By: Holt

H.B. No. 2062

	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
1	AN ACT
2	relating to regulations and policies for entering or using certain
3	private spaces; authorizing a civil penalty.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. This Act may be cited as the Texas Women's
6	Privacy Act.
7	SECTION 2. Subtitle Z, Government Code, is amended by
8	adding Chapter 3001 to read as follows:
9	CHAPTER 3001. GOVERNMENTAL ACTION AFFECTING CERTAIN PRIVATE
10	SPACES.
11	Sec. 3001.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
12	(1) "Biological sex" means the physical condition of
13	being male or female, as determined by:
14	(A) the sex organs, chromosomes, and endogenous
15	profiles of a person; and
16	(B) a person's original birth certificate, if the
17	biological sex is correctly stated on the birth certificate, as
18	indicated by the biological sex being:
19	(1) entered at or near the time of birth; or
20	(2) modified only to correct a scrivener or clerical
21	error in the biological sex.
22	(2) "Correctional facility" has the meaning assigned
23	by Section 1.07, Penal Code.
24	(3) "Family violence shelter" means a family violence

1	shelter center or a family violence nonresidential center, as
2	defined by Section 51.002, Human Resources Code, partaking in a
3	contract as established by Section 51.003, Human Resources Code.
4	(4) "Political subdivision" means a governmental
5	entity of this state that is not a state agency and includes a
6	county, municipality, special purpose district or authority,
7	school district, open-enrollment charter school, and junior
8	college district.
9	(5) "Private space" means a facility designed or
10	designated for use by more than one person at a time, where a person
11	may be in a state of undress in the presence of another person,
12	regardless of whether the facility provides curtains or partial
13	walls for privacy. The term includes a restroom, locker room,
14	changing room, shower room, family violence shelter, correctional
15	facility, and sleeping quarter.
16	(6) "Single-occupancy private space" means a facility
17	designed or designated for use by only one person at a time, where a
18	person may be in a state of undress, including a single toilet
19	restroom with a locking door that is designed or designated as
20	unisex or for use based on biological sex or a sleeping quarter that
21	accommodates a single occupant.
22	(7) "State agency" means a department, commission,
23	board, office, council, authority, or other agency in the
24	executive, legislative, or judicial branch of state government
25	that is created by the constitution or a statute of this state,
26	including an institution of higher education as defined by Section
27	61.003, Education Code.

Sec. 3001.002. SAFETY AND PRIVACY IN PRIVATE SPACES. 1 (a) A political subdivision or state agency shall require each 2 private space located within a facility owned, operated, or 3 controlled by the political subdivision or state agency be 4 5 designated for and used only by persons based on the person's biolog<u>ical sex.</u> 6 7 (b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a political subdivision or state agency from: 8 (1) adopting policies necessary to accommodate 9 10 persons protected under the Americans with Disabilities Act, young children in need of assistance, or elderly persons requiring aid; 11 12 (2) establishing single-occupancy private spaces or family restrooms, changing rooms, or sleeping quarters; or 13 14 (3) redesignating a private space designated for 15 exclusive use by one sex to a designation for exclusive use by the 16 opposite sex. 17 Sec. 3001.003. ACCOMMODATIONS AUTHORIZED. This chapter does not prohibit a political subdivision or state agency from 18 providing an accommodation, including a single-occupancy private 19 space, on request due to special circumstances. The political 20 subdivision or state agency may not provide an accommodation that 21 22 allows a person to use a private space designated for the biological sex opposite to the person's biological sex. 23 24 Sec. 3001.004. EXCEPTIONS. A designation of a private space under Section 3001.002 does not apply to: 25

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26 (1) <u>a person entering a private space designated for the</u>
27 <u>biological sex opposite to the person's biological sex:</u>

1 (A) for a custodial purpose; 2 (B) for a maintenance or inspection purpose; to render medical or other emergency 3 (C) 4 assistance; 5 (D) to accompany a person needing assistance in 6 using the facility; 7 to receive assistance in using the facility; (E) 8 or (2) a child who is: 9 younger than 10 years of age entering a 10 (A) private space designated for the biological sex opposite to the 11 12 child's biological sex; and accompanying a person caring for the child. 13 (B) Sec. 3001.005. CIVIL PENALTY. (a) A political subdivision 14 15 or state agency that violates this chapter is liable for a civil penalty of: 16 17 (1) \$5,000 for the first violation; and (2) \$25,000 for the second or a subsequent violation. 18 (b) Each day of a continuing violation of this chapter 19 constitutes a separate violation. 20 21 Sec. 3001.006. COMPLAINT; NOTICE. (a) A citizen of this state may file a complaint with the attorney general that a 22 political subdivision or state agency is in violation of this 23 24 chapter only if: 25 (1) the citizen provides the political subdivision or 26 state agency a written notice that describes the violation; and 27 (2) the political subdivision or state agency does not

cure the violation before the end of the third business day after 1 the date of receiving the written notice. 2 3 (b) A complaint filed under this section must include: 4 (1) a copy of the written notice; and 5 (2) the citizen's sworn statement or affidavit describing the violation and indicating that the citizen provided 6 7 the notice required by this section. 8 Sec. 3001.007. DUTIES OF ATTORNEY GENERAL: INVESTIGATION AND NOTICE. (a) Before bringing a suit against a political 9 10 subdivision or state agency for a violation of this chapter, the attorney general shall investigate a complaint filed under Section 11 12 3001.006 to determine whether legal action is warranted. (b) The political subdivision or state agency that is the 13 subject of the complaint shall provide to the attorney general any 14 15 information the attorney general requests in connection with the 16 complaint, including: 17 (1) supporting documents related to the complaint; and (2) a statement regarding whether the entity has 18 19 complied or intends to comply with this chapter. (c) If the attorney general determines that legal action is 20 warranted, the attorney general shall provide the appropriate 21 22 officer of the political subdivision or state agency charged with the violation <u>a written notice that:</u> 23 24 (1) describes the violation and location of the 25 private space found to be in violation; 26 (2) states the amount of the proposed penalty for the 27 violation; and

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H.B. No. 2062 1 (3) requires the political subdivision or state agency to cure the violation on or before the 15th day after the date the 2 notice is received to avoid the penalty, unless the political 3 subdivision or state agency was found liable by a court for 4 5 previously violating this chapter. 6 Sec. 3001.008. COLLECTION OF CIVIL PENALTY; MANDAMUS. 7 (a) If, after receipt of notice under Section 3001.007(c), the 8 political subdivision or state agency has not cured the violation on or before the 15th day after the date the notice is provided 9 under Section 3001.007(c)(3), the attorney general may sue to 10 collect the civil penalty provided by Section 3001.005. 11 12 (b) In addition to filing suit under Subsection (a), the attorney general may also file a petition for a writ of mandamus or 13 apply for other appropriate equitable relief. 14 15 (c) A suit or petition under this section may be filed in a district court in: 16 17 (1) Travis County; or (2) a county in which the principal office of the 18 19 political subdivision or state agency is located. (d) The attorney general shall recover reasonable expenses 20 incurred in obtaining relief under this section, including court 21 costs, reasonable attorney's fees, investigative costs, witness 22 23 fees, and deposition costs. 24 (e) A civil penalty collected by the attorney general under this section shall be deposited to the credit of the compensation to 25 26 victims of crime fund established under Subchapter B, Chapter 56, Code of Criminal Procedure. 27

1 (f) A person may bring a civil action for declaratory 2 relief, injunctive relief, and reasonable attorney's fees and costs against a political subdivision or state agency that 3 4 violates this chapter. 5 Sec. 3001.009. IMMUNITY FROM SUIT AND LIMITS ON JURISDICTION. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, the state and 6 7 each of its officers and employees shall have sovereign immunity, 8 its political subdivisions and each of their officers and employees shall have governmental immunity, and each officer and employee of 9 this state and its political subdivisions shall have official 10 immunity in any action, claim, counterclaim, or any type of legal 11 12 or equitable action that challenges the validity of any provision or application of this chapter, on constitutional grounds or 13 otherwise, or that seeks to prevent or enjoin the state or its 14 political subdivisions or any officer, employee, or agent of this 15 state or a political subdivision from enforcing any provision or 16 17 application of this chapter, or from hearing, adjudicating, or docketing a suit or petition brought under Section 3001.008, 18 19 unless that immunity has been abrogated or preempted by federal law in a manner consistent with the Constitution of the United States. 20 21 (b) Notwithstanding any other law, the immunities conferred 22 by Subsection (a) shall apply in every court, both state and federal, and in every adjudicative proceeding of any type 23 24 whatsoever.

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(c) Notwithstanding any other law, no provision of state law
may be construed to waive or abrogate an immunity described in
Subsection (a) unless it expressly waives or abrogates immunity

1 with specific reference to this section. 2 (d) Notwithstanding any other law, no attorney representing 3 the state or a political subdivision or any officer, employee, or agent of this state or a political subdivision is authorized or 4 5 permitted to waive an immunity described in Subsection (a) or take any action that would result in a waiver of that immunity, and any 6 7 such action or purported waiver shall be regarded as a legal 8 nullity and an ultra vires act. 9 (e) Notwithstanding any other law, including Chapter 37, 10 Civil Practice and Remedies Code, and sections 22.002, 22.221, and 24.007 through 24.011, Government Code, no court of this state may 11 12 award declaratory or injunctive relief, or any type of stay or writ, including a writ of prohibition, that would pronounce any provision 13 or application of this subchapter invalid or unconstitutional, or 14 that would restrain the state or its political subdivisions, or any 15 officer, employee, or agent of this state or a political 16 17 subdivision, or any person from enforcing any provision or application of this chapter, or from hearing, adjudicating, 18 19 docketing, or filing a suit or petition brought under Section 3001.008, and no court of this state shall have jurisdiction to 20 consider any action, claim, or counterclaim that seeks such relief. 21 22 (f) Notwithstanding any other law, including Chapter 26, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, and Rule 42, Texas Rules of Civil 23 Procedure, no court of this state may certify a plaintiff or 24 defendant class in any action seeking the relief described in 25 26 Subsection (e). (g) Nothing in this section or chapter shall be construed to 27

1	prevent a litigant from asserting the invalidity or
2	unconstitutionality of any provision or application of this
3	chapter as a defense to any action, claim, or counterclaim brought
4	against that litigant.
5	Sec. 3001.0010. SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY WAIVED.
6	Notwithstanding Section 3001.009, sovereign immunity to suit and
7	governmental immunity are waived and abolished to the extent of
8	liability created by this chapter.
9	SECTION 3. Chapter 30, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, is
10	amended by adding Section 30.023 to read as follows:
11	Sec. 30.023. AWARD OF ATTORNEY'S FEES IN ACTIONS
12	CHALLENGING CERTAIN PRIVACY LAWS. (a) Notwithstanding any other
13	law, any person, including an entity, attorney, or law firm, who
14	seeks declaratory or injunctive relief to prevent this state, a
15	political subdivision, any governmental entity or public official
16	in this state, or any person in this state from enforcing any
17	statute, ordinance, rule, regulation, or any other type of law that
18	regulates access to a private space based on biological sex in any
19	state or federal court, or that represents any litigant seeking
20	such relief in any state or federal court, is jointly and severally
21	liable to pay the costs and reasonable attorney's fees of the
22	prevailing party, including the costs and reasonable attorney's
23	fees that the prevailing party incurs in its efforts to recover
24	costs and fees.
25	(b) For purposes of this section, a party is considered a
26	prevailing party if a state or federal court:
27	(1) dismisses any claim or cause of action brought

against the party that seeks the declaratory or injunctive relief 1 described by Subsection (a), regardless of the reason for the 2 3 dismissal; or 4 (2) enters judgment in the party's favor on any such 5 claim or cause of action. 6 (c) A prevailing party may recover costs and attorney's fees under this section only to the extent that those costs and 7 attorney's fees were incurred while defending claims or causes of 8 9 action on which the party prevailed. SECTION 4. If any subsection or portion of this act is 10

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10 Shellow 4. If any subsection of portion of this det is 11 declared invalid, that declaration shall not affect the validity of 12 the remaining portions of the act.

13 SECTION 5. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives 14 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as 15 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this 16 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this 17 Act takes effect September 1, 2025.