOTE, 88TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

March 30, 2023

TO: Honorable Morgan Meyer, Chair, House Committee on Ways & Means

FROM: Jerry McGinty, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB3727 by Anderson (Relating to municipal and county hotel occupancy taxes.), As Introduced

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend Chapter 351 of the Tax Code, relating to Municipal Hotel Occupancy Taxes, to amend definitions including adding the definition of "multiuse facility," change the due date of the annual report to the comptroller to March 1 from February 20 of each year, clarify the type of information and manner in which the report is submitted, and allow the municipality to use a portion of its municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue towards making and submitting the report within certain monetary limits.

Section 351.101, relating to Use of Tax Revenue, would be amended by adding Subsection (f-1) to not allow a municipality to use revenue from the municipal hotel occupancy tax for a visitor information center under Subsection (a)(1) to acquire a site for, construct, improve, enlarge, equip, repair, staff, operate, or maintain any part of a building or facility that is not exclusively used to distribute or disseminate tourism-related information to tourists.

Section 351.1021(a)(3), relating to Pledge or Commitment of Certain Tax Revenue for Certain Projects, would be amended to clarify that a multipurpose convention center facility project may include a parking shuttle or transportation system "used primarily by tourists."

Section 351.103, relating to Allocation of Revenue: General Rule, would be amended to require a municipality with a population of less than 200,000 to spend a minimum amount of hotel occupancy tax revenue on advertising and promotion. That minimum depends on the hotel rate adopted by the city. A municipality with a population of more than 1.6 million would allocate at least 23 percent of the hotel occupancy tax revenue for advertising and promotion unless the allocation impairs the municipality's ability to operate and maintain its convention center facilities or to pledge revenue for the payment of convention center bonds. A municipality that before January 1, 2023, adopted an ordinance for the allocation of an amount in excess of 15.0 percent of the municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue collected for the purpose of historical restoration and preservation may allocate tax revenue as provided by that ordinance until certain conditions are met.

Section 351.110, relating to Allocation of Revenue for Certain Transportation Systems, would be amended to specify that this section does not authorizes revenue from the tax for a transportation system that serves the public other than for a system that is primarily used by tourists.

The bill would add Section 351.161, relating to Recapture of Lost State Tax Revenue from Certain Municipalities, to recapture lost state tax revenue in the event the total amount of state tax revenue received by the municipality from the state in the first 10 years entitlement exceeds the amount of revenue received by the state from the same sources over the following ten years.

The bill would add Section 351.163 (Report on Qualified Projects) to require the comptroller to prepare a report not later than December 1 of each even-numbered year, to report on the status of each qualified project. The report would contain certain information about each qualified project and would be posted on the comptroller's website.

The bill would amend Chapter 352 of the Tax Code, relating to County Hotel Occupancy Taxes, to change the due date of the annual report to the comptroller to March 1 from February 20 of each year, clarify the type of information and manner in which the report is submitted, and allow the municipality to use a portion of its municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue towards making and submitting the report within certain monetary limits.

Sections 351.103(d) and (e) and Section 351.110(b) on allocation of municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue would be repealed.

The bill's provisions relating to Recapture of Lost State Tax Revenue from Certain Municipalities would likely not have any state revenue implications if there is any degree of inflation in the 10 years following the 10 years of entitlement.

Local Government Impact

The bill's provisions relating to the use and allocation of municipal hotel occupancy tax revenue would affect the manner in which a city could use and allocate its municipal hotel tax revenue.

Source Agencies: 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts LBB Staff: JMc, KK, SD, BRI, CMA

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

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Austin, Texas

TAX/FEE EQUITY NOTE

88TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

April 20, 2023

TO: Honorable Morgan Meyer, Chair, House Committee on Ways & Means

FROM: Jerry McGinty, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB3727 by Anderson (relating to municipal and county hotel occupancy taxes.), Committee Report 1st House, Substituted

No statistically significant impact on the overall distribution of a state tax or fee burden among individuals and businesses is anticipated from the provisions of this bill.

Source Agencies: LBB Staff: JMc, KK

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TAX/FEE EQUITY NOTE

88TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

March 30, 2023

TO: Honorable Morgan Meyer, Chair, House Committee on Ways & Means

FROM: Jerry McGinty, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB3727 by Anderson (Relating to municipal and county hotel occupancy taxes.), As Introduced

No statistically significant impact on the overall distribution of a state tax or fee burden among individuals and businesses is anticipated from the provisions of this bill.

Source Agencies: LBB Staff: JMc, KK

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