By: Hughes S.B. No. 1626 (Hayes)

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT

- 2 relating to censorship of or certain other interference with
- 3 digital expression, including expression on social media platforms
- 4 or through electronic mail messages.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 6 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that:
- 7 (1) although H.B. 20, as passed by the 87th
- 8 Legislature, 2nd Called Session, 2021, clearly applies to social
- 9 media platforms only in their role as common carriers in
- 10 facilitating public forums for public debate, the legislation has
- 11 been misunderstood to apply more broadly and therefore requires
- 12 clarification;
- 13 (2) an effective state remedy for social media
- 14 censorship is essential because:
- 15 (A) the federal government has massively used the
- 16 dominant social media platforms to abridge the freedom of speech;
- 17 (B) the combination of qualified immunity
- 18 impeding damages for past censorship and doctrinal limits on
- 19 injunctions against the breadth of future censorship leaves Texans
- 20 and other Americans without adequate judicial remedies for federal
- 21 censorship;
- (C) dominant common carriers, especially when
- 23 given exaggerated dominance by federal privilege, pressure, and
- 24 coordination, must be available to persons of all points of view,

- 1 without discrimination; and
- 2 (D) the public square, which is now mainly on the
- 3 Internet and is enabled by the dominant social media platforms,
- 4 must be available to persons of all points of view, without
- 5 discrimination;
- 6 (3) damages are necessary for violations of H.B. 20
- 7 because, even though private enforcement of the legislation has
- 8 never been enjoined, the platforms subject to the legislation have
- 9 never complied with it;
- 10 (4) the First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution bars
- 11 the federal government from "abridging" the freedom of speech or of
- 12 the press, not merely coercing or otherwise "prohibiting" it;
- 13 (5) states have a structurally essential role, dating
- 14 back to the Sedition Act of 1798, of protecting individuals from
- 15 federal censorship; and
- 16 (6) since H.B. 20 was originally enacted:
- 17 (A) abundant evidence has come to light that the
- 18 federal government has massively used dominant social media
- 19 platforms to abridge the freedom of speech;
- 20 (B) it has become clear that common carrier
- 21 legislation like H.B. 20 is the only sort of legal mechanism that
- 22 can promptly and effectively prevent federal censorship through the
- 23 social media platforms; and
- (C) this state has a compelling and even
- 25 existential interest in adopting this law to prevent the federal
- 26 threat to the freedom of speech.
- 27 SECTION 2. Section 120.001(1), Business & Commerce Code, is

- 1 amended to read as follows:
- 2 (1) "Social media platform" means an Internet website
- 3 or application that is open to the public, allows a user to create
- 4 an account, and enables users to communicate with other users for
- 5 the primary purpose of posting information, comments, messages, or
- 6 images. The term does not include:
- 7 (A) an Internet service provider as defined by
- 8 Section 324.055;
- 9 (B) electronic mail, including direct messaging
- 10 or other electronically conveyed mail; or
- 11 (C) an online service, application, or website:
- 12 (i) that:
- 13 (a) consists primarily of news,
- 14 sports, entertainment, or other information or content that is not
- 15 user generated but is preselected by the provider; or
- (b) primarily provides banking,
- 17 financial, transportation, or sales services, services related to
- 18 the playing or creation of video games, or another service that is
- 19 not a communications service; and
- 20 (ii) for which any chat, comments, or
- 21 interactive functionality is incidental to, directly related to, or
- 22 dependent on the provision of the content $\underline{\text{or service}}$ described by
- 23 Subparagraph (i).
- SECTION 3. Section 143A.004(c), Civil Practice and Remedies
- 25 Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (c) This chapter applies only to a social media platform
- 27 that functionally has more than 65 [50] million active users in the

- 1 United States in a calendar month.
- 2 SECTION 4. Section 143A.005, Civil Practice and Remedies
- 3 Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 4 Sec. 143A.005. LIMITATION ON EFFECT OF CHAPTER;
- 5 INTERPRETATION OF CHAPTER. (a) This chapter does not subject a
- 6 social media platform to damages or other legal remedies to the
- 7 extent the social media platform is protected from those remedies
- 8 under federal law.
- 9 (b) This chapter does not apply to a social media platform's
- 10 newsfeed, the platform's own homepage, or any other service that
- 11 <u>is:</u>
- 12 (1) intended to convey a particularized message where
- 13 the likelihood is great that such a message would be understood by
- 14 the viewer;
- 15 (2) not a common carrier service;
- 16 (3) not strongly analogous to a common carrier
- 17 service; or
- 18 <u>(4) not primarily providing transmission of users'</u>
- 19 <u>expression</u>.
- 20 (c) Nothing in this chapter may be interpreted to permit a
- 21 <u>social media platform to discriminate in the carriage of users'</u>
- 22 <u>expression</u> by disseminating the platform's own commentary or
- 23 <u>expression in a manner that delays or otherwise diminishes the</u>
- 24 visibility of a user's expression, or delays or otherwise denies
- 25 equal access to a user's expression, or otherwise censors a user's
- 26 expression, on the basis of viewpoint in violation of this chapter.
- 27 SECTION 5. Section 143A.007(b), Civil Practice and Remedies

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1 Code, is amended to read as follows:
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- 2 (b) If the user proves that the social media platform
- 3 violated this chapter with respect to the user, the user is entitled
- 4 to recover:
- 5 (1) declaratory relief under Chapter 37, including
- 6 costs and reasonable and necessary attorney's fees under Section
- 7 37.009; [and]
- 8 (2) injunctive relief;
- 9 (3) either:
- 10 (A) actual damages; or
- 11 (B) at the election of the user, statutory
- 12 damages in the amount of:
- (i) \$100,000 if the user or the user's
- 14 expression was censored in violation of Section 143A.002; or
- 15 (ii) \$1,000 if the user's ability to receive
- 16 another person's expression was censored in violation of Section
- 17 143A.002; and
- 18 (4) reasonable and necessary attorney's fees.
- 19 SECTION 6. Section 143A.007(b), Civil Practice and Remedies
- 20 Code, as amended by this Act, applies only to a cause of action that
- 21 accrues on or after the effective date of this Act. A cause of
- 22 action that accrued before the effective date of this Act is
- 23 governed by the law as it existed immediately before the effective
- 24 date of this Act, and that law is continued in effect for that
- 25 purpose.
- SECTION 7. This Act takes effect September 1, 2025.