By: PaulH.B. No. 4012Substitute the following for H.B. No. 4012:Example 10 (100)By: DeanC.S.H.B. No. 4012

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT 2 relating to health care and insurance fraud; creating a criminal 3 offense; authorizing a civil penalty. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 4 5 SECTION 1. Section 544.0103(e), Government Code, is amended to read as follows: 6 7 (e) The office of inspector general may: (1) assess 8 administrative penalties otherwise 9 authorized by law on behalf of the commission or a health and human 10 services agency; 11 (2) request that the attorney general obtain an 12 injunction to prevent a person from disposing of an asset the office of inspector general identifies as potentially subject to recovery 13 14 by the office of inspector general due to the person's fraud or abuse; 15 provide for coordination between the office of 16 (3) inspector general and special investigative units formed by managed 17 18 care organizations under Subchapter H or entities with which managed care organizations contract under that subchapter; 19 (3-a) provide for coordination between the office of 20 21 inspector general and the Texas Department of Insurance, as provided by Section 701.110, Insurance Code, to coordinate health 22 23 care fraud detection and prevention in the state; 24 (4) audit the use and effectiveness of state or

1 federal funds, including contract and grant funds, administered by a person or state agency receiving the funds from a health and human 2 3 services agency; 4 (5) conduct investigations relating to the funds 5 described by Subdivision (4); and (6) recommend policies to: 6 7 promote the economical and efficient (A) 8 administration of the funds described by Subdivision (4); and 9 (B) prevent and detect fraud and abuse in the administration of those funds. 10 SECTION 2. Subtitle B, Title 2, Insurance Code, is amended 11 12 by adding Chapter 87 to read as follows: 13 CHAPTER 87. CIVIL REMEDIES Sec. 87.001. CIVIL REMEDIES. (a) Except as provided by 14 15 Subsection (c), a person who violates Section 35A.02(a-1), Penal Code, is liable to the state for: 16 17 (1) the amount of a payment made by or the value of a benefit provided by a health benefit plan issuer, directly or 18 19 indirectly, as a result of the violation, including any payment made to a third party; 20 21 (2) interest on the amount of the payment or the value of the benefit described by Subdivision (1) at the prejudgment 22 interest rate in effect on the day the payment or benefit was 23 24 received or paid, for the period from the date the benefit was received or paid to the date that the state recovers the amount of 25 26 the payment or value of the benefit; 27 (3) a civil penalty of:

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C.S.H.B. No. 4012 (A) not less than <u>\$5,500 and not more than</u> 1 \$15,000 for each violation committed by the person that results in 2 injury to an elderly person, as defined by Section 48.002(a)(1), 3 Human Resources Code, a person with a disability, as defined by 4 5 Section 48.002(a)(8)(A), Human Resources Code, or a person younger than 18 years of age; or 6 7 (B) not less than \$5,500 and not more than 8 \$11,000 for each violation committed by the person that does not result in injury to a person described by Paragraph (A); and 9 (4) two times the amount of the payment or the value of 10 11 the benefit described by Subdivision (1). 12 (b) In determining the amount of the civil penalty described by Subsection (a)(3), the trier of fact shall consider: 13 14 (1) whether the person has previously violated Section 15 35A.02(a-1), Penal Code; 16 (2) the seriousness of the violation committed by the 17 person, including the nature, circumstances, extent, and gravity of 18 the violation; 19 (3) whether the health and safety of the public or an individual was threatened by the violation; 20 21 (4) whether the person acted in bad faith when the person engaged in the conduct that formed the basis of the 22 23 violation; and 24 (5) the amount necessary to deter future violations. 25 (c) The trier of fact may assess a total of not more than two 26 times the amount of a payment or the value of a benefit described by Subsection (a)(1) if the trier of fact finds that: 27

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1	(1) the person reported to the insurance fraud unit of
2	the department all information known to the person about the
3	violation not later than the 30th day after the date on which the
4	person first obtained the information; and
5	(2) at the time the person furnished all the
6	information to the insurance fraud unit of the department, the
7	insurance fraud unit of the department had not yet begun an
8	investigation under this chapter.
9	SECTION 3. Subchapter C, Chapter 701, Insurance Code, is
10	amended by adding Section 701.110 to read as follows:
11	Sec. 701.110. FRAUD PREVENTION PARTNERSHIP. (a) The
12	department shall, in coordination with the Health and Human
13	Services Commission office of inspector general, establish the
14	fraud prevention partnership to detect and prevent health care
15	fraud in this state across the private and public markets.
16	(b) The partnership shall include:
17	(1) a representative of one or more Medicaid managed
18	care organizations;
19	(2) a representative of one or more health benefit
20	plan issuers, as defined by Section 1222.0001; and
21	(3) any other appropriate person as determined by the
22	commissioner and inspector general.
23	SECTION 4. The heading to Chapter 703, Insurance Code, is
24	amended to read as follows:
25	CHAPTER 703. [COVERED ENTITY'S] ANTIFRAUD ACTION BY COVERED ENTITY
26	OR OTHER PRIVATE PERSON
27	SECTION 5. Chapter 703, Insurance Code, is amended by

1	adding Subchapter D to read as follows:
2	SUBCHAPTER D. ACTION BY PRIVATE PERSON
3	Sec. 703.151. ACTION BY PRIVATE PERSON AUTHORIZED. (a) A
4	private person may bring a civil action for a violation of Section
5	35A.02(a-1), Penal Code, on behalf of the person and the state. The
6	action must be brought in the name of the person and of the state.
7	(b) In an action brought under this subchapter, a person who
8	violates Section 35A.02(a-1), Penal Code, is liable as provided by
9	<u>Section 87.001.</u>
10	Sec. 703.152. INITIATION OF ACTION. (a) A person bringing
11	an action under this subchapter shall serve a copy of the petition
12	and a written disclosure of substantially all material evidence and
13	information the person possesses on the attorney general in
14	compliance with the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure.
15	(b) A person shall file a petition for an action under this
16	subchapter in camera and, except as provided by Section 703.153(b)
17	or (c), the petition must remain under seal until the earlier of:
18	(1) the 180th day after the date the petition is served
19	on the attorney general; or
20	(2) the date on which the state elects to intervene.
21	(c) A person bringing an action under this subchapter may
22	not serve process on a defendant until the court orders service of
23	process.
24	Sec. 703.153. STATE INTERVENTION. (a) The state may elect
25	to intervene and proceed with an action under this subchapter not
26	later than the 180th day after the date the attorney general
27	receives the petition and the material evidence and information

1	under Section 703.152(a).
2	(b) At the time the state intervenes in an action under this
3	subchapter, the attorney general may file a motion with the court
4	requesting that the petition remain under seal for an extended
5	period.
6	(c) In an action under this subchapter, the state may, for
7	good cause shown, move the court to extend the 180-day periods
8	prescribed by Subsection (a) or Section 703.152(b). A motion under
9	this subsection may be supported by affidavits or other submissions
10	in camera.
11	Sec. 703.154. CONSENT REQUIRED FOR DISMISSAL. An action
12	under this subchapter may be dismissed only if the court and the
13	attorney general consent in writing to the dismissal and state
14	their reasons for consenting.
15	Sec. 703.155. ANSWER BY DEFENDANT. A defendant is not
16	required to file in accordance with the Texas Rules of Civil
17	Procedure an answer to a petition filed under this subchapter until
18	the petition is unsealed and served on the defendant.
19	Sec. 703.156. STATE DECISION; CONTINUATION OF ACTION. (a)
20	Not later than the last day of the period prescribed by Section
21	703.153(a) or an extension of that period as provided by Section
22	703.153(c), the state shall:
23	(1) proceed with the action; or
24	(2) notify the court that the state declines to take
25	over the action.
26	(b) If the state declines to take over an action under this
27	subchapter, the person bringing the action may proceed without the

1 state's participation. A person proceeding under this subsection may recover for a violation for a period of up to six years before 2 the date the action was filed, or for a period beginning when the 3 violation occurred until up to three years from the date the state 4 5 knows or reasonably should have known facts material to the violation, whichever of these two periods is longer, regardless of 6 7 whether the violation occurred more than six years before the date 8 the action was filed. Notwithstanding this subsection, a person proceeding under this subsection may not recover for a violation 9 10 that occurred more than 10 years before the date the action was filed. 11

12 (c) On request by the state, the state is entitled to be 13 served with copies of all pleadings filed in an action under this 14 subchapter and be provided at the state's expense with copies of all 15 deposition transcripts. If the person bringing the action proceeds 16 without the state's participation, the court, without limiting the 17 status and right of that person, may permit the state to intervene 18 at a later date on a showing of good cause.

19 Sec. 703.157. REPRESENTATION OF STATE BY PRIVATE ATTORNEY.
20 The attorney general may contract with a private attorney to
21 represent the state in an action under this subchapter with which
22 the state elects to proceed.

23 <u>Sec. 703.158. INTERVENTION BY OTHER PARTIES PROHIBITED. A</u> 24 person other than the state may not intervene or bring a related 25 action based on the facts underlying a pending action under this 26 <u>subchapter.</u>

27 <u>Sec. 703.159.</u> RIGHTS OF PARTIES IF STATE CONTINUES ACTION.

C.S.H.B. No. 4012 1 (a) If the state proceeds with an action under this subchapter, the state has the primary responsibility for prosecuting the action and 2 3 is not bound by an act of the person bringing the action. The person bringing the action has the right to continue as a party to the 4 5 action, subject to the limitations set forth by this section. 6 (b) The state may dismiss an action under this subchapter 7 notwithstanding the objections of the person bringing the action 8 if: (1) the attorney general notifies the person that the 9 10 state has filed a motion to dismiss; and (2) the court provides the person with an opportunity 11 12 for a hearing on the motion. (c) The state may settle an action under this subchapter 13 14 with the defendant notwithstanding the objections of the person 15 bringing the action if the court determines, after a hearing, that the proposed settlement is fair, adequate, and reasonable under all 16 17 the circumstances. On a showing of good cause, the hearing may be held in camera. 18 (d) On a showing by the state that unrestricted 19 participation during the course of the litigation by the person 20 bringing an action under this subchapter would interfere with or 21 unduly delay the state's prosecution of the action, or would be 22 repetitious, irrelevant, or for purposes of harassment, the court 23 24 may impose limitations on the person's participation, including: 25 (1) limiting the number of witnesses the person may 26 call; 27 (2) limiting the length of the testimony of witnesses

1	called by the person;
2	(3) limiting the person's cross-examination of
3	witnesses; or
4	(4) otherwise limiting the participation by the person
5	in the litigation.
6	(e) On a showing by a defendant in an action under this
7	subchapter that unrestricted participation during the course of the
8	litigation by the person bringing the action would be for purposes
9	of harassment or would cause the defendant undue burden or
10	unnecessary expense, the court may limit the participation by the
11	person in the litigation.
12	Sec. 703.160. STAY OF CERTAIN DISCOVERY. (a) On a showing
13	by the state that certain actions of discovery by the person
14	bringing an action under this subchapter would interfere with the
15	state's investigation or prosecution of a criminal or civil matter
16	arising out of the same facts, the court may stay the discovery for
17	a period not to exceed 60 days.
18	(b) The court shall hear a motion to stay discovery under
19	this section in camera.
20	(c) The court may extend the period prescribed by Subsection
21	(a) on a further showing in camera that the state has pursued the
22	criminal or civil investigation or proceedings with reasonable
23	diligence and that any proposed discovery in the civil action will
24	interfere with the ongoing criminal or civil investigation or
25	proceedings.
26	Sec. 703.161. PURSUIT OF ALTERNATE REMEDY BY STATE. (a)
27	Notwithstanding Section 703.151, the state may elect to pursue the

C.S.H.B. No. 4012 1 state's claim through any alternate remedy available to the state, 2 including any administrative proceeding to determine an administrative penalty. If an alternate remedy is pursued in 3 another proceeding, the person bringing an action under this 4 5 subchapter has the same rights in the other proceeding as the person would have had if the action had continued under this subchapter. 6 7 (b) A finding of fact or conclusion of law made in the other 8 proceeding that has become final is conclusive on all parties to an action under this subchapter. For purposes of this subsection, a 9 10 finding or conclusion is final if: (1) the finding or conclusion has been finally 11 12 determined on appeal to the appropriate court; (2) no appeal has been filed with respect to the 13 14 finding or conclusion and all time for filing an appeal has expired; 15 or (3) the finding or conclusion is not subject to 16 17 judicial review. Sec. 703.162. AWARD TO PRIVATE CLAIMANT. (a) If the state 18 19 proceeds with an action under this subchapter, the person bringing the action is entitled, except as provided by Subsection (c), to 20 receive at least 15 percent but not more than 25 percent of the 21 proceeds of the action, depending on the extent to which the person 22 substantially contributed to the prosecution of the action. 23 24 (b) If the state does not proceed with an action under this subchapter, the person bringing the action is entitled, except as 25 26 provided by Subsection (c), to receive at least 25 percent but not

27 more than 30 percent of the proceeds of the action. The entitlement

1 of a person under this subsection is not affected by any subsequent

2 intervention in the action by the state in accordance with Section

3 <u>703.156(c)</u>.

4 (c) If the court finds that an action under this subchapter is based primarily on disclosures of specific information, other 5 than information provided by the person bringing the action, 6 7 relating to allegations or transactions in a Texas or federal criminal or civil hearing, in a Texas or federal legislative or 8 administrative report, hearing, audit, or investigation, or from 9 10 the news media, the court may award the amount the court considers appropriate but not more than 10 percent of the proceeds of the 11 The court shall consider the significance of the 12 action. information and the role of the person bringing the action in 13 14 advancing the case to litigation.

15 (d) A payment to a person under this section shall be made from the proceeds of the action. A person receiving a payment under 16 17 this section is also entitled to receive from the defendant an amount for reasonable expenses, reasonable attorney's fees, and 18 19 costs that the court finds to have been necessarily incurred. The court's determination of expenses, fees, and costs to be awarded 20 under this subsection shall be made only after the defendant has 21 been found liable in the action or the claim is settled. 22

(e) In this section, "proceeds of the action" includes
 proceeds of a settlement of the action.

25 <u>Sec. 703.163. REDUCTION OF AWARD. (a) If the court finds</u> 26 that an action under this subchapter was brought by a person who 27 planned and initiated the violation on which the action was brought, the court may, to the extent the court considers appropriate, reduce the share of the proceeds of the action the

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2 appropriate, reduce the share of the proceeds of the action the 3 person would otherwise receive under Section 703.162, taking into 4 account the person's role in advancing the case to litigation and 5 any relevant circumstances pertaining to the violation.

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6 (b) If the person bringing an action under this subchapter 7 is convicted of criminal conduct arising from the person's role in 8 the violation, the court shall dismiss the person from the civil 9 action and the person may not receive any share of the proceeds of 10 the action. A dismissal under this subsection does not prejudice 11 the right of the state to continue the action.

12 <u>Sec. 703.164. AWARD TO DEPARTMENT. (a) If the state</u> 13 proceeds with an action under this subchapter, the department is 14 entitled to receive at least 15 percent but not more than 25 percent 15 of the proceeds of the action, depending on the extent to which the 16 department substantially contributed to the prosecution of the 17 action.

(b) In this section, "proceeds of the action" includes
 proceeds of a settlement of the action.

20 <u>Sec. 703.165.</u> AWARD TO INJURED HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN ISSUER. 21 (a) In this section, "health benefit plan issuer" has the meaning 22 <u>assigned by Section 35A.01, Penal Code.</u>

(b) If the person bringing an action under this subchapter is not a health benefit plan issuer harmed by the violation that is the subject of the action, the health benefit plan issuer is entitled to any money remaining after all awards and costs are distributed as provided by this subchapter, including, in an action

1 where the state proceeds, reasonable expenses, reasonable
2 attorney's fees, and costs to the state that the court finds to have
3 been necessarily incurred.

<u>Sec. 703.166. AWARD TO DEFENDANT FOR FRIVOLOUS ACTION.</u>
<u>Chapter 105, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, applies to an action</u>
<u>under this subchapter with which the state proceeds.</u>

Sec. 703.167. CERTAIN ACTIONS BARRED. (a) A person may not bring an action under this subchapter that is based on allegations or transactions that are the subject of a civil action or an administrative penalty proceeding in which the state is already a party.

12 (b) The court shall dismiss an action or claim under this subchapter, unless opposed by the attorney general, if 13 substantially the same allegations or transactions as alleged in 14 15 the action or claim were publicly disclosed in a Texas or federal criminal or civil hearing in which the state or an agent of the 16 17 state is a party, in a legislative or administrative report of this state, or other hearing, audit, or investigation in this state, or 18 19 from the news media, unless the person bringing the action is an original source of the information. In this subsection, "original 20 source" means an individual who: 21

22 (1) before a public disclosure described by this 23 subsection, has voluntarily disclosed to the state the information 24 on which allegations or transactions in a claim are based; or 25 (2) has knowledge that is independent of and

26 materially adds to the publicly disclosed allegations or 27 transactions and who has voluntarily provided the information to

1	the state before filing an action under this subchapter.
2	Sec. 703.168. STATE NOT LIABLE FOR CERTAIN EXPENSES. The
3	state is not liable for expenses that a person incurs in bringing an
4	action under this subchapter.
5	Sec. 703.169. RETALIATION AGAINST PERSON PROHIBITED. (a)
6	A person, including an employee, contractor, or agent, who is
7	discharged, demoted, suspended, threatened, harassed, or in any
8	other manner discriminated against in the terms or conditions of
9	employment because of a lawful act taken by the person or associated
10	others in furtherance of an action under this subchapter, including
11	investigation for, initiation of, testimony for, or assistance in
12	an action filed or to be filed under this subchapter, or other
13	efforts taken by the person to stop one or more violations is
14	entitled to:
15	(1) reinstatement with the same seniority status the
16	person would have had but for the discrimination; and
17	(2) not less than two times the amount of back pay,
18	interest on the back pay, and compensation for any special damages
19	sustained as a result of the discrimination, including litigation
20	costs and reasonable attorney's fees.
21	(b) A person may bring an action under this section in the
22	appropriate district court not later than the third anniversary of
23	the date on which the cause of action accrues. For purposes of this
24	subsection, the cause of action accrues on the date the retaliation
25	occurs.
26	Sec. 703.170. SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY NOT WAIVED. Except as
27	provided by Section 703.166, this subchapter does not waive

1 sovereign immunity. Sec. 703.171. ATTORNEY GENERAL COMPENSATION. The attorney 2 3 general may retain a reasonable portion of the amount recovered under this subchapter, not to exceed amounts specified in the 4 General Appropriations Act, for the administration of this 5 6 subchapter. SECTION 6. Section 35A.01, Penal Code, is amended by adding 7 8 Subdivisions (2-a), (2-b), and (2-c) and amending Subdivision (9) to read as follows: 9 10 (2-a) "Health benefit claim" means a written or electronically submitted request or demand that: 11 12 (A) is submitted by a person who provides or purports to provide a service or product to an individual covered 13 under a health benefit plan or by that person's agent and identifies 14 a service or product provided or purported to have been provided to 15 the covered individual as reimbursable under the health benefit 16 plan, without regard to whether the money that is requested or 17 demanded is paid and without regard to whether the individual was 18 19 eligible for benefits under the health benefit plan; or (B) states the income earned or expense incurred 20 by a person in providing a service or product to an individual 21 22 covered by a health benefit plan and is used to determine a rate of payment under the plan. 23 24 (2-b) "Health benefit plan" means a health insurance policy, a health care plan, as defined by Section 843.002, 25 26 Insurance Code, or another agreement, contract, or evidence of 27 coverage under which a person undertakes to provide, arrange for,

1	pay for, or reimburse any part of the cost of health care services.
2	(2-c) "Health benefit plan issuer" means a person who
3	is authorized or otherwise permitted by law to issue a health
4	insurance policy, to arrange for or provide a health care plan, as
5	defined by Section 843.002, Insurance Code, or to otherwise provide
6	health benefit plan coverage.
7	(9) "Service" includes care or treatment of a health
8	care recipient <u>or an individual covered under a health benefit</u>
9	plan.
10	SECTION 7. Section 35A.02, Penal Code, is amended by adding
11	Subsection (a-1) and amending Subsections (b) and (d) to read as
12	follows:
13	(a-1) A person commits an offense if the person:
14	(1) knowingly makes or causes to be made a false
15	statement or misrepresentation of a material fact to permit a
16	person to receive from a health benefit plan issuer a benefit or
17	payment that is not authorized or that is greater than the benefit
18	or payment that is authorized;
19	(2) knowingly conceals or fails to disclose
20	information that permits a person to receive from a health benefit
21	plan issuer a benefit or payment that is not authorized or that is
22	greater than the benefit or payment that is authorized;
23	(3) knowingly makes or causes to be made a health
24	benefit claim to a health benefit plan issuer for:
25	(A) a service or product that has not been
26	approved or acquiesced in by a treating physician or health care
27	<pre>practitioner;</pre>

C.S.H.B. No. 4012 (B) a service or product that is substantially 1 2 inadequate or inappropriate when compared to generally recognized standards within the particular discipline or within the health 3 4 care industry; or 5 (C) a product that has been adulterated, debased, or mislabeled or that is otherwise inappropriate; or 6 7 (4) knowingly enters into an agreement, combination, or conspiracy to defraud <u>a health benefit plan issuer by obtaining</u> 8 or aiding another person in obtaining an unauthorized payment or 9 10 benefit from a health benefit plan issuer. An offense under this section is: 11 (b) a Class C misdemeanor if the amount of any payment 12 (1)or the value of any monetary or in-kind benefit provided or claim 13 for payment made under a health care program, or the amount of a 14 15 payment made by or the value of a benefit provided by or claim for payment made to a health benefit plan issuer, directly or 16 17 indirectly, as a result of the conduct is less than \$100; (2) a Class B misdemeanor if the amount of any payment 18 19 or the value of any monetary or in-kind benefit provided or claim for payment made under a health care program, or the amount of a 20 payment made by or the value of a benefit provided by or claim for 21 payment made to a health benefit plan issuer, directly or 22 23 indirectly, as a result of the conduct is \$100 or more but less than 24 \$750; (3) a Class A misdemeanor if the amount of any payment 25

26 or the value of any monetary or in-kind benefit provided or claim 27 for payment made under a health care program, <u>or the amount of a</u>

payment made by or the value of a benefit provided by or claim for 1 2 payment made to a health benefit plan issuer, directly or 3 indirectly, as a result of the conduct is \$750 or more but less than 4 \$2,500; 5 (4) a state jail felony if: (A) the amount of any payment or the value of any 6 monetary or in-kind benefit provided or claim for payment made 7 under a health care program, or the amount of a payment made by or 8 the value of a benefit provided by or claim for payment made to a 9 10 health benefit plan issuer, directly or indirectly, as a result of the conduct is \$2,500 or more but less than \$30,000; 11 12 (B) the offense is committed under Subsection 13 (a)(11); or 14 (C) it is shown on the trial of the offense that 15 the amount of the payment or value of the benefit described by this subsection cannot be reasonably ascertained; 16 17 (5) a felony of the third degree if: (A) the amount of any payment or the value of any 18 19 monetary or in-kind benefit provided or claim for payment made under a health care program, or the amount of a payment made by or 20 the value of a benefit provided by or claim for payment made to a 21 health benefit plan issuer, directly or indirectly, as a result of 22 the conduct is \$30,000 or more but less than \$150,000; or 23 24 (B) it is shown on the trial of the offense that the defendant submitted more than 25 but fewer than 50 fraudulent 25 26 claims under a health care program or to a health benefit plan issuer, as applicable, and the submission of each claim constitutes 27

C.S.H.B. No. 4012 1 conduct prohibited by Subsection (a) <u>or (a-1), as applicable</u>; 2 (6) a felony of the second degree if:

(A) the amount of any payment or the value of any monetary or in-kind benefit provided or claim for payment made under a health care program, <u>or the amount of a payment made by or</u> <u>the value of a benefit provided by or claim for payment made to a</u> <u>health benefit plan issuer</u>, directly or indirectly, as a result of the conduct is \$150,000 or more but less than \$300,000; or

9 (B) it is shown on the trial of the offense that 10 the defendant submitted 50 or more fraudulent claims under a health 11 care program <u>or to a health benefit plan issuer, as applicable</u>, and 12 the submission of each claim constitutes conduct prohibited by 13 Subsection (a) <u>or (a-1), as applicable</u>; or

14 (7) a felony of the first degree if the amount of any 15 payment or the value of any monetary or in-kind benefit provided or 16 claim for payment made under a health care program, <u>or the amount of</u> 17 <u>a payment made by or the value of a benefit provided by or claim for</u> 18 <u>payment made to a health benefit plan issuer</u>, directly or 19 indirectly, as a result of the conduct is \$300,000 or more.

(d) When multiple payments or monetary or in-kind benefits are provided under one or more health care programs <u>or by one or</u> <u>more health benefit plan issuers</u> as a result of one scheme or continuing course of conduct, the conduct may be considered as one offense and the amounts of the payments or monetary or in-kind benefits aggregated in determining the grade of the offense.

26 SECTION 8. Section 3(a)(3), Article 37.07, Code of Criminal 27 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

Regardless of the plea and whether the punishment

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(3)

is assessed by the judge or the jury, during the punishment phase of 2 3 the trial of an offense under Section 35A.02, Penal Code, subject to the applicable rules of evidence, the state and the defendant may 4 5 offer evidence not offered during the guilt or innocence phase of the trial concerning the total pecuniary loss to the affected 6 health care program or health benefit plan issuer, as applicable, 7 8 caused by the defendant's conduct or, if applicable, the scheme or continuing course of conduct of which the defendant's conduct is 9 10 part. Evidence may be offered in summary form concerning the total pecuniary loss to the affected health care program or health 11 12 benefit plan issuer, as applicable. Testimony regarding the total pecuniary loss to the affected health care program or health 13 14 benefit plan issuer, as applicable, is subject to 15 cross-examination. Evidence offered under this subdivision may be considered by the judge or jury in ordering or recommending the 16 17 amount of any restitution to be made to the affected health care program or health benefit plan issuer, as applicable, or the 18 19 appropriate punishment for the defendant.

SECTION 9. The change in law made by this Act applies only 20 to an offense committed on or after the effective date of this Act. 21 An offense committed before the effective date of this Act is 22 23 governed by the law in effect at the time the offense was committed, 24 and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose. For purposes of this section, an offense was committed before the 25 26 effective date of this Act if any element of the offense occurred before that date. 27

1 SECTION 10. This Act takes effect September 1, 2025.