H.C.R. No. 98

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

1 WHEREAS, The deployment of Counter-Unmanned Aircraft Systems 2 at the United States-Mexico border presents a complex challenge 3 requiring seamless coordination among federal, state, and local 4 entities; and

5 WHEREAS, Although the security of international borders is a shared responsibility, states are not permitted to engage in UAS 6 7 detection or mitigation activities to counter credible threats; current federal statutes only allow four federal departments, 8 9 Homeland Security, Justice, Defense, and Energy, to conduct Counter-Unmanned Aircraft Systems operations for border security 10 purposes; states are also preempted from regulating aviation safety 11 12 and airspace use, which are under the exclusive domain of the Federal Aviation Administration; and 13

14 WHEREAS, While federal agencies have highly developed expertise in Counter-Unmanned Aircraft Systems, state and local 15 16 officials possess valuable on-the-ground knowledge and resources that could enhance efforts to address the threat of UAS at the 17 border; the ability to respond to UAS threats would be greatly 18 enhanced joint training opportunities, 19 through increased 20 information sharing, and the establishment of clear protocols for 21 rapid communication and coordination in response to UAS incidents; in addition, states bordering other countries would need funding 22 23 for acquisition, operational, and training costs involved in deploying anti-drone technology; and 24

1

H.C.R. No. 98

1 WHEREAS, Federal law enforcement officials are advocating for Congress to expand C-UAS authorities to state, local, tribal, 2 3 and territorial partners, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation has indicated support for the swift expansion of C-UAS authority to 4 5 these SLTT partners; moreover, the issue has given rise to proposed legislation, including the Counter-UAS Authority Security, Safety, 6 and Reauthorization Act (H.R.8610), which aims to create a pilot 7 8 program that would provide select state and covered law enforcement agencies with some drone-mitigation powers; recent reports of 9 10 cartels threatening to target federal agents with explosive-laden UAS underline the urgency of taking action; and 11

WHEREAS, The security of our borders is crucial to the safety and well-being of all citizens, and the evolving nature of the UAS threat demands the utmost efficiency and effectiveness in coordination among federal, state, and local entities; now, therefore, be it

17 RESOLVED, That the 89th Legislature of the State of Texas 18 hereby respectfully urge the United States Congress to enhance 19 coordination among federal, state, and local authorities in the 20 deployment of C-UAS technologies for border security; and, be it 21 further

RESOLVED, That the Texas secretary of state forward official copies of this resolution to the president of the United States, to the president of the Senate and the speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States Congress, to the secretaries of Homeland Security and Defense, and to all the members of the Texas delegation to the congress with the request that this

2

H.C.R. No. 98 1 resolution be entered in the Congressional Record as a memorial to 2 the Congress of the United States of America.

> Plesa Lopez of Bexar Morales of Maverick Louderback Pierson Gámez

H.C.R. No. 98

President of the Senate

Speaker of the House

I certify that H.C.R. No. 98 was adopted by the House on May 7, 2025, by the following vote: Yeas 134, Nays 2, 2 present, not voting.

Chief Clerk of the House

I certify that H.C.R. No. 98 was adopted by the Senate on May 20, 2025, by the following vote: Yeas 31, Nays 0.

Secretary of the Senate

APPROVED: _____

Date

Governor