By: Cook H.B. No. 3330

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT

- 2 relating to discovery in a criminal case.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 4 SECTION 1. Article 39.14, Code of Criminal Procedure, is
- 5 amended by amending Subsections (a), (c), (d), (h-1), (i), and (n)
- 6 and adding Subsections (a-1), (a-2), (o), (p), and (q) to read as
- 7 follows:
- 8 (a) <u>In this article</u>, "the state" means:
- 9 <u>(1) the attorney representing the state in the</u>
- 10 criminal action; and
- 11 (2) any law enforcement agency that filed or
- 12 investigated any matter involved in the action.
- 13 (a-1) Subject to the restrictions provided by Chapter 58,
- 14 Family Code, Section 264.408, Family Code, and Articles [Article]
- 15 39.15 and 39.151 of this code, as soon as practicable after
- 16 receiving a timely <u>and specific written</u> request from the defendant,
- 17 the attorney representing the state shall produce and permit the
- 18 inspection and the electronic duplication, copying, and
- 19 photographing, by or on behalf of the defendant, of any offense
- 20 reports, any designated documents, papers, written or recorded
- 21 statements of the defendant or a witness, including witness
- 22 statements of law enforcement officers but not including the work
- 23 product of counsel for the state in the case and their investigators
- 24 and their notes or report, or any designated books, accounts,

- 1 letters, photographs, or objects or other tangible things not otherwise privileged that constitute or contain evidence relevant 2 3 to any fact of consequence in determining [material to any matter involved in] the action and that are in the possession, custody, or 4 5 control of the state or any person under contract with the state for purposes of the action. The attorney representing the state may 6 provide to the defendant electronic duplicates of any documents or 7 8 other information described by this article. The rights granted to the defendant under this article do not extend to written 9 10 communications between the attorney representing the state and an agent, representative, or employee of the state. This article does 11 12 not authorize the removal of the documents, items, or information from the possession of the state, and any inspection shall be in the 13 presence of a representative of the state. 14
- 15 (a-2) On a motion by the attorney representing the state,
  16 and after a hearing at which applicable counsel for the state and
  17 the defendant are present, the court may limit a defendant's
  18 request for discovery under this article if the court finds that:
- (1) the request is unduly broad or burdensome or implicates the security and privacy interests of any victim or witness; and
- 22 (2) the document, item, or information was not shown 23 to be reasonably necessary to the defense.
- (c) If only a portion of the applicable document, item, or information is subject to discovery under this article, the attorney representing the state is not required to produce or permit the inspection of the remaining portion that is not subject

- 1 to discovery and may withhold or redact that portion. The attorney
- 2 representing the state shall inform the defendant that a portion of
- 3 the document, item, or information has been withheld or redacted.
- 4 On request of the defendant, the court shall conduct a hearing to
- 5 determine whether withholding or redaction is justified under this
- 6 article or other law.
- 7 (d) In the case of a pro se defendant, if the court orders
- 8 the attorney representing the state to produce and permit the
- 9 inspection of a document, item, or information under this
- 10 subsection, the attorney representing the state shall permit the
- 11 pro se defendant to inspect and review the document, item, or
- 12 information but is not required to allow electronic duplication as
- 13 described by Subsection (a-1) [ $\frac{(a)}{(a)}$ ].
- 14 (h-1) In this subsection, "correctional facility" has the
- 15 meaning assigned by Section 1.07, Penal Code. Notwithstanding any
- 16 other provision of this article, if the attorney representing the
- 17 state intends to use at a defendant's trial testimony of a person to
- 18 whom the defendant made a statement against the defendant's
- 19 interest while the person was imprisoned or confined in the same
- 20 correctional facility as the defendant, the attorney representing
- 21 the state shall disclose to the defendant any information in the
- 22 possession, custody, or control of the state that is relevant to the
- 23 person's credibility, including:
- 24 (1) the person's complete criminal history, including
- 25 any charges that were dismissed or reduced as part of a plea
- 26 bargain;
- 27 (2) any grant, promise, or offer of immunity from

- 1 prosecution, reduction of sentence, or other leniency or special
- 2 treatment, given by the state in exchange for the person's
- 3 testimony; and
- 4 (3) information concerning other criminal cases in
- 5 which the person has testified, or offered to testify, against a
- 6 defendant with whom the person was imprisoned or confined,
- 7 including any grant, promise, or offer as described by Subdivision
- 8 (2) given by the state in exchange for the testimony.
- 9 (i) The <u>attorney representing the</u> state shall
- 10 electronically record or otherwise document any document, item, or
- 11 other information provided to the defendant under this article.
- 12 (n) This article does not prohibit the parties from agreeing
- 13 to discovery and documentation requirements equal to or greater
- 14 than those required under this article. Except as provided by
- 15 Subsection (b), a court may not order discovery and documentation
- 16 requirements greater than or require production earlier than
- 17 required under this article.
- 18 (o) A party may request a discovery conference to be held
- 19 not later than the 20th day before the date that jury selection in
- 20 the trial is scheduled to begin to resolve any issue with respect to
- 21 <u>discovery</u>, <u>disclosure</u>, or notice. If at any time a party becomes
- 22 aware that the party has not received required or requested
- 23 discovery, disclosure, or notice, and fails to promptly request
- 24 resolution of the issue, the court shall consider that failure in
- 25 determining an appropriate remedy, if any.
- (p) Subject to Subsection (q), if the court finds that a
- 27 party has failed to comply with Subsection (a-1), (b), or (h), the

- 1 court:
- 2 (1) may order and compel the noncomplying party to
- 3 provide the required discovery or disclosure; and
- 4 (2) may grant a continuance, issue a protective order,
- 5 or provide another proportionate remedy that the court determines
- 6 is necessary under the circumstances.
- 7 (q) A court acting under Subsection (p) may suppress the
- 8 <u>introduction of otherwise admissible evidence that was not</u>
- 9 disclosed in compliance with Subsection (a-1) or (b) or testimony
- 10 affected by the nondisclosure only if the court finds that:
- 11 (1) the noncomplying party knowingly withheld the
- 12 required discovery or disclosure; or
- 13 (2) the violation caused actual prejudice to a party
- 14 and other remedial alternatives have been exhausted or would not
- 15 suffice to cure the prejudice.
- SECTION 2. The changes in law made by this Act apply only to
- 17 a criminal proceeding that commences on or after the effective date
- 18 of this Act. A criminal proceeding that commences before the
- 19 effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect on the
- 20 date the proceeding commenced, and the former law is continued in
- 21 effect for that purpose.
- 22 SECTION 3. This Act takes effect September 1, 2025.