By: Flores H.B. No. 349

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to civil liability for removing certain individuals or
3	animals from a motor vehicle.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. The heading to Chapter 92A, Civil Practice and
6	Remedies Code, is amended to read as follows:

- 7 CHAPTER 92A. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY FOR REMOVING CERTAIN
- 8 INDIVIDUALS OR ANIMALS FROM MOTOR VEHICLE
- 9 SECTION 2. Section 92A.001, Civil Practice and Remedies 10 Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 11 Sec. 92A.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
- 12 (1) "Domestic animal" means a dog, cat, or other
- 13 domesticated animal that may be kept as a household pet. The term
- 14 does not include a livestock animal, as defined by Section 87.001.
- 15 (2) "Motor vehicle" means a vehicle that is
- 16 self-propelled or a trailer or semitrailer designed for use with a
- 17 self-propelled vehicle.
- 18 $\underline{(3)}$ [$\underline{(2)}$] "Vulnerable individual" means:
- 19 (A) a child younger than seven years of age; or
- 20 (B) an individual who by reason of age or
- 21 physical or mental disease, defect, or injury is substantially
- 22 unable to protect the individual's self from harm.
- 23 SECTION 3. Section 92A.002, Civil Practice and Remedies
- 24 Code, is amended to read as follows:

- 1 Sec. 92A.002. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY. (a) A person who,
- 2 by force or otherwise, enters a motor vehicle for the purpose of
- 3 removing a vulnerable individual or a domestic animal from the
- 4 vehicle is immune from civil liability for damages resulting from
- 5 that entry or removal if the person:
- 6 (1) determines that:
- 7 (A) the motor vehicle is locked; or
- 8 (B) there is no reasonable method for the
- 9 individual or animal to exit the motor vehicle without assistance;
- 10 (2) has a good faith and reasonable belief, based on
- 11 known circumstances, that entry into the motor vehicle is necessary
- 12 to avoid imminent harm to the individual or animal;
- 13 (3) before entering the motor vehicle, ensures that
- 14 law enforcement is notified or 911 is called if the person is not a
- 15 law enforcement officer or other first responder;
- 16 (4) uses no more force to enter the motor vehicle and
- 17 remove the individual or animal than is necessary; and
- 18 (5) remains with the individual or animal in a safe
- 19 location that is in reasonable proximity to the motor vehicle until
- 20 a law enforcement officer or other first responder arrives.
- 21 (b) A person is not immune from civil liability for entering
- 22 a motor vehicle under this section if the person, upon notifying law
- 23 enforcement or calling 911, was advised by law enforcement
- 24 personnel to not enter the motor vehicle.
- 25 SECTION 4. The change in law made by this Act applies only
- 26 to a cause of action that accrues on or after the effective date of
- 27 this Act. A cause of action that accrued before the effective date

H.B. No. 349

- 1 of this Act is governed by the law applicable to the cause of action
- 2 immediately before the effective date of this Act, and that law is
- 3 continued in effect for that purpose.
- 4 SECTION 5. This Act takes effect September 1, 2025.