89R24365 AMF-D

By:  Buckley, Bernal, Ashby, et al. H.B. No. 4

Substitute the following for H.B. No. 4:

By:  Buckley C.S.H.B. No. 4

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

relating to public school accountability, including the implementation of an instructionally supportive assessment program and the adoption and administration of assessment instruments in public schools, indicators of achievement and public school performance ratings under the public school accountability system, a grant program for school district local accountability plans, and actions challenging Texas Education Agency decisions related to public school accountability.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1.  Section 28.0211(a-8), Education Code, is amended to read as follows:

(a-8)  A school district may not be required to provide supplemental instruction under Subsection (a-1)(2) to a student in more than two subject areas per school year.  If the district would otherwise be required to provide supplemental instruction to a student in more than two subject areas for a school year, the district shall prioritize providing supplemental instruction to the student in mathematics and reading[~~, or Algebra I, English I, or English II, as applicable,~~] for that school year.

SECTION 2.  Section 39.022, Education Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 39.022.  INSTRUCTIONALLY SUPPORTIVE ASSESSMENT PROGRAM. (a) To ensure school accountability for student achievement that achieves the goals provided under Section 4.002, the [~~The~~] State Board of Education by rule shall create and implement an instructionally supportive [~~a~~] statewide assessment program that:

(1)  provides for progress monitoring;

(2)  is balanced, innovative, and streamlined; and

(3)  is knowledge- and skills-based [~~to ensure school accountability for student achievement that achieves the goals provided under Section 4.002~~].

(b)  The primary objective of an instructionally supportive assessment program created and implemented under this section is to benefit the students of this state.

(c)  After adopting rules under this section, the State Board of Education shall consider the importance of maintaining stability in the instructionally supportive [~~statewide~~] assessment program when adopting any subsequent modification of the rules.

(d) [~~(b)~~]  It is the policy of this state that the instructionally supportive [~~statewide~~] assessment program be designed to:

(1)  provide information regarding student academic achievement and learning progress to:

(A)  public schools for the purpose of improving student instruction [~~provide assessment instruments that are as short as practicable~~];

(B)  students, parents, and teachers for the purpose of guiding learning objectives;

(C)  education researchers for the purpose of comparing student academic achievement and learning progress data at the national and statewide levels; and

(D)  the public for the purpose of allowing the public to assess the costs and benefits of using public money for the assessment program;

(2)  evaluate the achievement level and learning progress of each assessed student in reading, mathematics, and science;

(3)  provide information to the agency for the purpose of making decisions regarding public school accountability, campus recognition, and the improvement of public school operations and management;

(4)  identify the educational strengths and needs of individual students and the readiness of those students to be promoted to the next grade level or to graduate from high school;

(5)  assess whether educational goals and curricular standards are being met at the campus, district, state, and national levels;

(6)  provide information to help evaluate and develop educational programs and policies; and

(7)  provide instructional staff with immediate, actionable, and useful information regarding student achievement of standards and benchmarks that may be used to improve the staff's delivery of student instruction [~~and~~

[~~(2) minimize the disruption to the educational program~~].

SECTION 3.  Section 39.023, Education Code, is amended by amending Subsections (a), (a-1), (a-2), (a-11), (a-12), (a-13), (c), (c-1), (c-8), (e), and (h), and adding Subsections (a-5), (a-10), (d-1), (o-1), (q), and (r) to read as follows:

(a)  In creating and implementing the instructionally supportive assessment program under Section 39.022, the [~~The~~] agency shall adopt nationally norm-referenced [~~or develop appropriate criterion-referenced~~] assessment instruments that are capable of being administered at the beginning, middle, and end of the school year and designed to assess essential knowledge and skills in reading, mathematics, [~~social studies,~~] and science. Except as provided by Subsection (a-2), all students, other than students assessed under Subsection (b) or (l) or exempted under Section 39.027, shall be assessed in:

(1)  mathematics, annually in grades three through eight;

(2)  reading, annually in grades three through eight;

(3)  [~~social studies, in grade eight;~~

[~~(4)~~]  science, in grades five and eight; and

(4) [~~(5)~~]  any other subject and grade required by federal law.

(a-1)  An [~~The agency shall develop~~] assessment instrument adopted [~~instruments required~~] under Subsection (a) must provide for the assessment of students in a manner that [~~allows, to the extent practicable~~]:

(1)  ensures the score a student receives provides [~~to provide~~] reliable information relating to a student's satisfactory performance for each performance standard under Section 39.0241; [~~and~~]

(2)  allows for an appropriate range of performances to serve as a valid indication of growth in student achievement;

(3)  focuses primarily on supporting excellent instruction, while also providing essential summative information that fulfills applicable federal requirements;

(4)  consists only of questions written at the appropriate reading level for the applicable grade level, as determined by Lexile measures or another research-based readability metric approved by the agency in coordination with the advisory committees established under Section 39.02302;

(5)  does not require a student to complete a separate, standalone essay or extended constructed response component;

(6)  for a reading assessment, assesses writing skills through questions integrated within the context of the overall assessment;

(7)  is adaptive to each student-appropriate measurement of individual student performance and growth;

(8)  provides, not later than 24 hours after the date the assessment instrument is administered, detailed diagnostic reports of individual student results that include recommendations based on a student's performance on the assessment instrument for teachers and parents regarding practical and useful instructional strategies to better meet the individual needs of the student;

(9)  for a beginning-of-year or middle-of-year assessment instrument, includes instructional growth projections for individual students based on each student's results; and

(10)  for an end-of-year assessment:

(A)  measures student performance in relation to state curriculum and performance standards, with results aggregated by grade level and student population category and at the campus, district, and state levels;

(B)  measures a student's annual through-year instructional growth;

(C)  fulfills the state's public school accountability plan for purposes of satisfying federal public school accountability requirements;

(D)  provides valid, reliable, and useful results; and

(E)  complies with applicable peer review requirements under federal law.

(a-2)  Except as required by federal law, a student is not required to be assessed in a subject otherwise assessed at the student's grade level under Subsection (a) if the student:

(1)  is enrolled in a course in the subject intended for students above the student's grade level and will be administered an assessment instrument adopted [~~or developed~~] under Subsection (a) that aligns with the curriculum for the course in which the student is enrolled; or

(2)  is enrolled in a course in the subject for which the student will receive high school academic credit and will be administered an end-of-course assessment instrument adopted under Subsection (c) for the course.

(a-5)  The agency shall annually review and validate the readability of each item on an assessment instrument adopted under Subsection (a) to confirm alignment of the item with grade-level expectations and ensure that the item accurately measures student mastery of essential knowledge and skills without introducing undue complexity that is not related to the assessed standard.

(a-10)  An assessment instrument adopted under Subsection (a) must be administered as closely as possible to the following schedule:

(1)  for a beginning-of-year assessment instrument, between October 1 and October 31;

(2)  for a middle-of-year assessment instrument, between January 13 and February 21; and

(3)  for an end-of-year assessment instrument, between May 15 and May 30.

(a-11)  Before an assessment instrument adopted [~~or developed~~] under Subsection (a) may be administered under that subsection, the assessment instrument must, on the basis of empirical evidence, be determined to be valid and reliable by an entity that is independent of the agency and of any other entity that developed the assessment instrument.

(a-12)  An assessment instrument adopted [~~or developed~~] under Subsection (a) must be designed to minimize the impact on student instructional time [~~may not have more than three parts. A part of an assessment instrument must be designed~~] so that:

(1)  for a beginning-of-year or middle-of-year assessment instrument [~~if~~] administered to students in grades three and four, 85 percent of students are expected [~~will be able~~] to complete the assessment instrument [~~that part~~] within 60 minutes; [~~and~~]

(2)  for a beginning-of-year or middle-of-year assessment instrument [~~if~~] administered to students in grades five through eight, 85 percent of students are expected [~~will be able~~] to complete the assessment instrument [~~that part~~] within 75 minutes; and

(3)  for an end-of-year assessment instrument administered to students in grades three through eight, 85 percent of students are expected to complete the assessment instrument within 90 minutes.

(a-13)  The amount of time allowed for administration of an assessment instrument in reading, mathematics, or science adopted [~~or developed~~] under Subsection (a) may not exceed six [~~eight~~] hours, and the administration may occur in multiple parts over more than one day.

(c)  The agency shall also adopt end-of-course assessment instruments for secondary-level courses in reading, mathematics, and science, for the purpose of complying with the Every Student Succeeds Act (20 U.S.C. Section 6301 et seq.), to be administered only as necessary to meet the minimum requirements of that law [~~Algebra I, biology, English I, English II, and United States history. The Algebra I end-of-course assessment instrument must be administered with the aid of technology, but may include one or more parts that prohibit the use of technology. The English I and English II end-of-course assessment instruments must each assess essential knowledge and skills in both reading and writing and must provide a single score~~]. A school district shall comply with State Board of Education rules regarding administration of the assessment instruments listed in this subsection. If a student is in a special education program under Subchapter A, Chapter 29, the student's admission, review, and dismissal committee shall determine whether any allowable modification is necessary in administering to the student an assessment instrument required under this subsection. The State Board of Education shall administer the assessment instruments. An end-of-course assessment instrument may be administered in multiple parts over more than one day. The State Board of Education shall adopt a schedule for the administration of end-of-course assessment instruments that complies with the requirements of Subsection (c-3).

(c-1)  An [~~The agency shall develop any~~] assessment instrument adopted by the agency [~~required~~] under this section must allow [~~in a manner that allows~~] for the measurement of annual improvement in student achievement as required by Sections 39.034(c) and (d).

(c-8)  Not [~~Beginning with the 2022-2023 school year, not~~] more than 25 [~~75~~] percent of the available points on an assessment instrument adopted [~~developed~~] under Subsection (a) or (c) may be attributable to questions presented as technology-enhanced or constructed-response items [~~in a multiple choice format~~].

(d-1)  Under rules adopted by the State Board of Education for the 2025-2026 and 2026-2027 school years and subject to Subsection (e), the agency shall release the questions and answer keys to each end-of-year or end-of-course assessment instrument administered under Subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), or (l), excluding any assessment instrument administered to a student for the purpose of retaking the assessment instrument, after the last time the instrument is administered for the applicable school year. This subsection expires September 1, 2027.

(e)  Under rules adopted by the State Board of Education, beginning with the 2027-2028 school year and every third year thereafter, the agency shall release the questions and answer keys to each assessment instrument administered under Subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), or (l), excluding any assessment instrument administered to a student for the purpose of retaking the assessment instrument, after the last time the instrument is administered for that school year. To ensure a valid bank of questions for use each year, the agency is not required to release a question that is being field-tested and was not used to compute the student's score on the instrument. The agency shall also release[~~, under board rule,~~] each question that is no longer being field-tested and that was not used to compute a student's score. [~~During the 2014-2015 and 2015-2016 school years, the agency shall release the questions and answer keys to assessment instruments as described by this subsection each year.~~]

(h)  The agency shall notify school districts and campuses of the results of end-of-year and end-of-course assessment instruments administered under this section and preliminary academic accountability ratings assigned to the district and campus by the agency based on those results not later than the 14th [~~21st~~] day after the date the applicable end-of-year or end-of-course assessment instrument is administered. The school district shall disclose to each district teacher the results of assessment instruments administered to students taught by the teacher in the subject for the school year in which the assessment instrument is administered.

(o-1)  The agency shall adopt the following optional assessment instruments that a school district or open-enrollment charter school may elect to administer:

(1)  an assessment instrument in social studies for students in grade eight; and

(2)  an end-of-course assessment instrument for United States history.

(q)  If there is a conflict between this section and a federal law or regulation, including the Every Student Succeeds Act (20 U.S.C. Section 6301 et seq.), the agency shall seek a waiver from the application of the conflicting federal law or regulation.

(r)  Notwithstanding any provision of this section or other law, if changes to federal law or regulations, including the Every Student Succeeds Act (20 U.S.C. Section 6301 et seq.), reduce the number or frequency of assessment instruments required to be administered to students, the State Board of Education shall adopt rules reducing the number or frequency of assessment instruments required to be administered to students under state law, and the agency shall ensure that students are not required to be assessed in subject areas or in grade levels that are no longer required to meet the minimum requirements of the law.

SECTION 4.  Section 39.0237, Education Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 39.0237.  CONSIDERATION OF PREKINDERGARTEN THROUGH SECOND GRADE ASSESSMENT INSTRUMENTS PROHIBITED. Performance on an assessment instrument administered to students in prekindergarten, first grade, or second grade may not be considered for any purpose under this chapter or Chapter 39A.

SECTION 5.  Sections 39.025(a-1) and (a-3), Education Code, are amended to read as follows:

(a-1)  A student enrolled in a college preparatory mathematics or English language arts course under Section 28.014 who satisfies the Texas Success Initiative (TSI) college readiness benchmarks prescribed by the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board under Section 51.334 on an assessment instrument designated by the coordinating board under that section administered at the end of the college preparatory mathematics or English language arts course satisfies the requirements concerning and is exempt from the administration of the applicable mathematics or reading [~~Algebra I or the English I and English II~~] end-of-course assessment instruments[~~, as applicable,~~] as prescribed by Section 39.023(c), even if the student did not perform satisfactorily on a previous administration of the applicable end-of-course assessment instrument. A student who fails to perform satisfactorily on the assessment instrument designated by the coordinating board under Section 51.334 administered as provided by this subsection may retake that assessment instrument for purposes of this subsection or may take the appropriate end-of-course assessment instrument.

(a-3)  A student who, after retaking an end-of-course assessment instrument for mathematics or reading [~~Algebra I or English II~~], has failed to perform satisfactorily as required by Subsection (a), but who receives a score of proficient on the Texas Success Initiative (TSI) diagnostic assessment for the corresponding subject for which the student failed to perform satisfactorily on the end-of-course assessment instrument satisfies the requirement concerning the mathematics or reading [~~Algebra I or English II~~] end-of-course assessment, as applicable.

SECTION 6.  Section 39.028, Education Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 39.028.  COMPARISON OF STATE RESULTS TO NATIONAL RESULTS. The state assessment program shall obtain nationally comparative results for the subject areas and grade levels for which norm-referenced or criterion-referenced assessment instruments are adopted under Section 39.023.

SECTION 7.  Subchapter C, Chapter 39, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 39.0521 to read as follows:

Sec. 39.0521.  ASSIGNMENT OF PERFORMANCE RATINGS FOR 2025-2026 SCHOOL YEAR. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, a reference in this title to the overall performance rating assigned to a district or campus under Section 39.054(a) or to a domain performance rating assigned to a district or campus under that subsection for the 2025-2026 school year means the higher of:

(1)  the overall performance rating or the applicable domain performance rating the school district or campus received for the 2024-2025 school year; or

(2)  the overall performance rating or the applicable domain performance rating the school district or campus received for the 2025-2026 school year.

(b)  This section expires August 31, 2026.

SECTION 8.  Section 39.053, Education Code, is amended by amending Subsection (a), (c), and (f) and adding Subsections (c-4), (c-5), and (f-1) to read as follows:

(a)  The commissioner shall adopt rules as necessary to implement this section [~~a set of indicators of the quality of learning and achievement, including the indicators under Subsection (c)~~]. The commissioner may modify [~~periodically shall review~~] the domains or performance indicators adopted under this subchapter only with the express approval of the legislature [~~for the consideration of appropriate revisions~~].

(c)  School districts and campuses must be evaluated based on three domains of indicators of achievement adopted under this section that include:

(1)  in the student achievement domain, indicators of student achievement that must include:

(A)  for evaluating the performance of districts and campuses generally:

(i)  an indicator that accounts for the results of assessment instruments required under Sections 39.023(a), (c), and (l), as applicable for the district and campus, including the results of assessment instruments required for graduation retaken by a student, aggregated across grade levels by subject area, including:

(a)  for the performance standard determined by the commissioner under Section 39.0241(a), the percentage of students who performed satisfactorily on the assessment instruments, aggregated across grade levels by subject area; and

(b)  for the college readiness performance standard as determined under Section 39.0241, the percentage of students who performed satisfactorily on the assessment instruments, aggregated across grade levels by subject area; and

(ii)  an indicator that accounts for the results of assessment instruments required under Section 39.023(b), as applicable for the district and campus, including the percentage of students who performed satisfactorily on the assessment instruments, as determined by the performance standard adopted by the agency, aggregated across grade levels by subject area; and

(B)  for evaluating the performance of high school campuses and districts that include high school campuses, indicators that account for:

(i)  students who satisfy the Texas Success Initiative (TSI) college readiness benchmarks prescribed by the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board under Section 51.334 on an assessment instrument in reading or mathematics designated by the coordinating board under that section;

(ii)  students who satisfy relevant performance standards on advanced placement tests or similar assessments;

(iii)  students who earn dual course credits in the dual credit courses;

(iv)  students who demonstrate military readiness:

(a)  through verified enlistment [~~enlist~~] in the armed forces of the United States or the Texas National Guard;

(b)  by achieving a passing score, as determined by the commissioner, on the Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery test; or

(c)  by successfully completing a Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps program;

(v)  students who earn industry certifications;

(vi)  students admitted into postsecondary industry certification programs that require as a prerequisite for entrance successful performance at the secondary level;

(vii)  students whose successful completion of a course or courses under Section 28.014 indicates the student's preparation to enroll and succeed, without remediation, in an entry-level general education course for a baccalaureate degree or associate degree;

(viii)  students who successfully met standards on a composite of indicators that through research indicates the student's preparation to enroll and succeed, without remediation, in an entry-level general education course for a baccalaureate degree or associate degree;

(ix)  high school graduation rates, computed in accordance with standards and definitions adopted in compliance with the Every Student Succeeds Act (20 U.S.C. Section 6301 et seq.) subject to the exclusions provided by Subsections (g), (g-1), (g-2), (g-3), and (g-4);

(x)  students who successfully completed an OnRamps dual enrollment course;

(xi)  students who successfully completed a practicum or internship approved by the State Board of Education;

(xii)  students who are awarded an associate degree; and

(xiii)  students who successfully completed a program of study in career and technical education;

(2)  in the school progress domain, indicators for effectiveness in promoting student learning, which must include:

(A)  for assessment instruments, including assessment instruments under Subdivisions (1)(A)(i) and (ii), the percentage of students who met the standard for annual through-year instructional growth or improvement in reading, mathematics, and science, as determined by the commissioner; and

(B)  for evaluating relative performance, the performance of districts and campuses compared to similar districts or campuses; and

(3)  in the closing the gaps domain, the use of disaggregated data to demonstrate the differentials among students from different racial and ethnic groups and [~~,~~] socioeconomic backgrounds[~~, and other factors, including:~~

[~~(A)  students formerly receiving special education services;~~

[~~(B)  students continuously enrolled; and~~

[~~(C)  students who are mobile~~].

(c-4)  In addition to the indicators adopted under Subsection (c), not later than the July 1 immediately preceding the school year for which the district requests consideration of an indicator described by this subsection, a school district may submit a request to the agency to consider in the student achievement domain or the school progress domain, as provided by Section 39.054(a-1)(2), one or more of the following student engagement and workforce development indicators for use in evaluating the performance of campuses that serve students in prekindergarten through eighth grade:

(1)  an indicator that accounts for the percentage of students participating in school-sponsored extracurricular or cocurricular student activities;

(2)  for campuses that serve students in prekindergarten, an indicator that accounts for student participation in full-day prekindergarten programs;

(3)  for campuses that serve students in kindergarten through fifth grade, an indicator that accounts for teacher completion rates of the literacy achievement academies and mathematics achievement academies established under Sections 21.4552 and 21.4553;

(4)  an indicator that accounts for students in grades six, seven, and eight who successfully complete a career and technology course approved for purposes of the career and technology education allotment under Section 48.106; and

(5)  an indicator that accounts for students who successfully complete and receive credit for a course designated for a grade higher than the grade in which the student is enrolled.

(c-5)  Not later than September 1 following the date a school district submits a request under Subsection (c-4), the commissioner shall notify the district regarding the commissioner's decision to approve or deny the request.

(f)  Not later than July 15 of each year [~~Annually~~], the commissioner shall define and adopt the state standards [~~standard~~] for the current school year for each achievement indicator adopted under this subchapter in [~~section. In~~] consultation with educators, parents, and business and industry representatives, as necessary. The[~~, the~~] commissioner shall increase the rigor by which the commissioner determines the overall performance ratings under Section 39.054(a) [~~establish and modify standards~~] to continuously improve student performance to achieve, not later than the 15th anniversary after the date the commissioner modifies the performance standards under Subsection (f-1), the goals of:

(1)  eliminating achievement gaps based on race, ethnicity, and socioeconomic status; and

(2)  ensuring [~~to ensure~~] this state ranks nationally [~~is a national leader~~] in the top five states in preparing students for postsecondary success in comparison to states with similar student demographics and public education enrollment rates.

(f-1)  The commissioner may increase the scores needed to achieve performance standards on indicators adopted under this subchapter only every fifth school year. The commissioner shall notify each school district of an increase in score under this subsection not later than two school years before the school year in which the agency intends to evaluate the performance of school districts and campuses under that increased score.

SECTION 9.  Section 39.054, Education Code, is amended by amending Subsections (a-1) and (b) and adding Subsections (f) and (g) to read as follows:

(a-1)  For purposes of assigning an overall performance rating for a district or campus under Subsection (a), the commissioner shall:

(1)  consider either the district's or campus's performance rating under the student achievement domain under Section 39.053(c)(1) or the school progress domain under Section 39.053(c)(2), whichever performance rating is higher, unless the district or campus received a performance rating of F in either domain, in which case the district or campus may not be assigned a performance rating higher than a B for the composite for the two domains; [~~and~~]

(2)  for campuses that serve students in prekindergarten through eighth grade, attribute not less than 10 percent of the performance rating under the student achievement domain under Section 39.053(c)(1) or the school progress domain under Section 39.053(c)(2), whichever performance rating is higher, to the student engagement and workforce development indicators described by Section 39.053(c-4) and approved by the commissioner under Section 39.053(c-5);

(3)  attribute not more [~~less~~] than five [~~30~~] percent of the performance rating to the closing the gaps domain under Section 39.053(c)(3);

(4)  for campuses that serve grades three through eight, attribute not less than 50 percent of the domain performance rating for the student achievement domain under Section 39.053(c)(1) to the indicators adopted under Section 39.053(c)(1)(A); and

(5)  for campuses that serve grades 9 through 12, for the student achievement domain under Section 39.053(c)(1), attribute not more than:

(A)  40 percent of the domain performance rating to the indicators adopted under Section 39.053(c)(1)(A);

(B)  40 percent of the domain performance rating to the college, career, and military readiness indicators adopted under Section 39.053(c)(1)(B); and

(C)  20 percent of the domain performance rating to graduation rates.

(b)  For purposes of assigning school districts and campuses an overall and a domain performance rating under Subsection (a), the commissioner shall ensure that:

(1)  if the agency adds or removes an assessment instrument on which student performance is evaluated for the purpose of assigning district and campus performance ratings or makes significant revisions to the state's assessment program, the agency reviews, adjusts, and recalculates the cut scores and standards used in evaluating district and campus performance to ensure fairness and consistency in the assignment of district and campus performance ratings;

(2)  each campus domain performance rating has minimal or no statistical correlation to the percentage of educationally disadvantaged students enrolled at the campus in order to identify effective campuses regardless of student family income;

(3)  any changes made to the college, career, or military readiness indicators adopted under Section 39.053(c)(1)(B) or to the methodology that relies on data from those indicators for the preceding school year take effect beginning with students entering ninth grade in the school year immediately following the change, regardless of whether the change was made statutorily or by commissioner rule;

(4)  a campus that is in the first year of operation, that is assigned a new campus identification number, or that is significantly impacted by demographic shifts due to rezoning, closure, or consolidation is not evaluated in the closing the gaps domain under Section 39.053(c)(3) for the first year following the applicable event; and

(5)  the method used to evaluate performance is implemented in a manner that provides the mathematical possibility that all districts and campuses receive an A rating.

(f)  If the provisions of the Every Student Succeeds Act (20 U.S.C. Section 6301 et seq.) regarding public school accountability and assessment requirements are repealed or otherwise no longer have effect, the commissioner shall reallocate any percentage of the overall performance ratings attributable to the indicators adopted under Section 39.053(c)(3) to the student engagement and workforce development indicators described by Section 39.053(c-4), if applicable.

(g)  If the agency fails to assign a performance rating to a school district or campus before the deadline established by Subsection (a-3), the district or campus shall be automatically reissued the performance rating assigned to the district or campus for the preceding school year. A performance rating assigned under this subsection remains in effect for all official purposes, including any interventions or sanctions under Chapter 39A, until the agency assigns the district or campus a new rating.

SECTION 10.  Section 39.0541, Education Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 39.0541.  ADOPTION OF [~~INDICATORS AND~~] STANDARDS. (a) The commissioner shall [~~may~~] adopt performance [~~indicators and~~] standards under Sections 39.0241 and 39.053(f) not later than the July 15 immediately preceding the school year for which the commissioner intends to assign school district and campus performance ratings under Section 39.054 based on those standards [~~this subchapter at any time during a school year before the evaluation of a school district or campus~~].

(b)  The commissioner may modify the standards, methods, measures, or procedures used to evaluate school districts and campuses and assign performance ratings on or after the date described by Subsection (a) only with the express approval of the legislature.

SECTION 11.  Section 39.0542(a), Education Code, is amended to read as follows:

(a)  Not later than July 15 of each [~~Each school~~] year, the commissioner shall provide each school district a document in a simple, accessible format that explains the accountability performance standards adopted under Sections 39.0241 and 39.053(f) for the following school year and the measures, methods, and procedures that will be applied for that school year in assigning each school district and campus a performance rating under Section 39.054.

SECTION 12.  Section 39.0544, Education Code, is amended by adding Subsections (f) and (g) to read as follows:

(f)  From money appropriated or otherwise available for the purpose, the agency shall establish a grant program to assist at least one school district in each education service center region in developing a local accountability plan that complies with the requirements of this section.

(g)  The commissioner may adopt rules as necessary to implement this section, including rules applying to a school district applying for a grant under Subsection (f). If the commissioner awards a grant to a district and has not adopted rules applying to the district, the district may select and collaborate with a third-party organization with expertise in assessment and accountability to develop a local accountability plan.

SECTION 13.  Subchapter F, Chapter 39, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 39.152 to read as follows:

Sec. 39.152.  LIMITATION ON ACTIONS CHALLENGING CERTAIN AGENCY DECISIONS; EXPEDITED APPEALS. (a) A school district or open-enrollment charter school may bring an action challenging a decision that is made by the agency under this chapter and that is based on the lawful exercise of discretion granted to the agency by the legislature only if the district's or school's petition alleges the agency's decision is unconstitutional, arbitrary, capricious, or without lawful authority.

(b)  In an action brought by a school district or open-enrollment charter school described by Subsection (a), a trial court shall expedite the action and render a final order or judgment not later than the 60th day after the date each defendant has filed an answer or other pleading responsive to the petition. The trial court may extend the time period within which the court must render a final order or judgment under this subsection by not more than 30 additional days for good cause. The trial court may set deadlines for discovery, briefing, trial, and all other proceedings necessary to render a final order or judgment in accordance with this subsection.

(c)  If a final order or judgment described by Subsection (b) is appealed, the appellate court shall expedite the appeal and render a final order or judgment not later than the 60th day after the date the appeal is filed. The appellate court may extend the time period within which the court must render a final order or judgment under this subsection by not more than 30 additional days for good cause. The appellate court may set deadlines for briefing, oral argument, and all other proceedings necessary to render a final order or judgment in accordance with this subsection.

SECTION 14.  Section 39.203(c), Education Code, is amended to read as follows:

(c)  In addition to the distinction designations described by Subsections (a) and (b), a campus that satisfies the criteria developed under Section 39.204 shall be awarded a distinction designation by the commissioner for outstanding performance in academic achievement in reading [~~English language arts~~], mathematics, or science[~~, or social studies~~].

SECTION 15.  Section 39.023(c-9), Education Code, is repealed.

SECTION 16.  Section 39.152, Education Code, as added by this Act, applies to an action filed on or after September 1, 2025. An action filed before September 1, 2025, is governed by the law in effect on the date the action was filed, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.

SECTION 17.  Except as otherwise provided by this Act, this Act applies beginning with the 2025-2026 school year.

SECTION 18.  This Act takes effect immediately if it receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this Act takes effect September 1, 2025.