By: Hall, et al.<br/>(Wilson)S.B. No. 75Substitute the following for S.B. No. 75:By: KingC.S.S.B. No. 75

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

2 relating to the resilience of the electric grid and certain 3 municipalities. 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 5 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that: 6 (1) electric grid outages threaten the lives of the 7 citizens of this state and pose a disproportionately large risk to:

8 (A) the elderly, vulnerable, and underprivileged9 within this state; and

10 (B) communities facing disproportionate 11 environmental health burdens and population vulnerabilities 12 relating to facilities such as chemical plants and refineries that 13 can become environmental disaster areas when taken off-line due to 14 loss of electricity;

(2) the 16 critical infrastructure sectors identified 15 16 in President Barack Obama's Presidential Policy Directive 17 "Critical Infrastructure Security and Resilience" (PPD-21) (chemical, commercial facilities, communications, 18 critical manufacturing, dams, defense industrial base, emergency services, 19 20 energy, financial services, food and agriculture, government facilities, health care and public health, information technology, 21 nuclear reactors, materials, and waste, transportation systems, 22 23 water and wastewater systems) depend on the electric grid in this state and make the grid's protection vital to the economy of this 24

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1 nation and homeland security;

2 (3) the power outage that occurred in this state in3 February 2021 caused:

4 death and suffering in this state; (A) 5 (B) economic loss to this state's economy; impacts to all critical infrastructures in 6 (C) 7 this state; 8 (D) the dispatch of generation units that likely exceeded limits established by the Environmental Protection Agency 9 for sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxide, mercury, and carbon monoxide 10 emissions and wastewater release limits; 11

12 (E) radically increased pricing of electricity
13 and made electric power bills unaffordable to many customers across
14 this state; and

15 (F) exacerbation of COVID-19 pandemic risk by 16 forcing many of the state's citizens to consolidate at warming 17 centers and in other small spaces where warmth for survival 18 superseded social distancing protocols;

19 (4) a previous large-scale power outage occurred in 20 this state in February 2011 during which 4.4 million customers were 21 affected;

(5) this state is uniquely positioned to prevent power outages because this state is a net exporter of energy and is the only state with an electric grid almost exclusively within its territorial boundaries;

26 (6) the 2011 and 2021 power outages call into 27 question:

(A) whether too much risk has been accepted
 regarding weatherization of electric generation infrastructure;

3 (B) whether this state lacks the internal 4 distribution structure and control systems to manage rolling 5 outages; and

6 (C) whether sufficient resources have been 7 allocated toward overall grid resilience;

8 (7) public confidence in the resilience of the 9 electric grid in this state is essential to ensuring economic 10 prosperity, domestic tranquility, continuity of government, and 11 life-sustaining systems;

12 (8) a resilient electric grid that offers businesses 13 in this state continuity of operations in the event of a natural or 14 man-made disaster will be an unrivaled attraction for businesses to 15 expand or move their operations to this state;

16 (9) a resilient electric grid that can operate in the 17 event of a natural or man-made disaster will protect important 18 facets of this state, including its military installations and 19 environment;

20 (10) current market incentives and regulations are not21 sufficient for electric utilities to:

(A) prioritize grid security and resilience; and
(B) protect the grid against hazards;
(11) protection of the electric grid in this state

25 against hazards would assure businesses and the citizens of this 26 state that the "lights will be back on first in Texas" in the event 27 of a nationwide catastrophe affecting electric infrastructure,

C.S.S.B. No. 75 1 sparing this state from catastrophic societal and environmental 2 consequences; and

3 (12) when this state begins implementation of the plan 4 for all hazards resilience described by Section 44.007, Utilities 5 Code, as added by this Act, to protect the electric grid in this 6 state, short-term and long-term economic benefits will far exceed 7 even the most optimistic estimates of the conventional economic 8 incentives provided by tax abatements to attract businesses to this 9 state.

SECTION 2. Subtitle B, Title 2, Utilities Code, is amended by adding Chapter 44 to read as follows:

12 CHAPTER 44. GRID RESILIENCE Sec. 44.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter: 13 14 (1) "All hazards" means: 15 (A) terrestrial weather, including wind, hurricanes, tornadoes, flooding, ice storms, extended cold weather 16 17 events, heat waves, and wildfires; (B) seismic events, including earthquakes and 18 19 tsunamis; (C) physical threats, including terrorist 20 attacks with direct fire, drones, explosives, and other methods of 21 22 physical sabotage; 23 (D) cyber attacks, including malware attacks and 24 hacking of unprotected or compromised information technology 25 networks; 26 (E) manipulation of operational technology 27 devices, including sensors, actuators, and drives;

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1	(F) electromagnetic threats through man-made
2	radio frequency weapons, high-altitude nuclear electromagnetic
3	pulses, and naturally occurring geomagnetic disturbances;
4	(G) electric generation supply chain
5	vulnerabilities, including insecure or inadequate fuel
6	transportation or storage; and
7	(H) insider threats caused by compromised or
8	hostile personnel working within government or the utility
9	industry.
10	(2) "Micro-grid" means a group of interconnected loads
11	and distributed energy resources inside clearly defined electrical
12	boundaries.
13	(3) "Public utility" means an entity that generates,
14	transmits, or distributes electric energy to the public, including
15	an electric utility, an electric cooperative, a municipally owned
16	utility, and a river authority.
17	(4) "Security commission" means the Texas Grid
18	Security Commission.
19	Sec. 44.002. TEXAS GRID SECURITY COMMISSION. (a) The Texas
20	Grid Security Commission is composed of the following members:
21	(1) a representative of the Texas Division of
22	Emergency Management appointed by the chief of that division;
23	(2) a representative of the commission appointed by
24	that commission;
25	(3) a representative of the Railroad Commission of
26	Texas appointed by that commission;
27	(4) a representative of the independent organization

1 certified under Section 39.151 for the ERCOT power region appointed by the chief executive officer of that organization; 2 (5) a representative of power generation companies 3 appointed by the chief of the Texas Division of Emergency 4 5 Management; and (6) a representative of transmission and distribution 6 7 utilities, electric cooperatives, municipally owned utilities, and 8 river authorities appointed by the chief of the Texas Division of Emergency Management. 9 10 (b) The Texas Division of Emergency Management shall designate a member of the security commission to serve as presiding 11 12 officer. 13 (c) The security commission shall convene at the call of the 14 presiding officer. 15 (d) The security commission shall report to the chief of the 16 Texas Division of Emergency Management. 17 (e) A vacancy on the security commission is filled by appointment for the unexpired term in the same manner as the 18 19 original appointment. (f) To the extent possible, individuals appointed to the 20 security commission must be residents of this state. 21 (g) The chief of the Texas Division of Emergency Management 22 may invite officials or former officials of the United States 23 24 Department of Defense or Department of Homeland Security with 25 expertise on electromagnetic pulse defense to advise the security 26 commission. (h) The presiding officer of the security commission or the 27

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chief of the Texas Division of Emergency Management may invite to 1 advise the security commission any person whose expertise the 2 security commission considers necessary to carry out the purposes 3 of this chapter, including individuals recognized as experts in the 4 5 fields of law enforcement, emergency services, communications, water and sewer services, health care, financial services, 6 7 agriculture, transportation, electricity markets, cybersecurity of grid control systems, electromagnetic pulse mitigation, 8 terrestrial and solar weather, and micro-grids. 9 10 Sec. 44.003. GRID RESILIENCE INFORMATION. (a) Each of the following members of the security commission shall apply for a 11 12 secret security clearance or an interim secret security clearance to be granted by the federal government: 13

14 <u>(1) the representative of the independent</u> 15 <u>organization certified under Section 39.151 for the ERCOT power</u> 16 <u>region;</u>

17 (2) the representative of the Texas Division of 18 Emergency Management; and

19 (3) the representative of the commission.

20 (b) A member of the security commission listed under 21 Subsection (a) who is granted an applicable security clearance 22 under that subsection is a member of the information security 23 working group. 24 (c) The information security working group shall determine:

25 <u>(1) which information created or obtained by the</u> 26 <u>security commission is confidential;</u>

27 (2) which members of the security commission may

1	access which types of information received by the security
2	commission; and
3	(3) which members, other than members of the working
4	group, should apply for a secret security clearance or interim
5	clearance granted by the federal government.
6	(d) Information that the information security working group
7	determines is confidential under Subsection (c) shall be stored and
8	maintained by the independent organization certified under Section
9	39.151 for the ERCOT power region.
10	(e) The security commission must maintain a reasonable
11	balance between public transparency and security for information
12	determined to be confidential under Subsection (c).
13	(f) Confidential information created or obtained by the
14	security commission is not subject to disclosure under Chapter 552,
15	Government Code.
16	(g) A meeting of the security commission that involves the
17	discussion of confidential information is not subject to Chapter
18	551, Government Code.
19	Sec. 44.004. GRID RESILIENCE EVALUATION. (a) The security
20	commission shall evaluate, using available information on past
21	power outages in ERCOT, all hazards to the critical infrastructure
22	of the ERCOT electric grid, including threats that can cause future
23	outages. The security commission shall evaluate the resilience of
24	municipalities in this state in the following essential areas:
25	(1) emergency services;
26	<pre>(2) communications systems;</pre>
27	(3) water and sewer services;

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1	(4) health care systems;
2	(5) financial services;
3	(6) energy systems, including whether energy,
4	electric power, and fuel supplies are protected and available for
5	recovery in the event of a catastrophic power outage; and
6	(7) transportation systems.
7	(b) The security commission may create groups to identify
8	and address each hazard as necessary. The security commission must
9	assess each hazard both on the likelihood of occurrence of the
10	hazard and the potential consequences of the hazard.
11	(c) The security commission shall identify methods by which
12	this state can support an overall national deterrence policy as
13	proposed by the United States Cyberspace Solarium Commission,
14	including by:
15	(1) identifying means to ensure that measures taken to
16	increase resilience of critical infrastructure against all hazards
17	support critical national security functions in this state; and
18	(2) engaging the Texas National Guard to be trained as
19	first responders to cybersecurity threats to the ERCOT electric
20	grid and other critical infrastructure.
21	(d) The security commission shall evaluate nuclear
22	generation sites in this state, the resilience of each nuclear
23	reactor to all hazards, and the resilience to all hazards of
24	off-site power for critical safety systems that support the reactor
25	and spent fuel. The security commission may communicate with the
26	United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission to accomplish the
27	evaluation.

1 (e) The security commission shall evaluate current Critical 2 Infrastructure Protection standards established by the North American Electric Reliability Corporation and standards set by the 3 National Institute of Standards and Technology to inform the 4 5 security commission's recommended standards for protecting grid infrastructure in this state. 6 7 (f) The security commission shall investigate the steps that local communities and other states have taken to address grid 8 resilience. The security commission may request funding from the 9 10 Texas Division of Emergency Management to conduct site visits to these locations as required. 11 12 (g) The security commission shall identify universities based in this state that have expertise in cybersecurity and other 13 matters that can contribute to the security commission's goal of 14 15 mitigating all hazards to critical infrastructure in this state. (h) In carrying out the security commission's duties under 16 17 this section, the security commission may solicit information from: (1) defense contractors with experience protecting 18 19 defense systems from electromagnetic pulses; that have developed 20 (2) public utilities electromagnetic pulse protections for the utilities' grid assets; 21 22 (3) the United States Department of Homeland Security; 23 and 24 (4) the Commission to Assess the Threat to the United States from Electromagnetic Pulse (EMP) Attack. 25 26 Sec. 44.005. RESILIENCE STANDARDS. (a) Based on the findings of the evaluations and investigations conducted under 27

1	Section 44.004, the security commission shall consider and
2	recommend resilience standards for municipalities and critical
3	infrastructure of the ERCOT electric grid.
4	(b) Standards considered and recommended for energy systems
5	of municipalities should include provisions to ensure that energy,
6	electric power, and fuel supplies are protected and available for
7	recovery in the event of a catastrophic power outage.
8	(c) Not later than December 1, 2026, the security commission
9	shall prepare and deliver a report to the legislature on the
10	security commission's recommended resilience standards, the
11	estimated costs associated with implementing the recommended
12	standards, the potential effects if the recommended standards are
13	not implemented, and the anticipated timeline for implementation of
14	the recommended standards.
15	Sec. 44.006. MICRO-GRIDS. The security commission shall
16	recommend resilience standards for micro-grids. The standards must
17	be developed for both alternating current and direct current.
18	Sec. 44.007. PLAN FOR ALL HAZARDS RESILIENCE. (a) Not
10	later than December 1 2026 the convited commission shall propare

19 later than December 1, 2026, the security commission shall prepare 20 and deliver to the legislature a plan for protecting critical 21 infrastructure from all hazards, including a catastrophic loss of 22 power in the state.

23 (b) The plan must include: 24 (1) any weatherization recommendations in addition to 25 requirements established under Section 35.0021 necessary to 26 prevent outages of critical infrastructure from extreme cold 27 weather events, an analysis of whether these recommendations would

C.S.S.B. No. 75 induce cyber vulnerabilities, and an analysis of the associated 1 costs for these recommendations; 2 (2) recommendations for installing, replacing, or 3 upgrading industrial control systems and associated networks, or 4 the use of compensating controls or procedures, in critical 5 facilities to address cyber vulnerabilities; 6 7 (3) recommendations for installing, replacing, or upgrading extra high-voltage power transformers and supervisory 8 control and data acquisition systems to withstand 9 100 kilovolts/meter E1 electromagnetic pulses and 85 volts/kilometer 10 E3 electromagnetic pulses; 11 12 (4) a timeline for making improvements to critical infrastructure to meet resilience standards recommended by the 13 14 security commission under Section 44.005; 15 (5) long-term resilience recommendations for supporting industries, including: 16 17 (A) communications; 18 (B) food supply; 19 (C) fuel supply; 20 (D) health care; 21 (E) nuclear reactors, materials, and waste; 2.2 (F) transportation; and (G) water and sewer services; and 23 (6) any additional recommendations considered 24 necessary by the security commission. 25 (c) The security commission may consult with the Private 26 Sector Advisory Council in developing the plan. 27

Sec. 44.008. GRID RESILIENCE REPORT. (a) Not later than 1 2 January 1 of each year, the security commission shall prepare and deliver a nonclassified report to the legislature, the governor, 3 and the commission assessing natural and man-made threats to the 4 5 electric grid and efforts to mitigate the threats. 6 (b) The security commission shall make the report available 7 to the public. 8 (c) In preparing the report, the security commission may 9 hold confidential or classified briefings with federal, state, and local officials as necessary. 10 SECTION 3. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives 11

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12 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as 13 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this 14 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this 15 Act takes effect September 1, 2025.