

By: Johnson

S.B. No. 839

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

relating to asset forfeiture under the Code of Criminal Procedure.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Chapter 59, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended by adding Articles 59.0221 and 59.0222 to read as follows:

Art. 59.0221. EXEMPT PROPERTY. Notwithstanding any other law, a motor vehicle valued at less than \$10,000 is exempt from forfeiture under this chapter.

Art. 59.0222. INNOCENT OWNER. Notwithstanding any other law, the property of an innocent owner may not be forfeited.

SECTION 2. Article 59.06, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended by amending Subsections (c-1) and (m) and adding Subsections (v), (w), and (x) to read as follows:

(c-1) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), the attorney representing the state and special rangers of the Texas and Southwestern Cattle Raisers Association who meet the requirements of Article 2A.006 may enter into a local agreement that allows the attorney representing the state to transfer proceeds from the sale of forfeited property described by Subsection (c), after the deduction of court costs as described by that subsection, to a special fund established for the special rangers. Proceeds transferred under this subsection must be used by the special rangers solely for law enforcement purposes. Any expenditures of the proceeds are subject to the audit provisions established under

1 this chapter [~~article~~].

2 (m) As a specific exception to Subdivisions (1)-(3) of
3 Subsection (c), a law enforcement agency or attorney representing
4 the state may use proceeds received under this chapter to contract
5 with a person or entity to prepare an audit required by this chapter
6 [~~as required by Subsection (g)~~].

7 (v) As a specific exception to the requirement of Subsection
8 (c) that the funds described by that subsection be used only for the
9 official purposes of the attorney representing the state or for law
10 enforcement purposes, the attorney representing the state or the
11 head of a law enforcement agency, as applicable, may use any portion
12 of the gross amount credited to the attorney's or agency's special
13 fund under Subsection (c) to pay:

14 (1) the fee charged by the attorney general under
15 Article 59.17; or

16 (2) any costs incurred by the attorney representing
17 the state or the law enforcement agency to compile information or
18 submit reports to the attorney general as required by Articles
19 59.15 and 59.16.

20 (w) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, if
21 a law enforcement agency does not comply with Article 59.16(c), the
22 attorney representing the state may not disburse funds received
23 under this chapter to the agency, and the agency may not expend any
24 proceeds or use any property awarded under this article, until the
25 agency submits the report required by that subsection.

26 (x) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, if
27 the attorney representing the state does not comply with Article

1 59.16(c), the attorney may not expend any proceeds or use any
2 property received under this chapter and awarded under this article
3 until after the attorney submits the report required by that
4 subsection.

5 SECTION 3. Article 59.061, Code of Criminal Procedure, is
6 amended by adding Subsections (a-1) and (e) to read as follows:

7 (a-1) On request of a member of the legislature, the state
8 auditor shall perform an audit described by Subsection (a). The
9 state auditor is not required to perform more than one audit per
10 year under this subsection.

11 (e) Not later than the 90th day after the date that an audit
12 under Subsection (a) or (a-1) is completed, the state auditor shall
13 submit a copy of the audit to the attorney general. The attorney
14 general shall promptly publish the audit on the publicly accessible
15 Internet website established under Article 59.16.

16 SECTION 4. Chapter 59, Code of Criminal Procedure, is
17 amended by adding Articles 59.15, 59.16, 59.17, and 59.18 to read as
18 follows:

19 Art. 59.15. CASE TRACKING SYSTEM. (a) The attorney general
20 shall establish and maintain a case tracking system to collect and
21 organize data regarding property seized or forfeited under this
22 chapter or under an agreement with the federal government. The case
23 tracking system must include the information described by
24 Subsection (b).

25 (b) When property is seized or forfeited under this chapter
26 or under an agreement with the federal government, the law
27 enforcement agency that seized the property or the attorney

1 representing the state in the forfeiture proceeding, as assigned by
2 the attorney general for reporting purposes under Subsection (d),
3 shall submit the following information to the attorney general, to
4 the extent the information is available or applicable:

5 (1) the name of the law enforcement agency that seized
6 the property, or the name of the law enforcement agency with primary
7 responsibility for seizing the property, if more than one agency
8 was involved in the seizure;

9 (2) the date of the seizure;

10 (3) a description of the property seized;

11 (4) the location of the seizure;

12 (5) if the seizure occurred on a highway, the
13 direction of the traffic flow;

14 (6) an estimated value of the property seized;

15 (7) the alleged offense that gave rise to the seizure;

16 (8) if charges were filed in relation to the seizure:

17 (A) the offense charged;

18 (B) the criminal case number;

19 (C) the court in which the charges were filed;

20 and

21 (D) the disposition of the charges;

22 (9) whether forfeiture is sought under federal law,

23 and if so:

24 (A) whether a joint task force consisting of
25 state or local law enforcement officers and federal law enforcement
26 officers collaborated on the seizure; and

27 (B) whether a federal law enforcement agency

1 asserted jurisdiction over a seizure made by a state or local law
2 enforcement agency without involvement in the seizure by the
3 federal law enforcement agency;

4 (10) the civil case number of the forfeiture
5 proceeding and the court in which the forfeiture proceeding was
6 filed;

7 (11) whether an owner or interest holder of the seized
8 property filed a claim or counterclaim in the forfeiture
9 proceeding, and if so, whether the owner or interest holder was the
10 person from whom the property was seized, an innocent owner, a
11 creditor, or another party;

12 (12) whether an owner or interest holder of the seized
13 property defaulted in the forfeiture proceeding;

14 (13) whether there was a settlement agreement in the
15 forfeiture proceeding;

16 (14) the date of the forfeiture order;

17 (15) whether the seized property:

18 (A) was fully or partially returned to the person
19 from whom the property was seized;

20 (B) was sold or donated;

21 (C) was destroyed;

22 (D) was retained by a law enforcement agency or
23 attorney representing the state; or

24 (E) is pending disposition;

25 (16) the date of final disposition of the seized
26 property;

27 (17) the amount of attorney's fees awarded to an owner

1 or interest holder of the seized property;

2 (18) an estimate of the total costs to:

3 (A) store the seized or forfeited property;

4 (B) pay for law enforcement officers' and
5 personnel salaries for work performed in relation to the forfeiture
6 proceeding;

7 (C) pay the attorney representing the state for
8 work performed in relation to the forfeiture proceeding; and

9 (D) sell or dispose of the forfeited property;

10 (19) if property was retained by a law enforcement
11 agency or attorney representing the state, the purpose for which
12 the property was used;

13 (20) the total market value of the forfeited property,
14 including currency, proceeds from the sale of property, and
15 distributions received from the federal government; and

16 (21) the total market value of the forfeited property
17 that was retained by the state, destroyed, sold, or donated.

18 (c) If the property seized or forfeited was alcohol or a
19 controlled substance or drug paraphernalia as defined by Section
20 481.002, Health and Safety Code, a law enforcement agency or
21 attorney representing the state may not submit information required
22 by Subsections (b)(3), (20), and (21) to the case tracking system.

23 (d) The attorney general shall assign the responsibility
24 for submitting the information required under Subsection (b) to
25 appropriate state or local law enforcement agencies or attorneys
26 representing the state.

27 (e) If property was seized from a confidential informant,

1 the law enforcement agency or attorney representing the state may
2 delay submitting the information required under Subsection (b) for
3 any period in which the informant continues to cooperate with the
4 agency or attorney.

5 (f) If a law enforcement agency or an attorney representing
6 the state responsible for submitting information to the attorney
7 general under Subsection (b) has not seized any property during the
8 period specified by the attorney general, the agency or attorney
9 shall file a report stating that no property was seized.

10 (g) The attorney general shall adopt rules as necessary to
11 implement this section, including rules regarding how frequently
12 law enforcement agencies and attorneys representing the state must
13 submit information required by Subsection (b).

14 Art. 59.16. SEARCHABLE INTERNET DATABASE; REPORTS OF
15 EXPENDITURES. (a) The attorney general shall establish and make
16 available to the public an Internet website with a searchable
17 database that includes the following information, subject to
18 Subsection (b):

19 (1) the information submitted to the attorney general
20 for inclusion in the case tracking system under Article 59.15(b);

21 (2) the total amount of funds expended from the
22 proceeds of property seized or forfeited under this chapter or
23 under an agreement with the federal government in the following
24 categories:

25 (A) drug abuse, crime, and gang prevention or
26 other community programs;

27 (B) compensation, reparations, or other similar

- 1 types of funds paid to or in behalf of victims;
2 (C) investigation costs, including controlled
3 buys, forensics, informant fees, and witness protection;
4 (D) expenses related to the storage,
5 maintenance, repair, or return of seized property;
6 (E) expenses related to forfeiture proceedings
7 under this chapter, including court costs, attorney's fees, and
8 costs related to auditing, discovery, court reporters, printing,
9 postage, and witnesses;
10 (F) government personnel costs, including
11 salaries, overtime, and benefits;
12 (G) government travel and training, including
13 conferences, continuing education, entertainment, and meals;
14 (H) government administrative and operating
15 expenses, including office supplies, postage, printing, utilities,
16 and repairs and maintenance of vehicles or other equipment; and
17 (I) government capital expenditures, including
18 appliances, canines, computers, equipment, firearms, furniture,
19 and vehicles;
20 (3) an itemized list of any other expenditure of
21 proceeds that was received from a forfeiture under this chapter or
22 under an agreement with the federal government and that was
23 reported under Subsection (c), other than expenditures described by
24 Subdivision (2) and including payments to trade associations,
25 lobbyists, and other agencies; and
26 (4) the total value of seized and forfeited property
27 held by the law enforcement agency or attorney representing the

1 state at the end of the state fiscal year.

2 (b) The attorney general may not require a law enforcement
3 agency or attorney representing the state to disclose, and the
4 Internet website may not include:

5 (1) the name, address, contact information, or other
6 personally identifying information of:

7 (A) an owner or interest holder of the seized
8 property or other individual involved in the forfeiture proceeding;

9 or

10 (B) a business entity; or

11 (2) the address, vehicle identification number, or
12 serial number of any seized or forfeited property.

13 (c) A law enforcement agency or attorney representing the
14 state that expends funds from the proceeds of property seized or
15 forfeited under this chapter or under an agreement with the federal
16 government shall submit a report with the information required by
17 Subsections (a)(2) and (3) to the attorney general not later than
18 the 30th day after the end of the state fiscal year. The commander
19 of a multijurisdictional task force may appoint one law enforcement
20 agency to report the relevant expenditures.

21 (d) The attorney general may extend the 30-day period under
22 Subsection (c) for a period determined by the attorney general if
23 the attorney general finds good cause for the extension.

24 (e) A law enforcement agency or attorney representing the
25 state in violation of Subsection (c) is subject to a civil penalty
26 for each violation:

27 (1) in an amount equal to \$500, or 25 percent of the

1 forfeiture proceeds received by the law enforcement agency or
2 attorney representing the state, whichever is greater; or

3 (2) in a reasonable amount determined by the office of
4 the attorney general.

5 (f) Sovereign immunity of this state and governmental
6 immunity of a political subdivision to suit and from liability is
7 waived to the extent of liability created by Subsection (e).

8 (g) The office of the attorney general shall deposit a civil
9 penalty collected under this article in the general revenue fund.

10 (h) The attorney general may adopt rules as necessary to
11 implement this article.

12 Art. 59.17. ATTORNEY GENERAL MAY CHARGE FEE. The attorney
13 general may charge a reasonable fee to a law enforcement agency or
14 attorney representing the state that submits information under
15 Article 59.15 or 59.16 to cover the costs associated with
16 maintaining the case tracking system and Internet website
17 established under Articles 59.15 and 59.16.

18 Art. 59.18. ATTORNEY GENERAL REPORT. (a) Not later than
19 the 120th day after the end of the state fiscal year, the attorney
20 general shall compile and submit to the governor, the lieutenant
21 governor, and the speaker of the house of representatives a report
22 summarizing activity related to property seized or forfeited under
23 this chapter. The report must include:

24 (1) the type, approximate value, and disposition of
25 property seized or forfeited under this chapter; and

26 (2) the total amount of funds received or expended
27 from the proceeds of property seized or forfeited under this

1 chapter.

2 (b) The information included in the report must be:

3 (1) disaggregated by agency; and

4 (2) for information required by Articles 59.16(a)(2)
5 and (3), organized by the categories described under those
6 subdivisions.

7 (c) The attorney general may include in the report required
8 by Subsection (a) legislative recommendations to ensure
9 expenditures related to the seizure or forfeiture of property under
10 this chapter are expended and reported in a manner that is fair to
11 victims, owners or interest holders of seized property, residents
12 of this state, law enforcement agencies and attorneys representing
13 the state, and taxpayers.

14 (d) The attorney general shall post a copy of the report
15 required by Subsection (a) on the publicly accessible Internet
16 website established under Article 59.16.

17 SECTION 5. Articles 59.06(1) and (s), Code of Criminal
18 Procedure, are repealed.

19 SECTION 6. The change in law made by this Act applies only
20 to a state fiscal year beginning on or after January 1, 2026.

21 SECTION 7. This Act takes effect September 1, 2025.