By: West S.B. No. 2359

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT
relating to notaries public; creating a criminal offense.
BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
SECTION 1. Section 406.006, Government Code, is amended to
read as follows:
Sec. 406.006. QUALIFICATION. An individual qualifies by:
(1) properly completing the application form;
(2) executing the statement;
(3) providing the bond, if required;
(4) paying the required filing fees; [and]
(5) meeting the eligibility requirements; and
(6) successfully completing the education
requirements established under Section 406.023.
SECTION 2. Section 406.009(d), Government Code, is amended
to read as follows:
(d) In this section, "good cause" includes:
(1) a false statement knowingly made in an
application;
(2) the failure to comply with Section 406.017;
(2) the failure to comply with Section 406.017;(3) a final conviction for a violation of a law
(3) a final conviction for a violation of a law

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administrative, criminal, or civil penalty for a violation of a law

- 1 or rule prescribing the duties of a notary public; [or]
- 2 (5) performing any notarization when the person for
- 3 whom the notarization is performed did not personally appear before
- 4 the notary at the time the notarization is executed; or
- 5 (6) failure to maintain records under Section 406.014.
- 6 SECTION 3. Subchapter A, Chapter 406, Government Code, is
- 7 amended by adding Section 406.0091 to read as follows:
- 8 Sec. 406.0091. OFFENSE OF NOTARIZATION FOR PERSON NOT
- 9 PERSONALLY APPEARING. (a) A person commits an offense if, as a
- 10 notary public, the person performs any notarization with knowledge
- 11 that the signer, grantor, maker, or principal for whom the
- 12 <u>notarization</u> is performed did not personally appear before the
- 13 notary public at the time the notarization is executed.
- 14 (b) An offense under this section is a Class A misdemeanor,
- 15 except that it is a state jail felony if the document being
- 16 <u>notarized involves the transfer of real property.</u>
- 17 (c) It is an affirmative defense to prosecution under
- 18 Subsection (a) that the person who personally appeared before the
- 19 notary public knowingly presented an apparently valid proof of
- 20 identification identifying the person as the signer, grantor,
- 21 maker, or principal for whom the notarization was purported to be
- 22 performed, regardless of the identity of the person.
- 23 <u>(d) For purposes of this section, a person personally</u>
- 24 appears before a notary public if:
- 25 <u>(1) for a notarization other than an online</u>
- 26 notarization, the person physically appears before the notary
- 27 public at the time of the notarization in a manner that permits the

- 1 notary public and the person to see, hear, communicate with, and
- 2 provide proof of identification to each other; and
- 3 (2) for an online notarization, the person appears at
- 4 the time of the notarization by an interactive two-way video and
- 5 audio conference technology that meets the standards adopted for
- 6 online notarization under Section 406.104.
- 7 SECTION 4. Section 406.011, Government Code, is amended by
- 8 adding Subsection (c) to read as follows:
- 9 (c) A notary public who has applied for reappointment must
- 10 successfully complete the continuing education requirements
- 11 established under Section 406.023 before being reappointed.
- 12 SECTION 5. Section 406.014, Government Code, is amended by
- 13 adding Subsection (g) to read as follows:
- 14 (g) A notary public shall retain the records required by
- 15 Subsection (a) until the 10th anniversary of the date of
- 16 <u>notarization</u>.
- SECTION 6. Section 406.023, Government Code, is amended by
- 18 adding Subsection (d) to read as follows:
- 19 (d) The secretary of state shall adopt rules necessary to
- 20 establish education requirements for appointment as a notary public
- 21 and continuing education requirements for reappointment. The rules
- 22 may not require a person to complete more than two hours of
- 23 education for appointment or two hours of continuing education for
- 24 reappointment as a notary public. The rules may not require a
- 25 person appointed as a notary public before September 1, 2025, to
- 26 complete education requirements required for initial appointment
- 27 as a notary public on or after that date.

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- 1 SECTION 7. Not later than January 1, 2026, the secretary of
- 2 state shall adopt rules necessary to implement the change in law
- 3 made by this Act.
- 4 SECTION 8. The change in law made by this Act applies only
- 5 to an application for a notary public appointment or reappointment
- 6 submitted on or after January 1, 2026. An application submitted
- 7 before January 1, 2026, is governed by the law as it existed
- 8 immediately before the effective date of this Act, and that law is
- 9 continued in effect for that purpose.
- 10 SECTION 9. This Act takes effect September 1, 2025.