By: Hughes S.B. No. 2043

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT 2 relating to prohibited retaliation against a physician or health care provider for reporting certain violations or taking certain 3 actions with respect to the provision of health care services; 4 5 providing a civil remedy. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 6 7 SECTION 1. Subtitle H, Title 4, Health and Safety Code, is amended by adding Chapter 332 to read as follows: 8 9 CHAPTER 332. PROHIBITED RETALIATION AGAINST HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS Sec. 332.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter: 10 11 (1) "Health care facility" means a public or private 12 organization, corporation, partnership, sole proprietorship, association, agency, network, joint venture, or other entity that 13 provides health care services to patients. The term includes a 14 hospital, clinic, medical center, ambulatory surgical center, 15 private physician's office, pharmacy, nursing home, laboratory or 16 diagnostic facility, infirmary, dispensary, medical school, 17 nursing school, pharmacy school, or medical training facility. 18 (2) "Health care provider" means a nurse, nurse aide, 19 medical assistant, hospital employee, allied health professional, 20 counselor, therapist, laboratory technician, clinic employee, 21 nursing home employee, pharmacist, pharmacy employee, researcher, 22 23 medical, pharmacy, or nursing school student, professional,

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paraprofessional, or, without regard to whether the person holds a

- 1 license, any other person who furnishes or assists in the
- 2 furnishing of a health care service.
- 3 (3) "Health care service" means any phase of patient
- 4 medical care or treatment. The term includes:
- 5 (A) examination, testing, diagnosis, referral,
- 6 prognosis, dispensing or administering a drug or device, ancillary
- 7 research, instruction, therapy, treatment, and preparing for or
- 8 performing a surgery or procedure; and
- 9 (B) record-making procedures, preparation of
- 10 treatment notes, and any other care or treatment rendered by a
- 11 physician, health care provider, or health care facility.
- 12 (4) "Physician" means an individual licensed to
- 13 practice medicine in this state.
- 14 Sec. 332.002. RETALIATION PROHIBITED. (a) A person,
- 15 including a health care facility, a political subdivision of this
- 16 state, a public official of this state, the Texas Medical Board or
- 17 <u>another agency of this state</u>, or a medical school or other
- 18 institution that conducts education or training programs for health
- 19 care providers may not take an adverse action against a physician or
- 20 health care provider because the physician or provider:
- 21 (1) except as prohibited by law, testifies, assists,
- 22 or participates in or is preparing to testify, assist, or
- 23 participate in a proceeding to present information about:
- 24 (A) any act or omission that the physician or
- 25 provider reasonably believes relates to a violation of a law, rule,
- 26 regulation, or ethical guideline with respect to the provision of
- 27 health care services;

1	(B) treatment practices or methods that may put
2	<pre>patient health at risk;</pre>
3	(C) a substantial and specific danger to public
4	health or safety;
5	(D) gross mismanagement or waste of funds; or
6	(E) abuse of authority;
7	(2) provides, causes to be provided, or is preparing
8	to provide or cause to be provided information described by
9	Subdivision (1) to:
10	(A) the physician's or provider's employer;
11	(B) the attorney general, the Health and Human
12	Services Commission, or any state agency charged with protecting
13	patients with respect to the provision of health care services and
14	<pre>public health and safety; or</pre>
15	(C) the United States Department of Health and
16	Human Services, the Office of Civil Rights of the United States
17	Department of State, or any other federal agency charged with
18	protecting patients with respect to the provision of health care
19	services and public health and safety; or
20	(3) engages in speech, expression, or association that
21	is protected from government interference, unless it is shown by
22	clear and convincing evidence that the physician's or provider's
23	speech, expression, or association was the direct cause of physical
24	harm to an individual with whom the physician or provider had a
25	practitioner-patient relationship during the three years
26	immediately preceding the incident of physical harm.
27	(b) Violations under this section include discrimination

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   against or taking an adverse action with regard to:
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               (1) licensure;
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               (2) certification;
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               (3) employment terms, benefits, seniority status,
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   promotion, or transfer;
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               (4) staff appointments or other privileges;
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               (5) denial of admission or participation in a program
   for which the physician or health care provider is otherwise
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   eligible;
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               (6) imposition of a burden in the terms or conditions
   of employment;
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               (7) denial of aid, assistance, or benefits;
               (8) conditional receipt of the aid, assistance, or
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   benefits; or
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               (9) coercion or disqualification of the physician or
   provider receiving aid, assistance, or benefits.
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         Sec. 332.003. CIVIL REMEDIES. (a) A physician or health
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   care provider who is injured by a violation of this chapter may
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   bring a civil action against another person, entity, or political
   subdivision of this state that violates this chapter. A physician
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   or provider who brings an action under this section may obtain:
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               (1) injunctive relief;
               (2) damages incurred by the physician or provider,
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   including:
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                    (A) actual damages for all psychological,
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   emotional, and physical injuries resulting from the violation of
   this chapter, as applicable;
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1	(B) court costs; and
2	(C) reasonable attorney's fees; or
3	(3) both injunctive relief and damages.
4	(b) Governmental immunity is waived and abolished to the
5	extent of liability under this section.
6	SECTION 2. This Act takes effect September 1, 2025.